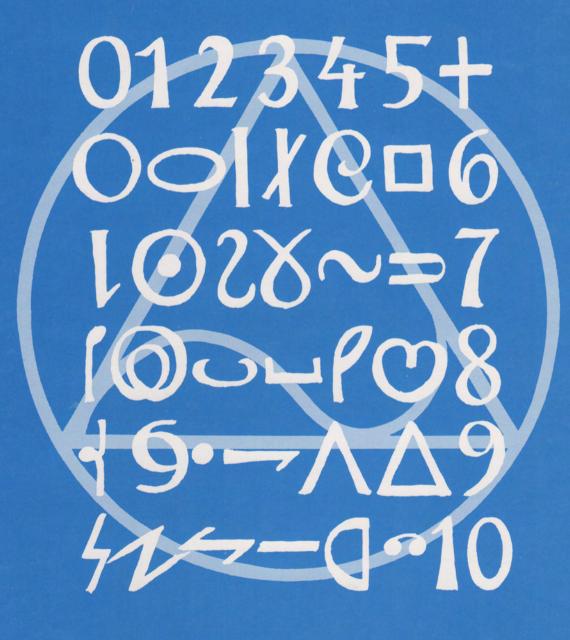
Dr. John W. Weilgart

COSMIC ELEMENTS OF MEANING Symbols of the Spirit's Life



Cosmic Communication Co.

Decorah, Iowa

COSMIC ELEMENTS OF MEANING

Symbols of the Spirit's Life

a Cosmology for Mankind's Survival in the Atomic Age of Space

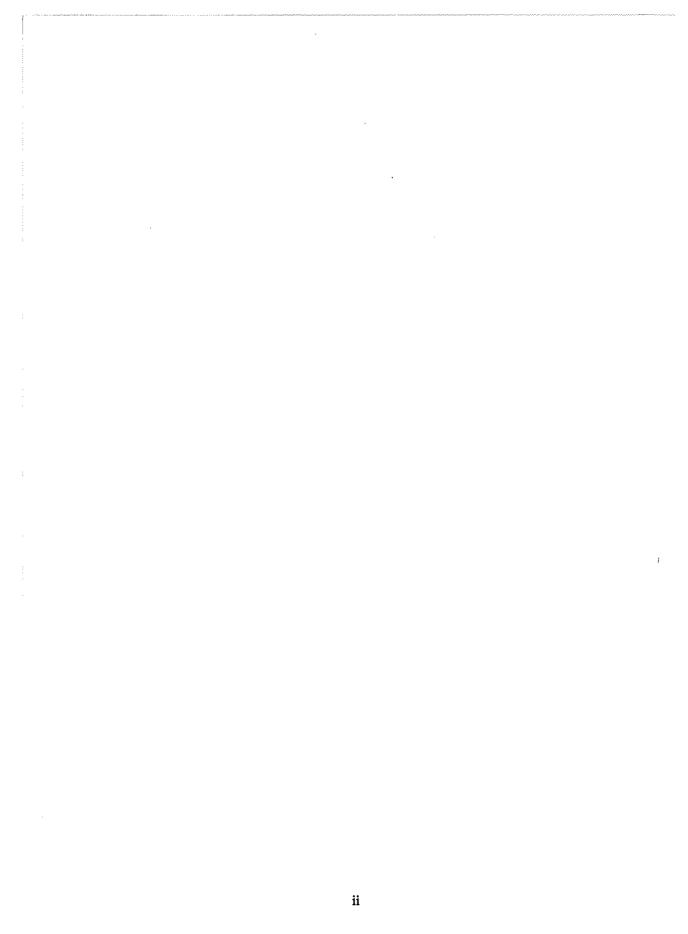
by Prof. Dr. John W. Weilgart Fellow of International Council of Psy. Fellow of Iowa Academy of Science

with an Introduction by Brad Steiger

'Man solves his problems in a system of symbols.'

Cosmic Communication Co., 100 Elm Court, Decorah, Iowa 52101, U.S.A.

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INTRODUCTION

With aUI, the "Language of Space" Dr. Weilgart has performed, what Professor F. Kainz, (Superintendent of Philosophy and Psychology at the Academy of Sciences, and author of the 6 volume standard work on "Psychology of Language") called "one of the greatest and bravest achievements in creative linguistics." aUI is not an artificial language, but has been called "an organic work of art," a work of cosmic nature. It should make history, healing the human mind from the slavery of slogans of hate into a peace through understanding, a cosmic consciousness of harmony with the universal Spirit.

aUI consists of 31 symbols or sounds that have been learnt in a few minutes (2' 13" is the speed record of the University of N. Florida). E.g. a dot within a circle means "inside" and \odot sounds "g" as in guttural, "inside" the throat. Similar meanings have similar symbols and sounds: e.g. a triangle means Mind (sound: U) and the two shanks of the triangle mean Man, \wedge (u). This symbolizes the dual nature of man, and his bond with the Spirit. In this spirit of \triangle harmony aUI can help uniting the nations.

Now in "Cosmic Elements of Meaning" Professor Weilgart brings a phenomenology of each of these fundamental symbols and their concepts, out of which all consists, so that "the microcosm of the mind mirrors the macrocosm of the universe." What does "inside, above, to- \odot gether . . ." mean in physics, biology, psychology, politics . . .? (e.g. a tree grows "up" to- \mathbf{f} ward the sun, a man strives to be superior to his peers—his inside dries up, and he is no longer. "together" with them . . . can he grow up and lift his friends with himself to the spirit?)

Since Dr. Weilgart, after his studies in mathematics and physics, and his dissertation on Creation and Contemplation, which brought him near to great mystics as St. Augustine and Meister Eckhart, made two doctoral degrees in linguistics and psychotherapy in Vienna and Heidelberg, and has taught in each department of liberal arts colleges, and in universities as well as in grade-schools and delinquent schools, his book means an applied encyclopedia of essentials of our age. Since Dr. Weilgart did psychotherapy in a dozen languages in Europe, Asia, Africa and America (whose Navy gave him an "outstanding" service evaluation for healing its drug-addicts with cosmic contemplations in the Language of Space), this book tells us what we now need to know of Time, Space, Life, and Mind . . . in order to survive in this atomic age of space in creative peace.

We receive the joy of power over our symbolic cosmos, which is in harmony with the universe. In loving "reverence for life" we come closer to the roots of its creation, and to the Spirit of its Creator.

The book should serve in schools and universities as introduction to studies and to life itself in the freedom of creative health.

Krad Steign

Brad Steiger, author of Revelation, the Divine Fire, and Mysteries of Time and Space.

CONTENTS & OUTLINE

	Preface	x i v ii
	Chapter	
\bigcirc	 'a' Is There SPACE? Patient's Image 1; Similar Symbols & Sounds 2; Suffering, Infinite: Confined 3; Power, Solution, Conclusion 4; Science' Space 5; Law, Art 6; Conquest or Cosmos 6; Poem, Psychogram 7; Literature 7 	L
\subset	 'A' What's the TIME? Patient's Images 9; Similar Symbols 10; Similar Sounds, Philosophy's Time 11; Mathematics & Physics 12; Physiology & Biology 14; Psychological Time 15; History, Sociology & Politics 16; Art, Ethics 17; Religion 18; Psychogram 19; Literature 19 	9
e	 'e' Your MOVE Image 21; Similar Symbols 22; Similar Sounds, Mathematics & 21 Physics 23; Nature & Life 25; Psychology & Esthetics 26; Sociology & Politics 27; Psychogram 28; Literature 28 	1
	 4 'E' What's the MATTER? Poem 29; Similar Symbols & Sounds, Philosophy 30; 29 Physics & Chemistry 31; Psychology 32; Sociology & Ethics 33; Psychogram 36; Literature 36 	}
X	 'i' Let there be LIGHT! Poems 39; Similar Symbols & Sounds 40; Light and Man 39 43; Front 44: Psychogram 45 Yang and Yin 46; Literature 46)
\sim	6 'I' How does that SOUND? Poems, Nature of Sound 47; Soul, Dangers 48; Dis 47 cord and Dissonance 49; Quietude or Healing Harmony, Similar Symbols & Sounds 50; Cosmic Communication, Psychogram 52; Literature 53	1
\wedge	7 'u' What is MAN? Poems, Man and Beast, Deva and Demon, Similar Sounds 55; 55 Man's Need to Deny, Similar Symbols 56; Man's Goal 58; Duality of Choice, Is Man's Will Free? 59; How are Men Equal?, Man's Goal 60; Purpose of Power 61; Homo Faber, Man, the Tool Maker, Herd-man 62; Man, the Seer, Man of Action 63; Inner Man, Playboy of Pleasure & Laws of Life 64; Creation and Con- templation, Psychogram 65, Man's Mystery 66; Dialog of Man 67; Formulas and Transformations 67; Literature 68	•
\triangle	8 'U' SPIRIT, Where Art Thou? Poems 69; Similar Sounds & Symbols, Denial 69 and Anti-Thesis 70; Incarnations of the Spirit, Aspects of the Mind 71; Intelli- gence Tests, Spirit and Power 74; Spirit's Vengeance, Creation and Contempla- tion 75; Creation, Cognition and Contemplation 76; Psychogram 79; Literature 80)
P	⁶⁰ What a LIFE! Poems, Life's Symbol 81; Similar Symbols 82; Similar Sounds, 81 Sense and Feell, Move in Fight or Flight 85; Pleasure and Power, Nature: De- monic Femme Fatale? 86; Symbios, Are We a Freak?, What is Life in Nature? 87; Life's Goal, Has Life a Leading Star?, Decadence 88; Our Hope, Psycho- gram 89; Literature 91	
Ċ	0 'O' How do you FEEL? Poems, Similar Symbols & Sounds 93; The Heart as 9. Symbol 94; System of Feelings 96; Feeling and Directions, Freud's Freedom of Truth 99; Proud Ego's Fortress of Defense 100; Ego-Defense Mechanisms 101; Mental illness, Psychosis 102; Schizophrenia; Stress of neurosis 103; Psycho- (Socio-) pathy 104; The Ethics of Emotions, Atavistic Drives 105; Poem for Patient 107; Psychogram 109; Literature 110	3
6	 'Q' Under the CONDITION. Poems 111; Similar Sounds 112; Logics of Condi- tion 113; Soul Conditions 114; Life's Limiting Conditions, Ethics of Reverence for Life 115; Psychogram 116; Literature 117 	1
	2 'Y' The Loyal OPPOSITION. Poems 119; Similar Sounds & Symbols, Affirma115 tive Symbols 120; How to Deny?, What to Deny 121; What Negations Merge into Death?, Spirit's 'No' 122; Cosmic 'No', Logics of 'No' 123; Alteration, Conjunction, Equivalence, The No of Soul and God 124; Psychogram of the Naught 126: Literature 126)

13 'r' What's GOOD Today? Poems, Similar Sounds 127; Similar Symbols 128;127 Why be Good? 129; What's Good Today?, Do Good 130; Be Good! 131; Goodness = Love?, Suffering, Origin of Evil 133; Free for Good and Evil, Psychogram 134: Literature 135 'L' Here we go ROUND. Poems 137; Similar Sounds 138; Similar Symbols 139;137 14 Science of Circles and Spheres, Biology 140; Anatomy, Psychology, Man, Logic, Religion 141; Psychogram 142; Literature 142 'm' First QUALITY. Poem 143; Similar Symbols 145; Similar Sounds 146;143 15 Psychogram 148; Literature 149 16 'n' How MUCH (The Meaning of OUANTITY) Poem 151: Similar Sounds 151:151 Similar Symbols 153; The Meaning of Numbers 153; Single Symbols 154; Psychogram 155; Literature 156 'w' POWER in the Atomic Age. Poem 157; What's in a Name 157; Force: Bond 157 17 or Ray 157; Strength to Live 158; How do you Feel Power 159; Popular Politician 159; Politicians as Powermen 160; Ethos of Power 162; Power and the Spirit 164; Power in the Language of Space 164; Similar Sounds 164; Similar Symbols 166; Psychogram 167: Literature 169 18 Similar Symbols 173; Good or Evil Deeds 173; Psychogram 175; Literature 176 19 Individuation 179; Psychogram 181: Literature 181 'h' That is the QUESTION. Patient's Image 183; Similar Sounds 183; Similar183 20 Symbols 184; The Grammar of Questioning 185; Logics of this Questioning 185; Law 186; What should we Ask? 186; Psychogram 186; Literature 187 21 190; Logics of Relation 190; Topo-Vectors 191; Psychogram 192; Literature 192 22 'j' Some are more EQUAL . . . Image 193; Similar Sounds 193; Similar Symbols . . . 193 194; Dialogue of Egalitarian & Aristocrat 194; Psychogram 199; Literature 199 23 'c' To BE or not to BE. Healing Hymn, Cosmology 201; Similar Symbols 204; 201 Similar Sounds 204; Historical Notes 204; Psychogram 205; Literature 207 24 Symbols 210; The Philosopher's Thing 210; What can I Do with a Thing? 210; Psychogram 211; Literature 212 'z' PART and Whole Similar Sounds 213; Similar Symbols 214; What is a Part?213 214; Laws of Logics and Numbers 214; Life's Parts are Organs or Members 215; Man, A Member that Plays Many Parts 215; Man as Part of a Whole 215; Language and Art 216; Psychogram 216; Literature 217 26 Sounds 219; Similar Symbols 220; What is In 220; Atoms and Stars 220; Life's Center 220; Feelings Flow Inside 220; Inner Ills 221; Outer Power 221; Inner Soul 221; Psychogram 222 'k' UPWARD I Fly Literature 222; Poems 225; Similar Symbols 225; Similar225 27 Sounds 226; Think High 227; High Power 227; The Supreme Good 228; Psychogram 228; Literature 229, aUI-Poem "Upward" 230 28 Matter and Motion in Space and Time 232; Life's Attractions 232; Man's Perversions 232; Wish and Will 233; To & Fro 233; Psychogram; Literature 234 'd' THROUGH MEANS to Ends. Poem 235: Similar Sounds 236; t, k, p; g, b......, 235 236; Similar Symbols 237; 'If' or 'By' 237; Life's Tools 237; Good Tools 238; Psychogram 239; Literature 239 30 'b' Communion TOGETHER Similar Symbols 242; Living Together 242; Loving 241 Together 243; Splitting Apart 244; Similar Sounds 244; Communication 245; The Bridge 245; Psychogram 245; Literature 246 31 Problem Pro Pre- 248; The Word Before 248; Similar Symbols 249; Life's Front 249; Man's Front 249; History, Condition 250; Similar Sounds 250; Fore-Feeling 251; Psychogram 252; Literature 253; Outlook: A Human Cosmology 255;

PREFACE

Maybe for a few moments in a millenium for a few inspired mystics the meaning of the mystery of our cosmic universe was revealed. In these moments they felt a felicity beyond earthly power, they were aware of a wisdom that passeth understanding. They felt freed from the wickedness and folly of mortal doings, which they saw as destined tragedy to be pardoned in divine love. They had been touched by the wings of the Spirit.

Some time ago an average bunch of levelheaded laborers were ordered by a municipal authority to dig holes in a road. After a while the foreman would come and look at their work. He told them to fill each hole up again. In this way they dug a dozen holes and filled them up. After a few hours of doing this, the laborers rejected their work. There was no motivation. They came near riot. Then the foreman told them that the holes had to be dug to probe whether a water main pipe was running here. Now the laborers resumed their work with zeal.

Human beings need a purpose, a plan within which their life has meaning. If the workers, instead of their shovels, had been given incomprehensible tools, and if they had been instructed in a meaningless jargon, written in inconsistent characters, they could not and would not even have started to work.

In a deeper sense our society is approaching this state of crisis. Meaningful work as offering of love is growing rare. So men stray into insanity, crime and war. Few find meaning in creation and contemplation.

Now what is this meaning of things which every average man needs, and which only a few inspired mystics and prophets intuit? It surpasses conventional verbal transmission and it transcends expression in intellectual technical terms.

In this book we approach 'essence' in humility. We start by exploring its roots: its cosmic elements of meaning. Out of these 31 elements that can be learnt in a few minutes, all concepts, all words in all dictionaries can be composed. So if we understand each element in its context, and how to compose them, we can build up the whole cosmos of meaning in a hierarchy of values of life. This is what we must know to survive in the atomic age.

We learn the meaning of each element and try to apply it in configuration. We need creative symbols as concentrates of meaning. Thus we can transcend conventional communication, whose "gaps" show a rapid disintegration. Contemplating these symbols as cosmic elements, we all can approach the essence of meaning.

This brings a new dimension into education. Its ethos builds a meaningful bridge over the generation gap between parents and children or teachers and students; many of the best are now becoming "drop-outs." Since children, helped by adults, can play with these symbols (an open-minded child of 5 has learnt them in 5 minutes) and transform them into each other, as we transpose their corresponding sounds,—we can bridge today's gap between intellectual system and creative play. (The poems or images of and for patients try to bridge the gap from mental illness to health in playful creative psychotherapy. Our "society is the patient.") We must bridge the gap between science and art, between intellect and feeling, between mind and soul.

Children—even the exceptional children that can not learn to read conventional letters (confusing p, b, d, and q)—can not only read, but understand these simple meaningful symbols, and in them understand universal ethical concepts, in a hierarchy of values, that helps them to live, love and work together in a meaningful cosmic world.

Out of these symbols as brickstones they can create every concept. Man was created in the image of his Creator to create. Barred from creation, he will destroy. Delinquency doubles each decade. The danger of life's annihilation through war grew thousandfold in the atomic age. Insanity, crime and war comes from an inner and outer discord—as Shakespeare knew— and from an inability to contemplate spiritual concepts. Conventional words become slogans of hate. We need a Logos of Love.

The Language of Space transmits a power of the Spirit that can sharpen our insight "to look through the big words that inflate man's chest (and drive him to senseless acts). We can unlock man's soul, make him clairvoyant and show him the inmost and ultimate: What is beyond words and deeds . . ."*

Each symbol fits in sound and shape together with others, which are grouped around in a harmony of cosmic communion. Each person receives such a symbol constellation, whose microcosm mirrors the macrocosm of the universe. Thus each of our traits has meaning in the Logos' cosmic plan. We live in symbols. We are symbols of the cosmic Spirit.

"We are such stuff as dreams are made on" and we dream in symbols. So let us dream in symbols of the Cosmic Spirit.

*cf. Thomas Mann, 1903, Tonio Kröger, p. 22.

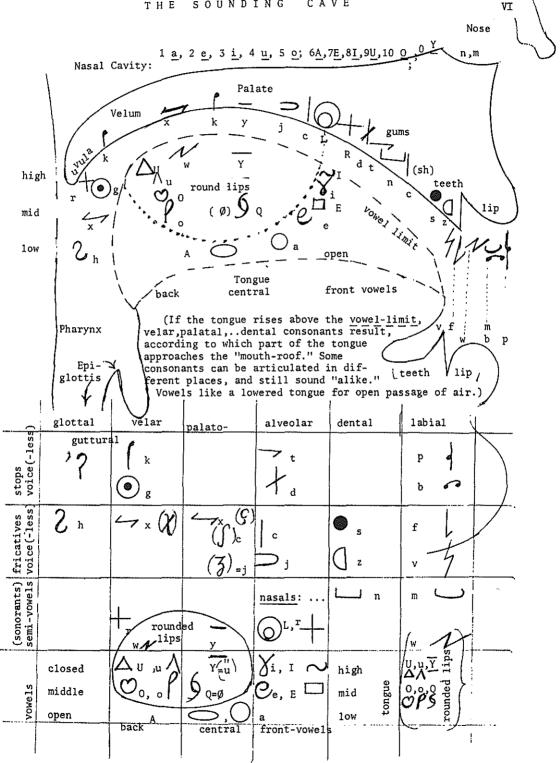
The Sounding Cave

There is a cave of wind and wave like to a cosmic womb—where the *word* is born. All the universe of the outer world can be reshaped in the waves of vibrations shaped by vocal cords, tongue and lips. Since in aUI symbols, sounds, and significant meaning flow in harmony, we can understand the structure of this cosmology from the sequence of sounds: First vowels (a, A, e, E, i, I, u, U, o, O, Q, Y) ch. 1-12, then sonants (r, L, m, n, w) ch. 13-17, then fricatives (v, f, h, x, j, c, s, z) ch. 18-25, and finally stops (topovectors), (g, k, t, d, b, p), ch. 26-31. These sounds are described in pp. 279-334, (p. 1-54 of the phonology-phenomenology) of "aUI, the Language of Space," Cosmic Communication Co., Decorah, Iowa 52101.

Here we reprint the picture of the mouth 'the sounding cave, remembering that each sound can be guttural (in the back or deep inside the mouth like g in guttural (meaning inside) or U in trUe, (meaning spirit), or velar palatal (central) or dental near the teeth (which gives it a biting zeal, cutting things apart (z = part) or labial, in the lips, which gives it a frontal (p) or communicating flavor as b in 'bond.'

For the union between body, subconscious, and conscious mind and the communication between inside and outer world and society, it is good to understand and master these inner organs: mouth and larynx and maybe lungs are the only inner organs which all men could shape at will, because they hear the feedback or result. This is how it looks inside the cave of our mouth:

SOUNDING CAVE тне



х

THE 31 ELEMENTS OF MEANING.

in Chapters 1 - 31)

To Neo-Phobia

Bist du beschränkt, dass *neues* Wort dich stört? Willst du nur hören, was du schon gehört? Dich störe nichts, wie es auch weiter klinge, Schon längst gewohnt der wunderbarsten Dinge.

(Goethe's Faust)

Are you restricted or of narrowed mind? Is your heart limited, your view confined? Scared by some magic symbols, some new word, you have to hear what you have always heard? Don't be afraid, how far-out it may ring! You should be used by now to many a wondrous thing.



The Meaning of Symbols [and "Sounds"] of the Language of Space (with 'Mnemonics').

(CAPITALS are "LONG" vowels of the same sound-quality as their l.c. equivalents.) (The vowels sound as in Latin, Greek, German, French, Portuguese or Old-English &c)

- SPACE ('all around us, round, a circle') Pronunciation: ["a" (short, as in spatium, espace). Open mouth a 'wide space' as in Italian "fa" or "mamma," ('mamma's womb being our first space'). "a" almost as in fAther, but shorter.]
- 2. TIME ('measured in ellipses: the earth orbits around the sun, the moon around the earth in oval paths: year and month. 'An elongation of Space) ["A," Ah, 'fAther Time; Long A, as Time lasts long.' "A" has same sound quality as "a"] In "aUI" (Space-Language) similar concepts look and sound similar.
 - 3. MOVEMENT ('a Spiral: a spiral-nebula's primal cosmic motion") ["e," short, as in 'jet'-propelled; a front-vowel, as we should 'move forward']
- 4. MATTER (a 'brickstone' of Matter, Material). ["E" as in Erde, Eh? 'e and E, Motion and Matter, have same sound-quality, as they belong together; but Matter lasts longer']
- 5. LIGHT (Source of Light and rays spreading out) "i" [lit, Licht] "i" is the 'quickest' vowel (its upper formant has 3000 cycles per second). Tongue is high-front: 'we see light in front and high in sky; Light travels quickest, swiftest'
- 6. SOUND ('a Sound-wave') "I" [shrleking police sirene] Long vowel but of same qual ity as "i": 'the Sound we hear takes longer than the Light we see.'
- 7. (HU)MAN ('Man's high-back-tongue: 'man strives high, but holds back his secret!
- 8. MIND or 'tri-une' SPIRIT 'trinity' "U" [trUe]; high-back: 'Spirit soars high, but hides its mystery long.' cf. 'Man and Mind'; Spirit is eternal: (long U).
 - 9. LIFE a leaf: cf. photosynthesis in green chlorophyl sap and red blood) "o" [throbbing life-pulse; "o" rounded as in 'boy's Life' or: zo-ology;] 'well-rounded life' (British or continental "o": watch rounded lips in mirror) Mid-tongue-vowel: Life stands in the middle. Life's short: short "o."

10. FEELING: ('we touch our Heart and say Oh ["O"], when we feel a deep emOtion.'
Rounded back-tongue vowel: we hold our feelings back. cf. "o" and "O": 'living beings feel' [Speak long "O" then snap same sound off into short "o"]

- 11. CONDITION. () IFs hem us in as between (parentheses). "Q" [= ϕ , \ddot{O} , Oe . . . as in wQrd, w ϕ rd: say wOrd, but keep lips round as in w] "Q o e": 'Conditions (interfere with) Life's Movement.' "Q" is a rounded central vowel as "Y" (denial): 'by making many Conditions If, If we almost refuse or deny.' (ϕ PC
- 12. Negation, Un-, Anti- (this minus-sign denies whatever stands below it). yQ [=yØ] un-conditioned, sounds as French 'yeux' or German 'jö'; yo = un-life = death, [sounds as in British 'yonder']. "Y" sounds like German "Y" or "ü" [Süd, Scandinavian Syr], French "u" in rue. Speak before mirror 'bo-Y, trul-Y, keeping lips rounded from "O" or "U," as to whistle or kiss—'denial as kiss of death.' Before vowel, yU sounds like you. A
- 13. POSITIVE, GOOD (Plus-sign, cross of salvation) [trilled, rolled "r," as a cat purrs: 'rrr I feel good.' "r" can be rolled 'inside' (uvular) to symbolize inner, essential good ness, or centrally, (medial) in tongue-position of "d" (= by-means-of) cf. Chapter 29, to show medial goods, useful for something else. e.g. food as means for survival. 'r' as in 'right'
- 14. ROUND ('a Round around a Round,' circle within circle). Transcribed "L," to prevent confusion with number 1 or Capital I, it rounds the tongue into a spoon, cf. 'round Loop.' It is a sonant like "r" (good), since round shapes (circle or sphere) symbolize perfection.
- 15. QUALITY (a bowl, round and feminine,—since women intuit quality,—while men measure quantity (cf. the measuring cup, 16.) "m" (quality) is nasal like "n" (Quantity). 'Quality was first smelled with the nose.' mmm that's good. -m is adjective
 - ending.
- 16. QUANTITY (a measuring-box, to measure lots of things.) "n" as in 'number' or 'quantity,' is a nasal. 'We count noses,' we count with our nose, if we are magpies and our nose is a beak (to count eggs). -n is plural sign.
- 16. NUMBERS are nasals in aUI; "n" enters their vowels: a, e, i, u, o = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5;
- **2345** nasalized as in Portuguese, long $\underline{Y} = zero; \underline{A}, \underline{E}, \underline{I}, \underline{U}, \underline{O} = 6, 7, 8, 9, 10;$
 - 17. POWER ('potential energy lying down: could rise into bolt of Action (cf. 18.). "w" as in 'work' 'work-power' ("w" = double-U, reminds of U = Spirit, 'Spirit should have power, mind over matter.'
 - 18. ACTION, DO, MAKE. (A Bolt-of-Lightning is most Active: it synthesizes N+O to \ldots protoplasm, and Thor and Jupiter acted by throwing thunderbolts. "v," "-v" is verb-ending in aUI. "v" is a labial, vigorously vibrating the lips in front, since we act forward and outward. "v" as in "vim", "virile", he = vu.
 - 19. THIS (an arrow pointing down to This). "f" hisses lip-friction: 'we point our lips forward at This,' or point with 'finger' at this. Fox-Indians point with Lips.
 - 20. QUESTION (a question-mark simplified) "h" (cf. How?) gasps a question; inside man, his very breath asks: a guttural spirant—aspiration—quest.

- 21. RELATION ('a double-arrow from you to me and from me to you') "x" (rasping snore sound of [Mexico, Greek 'x' = ch in German and Scotch: Loch] 'If you snore with somebody, you have a relation.' Guttural friction sound: Relation means
- inner friction. cf. "h: ch (= "x")—Question: Relative pronoun; 'who' = 'hu?' or 'xu' in aUI.
- 22. EQUALity ('=' equation sign joined so the blind can trace it) 'Water stands horizon tal, even, equal in height: sound of flowing water is "j" [juste measure]
- 23. EXIST, BE (upright: 'when you stand-up you exist, ex-sist; not lying down.' "c" [= sh: 'precious special existence'; between Italian and French 'ce.' "c" = unvoiced "j" (sh:zh): 'exist = stay-equal = remain identical to self.'
- 24. THING ('round, closed in itself so it can be wrapped into sack': 'Sache, Sak'; ''s'': 'hiss at things that soil the pure Spirit, who objects to objects.')
- 25. PART (half-moon or round-cheese cut a-Part by 'buzz-saw': "z" [dental sound: teeth bite a-part. cf. "s": "z"—can 'things' break 'a-part?" "zones" are area parts.

Topo-Vectors [Stop-Sounds]

- 26. INSIDE (a Dot or Thing 'Inside' a circle) "g" [guttural 'inside' throat, 'inner guts']
 - 27. ABOVE (a Dot Above' a line as a musical quarter note) "k" up on palate, the roof of the mouth. 'King or Kaiser has Krown up on Kopf (= head).'
 - 28. TOWARD (an arrow pointing, a hook pulling, Toward, To) "t" with tongue tip tucking toward a thing. 'To-ward.'
 - 29. THROUGH, BY-MEANS-Of (a line crossing Thru another). 'She drinks Thru, by-Means-of straw, her Tool. "d" [durch, diagnose i.e. Doc sticks 'nose thru' patient's belly to 'through-know' him. "d" lies on 'through-way' from 'inside' to 'front.'
 - 30. TOGETHER (two dots joined Together by arc) "b" (lips pressedTogether). 'b' as in: 'both bonded together'
 - 31. BEFORE, in FRONT (Dot in Front of line) "p" blown in front of mouth, from lips: 'pre-, pro-, proto- . . .' ('A prototype precedes the project')
- NB. English pronunciation today can serve only as approximate guide. Since the vowel-shift especially long vowels changed or lost their meaning. Modern English "A" sounds "ei" in "ate" but "e" (open) in "at" and "o" (open) in "all." In "fortunate or "forward" it gets lost. In "fAther" it keeps its original sound. Otherwise vowels may be diphthongized or slurred, changing with context and region. Even consonants, like "c" or "g" can change from "k" to "s" or from "g" to "j." "j" itself prefixes a "d-," so it sounds no longer "just" but really "djest" almost. For Phono-Logy cf. Weilgart, W. J.: The Sounding Cave of Wind and Wave, 1972, Cosmic Communication Co., Decorah, Iowa 52101.

UNIVERSITY OF Language of Space at: Speed Record Test: NORTH FLORIDA 2 min 13 sec. Student Affairs Office of the Dean are learned the symbols pace large in Imis, Box. nes it stellion 1137 Brookmont aue Er Pargaret ann allen 1420 Campbell are. I witness fine in a lecture of the Univ. of North Floridia 2 min, 13 sec. Speed Record Test to learn the Meaning John J. andte of the 31 aUI Symbols which compose the Language of Space Johnny L. Arnette EdD Univ. N. Florida April 20, 1973 Associate Prof. of Psychology & conducted & witnessed by Prof. Dr Johnny L. Arnette Associate Dean of Storlente Assoc.Prof. Psy. & Assoc.Dean on invitation of Dr Carter and the Psychology Club at Dr Weilgart's lecture. have learned the language of space in 3 minutes. Jama Mac Donald One of many 3 min. learning times, using the mnemonics 4175 Bapaside Orive on p. IX f. e.g. a 5 year old took 5 min. Believe it or not! (confirming the Luther College Language Lab experiments: aUI is 16 times faster ...



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY NAVAL DRUG REHABILITATION CENTER NAVAL AIR STATION JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32212

IN REPLY HEFER TO: 22 March 1972

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that Professor Dr. Wolfgang J. Weilgart is my Assistant at the Naval Drug Rehabilitation Center and has done an outstanding job working with young men who are addicted to drugs. Dr. Weilgart has the ability to create esprit de corps among our Resident Staff population.

At NDRC we also operate counseling schools for people to go out to work both in the Fleet and the Marine Corps. Dr. Weilgart has been teaching "Value Communication" in our Marine Counseling School and in their evaluation on his work the 36 Marine Counselors wrote that they have a much better understanding of psychological problems due to his teaching them the understanding and the ability to express themselves in the <u>Language of Space</u>, whose author he is, which is a new approach in psychotherapy. Meditations in these "Elements of Meaning" superseded the desire for drug experience.

Dr. Weilgart has received great praise from both the Staff and the Residents on his <u>Rhyme</u> <u>Tests</u> which give the counselor a deep understanding of the counselee which no other test has the ability to do.

Dr. Weilgart is an outstanding person in all respects and any institution that has the privilege of his services is indeed fortunate.

Respectfully yours,

Hunny N. MERRITT, M.D., Ph.D.

HENRY N. MERRITT, M.D., Ph.D. Director of Education (Naval Drug Rehabilitation Center

A Note to Parents and Teachers of Values.

To some parents it may seem too far-out that only in cosmic symbols the mystery of metaphysical meaning can be revealed. So they will think they must keep their children away from communication with magic symbols of meditating mystics. They will say : 'This is a tough world. We had to work hard, and my kid must keep both feet on the ground, both hands at the wheel, and his nose to the grindstone—rather than look up to the stars. For safety we must increase the police-force, and make more atom-bombs, so we can kill everybody hundred times over. Might makes right, and the boss is always right, and in my house I am the boss; and I am going to keep out alien ideals.'

But his is not only the atomic age in which dozens of alien nations threaten to make atombombs, but also the age of space with its promise for an ideal world. And ideals are not alien to youth. Ideals are in the heart of our soul.

Realistic parents in good conscience should no longer pull their children back to brutal facts, away from the spiritual ideals, and dreams of hope. For in the atomic age of space—spiritual ideals have become realistic values of survival.

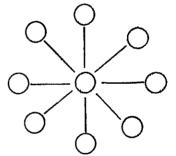
Man—created in the image of his Creator—if not allowed to create or contemplate, will destroy. If man can not find his bliss in creation or contemplation, he will find his thrill to kill. The young will destroy others and themselves in a drift to drugs and booze or in crime and war. The generation gap of communication—"you know"—can be bridged by the creative play of the Language of Space.

1) Parents and teachers can first teach the symbols and sounds on p. xii (sometimes using Bio-Rhythms and Cosmic Cards and Records). All this takes a few minutes. To pre-school

children we point out symbols like "Above" by e.g. putting a blue cube on top of a red

cube or by pointing at the stars.

2) When the children understand most symbols, they should draw their psychograms—each putting in the center the symbol he feels inside himself, on top the symbol that is in him on top, left the symbol he would hide for himself, and right the symbol he would show or use for the world. Chanting the symbols' sounds we can sing our mantras in aUI. (cf. aUI, The Language of Space, p. 334. Cosmic Communication Co., Decorah, Iowa 52101, \$7)



3) Now take the chapters of "Cosmic Elements of Meaning" in sequence, e.g. each week a chapter. Before showing the children the psychogram of a symbol, let each draw his own by putting the chapter's symbol in the center and arranging the others that relate to it, around. Then ask each child: e.g.

Chapter 1: "What does 'Space' mean to you? . . . Do you like to be in the open? Do you like to have a place for yourself? What for? How much do you need? Why?"

Chapter 2: "What does 'Time' mean to you? Do you rather look into the future (to-morrow) or into the past (think of yesterday)? . . ."

Chapter 27: How many children in their psychograms of f have connected f with 'Above?' Discuss: "What does it mean to be on top in power? Why would you like this?" How many have joined f (Light) with f? How many f (Spirit)?

Chapter 8: Speaking of Mind, parents will have a thoughtful expression, touching their forehead. To sense the Spirit, we show the starry sky: "What holds up the stars in cosmic harmony together—is the Spirit. Even small children can hear Beethoven and behold Michel-

angelo's creation. In creation and contemplation we love the Spirit. \bigwedge



CHAPTER 1. IS THERE SPACE?

= a = SpacePatient's Image. Floating in S P A C E, in empty black space, infinite, endless, vast without seeing or hearing trying to touch something outside there is nothing returning numb fingers to own body nothing can be felt both hands meeting in a gaping hole where there should be my body 0 there is no body but the hands are not meeting there are no hands and there is no hand to direct them there is no direction no up or down no forward, no sense within or without. Inner being dissolve yield to the All, universal deliverance radiant light! Within is withoutinner soul dissolve in the Spirit.

Similar Symbols

2

) = a = Space



Let "Space" be our first element of meaning. Space is all around us, its symbol is Round, a circle. Einstein's and Parmenides' Space is round. It looks most like the symbol for Time, an ellipse. The symbol for Zero, a standing ellipse, reminds us of empty Space, in which there would be no Matter or Movement, the contents of physical space. Linear movement in the sense of speed means Space (or distance) in Time. In the topic symbols for In, Above, Together, in Front, the circle of Space contracts into a dot. The symbol for Inside, the dot within a circle reminds us that to us the first Space is the Space within mother's womb, which we imitate in our living room, primevally the cave. The womb we rarely share with a twin. It is not divided into Parts. Plato's Space is like a container. We sit in a box. But in the most primitive human caves we find "Things" which extend in Space, fill our Space, our living rooms. Rooms can be full or empty. Basically, we need not only covered sheltered living rooms, where we can hide, but around them we need living Space, Life Space, where we can run wild. In this living Space, as in our living room, we "Feel" at home. The "leaf" symbol for life and the heart symbol for feeling are similar to the roundness of Space and Time.

Similar Sounds

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These also sound similar: Space is a wide open-mouthed "a" as in Italian fa, shorter but in quality similar to the long "A" of 'father,' the sound of Time. The "e" of movement is short and middle-tongued. "E" for matter is longer as in "Eh!?," the "o" for life is rounded as in boy and the "O" for feeling is a longer rounded back tongue vowel. We feel, we sense, touch, see and hear "kinesthetic, tactile, visual and auditory space" (Jammer).

uga = "man's inside-space" = house; A Yr-u-ga = bad-man-house = jail ga = inside space = room taz = toward-space-part = direction

Suffering. "Here I am confined and caged like a wild beast—bound in, surrounded by walls which seem to slide toward me—covered by the lid of a ceiling which seems to sink down on me —I am a chicken in a pot, in a pressure cooker—let me out! Out! I want to be free!"—These were the last words of a claustrophobic patient, whom they had locked in for "safe-keeping." One found him with his skull smashed against a wall. The plains Indians, who loved to roam over the wide open spaces, felt imprisonment as the most cruel punishment. Is then open infinity the human idea of Space?

"Under the vast open sky I am helpless without shelter, exposed to any flying rocks of meteors, which might be falling in on me from the threatening vault of the sky, which sucks on me like a vacuum, evaporating me, steaming me away like a drop of water on a hot stone. I am disintegrating, I am being consumed. Let me crawl under into a shelter, a cave!"—These were the words of a patient of mine suffering from 'agora-phobia,' a fear of the vast empty space around.

"Where am I? In dark impenetrable fog I am lost, and find no direction. Can I retrace my steps to find my way back to the tree that covered me against the cold rain? I hung a tin-cup on its branch to hear the 'ping-ping' of falling drops for a long distance through the night, while groping over the alpine plateau. Or am I approaching a precipice? My voice echoes hollow. I dare not shout. Where is my goal? Where is my home?"—Most humans have no absolute sense of direction—as a homing pigeon has, flying to its nest, or a salmon, finding its way through oceans to the river of its spawning grounds. To some, being lost in a blizzard or jungle, is as frightening as to others, open infinity or narrow enclosure. Between the fears of emptiness and of overcrowding man has no instinct for direction. But man needs direction, be-

cause, unlike a tree, man has a front and a back. $4\sqrt{7}$ He marches forward and hardly looks back.

The abnormal pathology of suffering reveals the hidden problem of all who are 'normal' (Cf. W. J. Weilgart: Was ist normal?) by denying their fears.

Infinite: Confined. If we look into the starry sky, we feel Space as vast, immeasurable and infinite, — with galaxies, solarsystems, stars, planets and moons—organized in cosmic harmony. It combines Einstein's continuous 4-dimensional field with Planck's separate steps of quanta. —Even if we consider our material universe as finite, closed in itself like a sphere, our mind could contemplate on the infinite nothingness around it, outside of the light curved into itself. That we see black sky between the stars—does it mean that there are no stars behind, or that they are so far that less than one minim-quant comes to our sight? Or are they so far that their light rays—as a delayed letter—has not yet reached us? That we see them, when they are not yet born?—Even though our contemplation can outhink the vastness of our universe, these very meditations inspire us with the awe of infinity.

But if I return from the view of the starry heavens to the hut which I call my home, I wonder: If Space is so vast and infinite, how come that I have no room to store my books under my bed? And even in my bed I can not flee my neighbor's noise. If I seek the open spaces outside, they are 'posted' against trespassing. Territory alloted to pleasure play and possessive power and to intrusive noise, overreaches the space for quiet thought and creative work. Where do we find think-space and Spirit-space?

Although absolute space is rather empty, available space is painfully crowded. Though the space we see seems infinite, the space we can touch or taste seems tight. While we carry the cosmic urge for infinite space within us, on this little planet there is only a limited surface

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space for our survival, most of it occupied by oceans and arctic tundra, by arid deserts and acid swamps, and by rocky mountains and icy glaciers, so that only a few fertile valleys can harbor baskets for our bread. But even of these fertile fields much is robbed for planting tobacco and poppy for people's pleasure, and grain and grapes are used for whiskey and wine. Many prefer to use space for pleasure and play rather than for the bread of survival.

In the arena of politics, pleasure space becomes power space. For a Napoleon or Genghis Khan or Alexander the whole world becomes a battlefield of proud conquest. When Aristotle showed Alexander distant galaxies, the King exclaimed: "Alas, how can I ever conquer those?"

Space by Power? For the antinomy between the infinity and the confinement of space, power conquest is the most dangerous solution in the atomic age. For though by earlier conquest a nation could acquire, by atomic conquest we only poison and destroy. And we not only destroy the country we would conquer, but the whole living space of this planet by fallout. (In a few years dozens of nations will have atom bombs.) Yet when we suffer under the tension between the infinite space we see and desire, and the infinitesimal space we can use, our cramped bitterness may tend to explode. This urge for explosion into the unlimited is expressed in the bombs of terrorists, and is most fateful in the atomic age, where nuclear explosion into the infinite can destroy all life, before mankind is ripe to die.

Is there a Solution? Then what is the solution for the atomic age? If the crowding herd instinct perverts into agora-phobia, and the individualistic drive for freedom decays into claustrophobia, civilized man can no longer go by his instincts. Man's urge to grow and multiply is now as unreliable as man's fear of overcrowding. (The slogan of the "popping population bomb" is a silly jingle, for we are not overpopulated with Sages and Saints, but with psychopathic killers and war-mongers). If really limited space is available, man would have to become as selective as primitive tribes on isolated islands have been for centuries. Passage rites with tests for health, beauty, wisdom and goodness used to determine the right to living space. Living space as other goods should be apportioned as by need. But if needs conflict, we must go by merit, rather than by aggressive power. Who is worthier to own space? Probably the man or people most likely to use the space productively or creatively in the service of the survival of mankind, in the service of the Spirit, ultimately in the service of God.

To approach this goal, in what direction should man go? Go west, young man? Man needs not only adventure, but also shelter; not only freedom, but also security. For these he can no longer go into a horizontal direction: He must move vertically—up or down. For security he would have to dig down into mile-(km)-deep shelters—into the 3-dimensional inside of mother earth.—Or for food he could dive down to farm the ocean's depth. But like a tree, that grows up as well as down, man could branch out flying up to distant planets, and contact the counsel of other beings in Cosmic Communication. But if we are to be missionaries of mankind's message, we should not be motivated by pleasure- and power-greed, but by the ideals of creation and contemplation of the Spirit, which alone transcends time and space.

Conclusion. The problem of Space is that to human contemplation it is infinite, but to human action it is so finite, that it seems confining. Usable space seems cramped and tight. The wrongest solution to this dichotomy is man's addiction to conquest—an insatiable greed to expand the finite into infinity by force: the more man has, the more he wants, in selfish pride. And what a power-man has held for a long time by force,—such power-space belongs to him by "right." He would not think of taking turns and of sharing. By the sanction of Time, this is

*cf. Weilgart, W. J., aUI, the Language of Space, Cosmic Communication Commune, Decorah, Iowa 52101, \$7.

"my" Space, he shouts.—In the atomic age a panic of overpopulation may lead to an all-out war of annihilation of life. The solution is not quantity but quality—of space and life: We must improve the living space, and the soil, and we must treasure and preserve that irreplaceable life that can and should survive: the life of the creative and contemplative Spirit. Hundred Sages and Saints in their modesty can live on what one gangster or war-monger wastes in a day. Gandhi was content with a handful of rice, Franklin with a bowl of oats. In former centuries the destructive forms of life have destroyed each other. In the atomic age the demons of destruction destroy themselves, but also all other life. Is there still space for compulsive killers? Must we make killers our kings? Can we convert them thru the Logos of Love, the Language of Space? Or should we teach the Language of Space, which makes the demagogs' slogans of hate transparent, to immunize the people against them, so they will recognize their selfish power-greed as destructive, and not entrust them with the mandate of power.

In aUI, the Language of Space, Space itself is a circle, since it is all around us, and sounds "a." The circle of Space looks similar to the upright oval of the Zero, and to the lying oval, the symbol for Time (pronounced long "A" as in "fAther Time"). Time is an oval, since the earth orbits in ovals around the sun, and that's how we measure time. The symbols tell us the kinship of Space and Time and Zero: So we should not sacrifice precious spiritual life for Space, which may prove an empty Zero. The conventional slogan "living space" may prove a maya-illusion. Space does not live. But space may offer a possibility for Life (the Leaf in aUI, similar to the ancient ankh). (Life sounds "o," rounded). Space may be seen as a void that may be filled, a potential that can be fulfilled;—but not if we kill in order to conquer more "living space." Between the circle of Space and the leaf of Life, stands the spiral of 00682 Movement: Life Moves thru Space in Time. (The oldest cosmic movement is that of the spiral nebula.) Another similar symbol is the dot-inside-the-circle. It means "Inside" and shows that we are all caught inside the hollow sphere of Space. The symbol for Round is a circle in a circle, (Sound: "L" as in Loop). Light ("i" as in "lit") is symbolized by the source of light and the rays spreading out. Light travels thru Space and calls forth Life. The upright wave is a Question-mark, indicating the doubtful and precarious position of Life in the atomic age of Space.

Science' Space. Parmenides' as Einstein's space is a round container. Newton's space was homogeneous and infinite, but Riemann varied the curvature of his spaces. In which (n-dimensional) space will parallel lines meet? (not in a Eucledian, but in our). Einstein's qualified space-time field is wrapped around matter. For topology a dew-drop is like a star: size

does not matter.—aUI Topo-vectors: 'toward, through / 'move, while 'inside (), above , before , together , 'remain (relative speaking). , 'non-togetherness' is

distance, the square-root of the sum of the co-ordinates' squared differences $\left[\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - y_i)^2\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$. For men, distance may be restful, boring, or desperate—or an eternal longing.

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The Law of Space: 'Where one thing is, another can not be' implies competition for possession. Geometry cut space in fields and helped the law. Man tries to come first, before his rival, and wants to stay above. His stereognostic sense, helped by the 3 semi-circular canals (in the inner ear) stressed front and height in pride. Man sees and strives forward, whither his nose and phallus point, and he rises up to light, and above the earth's center, overcoming gravity like a tree. But a tree is round and has no front. It grows up. Man likes to rise by putting his rival down. Man can build a castle on a rock or a tower, and look (or shoot) down upon his foe. Height gives a feeling of superior security, but lonely height makes dizzy with fear. But man can also look up from a tower into the starry sky, into which he longs to fly. . . .

Art's Space. An architect may enclose space in a cuppola or dome of providential protection, or lift space in a gothic vault. Mirrors widen space in glamorous reflection. In the Renaisance and Baroque, painted perspective gave a feeling of distance and freedom. Behind Lionardo's Mona Lisa winding rivers and roads lead into her realm of fantasy.

Thus we approach the question 2 of inner \bigcirc space \bigcirc . Outer \bigcirc space surrounds \bigcirc us, and we move \bigcirc in it. Light \checkmark tells us of distant \bigcirc spaces and bring life's \bigcirc energies from far away. The farther away in space, the longer it takes in time \bigcirc . Is space-time a zero- \bigcirc background of our reality? Or must we live in the tragic delusion, confusing close touch-space with infinite sight-space, trying to touch and own all we

can see.? Conquest or Cosmos?

We can combine all these 9 symbols in the Psychogram of Space, which we can sing as a Mantra: a Y-A-g-L-e-h-i-o. (cf. a UI, the Language of Space, p. 331-

333, Cosmic Communication Co., Delhi, India and Decorah, Iowa 52101). Seeing the circle of Space with the zero of illusion, we understand what King Ashoka meant by the "vanity of conquest of space." Greed and avarice of possessiveness make no sense in the atomic age of Space. No space, no land is absolutely "mine," certainly not by powerconquest. A part-time stewardship may be awarded to be earned by using it in the service of the Spirit in love.



BOLFIND jAg fnu ykwuv U" while we serve the Spirit's love."

This was part of our cosmic communication to the Mid-East conflict, in aUI, the Language of Space. (a = Space; U = Mind, Spirit (Triangle); I = Sound (-wave).

When the Mind sounds off, it's a Language. aUI means Space-Language. Thus in the world of matter, we can share the good space for Life. We can improve it, and make it "good-Life-Space" (o-r-a). Space is a potential, an open opportunity for planting good deeds on it. Space is there to live-in, to work, love and think. For us it is limited, but we can contemplate its infinity in the Spirit.



In this spirit a U.N. "Senate of Sages and Saints" could apportion living space, not by conquest, but by need and merit; to people and to cultures which have suffered most and have

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contributed most like the Indians and the Jews. They should be given the land that they need for their cultural contributions in the service of human survival. They made the desert bloom. —Nations with vast unused lands, who let deserts spread without caring for the land, (as some Arabs and Australians), should be exhorted to contribute of their wealth to mankind, to make cultural contributions in science and art, or share the land with people who are willing to make spiritual contributions in creation and contemplation.

Patient's Poem

In Contemplation

our mind grows like a Tree

to the zenith of Space,

involving the galaxies in its branches.

Our soul flutters

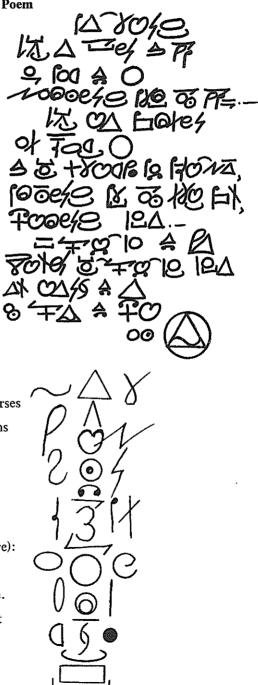
through infinite space

like a giant butterfly on adventure,

wrapping stars into its translucent wings, embracing the universe.

The Microcosm of the Mind Mirrors the Macrocosm of the Universe in the Contemplation of the Spirit, in the Logos of Love, in the Language of Space.

Psychogram: Space is related to Time and Motion. Motion transverses Space in Time. Empty Space yawns a Zero and we can go round and round in it. Material Things Exist in Space. This is their condition of Being. Space is measured in Quantity by humans (not by nature): Time may be said to be naturally measured in periods, not so Space. We must make the yardstick for it to measure it in equal distances like streets or city blocks.





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Our visible Space has 3 dimensions, as Euclid told us. In it we can be Above or in Front of or Close to, somebody else. (See these symbols). We can sense our Feelings Inside and our Actions can reach Outside. We can strive for Power over our living Space. Sound bridges, Light transverses, empty Space. Only the Spirit transcends Space.

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CHAPTER 2. WHAT'S THE TIME?

 \bigcirc = A = Time

Patient's Dream Images.

I. Past and Future.

A youth lay heavy, sleeping turning toward decision. No deed did come but then he reached the dream.

From solid support swings the spider suspended from the thread she spun over the gap to new support.

Now sits the powerman on mighty throne fear and respect through youthful violence. He turns his royal head . . .? With scourges a youth is driven to his throne: "He would have killed you"—'Hang him!' But now the youth raises to him his eyes, which . . . whispers all around . . . the king's look lowers.

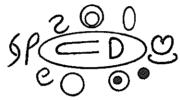
Does he remember now the dreaming youth? And silently is spun the span of gleaming threads.

II. Time.

Time, Time rolling in endless ovals when moons orbit around planets that encircle suns that float to distant destinations elliptic coil, stretched interminable spiral helix repetitive returning vallies and waves.

Returning . . . redoing undoing the done? No! says Time What's done is done what is done can not be undone. Future is not past. But look at the past and walk into unknown future stepping backward groping blindly.... Chain of events cause and effect merciless karma ... Return on a higher plane? Expect resurrection ... Tear-stream of time endless river flow into the sea of redeeming eternity.

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Similar Symbols.

The planets' periodic ovals which symbolize *Time* may circumscribe the orbits of \mathcal{W} the power sphere of the solar system in space. Each month the earth encloses her power field with the orbit of her moon. OPO The symbols for Space, Condition, Life, Feeling and Movement resemble \mathcal{O} the oval symbol for Time: all are in rounded enclosures. Time like Space is a Condition of Life, we Feel Time as a Movement. We move \mathcal{O} a certain space or distance in Time. The rectangle of matter can be rounded off into the ellipse of Time: a rectangle resembles a lying ellipse in its longitudinal extension. Matter is what lasts in Time.

• The oval of Time standing up becomes the ellipse of zero, since Time is felt as a zero Condition for emotional Life. If we feel nothing we feel the boring trickle of time running through our veins. We say: If we have nothing, we have time.

 \bigcirc The symbol for *Roundness* resembles time since the planet moves \bigcirc around the sun, by which we measure time. We know that after 5 there will be 6 o'clock. But as to its contents of Life, Time \bigcirc is felt as of questionable quality: We do not know what tomorrow will bring.

The expanse of space is perceived outside. In contrast, Time is felt as flowing \bigcirc within. We may be a pipe through which Time flows like \bigwedge blood through our veins. Our pulse ticks off Time. If we project \bigcirc Time outside, it may be the quality of things: Only what lasts in Time is a thing.

 \frown D The symbol for 'Equal' plus the symbol for 'Part' together may join into an ellipse: Time is naturally divided into Equal Parts. (In space we must draw the furrows and divide the fields: Thus we can divide the expanse of space.) \leftarrow Δ

Similar Sounds

Phonetically Time's "A" resembles the "a" of Space. Long "A" \bigcirc also joins the rounded back tongue vowel "O" for Feeling, since we Feel \bigcirc in Time and we Feel Time. The short "o" of Life and the ?,Ö,(Q) of Condition is related since Time is the primary Condition of Life. \oint 'Q' transcribes the mid-tongue vowel of the rounded "e" for Movement. Movement with speed means transversing space in a certain Time. If \square we raise the tongue from A into the "E" (of Matter) we remember Matter, Material, is what lasts in Time. ("A" sounds Ah, as in fAther)

Philosophy's Time (The Logos of Time) Δ = UA When the old Greek philosophers saw the father of the gods' father Zeus, Grandpa Kronos, as Chronos, 'Father Time,' they felt that the realm of their active Gods themselves were bounded by time. Especially since Kronos, himself fearing for his throne, was inclined to swallow his children. Does the tooth of Time chew and gnaw us all? 5 Against this negative aspect Plato (ed. 1959) said in Timaeus, "Time is the image of eternity": as symbols of essential ideals, like beauty (Aphrodite) and truth (Apollo), the gods were immortal. In a playful sense their immort-ality excused their immorality. The Olympic gods hurt each other like children in a play. Homer's Athena stabs Ares with a spear in the belly that he screams that the mountains echo. But though Minerva thus asserted the first woman's lib' rights against the war-god Mars, since he was immortal and could be easily healed, it was like a transitory play without permanent results. Humans are immoral without being immortal, and so their acts and crimes are irreparable in Time. When Cain killed Abel, the good man was dead forever: maybe goodness in man was destroyed. Man is responsible. "What's done can not be undone" says Macbeth to Mars and Cain = 1 . Man is bound by the chain of causalilty, called Karma. Thus Kant sees Time as an inevitable a-priori in man's life: Time Ol is the necessary form of our existence. He distinguishes modes i so of Time: a) duration or permanence (approach-ing Plato's eternity) b) succession (or causality) i (which reminds of rank or front leadership in space and seems inevitable Karma or fate) and *c* c) coexistence or reciprocity or community (which allows us to relate to contemporaries even if they are far away in space.) We can rather communicate over distance in space than over centuries of time. We can hope to change the future for our children but never the past of our parents. But 'togetherness' in time makes us brethren. For Heidegger (Sherover 1971) Time is integral to human existence and to man's act 4 as—according to Kant for man's cognition and experi-ence. We can unite cognition and action for the future in 30 anticipation of pragmatic possibility: "I can ask what can be, what can be done, and then: what shall I do? What ought

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12 O

Chapter 2

I to do?" this is an activist's way of treating the future. The contemplative world view muses: I will let myself be surprised by a "Zukunft," by what 'comes to' me. What will the future bring? The synthesis of both, the responsibility for the future and the uncertainty of the future results in what Heidegger, following Goethe's Faust, called "Sorge," a mixture of anxiety, worry, and care. The optimist hopes for, the pessimist fears, the future. Musil says: "One half of mankind see their salvation in the past, in the other half see salvation in the future." Instead of the planner's future and the historian's past, Wittgenstein (6.4311) stresses the now: 100 "If we take eternity to mean not infinity but timelessness, then he lives eternally who lives in the present." Hippies say they live in the here and now: "Do what you feel right now." This would mean either that they can rely on their spontaneous intutition or if not that they do not care for the consequences. What if a sudden impulse feels like killing a good man? If we had the magic power of reviving him, if we could screw the flow of time back to the past 40 and start all over from there, it would be tempting to live only in the here and now. Jo JO Maybe the flower child or better the flower babe can do so. But then the babe lies in the cradle where it can do no harm and it is taken care of so that no harm can come to him. This means others, foreseeing the dangers of the future, do the worrying for him. Does the babe have a feeling of identity? By remembering what I did in the past, and knowing before what I shall do in the future, and by knowing that only I am the one who thus remembers and foresees, I know that 'I am I'. If another man looking like me would say: 'I am you', I might ask him: What did I do or even think or feel yesterday and what shall I do tomorrow? If he knows both, and even if he does not look like me, I might suspect him of being animated by the same soul. If I forget what I did yesterday and do not know what I shall do tomorrow, I might not be the same man as I am today. I can thus disavow yesterday's deed: "this can not have been me who did this! A demon must have obsessed me, I must have been out of my mind. \overline{O} \swarrow Wittgenstein (63.751) reminds us that "a particle can not be in two places at the same time or particles that are in different places at the same time can not be identical." Thus time and space establish identity and difference. But identity and difference find their synthesis in periodicity. Heraclitus said you can not step into the same stream a second time, for the water will not be the same and you will not be the same. Does time flow through us as if we were a pipe standing still, or do we float in the stream of time? But what if our life in time were a river that meanders or even flows around a conical mountain in a serpentine or coil? Then after encircling the mountain we would be 'again' e.g. on the sunny side? The Vedas say time flows like a bird. Here the two flapping wings show periodicity as of day and night. When the last judgment's "trumpet sounds and time shall be no more," the move-

ment of the planets must stand still. For we measure time as repetitive (periodic) movement. Periodicity makes infinity countable so we can organize and plan our time.

= nA; eA

The Time of Mathematics and Physics.

We can stretch the coil of periodicity into a nearly straight line. Mathematics is timeless, its

functions reversible. Physic's time is relative, that is related to the speed of light and the matter-energy field. Time as the fourth dimension is felt like a horizontal length. That means the fourth dimension is felt similar to the first dimension as direction in which it flows. Still it resembles the circle of space: but it stretches it and elongates it in one direction into an ellipse. If the moon encircles the earth, while earth orbits around the sun, the moon's path is an epicyclic coil, just as the earth's path around the sun, if the sun itself travels through space, resembles such a helix or screw. This is how cosmic elements, electrons, planets, and we go through time.

According to H. Minkowski's space-time formula $\Delta x_1^2 + \Delta x_2^2 + \Delta x_3^2 - \Lambda x_4^2 = \Delta s^2$ the distance between two point-events, time itself x_4 would be on the

negative, (symbolically downward) ordinate, of this system. Kronos'—Chronos' tooth of time, the decay or 'Wärme-Tod' or 'Energy-Death' would be symbolized. (Reichenbach 1958, p. 112). Entropy as degrading dissipation of matter-energy into inert uniformity as irreversible processes would show the progress of time to death. Only from a hot source flows energy to a cold receiver; never rolls sand back from the valley to the peak. But through the energy of the sun water is raised up again into clouds and it can flow down in rivers.

We use wavelike periodicity when we say: his sister was born the same day as his mother, and the same hour as his wife on a morning of spring. The seasons dance in a circle. But if we

say: spring began i in Rome and Madrid at the same time, since cherry trees blossomed on O_{Madrid} the same day, we would have to draw a co-ordinate system with time as an abscissa

and space or distance as ordinate and spring commencement as a dot-line, while if we live in the same city (e.g. Rome) for a long time our life resembles a horizontal in this system.

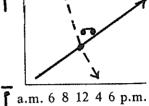
In Einstein's relativity of time, simultaneity is not absolute, since there is no signal of infinite velocity, not even a signal faster than light. Any event α which falls between A sending off a message and its response A' would be relatively simultaneous with B (cf. Reichenbach 1958,

p. 129, 145) If two point-events are simultaneous there can be no causal connection

(While I wait for the letter with my friend's answer to my suggestion, I can not influence him nor he me.) But the experience of contemporaneity of lives means the opposite: there can be a reciprocal influencing because we do not compare moments or time-points but durations. If A can influence B, A is earlier. But nuclear physics or field theory wonders whether the effect can influence the cause. Does teleology rule only biology? In order to reach his prey, the eagle spreads his wings. Zeus' bolt of lightning was thrown in order to hit its goal. Is there intentionality in the electro-magnetic field? If the Midgard snake is wrapped around the equator it will feel night and day at the same time, just as you can see light and shade at the same time if you have one eye in the sun and the other in the shade. Even more paradoxical is clock simultaneity: In the morning I ascend a mountain on a narrow path, and reach the peak in the evening. I stay over-night to see the sun rise. The next morning I descend on the same path. What is the chance that there is a place which I pass on my way back at the same clock time as when I ascended? The periodicity of clock time is so hazy to most people that they answer: there is a small chance. If you can prove why there is a 100% chance, i.e. I must pass such a spot of the same clock time, you are one in hundred. Don't read on but try. The proof is through logic equivalence: if I have a twin brother on the peak who starts descending the same morning as I 14 .

ascend, we must meet on a certain spot (at the same time at the same place) on that narrow track. It makes no difference if I play that twin brother myself and also substitute clock time simultaneity for true 'same time'. Geometrically the two non-parallel lines must meet: e.g. I start at 6 a.m. below and arrive above at 6 p.m. even if I descend at 8 a.m. and arrive below at

4 p.m., I still must pass a point , somewhere sometime (e.g. at noon a halfway bench) where I also arrived at noon in my ascent the day before.



= 0A

Time in Physiology and Biology; Life Time.

In space there are no natural regular furrows, we have to plow them ourselves. If the sea's waves suddenly froze or the desert's sand-waves stayed static, we would need no geometry for divisions of space. Man divides space in city blocks and countries: he takes possession by power and money of realms of space. Time is divided by nature more equitably. A pauper who can not call a pig-sty his own may still live as long a time as a prince in his palace who rules wide regions. Moons, planets, comets, and spiral nebulae circle around us periodically as electrons around atoms to measure time in equal intervals. Woodpeckers beat time faster but as regularly as our pulse or breath. At night the cicadas' chirping and the frogs' croaking, mark time as the rise of the sea's floods, attracted by the moon. Each full moon the waves of 'lunacy' rise (as has now been proven by statistics). Female menstrual cycles depress fertility and mood every moon month. Sun time returns in periodic repetition. Tidal organisms live by biological clocks. The pineal gland might have been a third eye which controlled our sex metabolism: birds reawaken to sex through the sun. There is a rather well marked seasonal rhythm for wooing, breeding, bearing and training of the young. A seed grows into a plant, a plant buds, blossoms, and fruits in due time. This process is repeated in other specimens but can not be reversed: \vec{qe} a tree can not sink back into the seed from which it came. We can not return into our childhood. After the bloom follows the period of decay. The fact of aging of all mortals means to humans, who foresee it self-consciously, the tragedy of time. But foresight can become planning: in 'purpose,' the future (goal) can be the cause of past (endeavor). A wasp can lay its egg into the paralyzed spider so that the larva will have living food.

Intuitively we measure time not by our heart beat but by inner metabolism. US So we

can 'feel' that our heart beats faster. The inner chemical processes as the decomposition of sugar into lactic acids in fatigue, take a certain time. If the speed of these processes changes, our timing is disturbed. Once I had to kill . . . my victim was a rat who around midnight sucked blood from the toe of a baby. I stood at the stairway with a hammer. When the rat ran up, my hammer descended in slow motion on its nape but the rat was dead. I must have been so horrified by this premeditated murder that my metabolism (sympathetic nervous system and adrenalin) raced so fast that in comparison with it my hammer descended in agonizing slow-

ness.—The incubation of a new brood is timed as is the incubation period of a sickness. Recovery takes a certain time. We can say that healing happens when the harm of the past is undone by the hope for the future.

Psychological Time (cf. "Temp-erament")

$$OO = OA$$

Time can be felt as hope for the future in patient expectancy. The pressure of time can be felt as threat and we might fear what the next day may bring. Instead of 'must' we can ask what 'may' I do? We may welcome the future as opportunity. "Mein Erbteil, wie herrlich weit und breit, die Zeit ist mein Besitz, mein Acker ist die Zeit" says Goethe. (West Östlicher

Divan) "My heirloom, future field which I may plow, $\frac{1}{4}$. my treasure is my time, the precious now." Time is needed for any action or plan. Threat or promise is offered by the future. Other people live with their memories in the past, and others in idyllic dreams, or regret and guilt. Many people live still through the problems of their childhood, psychoanalysis tries to make these conscious and thus analyze them away and solve them.

"The most profound human experiences, . . . anxiety, depression, and joy . . . occur more in the dimension of time than of space." (R. May, 1958, p. 65). But memory preserves them and imagination anticipates them. So they become part of our selves. Memory and anticipation of our own actions and feelings means continuity of our self, our subjective identity. If we forget our past in amnesia, we can assume another personality in 'dissociation.' What endures is real. The schizophrenic's ego does not endure and is not real. "The schizophrenic patient could not relate to time. Each day was a separate island without past, future, or continuity" (Minkowski, 1933). He is 'disoriented in space and time." He may think he is a pharao millenia ego. Time is distorted for the schizophrenic; the depressive creeps, in slow motion, to a blocked inaccessible future. The manic rushes fast through time which seems to him to go too slow, into an empty future. Thyroxin and adrenalin speeds our metabolism and our movements. So outer events seem too slow to the hyper-thyroid manic. On the other hand senile people want to slow down; time and progress go too rapidly for them, while young people are impatient: they move quick and time runs too slow, if they expect to reach their goal. (i.e. if they are of sanguinic-choleric temperament).

To the old man time seems crucial: past times, 'long, long ago' can be recalled, but not called back. He can remember, but not recapture, youth. For avoiding a trap we have no second chance. 'If I only could relive my youth with the knowledge I have now' says the old woman. Inner felt time differs from objective outer time. Some drugs distort time like schizophrenia. For the hashish-smoker, space grows vast and an immense time stands still and he experiences infinity as a bottomless abyss. Schizophrenics confuse past and future: their precognition sees the future as if it were past; and the patient feels immortal. Only the sane man can review the past without bitterness. Only the healthy man can plan his future without fear. Nietzsche says: "The world of the past is an oracle. Only as builders of the future will you understand it."

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$$\bigcirc$$
 = pA

Time in History, Sociology and Politics.

The historian looks back at the past, stretching mankind's memory through millenia. History is "Sinngebung des Sinnlosen," (tries to make sense of the senseless). War historians have noticed a generation rhythm of war and violence peaks (about every 30 years). Do statesmen prepare and prevent them? The most ruthless tyrants could conquer empires in the shortest time, when time was ripe for it. When historians try to warn them, that such empires may be of short duration, unless grown organically 'in due time' do they heed the advice of the past? In an age of crisis and revolutionary change, the tragedy of our march through time becomes apparent. In space the front which we see clearly is the direction toward which we go. (and still, if we have gone astray, we can retrace our steps). In time, what went on before us, we can see clearly. That's why we call, what we have left behind . . . 'before.' But this pre-time, foretime, 'Vorzeit' is the past and we can not go toward it. We can not go back in time to undo a clearly seen harm. So what we clearly know and understand we can hardly do much about it, for we can not return in time. We could learn for the future only if we expect the future to equal the past. But what if the future is as different as an all-atomic age and there is a generation gap to prevent communication? In a sense the future we are marching toward is really hidden behind (a curtain). We go toward the future as if we walked backward leading with our back, stumbling to a possible abyss hidden in the fog of night. We can only shine our flashlight back at the pebbles of the path of the past as if this could guide us, because we see it clearly. And we reach conclusions like: there must always be wars because there have always been wars, as if the past commanded the future.-The great Clemenceau planned the First World War and the Treaty of Versailles 1918 in "revanche" for the siege of the beloved Paris of his youth, by the Prussians in 1871. Hitler in turn had his eyes fixed on the ruthless Treaty of Versailles in planning his 'Rache' (revenge) of 1940 in the Second World War. Nations still insist on domains inherited by the status quo, in boundaries conquered in the wars of the past instead of dividing living space by merit and need. The U.N. does not ask: can this nation administer these boundaries wisely in the service of the culture of the future, in the service of the spirit? Most politicians are lawyers and historians instead of prophets of a better future. They fear new ideals, and defend traditions, customs, and borders of the past. Yet although a nation may be hundred million times as big as a man, a state lasts never hundred million times as long as the hundred years a man's life may reach. Thus nations may be short-lived monsters with all their claims to our eternal loyalty. "Kingdoms rise and wane."

What holds a society together are age-old customs. What gives a nation or a family the 'right' to hold a land is not merit and wise stewardship but a long time of possession in the past. On the other hand the powerman can take away not only land and money, but also time, although this is what he can not give. "Shorten thou canst my life . . . through sorrow . . . but lend no morrow" (Richard II, Weilgart: Shakespeare). No king can lengthen my life. He may have power over space, but no man has power over time. But the boss is a time keeper. In a mechanized bureaucracy he can fill my time with senseless monotony and crowd out any spontaneous creativity. Heraclitus' ever-changing river becomes a conveyer belt on the assembly line. For the mechanized man as for the compulsive, the past equals the future. Time becomes a reverberating cycle and finally the vicious cycle of Satan. But for the adventurer and the searcher, time is a question mark: What will it bring? What is going to happen?

In the atomic age we ask: Will \checkmark the power politicians grant us a future?

16

Time in Art (Literature and Music)

$$\overrightarrow{O} = jAe = rhythm$$

$$\overrightarrow{O} = rIOwU-A = music time (tempo)$$

While the two (or three) dimensions of space are assigned to painting (or sculpture), since the eye sees space, the fourth dimension, time, is the realm of music, since the ear distinguishes besides pitch (= wavefrequency in the time unit) and volume (height and strength) the periodically ordered "rhythm" of symphony or song. (see "Sound," Ch. 6, below) The metronome pulse beats the tact slowly for 'grave' which indicates melancholy, while allegro indicates a joyful speed; about 70 per minute = the rhythm of pulse, step and average music beat (andante = walking). Walking, rowing, swimming, and dancing are rhythmic. A 4/4 fox trot

has a harder rhythm than a 6/8 flowing waltz. In a poem the verse metres indicate the $\Delta \overline{O} Q$

spoken rhythm. Melody as sequence of sounds implies before-after succession. Harmony implies simultaneity of different wave speeds. But deeper than this, in symphony, opera as in drama, is the inner rhythm of suspense in the flow of the themes, motivs, movements, variations or actions. Recognizing the leitmotiv in its variations needs memory. There is an introduction or prelude, a peak of problems and a catastrophy or happy ending. Often it is similar to bloom, fruit and decay, or youth, middle, old age, and death. "And so from hour to hour we ripe and ripe, and then from hour to hour we rot and rot" (Shakespeare, As You Like It II, 7). Macbeth has a double motion of time clues: rapid sequence and the impression that we move through decades of decay. (cf. Weilgart, 1952). Goethe feels overwhelmed by his task: Die Kunst ist lang, doch kurz ist unser Leben. How long is art, how short is life! Man who can envisage eternity, suffers under the limitation of natural life-too short to realize his dreams. Thomas Mann and Robert Musil analyze the flow of time. In the magic mountain as on an island outside of life, for the patients of the sanitarium, time seems to stand still. In L. Tolstoy's "Master and Man," "Three Deaths," "The Death of Ivan Ilych" and in the "Snow Storm," where ever-returning to the same place lost in the endless white steppe, like space, time seems to lose its meaning.

Time in Ethics.

$$+\Delta \bigcirc = rU-A$$
$$\int \bigtriangleup = kU-A$$

Ecclesiastes (3) teaches: "To every thing there is a season and a time to every purpose under heaven" ordained by God. "A time to be born and a time to die. A time to plant and a time to pluck . . . a time to kill and a time to heal." Seasonal thinking is natural to the farmer who plants, helps his beasts to give birth and in due time slaughters them. Astrologers may tell him the best "auspicious" timing ("Kairos" cf Tillich) to be attuned through cosmic contingency and so he need not ever have a bad conscience for any particular deed, as long as the time is ripe for it. Even Hamlet can die at peace if it is his time, "ripeness is all." (Is mankind ripe to die in the atomic age? Has it fulfilled its mission and can it die in dignity and peace?) Even Christ was concerned to be one with the cosmic clock and felt when Mary tried to hasten a miracle "My time has not yet come." $+ \bigcirc$

A man who understands the art of being one with the universe could make rain when the time is right for it. He could succeed with the smallest effort as a child, who adds each time at the right time to the rhythm of a swing, can feel finally like flying up to the sky.

18 \bigcirc

Chapter 2

+OP Maybe the art of the "Bon-vivant, (Lebenskünstler)" having a good time +O consists in knowing the right time for it. A worrier foresees a bad time, and thus has a bad time and a bad man, a criminal, gives everybody a bad time. A killer kills 'out of season' as Ecclesiastes might say.

 $++ \bigcirc$ But does he have a bad conscience? The habitual killer . . . usually not; paradoxically, it is the sensitive conscientious man, who remembers his acts for ever and after once drunk, feels forever as 'drunkard,' so he will never again repeat a bad experience and so learns from it. So just because he feels already as sinner, he will never sin again in the same way. But the insensitive criminal does not learn because he can not remember or foresee, and lives only in the present moment. If he kills ever so often, he does not feel like a killer and so he will be a killer, for what we often do, we are.

The psychopathic killers who do not 'repent' feel to human beings as to dolls who can be replaced. They do not have reverence for life or for the irreplaceable work of inspired genius (as the madman who assaulted Michelangelo's Pieta'). Richard III (cf. Weilgart: Shakespeare Psychognostic) felt that all men are created equal (except"I am I") and so ethical time is a reversible process "What if I killed her husband and her father? What better way to make the wench amends, than to become her husband and her father?" (and father children in her?) If all things were alike, we could indeed "undo what we have done" (cf. Macbeth) and freely reverse the past by repairing it in acts of the future.

Time in Religion.

 $\Delta O = kU-A$

Religion sees the finite, short and small in itself, as symbolic prelude, meaningful for eternity. We are free to choose here in the now forever. Our acts will be remembered. We must stay sinners or repent; the "metanoeite!" means reform! and return! to the state before the sin. It is much deeper than the restitution and punishment and rehabilitation of modern courts. It means atonement in the sense of "at-one-ment," as becoming one again with God. As Yom Kippur it is the greatest feast of the Jews, Christian salvation brings freedom from sin. The timing cycle of the prayers and feasts of religion resemble a spiritual ascent through the seasons. Every morning, every spring I am born anew and every night and winter I am ready to die. And wandering the spiral stairway of life, every step the matter in me decays, descends and falls off, while the spirit in me grows and rises. Religion cares for the immortal soul, or after a timeless sleep, a resurrection into eternity.—To the *existentialist*, time is essential since we *exist* only for a certain time. Time is his center and he must act in time. But the mystic

longs to dissolve in the eternal ocean of essence. In his ecstasy he rises beyond time. But God is for ever and ever. "Before Abraham was, I am." "I am the A and the O, beginning and end." For God thousand years is like a day. Man's material life is like grass and thrown away like chaff. Man is like a puff of wind. (Ps. 144, 103) While existence is ever emerging and becoming in time, essence is timeless. The idea of the good, the beautiful, and the true, the love of the spirit transcends space and time.



Time, unlike Space, is cut in Equal Parts, periods or cycles. Matter stays stable = in time although a whole Material Thing (] can move in Relation to another or Toward a certain point. Emotionally we can look - \neg r toward a point in the future or dwell $\rightarrow O$ on an event in the Past. The future is a 4 question or quest, the past may be certain. 24 We can keep our Feeling of time Within us or march through it Actively or let time flow through us or Around us passively: We can see time as 'Good' propitious +6in God's good time or bad 'cursed' or \bigwedge + indifferent as "O" Zero. It can be our personal unique time or common social time We can adapt to the Conditions of the time, 😱 the season. Light is in a sense timeless $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ as it seems the absolute quickest movement 3



Psychogram

but Sound is felt as lasting in time, the rhythm of music. We see in space and hear in time. We feel our Life as short and our Spirit yearns for eternity. $\rho \Delta \overline{o}$

20 🔿

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= e = Motion, Movement

Image (abstract motion picture)

Movement . . . motion . . . where does it start? Speed through space in time spiral nebula . . . star wheel of mist, turning around and around electron encircling atom . . . photon . . . fire exploding spewing volcano . . . sparks cascading light gliding from star to star through empty space radiating force vivid vibration . . . wind and waves rolling and falling, foaming combs lightning striking from compact clouds action into the moist mist of potential life arises bubbling clumsily, growing blobs moving without a rule increasing uniting dividing multiplying floating jumping pounding devouring . . . writhing in agony . . . longing together attraction dancing lightly in love . . . enters intruder . . . rivals both approaching the same . . . moving against each other: clash. But one falling staggering up . . . two fleeing together clutching each other \overrightarrow{F} fleeing, flowing . . flying to function: fleeing, flowing . . . flying to freedom: upward, upward, soaring toward the sky.

Tree growing up drawn by the light moving toward the sun rising higher and higher swaying branches reaching upward growing soul soar toward the Spirit.

0

21

22 C

Though man be a fanatic of motion and speed, the greatest poet of action and creation, Johann Wolfgang Goethe, dreams of rest.

Über allen Gipfeln ist Ruh in allen Wipfeln spürest du kaum einen Hauch. Die Vöglein schweigen im Walde. Warte nur balde ruhest du auch. Over all mountains lies calm through all tree-tops a breath of balm flows to you. The bird lies quiet in its nest. Just wait and soon you too will find your rest.

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Similar Symbols.

Co The symbol of Movement is a simplified spiral, rounded in itself like O Space and Time. Motion means Changing Space in Time. Roundness: O whirling is the primal motion of galactic wheels, planets swirling O around themselves and a central sun. Since the sun itself progresses, the planet (like the moon) moves in a spiral or coiled screw instead of returning ever into its former path. The coils of a screw can be likened to waves, e.g. of light. Even the straightest motion, the $\sqrt[3]{77}$ light ray, bends around a bypassed star and describes a huge circle O around the universe returning into itself. The symbol for Part is O similar curved: Movement is a Part-change . . . only the place is changed but the thing that moves stays the same: Equal to itself otherwise we would not measure its motion. Most inanimate motions stay also rather Equal in speed or acceleration and general direction or shape O of orbit.

Movement is a Condition for other movement and a Condition for Life. $\bigcirc \rho$ Draw the tail of 'movement' straight down into the stem of Life. A $\rho' \rho'$ tree grows "Up". Living things move most spontaneously so one can $\checkmark \bigcirc$ hardly predict their movements (e.g. squirrels and water striders). \bigcirc Animals are said to move from Within. The Motion within is called \bigcirc emotion: or Feeling. Feelings move not only within our soul but they \bigcirc move others to similar feelings. (BioRhythms* communicate cosmic meaning) $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ By turning the tail of the spiral around a hinge, we find a rounded \bigcirc Question mark. Motion

*Weilgart 1970

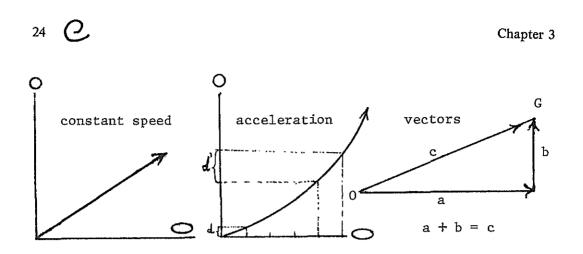
C 22 Co._ SC /⊅ こ? 17



Short e (as in jet), the sound of Movement, corresponds to the long E \square (as in Eh?) of Matter. Matter and Motion are the main elements of the materalist's universe ("There is nothing but matter and motion," says Mao). In phonetics, "e" as mid-tongue vowel borders on the central low-tongue \bigcirc "a" and "A" as movement happens in Space and Time. "e" as mid-tongue vowel is neither high nor low, and movement can go up or down. But "e" is a front vowel, since we move mostly forward. "e" can be rounded into \ddot{O} (Q) \checkmark and pulled back into "o-O." Motion is a Condition for life \circlearrowright and emotion (Feeling), which leads to motion. "e" is finally a front vowel like "i-I" (as in lit and shrlek): \checkmark Light and Sound are movements \bigcirc in space (the motion of motorcycles makes much noise). Near the mid-front "e" is central-high "y" (anti-, denial): \bigcirc \bigcirc if something is moved it can be re-moved and denied its place.

Mathematics and Physics of Movement. (n-e)

The spiral (as symbol for a helix), combines circle and ellipse (space and time). Motion goes through space in time. We need the rounded spiral for our symbol of movement. Circular movement, whirling, can be felt (with closed eyes), uniform constant motion can not, for linear \checkmark motion is relative to a reference point, which it may approach (toward) or leave (away from). We may rest on a moving ship. It would be impossible to represent straight linear motion through a finite line without coordinates. It would have to go on and on (an infinite line). Motion is a change of place from the point with the coordinates $P(x,y) \rightarrow Q(x + a, y + b)$ Toward point Q in a certain time. If we consider linear motion we can use the ordinate for space and the abscissa for time.



In constant speed equal distance takes equal time. In acceleration more and more space (distance) is covered in the time unit. $s = g/2 \times t^2$ symbolizes the constant acceleration of falling motion through gravity. A diagonal vector 'c' can be the resultant of 2 added vectors 'a' and 'b,' the same goal G can be reached by direct assault as it were or in a round-about way (around the corner—sometimes in life we can not cut corners). With vectors and tensors we can compute the motions of waves and winds.

The flow of water or wind or the attraction of sun or moon may be called a force and the water a mass. The inert mass (Matter) would remain at relative rest (or keep constant speed). $\underline{f/m} = \underline{a}$, Acceleration is proportionate to force and resisted by inertia (mass of mat-

ter). The bigger the mass the harder to move. (A big shot can hardly be budged.)

Newton may have disappointed the activist by his third law of motion: action is opposed by equal reaction. Riots increase the force of police. (Don't think you can hit without being hit back). Motion becomes action only if there is a force of acceleration, but does the moon, encircling the earth, act? (cf. Action, Ch. 18) Only a purposive pre-meditated move should be called act. It 'progresses' toward a goal. This goal pulls like a magnet, accelerating until hit.

We can combine acceleration and constant straight motion in the image of a ball we swing around us on a rubber string. What pulls the string the longer the faster we swing it? It orbits in a spiral (our symbol for movement). To see that even this movement is relative, we would have to remain quiet with the ball and let the whole universe orbit around us. Now we can say the revolving universe's gravity attraction pulls the string as centrifugal force. If we were a sun, the centripetal force holding the planet to us would be our gravity attraction. If there were only this attraction, the planet would fall into the sun. So it must have had an initial rather constant speed which would have let it pass the sun in a rather straight line. So the resultant of the straight line and the gravity attraction is the ellipse, (the symbol of time as periodicity). If we return to swinging our rubber string faster and faster in ever-widening circles, the centrifugal force will finally break it and hurl the ball of matter in a tangent like a sling shot to a goal. Thus it has gone from straight motion to circular accelerated and back to a straight motion toward a goal, which if it is Goliath's head, and the sling is in David's hand, would be called an act or action. This movement means to make something move, to drive. Man's mastery over nature consists in purposeful causative motion. A 'motor,' an 'engine' is a machine that uses nature's forces as 'powers,' which man can turn on to cause other things to move. Man as master commands or 'engenders' motion. But speed becomes an end in itself and rules modern man.

Motion in Nature and Life (o-e)

Even in nature one movement causes another. Our spiral wheel symbolizes also the circulation or transfer of movement. The planetary or (relatively) solar movement causes many movements here on earth. Motion means change. The change of night to day, of winter to summer is caused by turning toward the sun. Winds and tides and erosions are caused by changes in temperature. The steeper rays of the sun raise the sea's water into clouds from which falls the rain which raises trees and crops, which feed man and beast and give man the energy to run about and chase others. Rivers can even drive turbines and power plants (to ease the power shortage). A tree's growth can also be traced back to light-rays, atoms and electrons on the move. Photosynthesis and cellular movements raise a tree.

But all this circulation of movement is not a true circle in that it does not return to its origin. For the raising of the tree does not in turn move the sun. This is why movement is represented not by a circle but by a spiral. A spiral does not return to its origin. It is not closed in itself as would be a perpetuum mobile.

Life moves also in a periodic helix. A tree can not shrink back into its seed, but after a period of growth it may rise again in another form from another seed.

A needle tree rests, a deciduous tree dies as it were, each season when its leaves fall, and flowers die each fall and winter. Much life goes every night into a state of non-motion, of rest, in sleep. A child may curl up back into a fetal position. Otherwise turning back is rare in life; a lobster and cuttlefish can rush backward. Man is ashamed of retracing his steps in retreat and

opposes even reform. \checkmark Life needs light. It started with the movement of light and with a \checkmark spark of lightning that synthesized N + O into amino acids and the protoplasm of life necessary for the movement of self-perpetuation.

The form of life that depends on light, the plants, are rather immobile. How can they

get along without motion? Yet they do move in their quiet way. They reach with their roots for water and long with their leaves for the light. Their hormone auxin makes them grow where they can get light. (Their branches are heliotropic and their roots geotropic). But since they move so little they need less energy. And the energy they need they can absorb directly from the sun. And the food they need is air and water and so they can hope to find it most anywhere. But if they do not get what they need, they quietly, and seemingly painlessly . . . for they do not need the sensation of suffering, for they could not even move away from a fire . . . so they quietly and humbly die in beauty.

It is a different life style from the hurrying, crawling, running, jumping, flying . . . mobility which animals develop. (Nearest to plants' floating is the swimming of many primitive animals). Animals need movement to find food and shelter, to mate and spread away from crowding competition, to flee rivals and enemies, and to keep healthy, happy and warm.

An animal may need some exercise to stimulate its inner metabolism, otherwise it may get 'stir-crazy.' Within the animal (as within the plant) air, water and nutrients must circulate to every cell. Some sucking and pumping is needed. There is a strange application of the law of relativity in this inner motion. Cilia are fine filaments which wave or lash air and fluids through our tubes, and dust and smoke away from our lungs (unless we paralyze them with nicotine). Now such hairlike lashes served independent protozoa as flagellae or tails to rush themselves through the water. A male spermatozoon can shoot toward a female ovum, which sits rather placidly and has to wait (Women's Lib activists have not yet penetrated into this

microcosm). Even in humans the man moves rather straight-forward $\neg \neg$ or in a angular way, while the woman has to rest more or revolves \bigcirc as it were around herself in dance of self-admiration or within the family circle. Plants leave even the mating motions to bees and butterflies or to winds and waves, which also can carry their seed.

Movement is so essential for life that we recognize an animal's death from its immobility. A cockroach which jerked around in a hot water basin suddenly goes limp and now floats in regular orbits inward toward the drain. Inside an animal the movements of nerves, breath, metabolism and heart stop in death.

$\mathcal{O}\mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O}e$ The Psychology and Esthetics of Movement.

26 **(**)

Motion is a sign of vitality. Children enjoy movement for its own sake. They laugh while they jump around and dance and swing. Group plays pass over into rhythmic group work, parade marching reminds of marching armies (tactics and strategy moves masses around). But individual movements symbolize the state of emotion: The whirling dervish expresses ecstacy. In baroque ballet quick tip-toeing symbolized anxiety, crouching meant despair. The melancholy

as the phlegmatic $\overline{\int \mathcal{E}}$ are the quiet temperaments, the sanguinic and choleric are easily

aroused. The schizo-catatonic sinks back into the motionless state in the womb. The stoic and the puritan repress their emotions' outer show which seem childish to them. But then the emotions explode (run amuck) or are crushed in psychosomatic disease. In aUI -BioRhythms

(Weilgart 1970) each symbol is danced and expressed. E.g. λ for the rays of light the arms

are spread upward. Expressive movements are needed for true communication.

Behaviorists thought that emotions themselves consist only in certain motions e.g. fear in rapid pulse and breathing; or rather our awareness of these various bodily changes is the feeling of fear. Kinesthesis does make us aware of our own movements through receptors in the inner ear, the skin, the muscles, tendons and joints, and finally through the sensory monitors of our own motor-area nerves in the cortex of our brain. Of course we know our willful movements ahead because we planned them. But this is not so with the peristalic movements of our intestine nor with the rather involuntary movements of our heart (which some Yogis can control). Most people can partly control the movements of their breath. But even some gross movements like yawning may escape our will. Coughing and even laughing may convulse us. Epileptics may suffer from tonic and clonic convulsions. In motor epilepsy, a whole set of movements and mainipulations, even 'acts' of murder may be performed without will or remembrance by otherwise 'moral' men.

Even in the normal person it is usually not reason, but emotion, which leads to motion and makes a man move. Man, who is now master for for nature through technology (cf. "Through; Means; Power; Action, for form, 29, 17, 18), still moves as slave of his emotions, esp. the for drives of pleasure and power. As a collective he may move like a puppet for on strings held by demons. Of course the power-man goes through for the 'motions' of moral reasoning (Ch. 13) but these are ad hoc ex post for 'rationalizations.' (cf. Feeling Psych., Ch. 10) (cf. Niebuhr, Moral Man and Immoral Society) The motions of murder are the same as of self-defence, preventive self-defence is another name for assault. A man can be carried along in a mob-ilized crowd (a mob).

$$\begin{array}{c} & = \text{ nub-e} \\ & = \text{ nu-we} \end{array} \\ \end{array}$$

Movement in Sociology and Politics; 'Thy Kingdom Come.'

(Many-People-Power-Movement)

Are the movements of history . . . happenings, events, acts or deeds? Tolstoy muses in a Troyka (War and Peace) "We think we are drivers but we are driven." Nomads run around like herds of sheep or packs of wolves, or like migratory birds driven by the change of season, by the motions of sun and wind. A sea storm scattered Spain's Armada, the sandstorm of 636 pushed the Arabs and blinded the Greeks. A man pushed in the mob around the Bastille shouted louder than the others, maybe because one stepped on his toe, and they followed him as a leader of liberté. If hunger drives Hunns toward food or a horde toward the wealth of the West, history calls the man who is most impressed by this movement a "charismatic" leader. Attila or Genghis Khan is admired like Mao Tse Tung. How can you move millions? How can

and pleasure or the avoidance of suffering and pain. \mathcal{H} + \mathcal{O} China's starving peasants were

driven to power by the shameless exploitation through their landlords, and Mao condensed all their resentment and despair into a few slogans of hate. Germany's millions felt debased after defeat and Hitler found them a scape-goat and moved them with a few slogans of hate. It is the rallying cry of the word, which the French call "mot" that sets the mob in motion. The leader pushes himself ahead and in front by riding the wave of the most popular prejudice. Does a surf rider move the waves?

The demagogue uses the human herd instinct, the together-movement of the human

species. Fruit gatherers and hunters move in 'gangs.' A demagogue leads a movement in a certain direction or he rearranges things in a certain way: e.g. his own horde in T-formation or in a triangle. If another leader insists on arranging crowds in squares and moves from another direction, on a horizontal plane, they are bound to clash. Then as between droves of army-ants, that cross each other's paths, we may have a war to annihilation.

On slippery ground where a car can get bogged down in slushy snow or sand, we must keep moving, 'don't stop'. Mankind in a crisis of doubt feels like going on and on, afraid to stop for rethinking: the inner movements of contemplation or deep reform. Ideologies are political arrangements. If I arrange the chairs in my class in squares and another prof arranges them in circles we may clash. But a carpenter who produces a new chair and a sculptor who creates a new work of art, a scientist who finds a new nutrient-all those who create or find new values need not conflict with each other. Their vertical movements (up to sublimation or down toward a deeper insight) are as it were parallel. The horizontal motions of change of place or rearrangement must conflict and destroy each other. $\neg = [=(), \neg]$

But there is always room at the top. A tree stays where it stands but still moves upward, it grows. The bird flies to the sky. In the age of motorization and automation, our machines will move the earth so man could rest. Heraclitus said: Panta rei, all is flowing. In all the change, religion and philopsophy emphasize the eternal absolute ideal: "Thou who changest not, abide with me." Man can quietly contemplate the upward flights of the soul, and can grow to

the Spirit./

Movement as change Denies the inertia of Matter and conflicts with the absolute Spirit, the perennial constant. Or could there be an 'evolving God'? Movement means Space-in-Time, distance and speed, or whirling around. Movement is relative to another thing, a reference point.

28

For man, common Uniform movement Toward the same goal means Action and Power. The leader moves Forward using and dodging Conditions of passage by fair means or foul.



Life means Movement and growth. Vibrations of Light and Sound mean communication (Together-Move). Motors make motion.

Emotions mean motivation. Motion means question of whether and whence? What for? asks doubt. 26 $\sqrt[5]{O}$ Creation is outward expression. Contemplation can turn within. $OO\Delta$ Meditation revolves around an ultimate meaning. The soul moves up toward the Spirit. $e - \int \Delta$

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$$e = Q$$
 = Movement

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29

CHAPTER 4. WHAT'S THE MATTER?

= E = Matter

What's the matter

Materia mater vitae. As speed is to space C: O Matter is to time. We move through space, Matter lasts in time.

Patient's Poem

Matter, material, solid stuff, 6 3 substance from which all things are made, passive, patient; waiting to be shaped by the mind into brick-stones for buildings, structures rising highovercoming gravity, the curse of matter, that pulls down into itself, cohesion of inertia! Resisting reform. 300-0-0-24) Matter explode into energy with the speed of light destroying yourself and all around dammed again into annihilation! - . -Matter be moved be raised in creation, awakened by the Spirit, animated with soul. Wife of the Spirit matter be mother of life.

Similar Symbols.

According to Jung (man and His Symbols, 71) The square and the rectangle are the symbols of earthbound matter, of . . . reality. 'You are a square' means 'you are a materialist,' a conventional realist of the establishment, against the spiritual ideals of new ideas. The brickform of matter resembles most the symbol for equal: matter is equal to itself, (resists change). What remains most stable in a material thing is the stuff its made of. One can melt a golden crown into coins, but they are still gold. Another similar symbol is quantity: material can be measured by its quanity. The quanity of matter is its mass. If one drew the right upstroke of the power symbol down to the left, it would approach a parallelogram: matter can be transformed into *energy*. (Einstein's $E = m c^2$). But what distinguishes matter from energy: matter | exists. The vertical stroke is its essence. The symbol for relation may be compared if we draw the first uphook downward: we are all related frough the stuff we are made of. Even a plant is related to an animal by its similar chemistry. Even distant stars consist of similar elements. If we round off the rectangle's corners on one side, we obtain the symbol for 'part.' **C** All matter is divisible. We can cut a cheese into parts. If O we round off all corners we obtain an ellipse: Matter lasts in time and extends in space. (We contract the ellipse into a circle.) If we blacken the circle into a big dot, we obtain 'thing.' A 'thing' (in our sense) is material.

Similar Sounds.



Matter's sound E is most similar to e (as in Eh! and Jet), the sound of movement: matter moves or resists movement. $\frac{E}{A} = \frac{e}{a}$: Matter lasts in Time as Movement flows through space. From E the tongue can be lowered into AOO and a: Matter lasts in time and extends in space. If we raise the tongue from the sound of E we obtain 'I' or 'i': matter radiates light; sound travels in matter, not in empty space, matter produces sound. There are no immaterial gongs. If we round our lips and still say E (as in Eh?) we obtain Q, \mathcal{G} almost as in word (wQrd). Matter is the general condition of existence in this world. 'Matter' could have existed eternally, thinks even St. Thomas Aquinas. A more distant relative is the long rounded sound for O, feeling, \mathcal{O} sensation: we sense matter by touch. The short o of Life ρ is also a mid-tongue vowel: materia mater vitae.

The Philosphy of MATTER.

The symbol of the 'brickstone,' the rectangle, for matter is a paradox: matter can be represented (dargestellt und vorgestellt) and imagined only if it is formed. But this form is imposed

30

upon matter (by the mind). Matter in itself would be amorphous or, if compact, rounded into a ball. But we do not sense matter as all around as we feel space. If we can touch matter, it is not round. If we see it as round, as in the shape of a moon or planet, we do not sense this 'star' as material, but rather as celestial light. Since the original motherly aspect of matter is amorphous it can not be represented that way. The maternal aspect of matter must be imagined as a box, a cradle or . . . a coffin for life. It is the mind that prefers to shape matter in this angular squary way so as to fit together as bricks, boxes and houses. Even though space be round, economically only rectangles and squares fit into round space.

While the human mind can handle matter only as a material for its structure, it recognizes matter as primeval. Democritus was the first who believed in the primal position of matter: matter was there 'before' anything else: in the beginning nothing existed but matter and empty space. Anaximander and Epicurus had similar ideas and Epicurus is an example of the fateful linking of materialism and hedonism: 'Enjoy material things.' The Ionian school found 'hyle' equally common to all things and Empedocles distinguished as forms of matter: the solid earth, the liquid water and the gaseous air and also the energetic fire which is the matter of light. In Plato's world of ideas, matter was not the ultimate of reality. To the neo-Platonic idealistic school of Plotinus and Philo and to the Platonic church fathers, matter was base, shapeless and plump. They opposed the inactivity of matter to the spontaneity of the mind. A similar dualism of matter vs Spirit was upheld by Descartes against the materialism of Hobbes.

In a more scientific sense, Kepler said: "Matter is too plump and clumsy to move itself from one place to another." He found the inertia in mass as opposed to motion. Similar Kant: Mass

is the amount of the moveable (die Menge des Beweglichen).

Matter in Physics and Chemistry. (EgUw)

While Newton associated matter with density and Leibniz with spacial extension, Ernst Mach found masses as inverse to accelerations $m_1/m_2 = a_2/a_1$. The mass of a body is its in-

ertia or resistance to change of motion under the influence of a given force. So mass can be measured by the quantity of force needed to give a body motion or by the acceleration produced by a given force. Einstein added: the mass of a body is constant only as long as the body does not approach the speed of light. A little matter can give an immense amount of energy that can blow itself sky high (e.g. in a rocket). But put otherwise, matter is frozen energy and as such resists the energy of motion. Matter has weight (gravity attraction). $G \cdot M m/d^2 (=r^2)$

W = F; $M \bullet v = m \bullet V$. G is a gravitational constant, W = weight = F, the force attracting 2 masses M and m to each other, divided by their squared distance from each other, which for a planet is its orbit's radius as distance from the sun. $M \bullet v = m \bullet V$... the masses attract each other with velocities V/v = m/M inverse to their (mass) size. The greater the mass the less it budges in relation to the universe around. A big cannon does not budge in recoil as quickly as the (smaller) cannon ball flies. The big shot expects the little man to come to him to throw his weight around, or rather keep his weight sitting on his behind. But mass becomes finally weightless (with the square of distance, e.g. from the earth).

Matter comes in corpuscles or fields of force. Only the combination of energy and mass $(E + m^2)$ is conserved according to Einstein. The atom bomb derives its energy from fission of matter. Matter can explode into energy. This is the danger of the atomic age. Einstein's basic formula: 'energy equals matter times the squared speed of light' means that matter in the form of energy can radiate like light. Matter can also sound. All particles of matter are in relation to

32

their environment (field). In this sense the general field theory of physics dissolves what used to be matter into an all pervading relationship of field forces. Matter + Anti-Matter =?

The chemist composes the elements of matter into compounds by the rules of affinity attraction. Some elements can be bonded easily; others take much energy to join; others need a 3rd mediating element.

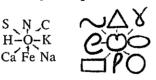
In a UI, element = $Ez = matter-part$.
\Box = Eza (Ez1) = element 1 = Hydrogen (H) is element with the atomic number one.
$\Box D2 = Eze(Ez2) = element 2 = Helium (He) element with the atomic number two.$
$\Box 3 = Ezi (Ez3) = Lithium (Li); EzA (Ez6) = Carbon (C); EzE (Ez7) = Nitrogen (N);$
$\Box 92 = EzI (Ez8) = Oxygen (O); \Box 92 EzUe (Ez92) = Uranium (U).$
To the chemical compounds like H_2SO_4 (Sulphuric Acid) correspond the compound con-
cepts or conventional words in aUI. E.g. $aUI = Space-Mind-Sound$. Mind-Sound is a word of a language, for when the mind sounds off it has meaning. $brO = together-good-feeling;$

brU = together good-spirit = peace. \mathcal{P}

In analogy to aUI psychograms, one could put an element like O into the center and arrange all the elements around, each of which could be bonded with it individually, maybe the nearer to the center or the bigger the more we know such compounds. (Such a structure does not imply that all of these elements ever occur together in a common compound.) The chemist can synthesize new compounds and can imitate the composition of organic compounds especially carbohydrates and finally the proteins of protoplasma. The fact that one can transform matter means that only very little and very common matter will be ultimately needed for maintaining life. Matter will be comparatively unimportant.

(Some Oxidizers around 'O':

Au or He would not bond with O)



The Psychology of Matter.

The physicist sees matter as condensed energy. Psychologically we feel matter according to its qualities of consistency as solid, fluid, viscous; as heavy, hot and cold. These psychologic sensations come very close to Empedocles' 4 stages of matter as earth, water, air and fire. We could distinguish people by how often these basic states of matter appear in their dreams, as earth, water, air and fiery types. Material is what is tangible to the sense of touch, liftable (heav-able) but hard to heave, heavy to our muscles, hard to cut apart and visible (if it reflects light), audible only when hit by other hard matter, smellable and tastable to us only insofar as our nature has prepared us through our evolution.

On the negative side materialism got its bad name from certain oppositions of matter. Matter is felt as obstacle. Matter in the wrong place is dirt and dirt is felt as sinful: Lady Macbeth's washing compulsion. But coprophilics are addicted to dirt. They fear water and hate washing. Just as matter in the aspect of inertia, restists motion, so matter rather than burning into light, is felt as resisting light. Opaque obscure dark matter covers light. Dark extinguished stars are not visible. We see our moon mostly as reflector of light, but primitive tribes may be frightened by it if in a solar eclipse, it obscures the sun. Likewise matter, rather than transmitting sound, can be felt as covering sound. A wall keeps us from hearing. The fact that matter sticks together and attracts other matter can be felt as threat and burden. Gravity means that all earthly things must fall, if nothing supports them. Animals heavier than a kitten are no longer supported by air and every precipice means to them danger of death. Matter condensed into "Black Holes" devours all in un-giving greed.



Sociology and Ethics of Matter.

Even though matter can be transformed into energy, material forces resist the energy of the reformer. Materialism since Epicurus was felt as allied with hedonism: materialistic things meant luxuries which provided pleasure through distraction outside, destruction away from the inner spirit. In this sense, Savonarola was an anti-materialistic enemy of plutocracy. How did Marx, the disciple of Hegel's idealistic dialectics, consider himself a materialist? Materialists are supposed to be realists (see res, "thing," ch. 24), but he who treasures and hoards material values will fight and kill for them, and in a war destroy them. A group of hedonistic materialists will get along less peacefully than a group of spiritual idealists (Buddhist or Franciscan monks). The more they concentrate on the spirit the more reasonably and objectively can they deal with materialistic things. One can share them and do without them. It is not true in the atomic age of automation that material values, even food, solve all problems. We soon may synthesize food from water and air. In the meantime the spiritual idealist would just have only as many children as he can support with food. And as man like Franklin, Gandhi or Carver show, he can live on a handful of oats, rice or peanuts a day, while the hedonostic materialist 'needs' a steak and a 8 cylinder car, the idealist walks on foot and sleeps on the floor. While the level-headed materialist needs many villas and yachts a Buddhist or Franciscan monk needs the living-space of 2 cubic yards. Of course the selfish level-headed materialist gets ahead of the idealist in our society . . , because, and as long as, the idealist works for him. But if all people were materialists they would rob each other and exploit and exhaust all resources and finally each other.

In this sense the communist is supposed to be an idealist. His very suffering under the progressively technological environment, a noisy crushing world of matter, is supposed to awaken in him the unselfish love for his fellow sufferer, the proletarian worker or peasant. How should materialistic determinism engender these unselfish, we might say, spiritual ideals?

What gives matter its bad name was its opposition to the mind or even to the spirit. We preach mind over matter and we find so often matter over mind.

Matter was felt, even by the old Ionians, as opposed to the immaterial soul, (psyche), the mind, (nous) and the spirit (pneuma). Matter is felt as unspiritual, spirit as immaterial or rather as super-material. In the spiritual or idealist world view, God is pure spirit and in creation it dreams of matter, which is only a Maya, an illusion. In the Language of Space the brickstone of matter, the rectangle or square, resembles the triangle of the Spirit: we consider a form of matter shaped by the Spirit. Matter may resist this shaping and then is felt as evil.

There could be even a matter of the mind, a mind-matter or a substance (U-E). Relatively, even spirit could be viewed as a substance . . . in contrast to a mind-form Uma, a character.

34 🗖

Chapter 4

We might put up the proportion equation: mind over matter = force over mass, $\frac{\text{mind}}{\text{matter}} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{mass}}$. Between matter and force (or energy) we must distinguish, even if the distinction is one of degree and is relative at that. If a man walks much slower than I before me, he is holding me up. He is an obstacle to my reaching my goal. Even if matter is just frozen energy, it is as such relative inert and may become an obstacle like a frozen log to the fire. Potentially, of course, the log may catch fire and matter can explode into energy. In atom-

bombs matter destroys itself. This is the curse of matter. $\Box \neq f \Delta$

When does matter become the enemy of the spirit? When it usurps the highest place for itself and uses the mind just to provide material benefits. It is evil to put matter above the spirit, as those preachers do that promise that by praying we shall get rich, or as the politicians do that promise that with God's help we shall destroy our enemies. They put matter above the spirit and this is evil. But what is worse, the materialistic hedonist (or egotist), or on the other hand, the nihilist? Is the Devil the all-destroyer of matter, as in the atombomb, or is he the tempter into material pleasures, into the chaos of uninspired and unformed matter? Or is it finally so that man is a spiritual creative and contemplative being, which, sinking into the mud of matter must perish?

Unless materialistic or sensual pleasures disturb contemplation and distract from creation, they would seem innocent in themselves. So why should man not live like animals? The history of Imperial Rome, of Rococo France and maybe of abundant America seems to warn us that, as soon as a whole nation has tried to abandon its spiritual ideals for material and sensual pleasures and luxuries, it is on the road to decay. The biological reason may be that man can no longer rely on his instincts. Through the process of collective civilization his instincts seem confused, distorted, often sadistically perverted and absolutized in addictions. Human instincts no longer serve survival of his body and soul, let alone of the species. Human drives no longer serve life; i.e. a man would fight and kill for his drives (e.g. a heroin addict killed his wife for a needle). Many men kill because they value their proud power drive higher than their own life or even the life of all mankind. Power means not only power over other men but also over material values, money and machines. Is this the power of mind over matter or have material things usurped power over man's mind?

Here the idealist concurs with Hegel's and Marx's concept of 'Entfremdung' (alienation). Industry's assembly line alienates the worker from his work which is now piecemeal and mechanized instead of creative as self expression. But man's instincts too, are 'entfremdet' (alienated) from their original (we would say: spiritual) meaning. Many Marxists would shy away from the word 'spiritual,' for Lenin (Wetter 1952) defines 'matter as objective reality' indestructible and eternal. The mind is only matter's super-structure. Mao says, there is nothing existent except matter moving in space and time: matter and motion. This makes matter more abstract than Büchner's "Kraft und Stoff" (Force and Matter). But insofar as matter is most stable and solid (as e.g. the material of a black star with such a concentrated mass that a crumb of it would crush us with the weight of a ton) it swallows all energy and radiation because of its immense gravity attraction. But as soon as matter radiates light it is no longer so solid and objective; we could enjoy or be blinded through its beauty. Radiating matter is no longer 'eternal': it could radiate away. Did Marx read Grimm's Fairy Tale of "Hans im Glück" (Lucky Jack) who became most happy after he lost his gold, his horse, his cow and his goose because he had nothing to worry about? Did Marx read about the poor fisher's wife who, transported into a palace, was there more unhappy than her husband in the old hut? Even if the poor man's happiness be an illusion ("Opium for the masses") it may be more real

to them than all the matter of that black star. Democritus and Epicurus understood: matter is valuable only insofar as we can enjoy it.

Dialectic materialism understands that all things are related to each other: but then they are of relative value. Dialectics sees evolution happen in jumps as revolutions (cf. Planck—Heisenberg, jumps between material quanta) but then why not recognize the dialectics of revelation, even of miracles outside the laws of matter? If material values are relative and changing then we need an ultimate permanent value, an ideal of the spirit. Let us be not as 'extremist' but more 'radical' than Marx. Life dies of extremes (of heat or cold) but we have to go to the root (radix) of the problem. Not only the exploited workers are alienated from the material values which they produced, even the capitalists are alienated from the meaning of matter as means for life. Man's ultimate tragedy is alienation from his soul.

We agree that such tragedy might be alleviated by social reform: by the just distribution of material means of livelihood. Certainly, a minimum of material values is needed for the development of the mind. A minimum of food and sleep and of a quiet free time for contemplation is necessary to be human. But to think that the better the material environment, the better the development of intellect and ethos, ... this is rather optimistic. We wish it were true. The revolutionaries in Vienna expelled the noblemen from their castles and put feeble-minded slum children in their stead. But if the luxuries of a palace could have brought high ethical and intellectual development, the rich noblemen would have been good and wise, so why kill them? And why should then the proletarians, brought up in squalor, have the right ideas? Cervantes wrote his master piece, the Don Quixote, as P.O.W. in a moslem dungeon. Some of my best ideas came to me while I was starving and while I was digging ditches in the sweat of my brow. So there is only a probably average optimum of good material environment. It is not an absolute law. Experience teaches: an extremely bad environment can kill the best inborn talent, but the best material environment can only develop the potential that is already there, not create new talent. Matter can thus have an unlimited negative, but only limited positive (at best stimulating) influence on the mind. Materialism concludes: matter can destroy so it must be able to create.

In the age of automation, machines will replace more and more mechanical work, as Marx predicted, and human drudgery will be no longer needed. Material values can be produced in super-abundance and both, workers and capitalists will have more and more material things and more and more free time. Many will no longer be motivated to work at all, as now already many men on a pension and some hobos and hippies. Then the question will be: how will they use their free time?

Materialistic behaviorism says that our senses react passively to our material environment. What ever is reinforced or rewarded by pleasure we do. But even early communism needed idealists who, motivated by inner initiative, sacrificed their materialistic pleasures for their cause.

In the atomic age of automation man will create his environment freely. So his problem will be freedom of choice. Can his highest motive be materialistic pleasure or power over matter?

If a girl would choose a man just because he is good in bed she might end up multiplying criminal psychopaths or becoming a victim of a Boston strangler or Jack the Ripper. Sages and saints are not Don Juans. (Don Juan himself killed his rivals, the husbands of the ladies he seduced.) If she chooses the richest and strongest, she might choose a gangster. In the materialistic Wild West of the gold rush sages and saints died out. In the atomic age the human race would destroy each other without men who are so high beyond materialistic temptations that they can judge material questions objectively and wisely. Ultimately matter has its selfdestructive trend within itself. Atomic matter is a precariously balanced explosive. Materialistic hedonism and power greed bears its destruction within itself. For survival in the atomic

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36 **C**

age we need a hierarchy of values: matter serving life, serving humanity, serving the Spirit. UMatter must be the passive mother of Life, conceiving from the Spirit.

Matter is felt as the primal mother of existence in space and through time. Matter occurs in different states or conditions. Inert matter can come into, but resists, movement, which needs force. Matter can dissolve in infinite space in eternal time into nothingness. Matter can be, but resists being, cut into parts (molecules-atoms-elements). Elements can be composed into organic compounds and finally into life-giving carbohydrates and proteins. Matter is the material of life which needs activating light. Matter can radiate light, and echo in sound. Bodies of matter are by nature rounded in themselves but bound together by attraction of gravity, a field relation. Gravity is felt as a burden pulling down, while the Spirit raised matter up into Life. The materialist feels matter as a solid thing. Physics dissolves matter into waves of energy, idealism into a transitory dream of the Spirit.

Is it the weakness of matter that it may decompose and crumble into dust? Does the weight of matter pull life down into death? Is it the tragedy of matter, in its precarious cohesion, that it can explode?—Matter, like Space and Time, seems infinite in theory, but



in practical quality in short supply. The material things we possess, break down and decay, while the Spirit longs for eternity.

37

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CHAPTER 5. LET THERE BE LIGHT!

Let there be Light

Chapter 5: LIGHT X, i

Patients' Poems

A. Light and Life XP

Light rushing from star to star in absolute speed radiating through dark spaces, bridging the gaps of unlimited distance. A blob of matter stops it Light is devoured, light must die but from the earth that absorbs itgreen and groping sprouts: a leaf of life. Grows a tree longing for light reaching upward to the sun. When night enfolds us sun's rays must sink. Soul soar to the stars.

B. Light: The Movement XC

The rays of light like silver threads connect each star with star. Planets and moons reflect, receive the light as life; or stop, obstruct a spider web of message to conduct cosmic communication. Rays as arrows hit. What happens to a ray in beauty lit and hope . . . that does not find a goal? Will it course on and on as aeons roll ... through infinite time and empty space ... still burn ... in cold dark wasted. Was it ever true? Did it exist, if no one knew? Or in an arch encircling cosmic space the universe embraced in all-embrace . . . could it find home and . . . light its source, could it to Self return . . .?

bim rim da. i iv ad a, bev eb yf i: 'jytvu i, anai Ub trO, iE Ub brO, fnu c' ynEn Ib Ynam

yi vyotAv fnu, $\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{70}$ $\sqrt{10}$ fum ayn-Am bru, $\sqrt{30}$ $\sqrt{10}$ ag Ydim tA. OO 7 $\sqrt{30}$ $\sqrt{10}$ yUg fA fnu irv fnum da $\sqrt{34}$ $\sqrt{50}$ $\sqrt{10}$ irv ad dam yim a ! $\sqrt{5}$ $\sqrt{64}$ $\sqrt{5}$ xA U tEv i, $\sqrt{5}$ $\sqrt{64}$ $\sqrt{5}$ brO <u>av eb yi.</u>" $\sqrt{10}$ $\sqrt{6}$ $\sqrt{5}$ Bright splendid ways! light shines through space meets another light: "Brother Light, ray of hope, fire of love we are few and small in the dark of the all.

Darkness will be our end, my point-timed friend, in the dim future we know not when or how. But now we shall shine our rays to brighten the ways of wide dark space. When the Spirit saves light, Love finds mother night."

Light X Similar Symbols:



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The near-circle as the source of light at the base of the symbol for light reminds of the round symbol for space. Light travels "through" space and lights up the whole space. We are reminded of a symbol of "through": through light we also recognize the truth and so light is "good". Through light we see "this" especially if we shine a ray of light on it. Light reminds us of 'movement' since it is the fastest moving phenomenon of the universe. Most similar is the symbol of light to that of life. Light through photosynthesis creates life in the leaf of the plant. Thus also in this sense light is 'good,' as far as life is good and death is evil. If we inverse the symbol of light and omit its circle, its two rays become the legs of a 'man'. Man is among all animals most dedicated light. l + + e of A and A and

Similar Sounds:

The sound for light 'i' as in 'lit' is most similar to the sound for sound itself 'I' long as in

40

'shriek'. Light (or sound) are seen (or heard) by eye (or ear). The sound 'i' has the quickest vibration (3000 cycles per second) and is therefore associated with the speed of light. In the old Ewe language in Ghana the sound "i" is used for words implying brightness and quickness.

If we lower the tongue a bit but still keep it in front, we arrive at the 'e' of movement and if we hold it longer the 'E' of 'matter' burns into the flame of light. If we raise the tongue still higher than 'i' we obtain the 'y' of 'yield' or if we roll in the tongue the 'j' of 'jour'. If we round our lips and still try to keep the sound of i, we obtain scandinavian y as in 'syr', German'y or it.' Light may be related to negation or annihilation (y) insofar as all could burn up, e.g. in an atomic blast. Light by its evanescence forms the transition from being to nothing. 'j' for 'equal' reminds of light insofar as light 'reflects' that is, it makes an equal mirror copy, even a deceptive mirage. In sound we can compare this only to an echo. If we round the lips as in Nordic 'y' and retract the tongue but keep it high as in 'i' we obtain u (as in push) or longer U (as in true) for man and spirit. Man should walk in the 'light of the Spirit.'

Light is a communication from atoms and stars. A star through its light spectrum tells even its inner essence and chemical composition. It tells whether it is approaching (blue) or departing (red). Light like sound 'moves' through space. We see it moving in the straightest line, like a silver arrow shot from a star directly to our eye. But what if my eye were not there? Does the star know that I am here waiting for its message? How is a light ray straight? We see a shaft of the sun's rays only if there is a hole in the cloud's wall and it picks out e.g. a bright spot in the meadow. Otherwise radiation spreads in all direction all around the sun evenly in expanding spheres and only the spreading is radiated in straight lines. But even this, as Einstein found, is not true. Light bends around heavenly bodies, attracted by gravity, and cruises around the global universe, returning ultimately toward its origin. Light travels through space, while with sound we can measure time. Light moves with the greatest speed (300,000 km or almost 200,000 miles per second.) One Hydrogen atom's wave-length 21 cm =

 $3 \cdot 10^{10} \div 1.42 \cdot 10^9$ cps (cycles per second) = 1 'cosmic span' =(Lightspeed : frequency rate). Light's aUI sound 'i' can be produced at 3000 cycles per second. Still, light, visible to our eye, is only a narrow band of vibration patterns compared to all waves of communication. Cosmic rays have the shortest wave-length, then the gamma rays of radium, the X-rays, the ultraviolet rays; then the gamut of visible light rays starting with violet (the shortest), blue, green, yellow, red (the longest waves of visible color); the infra-red rays of heat and the longer radio waves and the longest electric waves.

While A. Einstein stressed the speed of light $\bigvee_{i=1}^{i}$ and the wavy texture of its field, M. Planck saw light as definite $\bigcup_{i=1}^{i}$ particles of energy, the quanta. Waves usually travel in a medium, like sound waves in air or water, but light-waves shoot through empty space. But they show interference like water waves when they cross each other. Thus some phenomena can be explained best by the wave and field theory and others by the quanta or particle theory. (Could not a crest of a wave correspond to a shot of a particle?) Light as a form of energy could be condensed into matter. $E = mc^2$. $\bigcup_{i=1}^{i=1}$

from light's swift energy. But the smallest piece of matter can be burnt into enormous amounts of energy, since in atomic explosion it is multiplied by the square of the speed of light.

42 8

The energy of light in the widest sense of radiating energy, seems tenuous and diffuse, until we realize that it can overcome the brute force of gravity and the cohesion of matter. The push of radiation can push finer particles off a star whose gravitational attraction would otherwise pull them in. (Ditchburn, R.W.: Light, 1963) Water is lifted by heat radiation into steam or clouds whose massive energy we realize, when they flood down in rain or as rivers and water falls. Photosynthesis, the energy of light by the green chlorophyll of the leaf of a plant, manufactures carbohydrates and wood which again in the form of a redwood tree may rise hundreds of feet from the soil, over-coming the force of gravity.

Most energy we use is ultimately the sun's energy of light. Even the coal, oil and grease that drives our railroads, ships and cars comes from fossil organic matter synthesized by sun rays aeons ago. The sun rays give the plants the energy to feed animals and us.

The eye does actively scan, rolling around, until it fixes its gaze on somebody. Usually no sudden new light appears. (. .as e.g. a train at night with a big headlight). The train also has a sort of warning siren. This is usually with sound: an approaching animal emits a new sound stimulus that is heard in all directions. Sound moves in on me. The ear need not actively turn to it (the human fixed ear is usually sufficient though not as effective as the movable mammalian ear). The ear can be passive, as sound is active. But the eye should actively communicate, listening to conversation e.g. adopting the expression of the speaker. German Ausdruckspychologie, expression-psychology teaches how to gather from the expression especially the muscles around eye and mouth, what the speaker really means to communicate and even what his predominant character attitude is. For the facial muscles like any other muscles, bulge where they are most excercised. If a fellow's biceps are bigger than his triceps, I know that he does more pull-ups than push-ups. Likewise if the muscles that tense his eyes are over-excercised he may often scowl in hostility and defiance. In America a new kinesiology tries to read out of body movements the inner attitude. Thus Shakespeare's King Duncan was wrong when he said: 'There is no way to see the mind's construction in the face'. He certainly misunderstood Macbeth's character. But Lincoln understood that an older man is responsible for his face and he could read his character out of it. Albert Schweitzer trusted: "If a man has light in himself, it will shine out from him" (Albert Schweitzer: Memories of Childhood and Youth.) Thus, to him the inner light made a man transparent and radiant. A loving smile, glowing from within, wins confidence and trust. It warms and makes us feel good together. Newspapers are defective if they quote a man literally. They also should photo his facial expression while he said what he said. Only television is here useful to know how a man meant what he said.

Those who can not see a man's individual character in his face, judge him in an aristocracy by his caste or nobility, but in a democracy by the color of his skin. This again might not be so wrong if they judged his individual complexion e.g. judged from a certain pallor to anger or fear. But an 'all-equal' theory generalizes: all whites are equal and all blacks are equal.

White is felt as the cleanest. For the physicist it is a perfect synthesis of all hues. Black is the opposite and is hated and feared even in Africa as the color of a dungeon. But African languages distinguish this absence of all light from the black that absorbes most light—black pigment. Nordic people have no special word for the shiny black of melanin skin. But they have reason to fear the long winter night as bringer of cold darkness and death. Thus black and schwarz (swarthy) are negative words. "The blackest day of my life, black magic, black ball". Latin has a word for dismal black: "Ater" but for shiny black of eye, hair and skin it has the good word 'niger'. In a rebellion against the 'white devil's' language, the American negro has adopted the south Indian slogan "black is beautiful" (which already Marco Polo noticed) and with 'black power' tries to upgrade the bad word 'black' while he despises the

good Latin word 'niger', which means ebony 'shiny jet-black.' The Ku-Klux-Klan's contrast "black is black and white is white" could be overcome by the scientific expressions 'Tropian' (the race that originated in the tropics) and 'Caucasian'.

Colors are felt as symbolic: we feel red as passionate or angry, we 'see red'; yellow as appetizing and stimulating, but also a color of jealousy, green as hopeful and encouraging (green verdant pastures); blue as soothing and heavenly (in hyper-active America soothing blue seems to depress people and gives them the blues); violet or purple is dignified as color of cardinals and kings.

Purple is again felt similar as red as if the colors were arranged in a circle, to make ourselves believe that we encompass a perfect panorama of color shades, closed in itself, while in reality long wave red is most different from short wave violet and the whole color spectrum that is visible to the human eye is only a tiny sector of the infinite variety of radiation. The periodicity

of sound \bigwedge (where we feel a deep c similar to a high c) would correspond roughly to the

closed circle of color if our ear could distinguish only notes from one c to the next, that is if we could hear only one octave. As a high c has twice the cps from a lower c, so (ultra) violet has about twice the frequency of red. As it is, we can not imagine a color outside our spectrum. To us they all seem 'black', dark and opposed to light. The black night is frightening not only as cold and life-killing, but also as symbol of insecurity and danger. One can not see what may come. Schiller talks about 'die Nacht die den Bösen schreckt,' the night that frightens evil men. But it really frightens only the rare criminal with a still sensitive conscience. He tosses around in his sleep. In the modern big city especially of America the blunted psychopathic killer prefers the night's darkness where he can not be found, while the modern unarmed man of good will trembles at night. I heard Goebbels in his classic 'slip of tongue' time when he invaded Vienna: 'Unsere Taten brauchen das Licht des Tages nicht zu schauen . . . scheuen!' Our deeds need not see (be shown to)-shun the light of the day. Darkness and silence cover

crime. Light and song establish friendly frank relations. ____ One can not imagine a

criminal doing a murder in bright sunlight singing gaily. But if he did he would be the most cold-blooded ruthless Jack the Ripper.

Light and Man.

A man could survive in a dark dungeon if the jailer fed him codliver pills with vitamin D, which by taking a sunbath he can produce in his own skin. In the atomic age mankind may have to live a km (almost a 2/3 mile) underground. But man wants to grow up out of the dark womb of mother earth up to the sun and the stars. Just as he out-raced the bird in his flight upward, so 4 his artificial illuminations out-shone by far nature's luminous bacteria, fungi, fireflies and phosphorescent fishes which produce their own light. Man by nature produces much sound, with "hard-rock", motorcycles, and bombs, but he absorbs and enjoys light.

For some animals, light is a form of communication.

The glowworm lady sends

out specific light rhythms, which the firefly knight answers with a correlated twinkle. The Language of Space in the form of a visual code could become such an inter-cosmic communication. Man is the most seeing mammal. His eyes are almost as sharp as a bird's. Man does not establish whether a thing is real by his sense of smell like a dog, nor does he usually take time to feel it by his sense of touch: for man seeing is believing. Whether something is a 'thing', man judges by sight, and his eyes lift it up from the background. Sight gives him his sense of reality and truth.

46 X

Yang and Yin

Dämmrung senkte sich von oben, schon ist alle Nähe fern; doch zuerst empor-gehoben holden Lichts der Abend-Stern!

Alles schwankt ins Ungewisse, Nebel schleichen in die Höh; schwarz-vertiefte Finsternisse widerspiegelnd ruht der See.

(Goethe, J.W., Chinesisch-Deutsche Jahres- & Tageszeiten VIII, p. 869) Dusk swept down from space above us, and what near was, now is far; Raised aloft to send its love us in soft light—the evening-star!

All sways unclear vacillating, Mists creep up, illusions quake; deepened darkness penetrating in reflection rests the lake.

(translated by Weilgart, J.W.)

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CHAPTER 6. HOW DOES THAT SOUND?

∼ I Sound,

Patient's Poems

Nightmare and Day Dream

"Hush, child!" 'Can't you hear? its coming near' "Your fever runs wild." 'It comes from the deep and now it stops' "Oh, go to sleep." 'See, it knocks on the window pane,' "The heavy drops of the rain." 'I hear again, its threatening knock.' "A branch of a tree in the wind blown against the wall." 'Hear it groan! It blows us up, see! Exploding us' "A thunderclap, a flash of lightning, It's brightning' ... a crowing, the cock. Morning bells are ringing. Birds begin singing.

Shout your fear against the wall, its echo will be god of all.

The Mystic:

Sometimes I hear inner voices of beings that can not be seen. They kindle a light within. In thousandfold hue, emanating in each breath where my soul and my heart rejoices and I can be silent in death.

What is Sound? How can sound help or harm us in the atomic age? \sim 8

What is the Nature of Sound? Does a sound's pitch, loudness, duration, and timbre, correspond to the light's color, brightness, size, and saturation? Do the 7 (or 8) tones of an octave correspond to the 7 rainbow colors, since the octave e.g. of a 'c' has twice as many 'vibration cycles per second as the base tone, just as (ultra-) violet, (which a fish can see), has twice as many than red? So if we could hear one octave, we would have the gamut of our spectrum. We feel sound in time and light in space, since most of our light sources are stable but most sounds stop.

Sound comes in waves like light. But the million times slower waves of compressed air that strike and enter us as sound, seem more personal. We can emit sound at will. Man is not a firefly. Man takes in light and gives off sound . . . lots of it. It is in our power to sound off, or fall silent. But we can not radiate or stop the quicker light waves. We can not become invisible as we can become inaudible. (Of course to a snake we are not invisible even at night, because it senses our heat waves and we are not inaudible as long as our

48 \sim

heart pounds and our lungs breathe. To a bat even our dead body is audible, since it bounces fine twitters as sonar against our bodies and hears their echoes.)

So how is hearing different from seeing? If we had a 'sun of sound,' its constant source thundering from Olympus, we might hear each thing rock, house, or tree, . . . as it echoes sound (as we see it reflecting light).

Our soul enters a blind man groping through his night. He hears rolling waves: it is the sea. He hears the forest . . . swaying in the wind, roaring in the storm, dripping in the rain. He flees from the forest and hears his steps reverberating in the vault . . . a cave or a dome? Music resounds. He breathes more freely in its rhythm. Then he hears a shout: 'Halt!' and he stops.

Light radiates from star to star. Sound communicates here on earth with our fellowman. Light produces life; living things produce sound. From light we can turn away or close our eyes. But we can not shut our ears like seals. Sound invades us. Light invites us; sound forces us. Is sound the younger brother of light? *Sonus* is masculine, *lux* is feminine. Girls invite by their looks of beauty, boys persuade by their voice of strength. Sound has power over us.

What Sound does to our Soul. The acoustic nerve reaches the reticular $\frac{1}{2}$ activating system quicker than the optic nerve. A gun shot startles me quicker than a flash of light. If I know what to do I start running in this direction. But if the sound is indefinite. I am disturbed. Any

sound $\mathcal Z$ questions and needs a response. The sound wave is similar to the question $\mathcal N$

mark. Sound in itself is hazy as to location or direction. But it reaches our emotions. And they are set in motion. Unless they are told, where to go, they are tensed into anxiety or stressed in suspense. Thus a strong sound almost has to be a command with a goal. A bullet must be pushed through the barrel of the rifle. Logical relations are static, commands are dynamic. Phrases are stronger when they command than when they inform. Since sound communicates, i.e., brings together, a command* was originally a rallying cry to come together and work together or fight together against a common foe. Sound has the power to mobilize into immediate action.

When sound assaults us, we have no defense. We can not close our ears. We are hypnotised. "Was ist gehört, wird gehorcht." What is heard is ob-eyed, (ob-oedire from ob-audire, listen, cf. hyp-akouein (cf. acoustic) and poslocham. Thus German, Latin, Greek and Russian equate listening and minding, obeying. A sounded command asks for immediate compliance. It must be obeyed and carried out, not understood. But sound decays in time. Moses knew: Written commandments are more stable. What is visible is more reliable and for reading must be more reasonable.

The Dangers of Sound. Since the shout of command reaches the activating and motor centers immediately and the shots are fired as soon as the word 'shoot' is shouted, there is no time for reasoning reflection in this reflex act. Repetitive alliteration drums slogans into our brains. Whether they be 'allalA, allalA, machometha!,' the fight songs of Alexander's Greeks, or later Mahomet's ''la ilaha illa Allah: Muhammad rasul Allah,'' the Arab's 'one God' chant, or the Marseillaise's 'allons enfants . . .,' they force to fight. A million years ago this reaction pattern may have mobilized naked man into an army against the tyrannosaurians, but now when nature's dragons lie defeated at his feet, his conditioned reflex turns against himself. A demagogue's shouts like 'Jew,'—'Judah,' 'Judas,' 'traitor' or ''Kill the Kikes'' or ''Ésrael egtásaba,' (Israel bandit state) or 'imperialist Israel' unites Muslims to murder their orphaned, long suf-

fering semitic sister, the mother of monotheism. Homonyms and alliteration hypnotise emotions into action, the timbre or flavor of accents determine their attitude. The more we detect the foreign accent, the less we like or trust a man. We do not care what he says or how clearly he enunciates: He does not sound right. Even within the country: When many a southerner heard a northern accent, his stomach turned. Many an Austrian hated Prussian speech. The human ear can detect one promille difference in accent. No amount of practice can pretend a native's speech. How many foreign-born were ever elected to public office in America? The British insisted on their colonials learning English, to be able to despise them for their 'wrong' accent.

"In much of your talking, thinking is half murdered. For thought is a bird of space, that in a cage of words . . . can not fly" (Gibran, The Prophet). In conventional language there is no consistent meaning in the sounds of words. They are "full of sound and fury, signifying nothing" to use Macbeth's words.

"Mit Worten lässt sich trefflich streiten, Mit Worten ein System bereiten, An Worte lässt sich trefflich glauben, Von einem Wort kein Jota rauben." says Goethe in Faust.* "With words we soon can start a fight, In words a system seems so right. In words it's easy to believe, With words it's easy to deceive."

Discord and Dissonance. Homonyms and synonyms mask the discord of sound and meaning. A homonym is a disguise into harmony as if a wolf and a skunk would both wear sheep's clothes. Homonyms deceive us to believe that straight paths must be straits, i.e. that a direct way must be narrow and that a straitjacket will set a fellow straight, i.e. right. 'Peace of soul' sounds like a 'piece of sole.' So filet of sole would be soulfood, and peace would be only piecemeal . . . as most types of peace now are. Synonyms are twins of soul, one disguised as wolf the other as sheep. Freedom is dressed as a country maid and liberty stalks in the gown of a dogmatic doctor. Both have only 2 letters in common, but is there really a difference? What is the difference between beverage and drink? Between "mendacious prevarication" and 'lie?' Such fine distinctions confuse. "Killing Indians must be stopped" may either be an assurance that from now on no Indians will be killed or a threat that from now on the murderous Indians will be destroyed. To distinguish between like-sound phrases meaning the opposite drives us into Pavlov's conditioned neurosis. We are degraded into dogs trained to find food behind the round gate and get shocked behind the square gate. But then the round gate is flattened and cornered and the square is rounded until the poor dog quakes under the stress of distinction. Even Alice in Wonderland was disturbed by the distortion of meaning forced upon her by the red queen. "I did not mean . . ." 'But you should have meant' . . . Sounds can be disturbing in themselves. The noise of the modern metropolis with motor cars and factories can be an explosive chaos of cacophony in which each is proud to outshout his fellowman.

Are the city people getting addicted to noise? How can we understand why amplified percussion, (smashing cymbals and beating drums) could bring relaxation? Otologist Prof. Dr. P. Platz, 1974, finds hearing defects of the young increased to 12% due partly to discoteque hard rock. Explosive music has been for millenia in the open fields and woods used as arousal, e.g. the drum telegraphy of Africa mobilizing to war or flight from earthquakes and forest fires. To commercialize "arousal music" into crowded rooms syncopating the rhythm of breath and heart beat and exploding brain arterioles and poisoning us with adrenalin. (Ochs, Selye, p. 215). Is this conducive to the loving encounter of contemplative souls? Or, as the savage drum-

49

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mers tried to scare off demons or enemies, are these young people trying to chase away the anxieties of this age or abreact their aggressions or drown their atomic fears? If so, they better give vent to their anger by actively making their music themselves.

Quietude or Healing Harmony. Noise annoys and is hazardous to health. In this noisiest age of motor bikes, riveting hammers, pneumatic drills, hard rock, and exploding bombs . . . silence in solitude could be most sacred to the soul of contemplation. "Truth chooses to convey her meaning to the loving soul" (Gibran). Only in silence we may hear the "still small voice" of God, the voice of the Spirit's peace that passeth understanding. To Schiller, the dramatic orator, the silence of the ocean's depth is horrifying. His 'Taucher' swims "tief unter dem Schall der menschlichen Rede bei den Ungeheuern der traurigen Öde." His diver dives "deep down below the sound of human speech, where lonely I could only monsters reach." Outside of the depth's abysmal silence . . . can we find harmony in the atomic age?

Pythagoras and Plato borrowed the soft harmonious music to heal and comfort discordant minds. Rather than the aggressive hammering of drums or the explosive clashing of cymbals, healers find help in the caressing stroking of violins and the soft blowing of flutes, breathing out their sorrows. A deep basso can be reassuring and would be most manly, fatherly, while the high soprano would be most feminine. But a deep motherly alto and a high . . . even falsetto . . . tenor can be most sexually appealing."The voice of the angels' sounds in symmetric harmony, beginning and ending on the same note. Simple chord relations are wholesome to clear up the mind. Bach, Hayden, Mozart, Beethoven, Schubert and Brahms, Dvorak and Grieg have helped my patients. They have learned to listen to the melodious singing of birds like the Nightingales or the roaring of the waves. The murmuring of the brook or the wind in the trees have soothed the suffering of the soul. But speech is still the main medium of communication. If we must speak, then as Milton hoped, "Each sound be meaningful, reflect the Spirit." A poem should have feeling, reason, rhythm or rhyme. "Great truth that transcends nature does not pass from one being to another by way of human speech." Gibran thinks here of conventional speech. But in the cosmic communication of the language of space sound and meaning and symbols are in harmony. The deep and hidden sounds like O and U express hid-

den O meaning like feeling and spirit. Bright front vowels like 'i' express light seen in front. Guttural ''g'' expresses 'inside' since it sounds from inside O the throat. O 'b' lips pressed together means together . . . if sounds are similar their meaning should be similar as u and U, man and mind and O and o, feeling and life. ΔPOO Each sound should mean always the same and should express the truth for a peace through understanding.

Similar Symbols

ôr.

Similar Sounds

Like LIGHT, SOUND is a repeated wave only X 50 much slower and longer. Sounds are longitudinal compressions of air. Sound travels 344m, ca. ¹/₃ km 808 per; light 300,000 km, a million times faster. As light communicates to the eye, sound communi-10~0 cates to the ear.

Sight is light-feeling, hearing is sound-feeling. Feeling is emotion. Sound attacks and stimulates emotion into motion. A cry of joy invites to approach, a cry of pain or danger to flee or in humans to help. Motion comes from emotion, the mother and $+' \bigcirc =$ daughter of sound. $C \rightrightarrows O \Rightarrow \sim \rightrightarrows O$

Sound lasts in TIME, is short-timed so we can time ourselves by the sound (of a bell).

As time, sound flows thru our INSIDE, it comes (•) from inside and invades the inner feelings.

LIFE in the higher animals and especially in man, has learned to make noise. The baby groans in pain and cries for help.

A sound is a transient CONDITION or state of circumstances, e.g. the conditioning stimulus for flight or help. The chick peeps, the hen protects it, the mountain goat whistles and all run away.

Sounds have a specific QUALITY of timbre by

which we recognize a man by his voice and especially a foreigner by his accent.

There is a QUESTIONable quality in sound. A

sound seems to ask a question, demanding a response. Sound alone is questionable and we wonder $\triangle 40^{\circ}$ whether it was an illusion or hallucination or . . . inner voice.

Question and answer brings us TOGETHER. The 🍙 杺 🏠

sounds of our voices communicate. They used to 🦟 rally us to fight, now in the Language of Space let $\overline{+}$, ρ +~ us come together to help each other.

Voice communication brings RELATION. Let \leftarrow people become relatives.

The sound of the human voice carries POWER to command, and those survived who obeyed.

The leader's voice commands ACTION. (Sound receptors join the activating and motor-neurons.) There is an individual THIS-ONE-ness or personality in the human voice. It sounds unique.

51

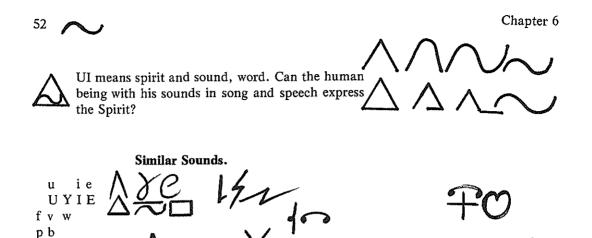
O = 10 + O

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u, i; I, U:MAN / sees LIGHT and gives off SOUND of the SPIRIT (?) i.e.; I, E: Light MOVES through space, sound through MATTER, water, or air. Sound and POWER command THIS ACTION, which may be ANTI (Against) other action as annihila-

tion. Sound as light are best perceived when BEFORE me. Sound brings man TOGETHER. 'i' is shorter than 'I,' but both are high front vowels to express that we look forward and strain forward in listening. 'I' is longer, slower, but even sound waves are of high frequency like 'I.' u and U are hidden farther back, but also high tongue vowels, rounded like Y, which has about the same tongue position, as I is rounded. e and E are front vowels lower than I. Still farther in front of the mouth are the labials f, v, w; p and b.

All these elements have just been discussed except for Y, E, and p; OPPOSITE, MATTER, and FRONT. Sound must travel through matter, or, water or rock . . . which limits it to this earth. This is why it may OPPOSE the Spirit. It is easier to say things AGAINST than for something. Invectives and destruction is easier shouted than affirmation. This is why words are so dangerous in the atomic age.

p As our mouth is in front so our ears hear best what comes from the front, but they are less restricted than our eyes. Though we have run ahead, Mother still can call us back. But we can pro-nounce and pro-fess our own creed.

Cosmic Communication. Let us visit a cosmic planet. Its beings are in communication with the whole cosmos, and in cosmic communication with each other. They sense the concert of celestial movement night and day as a symphony. And in harmony with it they sing at each other, radiating helpful kindness, cheerful trust and love. Instead of imposing their will on the weaker in shouted commands, the powerful sing their strength to comfort and counsel the distressed. Instead of snarling or yelping, the very dogs bay welcome to the friendly stranger. Each human sound expresses soulful meaning, reflecting the harmony of the Spirit of All. Through Cosmic Communication and counsel we can survive in the atomic age.

Psychogram.

 $\exists \mathcal{V} \sim \mathcal{O} \mathcal{I} \Box, \smile \mathcal{G} \mathcal{I}$

Unlike his sister Light, Sound Moves Thru Matter, which conditions Sound's Quality. Sound flows in Time, and expresses now 'This' Inner Feeling. We Relate and Ask. But Man's voice has also the Power to command Action and Destruction. Can Man learn to sing of the Spirit? Can we Commune in Love?



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 54 \sim

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CHAPTER 7. WHAT IS MAN?

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Man's Sense

Patients' Poems.

When man communes with hand, mouth, eye and ear, he listens little, less does long to hear. Man with his mouth (and motors) makes much noise: Creates a little good, but much destroys. Man, with your eye: Can you see stars at night? Listen to silence, see still light. Oh man, God's image, quintessence of dust biforked beast of good and bad soar up to spirit, drown in matter's lust to play love's joy in 'will', or 'must' in hate destroy. Split flame of agony when man grows mad.

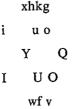
What is Man?

Man and Beast, Deva and Demon.

The beast said, 'How can I be man?' The Demon said: "Pull off your fur and kill another beast and wrap its fur around you. Then you are man." The beast did and was still a beast. The Demon said: "Break off your claws, pull out your teeth and plant the dead beast's fangs into your mouth and grab its claws to scratch." The beast did and was still a beast. The Demon said: "Grab the dead beast's big bone and slug your brother with it; then you will be man." The beast did and was still a beast. "Then rise on your hindfeet till they are pressed flat and your veins burst and you will be the highest." The beast did and was still a beast. But rising high he could look over the Demon and saw the Deva and asked her for help to become a man. The Deva said, "Come with me." The Deva led the beast into a cave of mirrors and said: "Dance, crawl, and jump and still look at yourself; then you will be man." The beast did and was still a beast. The Deva said: "Beast, look at each mirror. Each distorts you in another way. But choose which you want to be; then you might become a man." The beast did but was still a beast. The Deva said: "Build your own mirror and build it so that it shows your true self. Then you will be man." The beast did and was still beast. The Deva said: "Build the mirror so that it shows you as the mirror of the One who made . . . you and the mirror; and then enter this mirror and disappear in it . . ." The beast fell down in despair and asked: 'How could I do this?' and wept. The Deva gathered the beast's tears in a pool and said: "Look into this pool as to drown in it." The beast said: 'Will I then be man?' The Deva answered: "Your will to be man will dissolve in the will of the Spirit."

Similar Sounds.

(hu)man





Man's 'u' (as in 'pushy') is a high back tongue vowel, with rounded lips and is shorter than U in 'true'. The human 'u' stands between the 'i' of light λ' , the 'Y' of negation and opposition (—), and the 'o' of life ρ' . Or, man's negation stands between him and the light of Δ reason, the 'I' of sound, the 'U' of the spirit, and the 'O' of feeling. Man straddles the light of reason ("Das Himmels-Licht der Vernunft", Faust) which tells him his duty, and the O' 'O' old emotional drives of this vitality (ρ' .). His life is hemmed in by conditional 'Q, ς' . Man stands between Spirit and negation (of spirit and life), for man can deny even his own life in self-destruction.

The sound (I, \frown) , of man's voice commands Power (w, \frown) to Act $(v, \not \uparrow)$ and in Negation (Y, \frown) to destroy. (Raise your tongue and narrow your lips to w and v; f,b,p are labials that relate to the rounded lips of u; x,h,k,g, are guttural sounds related to 'u' as back tongue vowel.) f \downarrow 'this' points at man's unique individuality, b \frown at his social herd instinct, p \uparrow at his pretension to be first; x \leftarrow at his relating all to all. h $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ at his questioning wondering quest, k \uparrow his striving upward for superiority and up to the spirit, and g \bigcirc his inner life of feeling and contemplation, \circlearrowright , \bigtriangleup .

Man's Need to Deny. Man's mind can reach the universal spirit in universal generalization. Even an elephant, hurt by one child, can mistrust *all* children. But a man can oppose all Jews without being hurt by one: he needs only to be told by invective command 'Kill Kikes'': *No* Jew is good, so *all* Jews are bad. Thus denial becomes generalization. Man's speech likes to deny. It can prefix an un-, in-, anti-, or a- before most words. Man can deny even his own es-' sence, his self, his spirit. Pascal called man "self-contradictory". C. Jung concludes: For human psychology, whatever we can say, the opposite is also true.

As the vowel scheme showed, man (u) pushes his 'No' (Y) between himself and the light (i) of reason. Man can attack his own good spirit. A man's sentimentality for killers and idiots is unmasked as coprophilia, a perverse love for ugliness, if the same man who pleads for saving a criminal's life, coldbloodedly kills a saint or sage. Christ was crucified by the same mob who saved Barrabas.

My patients suffering from phobias, compulsions and addictions will strain their strength to oppose the healing light of truth. Psychopathic politicians are not patients. But their insatiable power drive may annihilate all in the atomic age. Power may end in absolute evil, but power is attained by pretending to be good. Power straddles man's duplicity and duality.

Similar Symbols / , Man's Symbol: Duality.

 \bigwedge , Man's split legs straddle his schizoid duality. It is a compromise with his negativism.

Animals can not, angels will not, say 'no' to the good life. If man said only 'no', he would die. So man puts forth the shield of righteous 'yes', so he can hide behind it his dagger of death. Man pretends to be righteous in his conscious superego, so he can serve his subconscious Id of passion. (Freud)



Invert man's legs \bigvee and add a loop \bigotimes and it's light. Man's goodness would bask in the light like a tree. Only foul plays' lies shun the light of the spirit \bigtriangleup . As in sound (u,U) so in shape (\bigwedge , \bigtriangleup) man's shanks are completed in the triangle of the spirit. Man is the animal of anima and animus, the beast blessed by the spirit, whose trinity fulfills his duality. (\bigtriangleup ; or is negation "—" the base on which man's spiritualization rests?) Must man deny his thisness \bigvee , his selfish \bigotimes duplicity \bigotimes to become spirit? But can man still exist \bigwedge as \bigotimes 'this one, ego' if he dissolves in the spirit?

If man pulls his legs together and we crown him with a head, we get \int "above" \int . Man rises above nature's beasts in power f: \int . If we lay one of man's shanks flat we get > - 'toward'. Man plans ahead and progresses on and on, toward -- a goal? The compulsive psychopath or hedonist lives only

in the here and now 10, 10. Planning ahead 1 man considers all relations -- of his actions 1 and so his will -- is free to choose. This freedom is a fruit of man's duality: he can say'yes or no', choose good or evil, which even God can not choose. So man "exsists" 1 straight and erect . . . like the tyrannosaurus. So man is unique, 1, one, an individual. Yet man lives together 1 or with other men as herd beast, social in society. His voice gives him power of communication and command. He makes big tools in cooperation. 1 Tools and weapons are the means of his collective power. To survive in the atomic age, man's power should be in the spirit and man's tools should free his spirit for creation and contemplation.

58 /\

Man's Goal.

'Man', whither going? Proud strutting on two lengthy legs precarious balance . . . spindly stilted pegs one foot stuck in the mud of matter the other climbing up the spirit's ladder . . . groping or knowing? Jumping high he fell one foot toward heaven showing the other to hell. And the other two limbs? Holding on to chasm's rims or grabbing a branch of tree . . . or a spear for security. Hand clasping a cliff's crag or . . . a money bag . . . two hands holding on or for action free a drive starts from inside the visceral omentum? Action . . . direction . . . toward or away? To strive or flee? Horizontal momentum! Rushing along on a road one way one way for the one! The other rushes against him in a mad dash until two armies headlong clash who has lost, who won?

Two hands sprout out of a clown: What the one built up the other tears down one fills the cup the other pours it out . . . it's heroes' blood they spill and heroes kill. Man be higher than 'he-man' Man become 'hu-man' Who's man? What's his fate? Creator's creature: Will he create? Or is he of Satan's birth bent to destroy his heaven on earth? Man unite both your legs and spring! Let each arm sprout a wing and soar up to the spirit.

The Duality of Choice. The distance between man's straddling feet is an infinite chasm. From idiot to genius man's gamut may reach from 0 to ∞ . But from creator to all-destructive criminal it seems to extend from $+\infty$ to $-\infty$. Macbeth screams infinite hate: "I wish th' estate o'th' world were all undone." Hitler's threat, "If I am forced to exit, I will smash the door so that the roof breaks down over the house of the world"... can be fulfilled by any cornered dictator of atomic power. Ever since Cain killed Abel, the Devil's children "tekna diabolu" oppose the children of God "tekna Theou" (1:John 3). Dark Ahriman contends with Ormazd, the God of Light.

Was man's original sin to become self-conscious of "good and evil" and of his brazen nakedness, stepping out into selfish existence from the womb of unconscious innocence or the cosmic consciousness of universal mother nature? Then man can misuse the "heavenlight" of reason to dig into the dirt. Byron sees man: "Half dirt, half deity" (Manfred).

"Man calls it reason, using it to be at least as bestial as any earthy beast."
(Faust: "Er nennt's Vernunft und braucht's allein um tierischer als jedes Tier zu sein.")



Here we enter man's second split: Matter and spirit or spirit and "flesh", as the Bible calls it. The neurotic stress between subconscious Id and conscious super ego. Is good: evil = spirit: matter? Are the drives of flesh or matter evil? Then was the spirit's realization in matter, the spirit's materialization in creation evil? Then God, the Spirit, should never have created. But if creation meant matter's spiritualization, and man should imitate God—then why would man dig his nose back into the mud of matter? Why would man make the spirit, in the form of intellect, a slave of material goods? Can matter be used in the service of the spirit, to manifest the spirit? Can we bridge Calderon's chasm between *amor espiritual* and amor terreno, between spiritual *agape* and earthly sexual love?

'Fructified by the spirit, mother earth/to loving beauty will give birth.'

Is it sinful for man to indulge in pleasure? Is pleasure human or animal? Can man decide between good and evil, between spirit and flesh? Or will his mind break down under the tension?

Can man find a bridge to his gap in communing?

Is Man's Will Free? Does an earthy wench tuck on one of man's arms and a holy nun at the other? Or even the Devil pull you one way and an angel the other way? And then are you the helpless victim in the midst pulled by the stronger force, or can you freely decide whom you will to follow? Then angel and Devil only beckon from afar and you have the freedom of choice. This is a proud way to look at man's tragic duality: We call liberty man's dire dilemma. "Wahl ist Qual." Did Jekyll freely decide to become Hyde? Did Dorian Gray will to become a monstrous murderer-if he had known that it would be his disaster? "There's the rub!" How could I freely decide where I wanted to go, while groping in a fog in the Alps? I was glad if I got somewhere without breaking my neck, miraculously stopped before an invisible precipice. Tolstoy gliding in the troika through a blizzard, mused: "We think we are drivers, but really we are driven." Unable to predict, am I free, if I can not be predicted? If my scientist friends could figure me out and calculate that I would walk to work south of a pool, and they told me so, may I not walk north of it, just to spite them and assert my freedom? Is the weather free because it is probably unpredictable? Mathematics counts degrees of freedom. Is the compulsive addict free—even if he knows the consequences of his actions? G. Allport from a peak sees a boatman drifting toward falls hidden around a bend. The observer is free, but is a blind man in the boat? The knowing seer is free in contemplation. But in action? Hegel's freedom is insight in necessity: understand and accept your fate. For the man of good will-to do his duty, to serve the spirit, is all the freedom he needs. Is a Saint Francis free to commit a murder? He is a slave of God: and so he is 'free' from sin, free to feel one with God.

sainthood, if entrusted with loyalty and power, proves unfit to the task. The few times when, by accident of birth (not by election) a sage and saint was set on a throne, mankind was glorified in his wisdom. King As(h)oka brought peace and wealth to his land. India thrived as never before. Thus if mankind would survive in the atomic age, a senate of sages and saints would have to be elected as umpires. The Spirit should have power.

Homo Faber, Man, the Tool Maker. How did man's mind (if not his contemplative spirit) rule nature? Man rules by means of tools. When we dig up old bones and don't know whether they are from apes or man, and we see tools lying near, we recognize this creature as a man. "The Deva gave man meat. But he tried to swallow it whole and almost choked. The Deva gave man a knife to cut the meat. But the wolves came and tore the meat away. So man used his knife as a sword to ward off the wolves. When the wolves were gone, man's little brother begged for some meat. So man stabbed his brother."

Man was used to holding on to a branch of a tree for safety against falling down—maybe into a crocodile's jaws. So he felt the branch as means of protection. Even if the branch broke with him, he could still hold on to it and use it as longer arm to ward off his foe. Man's hands are soft. He could hammer with his fist, but harder was a stone. He could hit a wolf with a stone, but the wolf could snap his fist. So he threw the rock at the wolf before he could snap him. From fist to rock it may be as far as from throwing a rock to launching an intercontinental ballistic missile: tools became weapons. Protection became attack. Attack against beasts became attack against human foes and attack against the fellowman.

Herd-man. The club became a scepter. It could not only drive people off, it could also

hold them together. Naked man was weak alone, he needed to band together for strength. Before the chief would hit them with his club, he could shout at them with his voice. His shout was imploring like a baby's cry to his parents, but loud like a threatening lion's roar. The chief was the child and the father of his tribe. He was the protector only when protected.

His shouts were rallying cries organizing a naked tribe into an army. Commands became his missives; like missiles words were his tools. Slogans were power words, symbols of might. Could they not become symbols of beauty in song? Would they ever become symbols of

thought, sensible symbols of significance, symbols of the spirit? \triangle + Could his other tools instead of weapons, be used not only to manufacture pots and spoons, but even create beauty, creations to contemplate? Who is earlier, the painter or the farmer? Myriads ago man painted in caves, long before he learned to plant wheat. Man painted pictures of totem beasts, of idols to worship. What held him together was not only the fear of danger from without and threat of power within. What held them together could be a common communication, a common custom, a common idol. Man, who preserves his defective members, but ruthlessly kills the wisest and best in his own tribe, if they don't bow to his idol or speak his language: man exterminates 'foreign' tribes, other nations.

The common idol that held men together, why could it not be the ideal of love? When naked bodies huddled together in a cave with a lion roaring outside and a chief roaring inside commands—could they not love each other?

Man, dual by nature, is split within himself and, as conscious rival against nature, split from the cosmic universe. Unless he commands, communicates, man is without meaning. His communication must unite matter \prod and spirit Δ in meaningful symbols. Communion $_{\rm makes} \Delta$ him human, if it brings out the best in him and communes the spirit to his fellowman. He needs communion with his fellowman, with his subconscious soul, and with the spirit of the cosmic universe. In communion the microcosm of man mirrors the macrocosm of the universe.

↔ Without communion, man, the duality, is split in the middle. Man is not only the most social, but also the most solitary, not only the most loving but also the most lonely. Herd-man and hermit! Man is not only the most active but also the most contemplative. In the world of sound he is most active with his shouts and motor noise. But in the world of sight he is most receptive. Even today when his manufactured lamps together with his smog blinds most men in the cities from seeing the starry sky, his artificial light is still inferior to the day-light of the sun.

Man, the Seer. Man, like bird, is an animal of sight, not smell. He even soaksin the light and warmth of the sun. Man can contemplate the cosmos of distant stars and he can enjoy the beauty of works of art. Man's machines might free him from the drudgery of mechanical labor and man may become creator and contemplator.

The Man of Action. Potential power *M* explodes into the bolt of lightning of action.

And actions sustained by thousand tools H and held together by an organization of millions of men, sustains power. But in action 4 only part of man is engaged and man is only part of a centrifugal act. $7 \odot$ Actions stay outside of his center unless they are hallowed

into creation. Collective actions are triggered off by the power slogan of a demagogue, who rides on the wave of predominant prejudice. A leader, like a condensing mirror gathers the heat rays of hate into the focus of a flame of action. Horizontal actions spread in one direction like a fire swept by the storm of a power and must clash with reaction or the horizontal momentum of another powerman in another direction. Collective horizontal action in the atomic

age must lead to destruction. If active man will survive, his actions must reach upward to the spirit in creation. Actions shoot-out part of the ego centrifugally, sacrificing the inmost self. But creation, like a birth, fructified by the spirit, bears a child of inmost meaning symbolized in the world of matter. The man of action would re-arrange chairs into a squarish pattern and clash with another man of action who insists that they are arranged in a circle around him. But the creative craftsman produces a new chair. And if he is an artist, his throne floats on a higher plane where it can not conflict with other thrones. A creative genius gathers the whole spectrum of visible colors around a new wheel, whose hub is his inspired idea. While

idea from the spirit, he is like conceiving women passive in contemhe receives the plation. But when he works it out in the world of matter, light or sound, he is active in a creative and loving way, working from the inside, which is now an ideal pulling from above. It is as if the spirit were pulling a multi-colored wheel (suspended by its hub inside), upward with a silver string, up to the idea. Thus inspiried creation leads to contemplation of the Spirit.



• Inner Man. There are beautiful words like insight, Einsicht, enlightenment, intuition . . . that hint at an inner light of the spirit. The man of action shouts outward aggressive bullets, which may be parts of his self. He shouts his self away. But his actions may be part of a leader's collective plan and the active man is part of a crowd. The leader himself has not created his idea or conceived in his heart. It may be a slogan that hit him from the outside.

We all are hit from the outside, bombarded by stimuli, glowing flashes of light and noise, and slain by slogans. They hit us, at least our outer layers. Man is like an onion with many skins which partly protect him, but partly soak-in the poisons from the outside. What is the inner center, the essence of man?

(b) Is it deep down Freud's craving Id, a molten core of drives in a cauldron of unconscious emotions, explosively rebelling against the dictates of the super ego, the conscience of the spirit? Must 'within' be the enemy of 'above'? Or could 'within' and 'above' unite in the spirit? Could within each man, buried by conventions, encrusted by customs, choked by collective duties, . . . could within still survive an inner soul, a spark of spirit? Could it strive upward to unite with the cosmic mind, could it bare its wisdom in a will of fulfillment?

If man withdraws within, why call it introverted escape? Call it recovering inner strength from the core, the source. If all men would grow inside, we might have a pause of rest to contemplate on the new needs of the atomic age. Man could reconsider his priorities. In the meantime man's motors could do the necessary work for him in automation. And man could be free to contemplate the tasks of the spirit.

) Man, the Playboy of Pleasure and The Laws of Life. In defining man we abstained from

calling him a play-thing of pleasure in love with lust. Thus he would not differ from animals. By stimulating their own pleasure center in the ventromedial hypothalamus,* rats can be rigged up as addictive power-automated pleasure machines, forgetting to eat and sleep, like human drug addicts, "passion's slaves." But thus they can not survive. Could man survive as a playboy? If his inner core were nothing but a libido for lust, this would be his pursuit of happiness.

Of course, in our world of work, other men would have to earn his bread. Society would have to nurture the playboy and spoil him like a loving mother a brat. Humans are neo-tenic. They are born unripe and stay in many ways similar to over-sexed monkey babes. Maybe the human race is becoming, and should become more and more baby-like. Babes in paradise would be more peaceful enjoying the garden and sucking its fruits. Maybe now in the process of "Verkindlichung", infantilisation, we have as yet only arrived at adolescence. Thus mankind is now a delinquent teen-age lout, who threatens his teacher. If only mankind would not break its neck in this age of teen-age transition. Mankind could outgrow its aggressiveness, growing back into the womb. Could inner regression mean spiritualization?

When we looked for a common denominator of all men, who should be created equal, we offered pleasure and the pursuit of happiness together with freedom. All men may indeed like to be happy and free, but so do all cats. But some men do their duty, even if all their drives pull the other way. For in civilized man, in contrast to nature, pleasure drives do not lead to a happy life. What seemed to most a healthy happy sex-bomb, Marilyn Monroe, could not bear a child and ended in suicide. As with her, most hedonistic marriages end in divorce.

A woman who marries a man, because he is 'good in bed' will soon discover his 'bad in his good' traits. If delinquency doubles each decade and the majority consist of criminals, idiots and the insane, mankind cannot survive—least of all the misfits. In a test film most girls preferred criminal psychopaths to conscientious students as lovers. They seemed more 'thrill'. To

*Ochs, S., Elements of Neurophysiology, (N.Y. Wiley, 1965) p. 536



the Boston Strangler hundreds of women opened their door and their heart and he has hundreds of offspring. Man is undefinably varied, because he is the only creature who does not discard misfits, but feeds them in his fold. Birds push a fledgling that will not fly, from their nests. The name of eugenics was debased and misused by the Nazis. But originally 'eugenics' means love for healthy, beautiful, wise children. Why should not man research the secret of transmitting better genes as he transmits words of wisdom? Why not engender a race that could survive in the atomic age in a creative peace?

Man can not rely on his drives. The horse of libido may run him down a precipice. Even happiness as a whole has been likened to a butterfly: pursued it flutters away, but it may land

on the shoulder that rests. Quiet receptive happiness $+\overline{40}$, ryvO, is sometimes put down as unmanly and 'passive'. But is reaches up to contemplation. $\mathcal{M}_{40} \approx \mathbb{A}_{0}$

Creation and Contemplation. Man in action hustles like a swarming ant and achieves what seems petty to his own contemplative eye, that can gaze at galaxies, and sees man's proudest deeds meaningless in the cosmic context. Mankind in action of power is like a blind mole, whose left paw digs under what its right paw has built up. Man in contemplation rises to dignity. His very smallness becomes the miracle. For in his seeing eye he can comprise the cosmic universe. Contemplation embraces infinity.

The true genius' creation in art leads to contemplation of the spirit of beauty. Human creation is part of divine creation when it leads to contemplation in the spirit of love. The sculptor, painter, builder, poet or composer conceive in a loving passivity of passion the divine eternal idea. Then they work in loving diligence to gather the spectrum of worldly elements like spokes around the center of that idea in cosmic harmony. Then they lovingly offer their work to mankind, and if mankind refuses it, they offer it up to God, as an unbloody beautiful sacrifice of their love.

Man, the searcher after the truth, reveals the depth of God's mystery and discovers the meaning of God's creation. Man's search in science may lead to the contemplation of the logos of reason and truth. But the man of science may also bring more reason into this world. He may make this world a better place. He may breed better corn, better cows, and engender even better and wiser men in beauty, happiness and health.

Any true work of creation is a work of love. The man who does helping works of love to his fellowman, manifests the goodness of the creator and, like the artist in beauty and the scientist in truth, gives meaning to God's creation or fulfills the creator's plan.

But even while this world of matter is so imperfect, the mystic's soul feels the togetherness with the eternal beyond and the oneness with the infinite above in contemplation of the Spirit.

Fed by the water of a quiet lake grows a tree. The lake mirrors God's stars. The tree, breathing in the spirit, grows up to God. Thus be man.

Man's Psychogram. Man's basic duality is shown in two legs walking to good "+" and to evil "-", or two arms + creating and destroying—existence and death. It is crossed by a second duality between matter below, and spirit above. If man misuses his spirit as mind to become the low slave of matter, then matter becomes evil and resists the spirit's good. Ideal man would look up to the spirit and subjugate the evils of matter. But creative man would manifest the spirit in matter, or build matter up into spirit. Man can use tools to shape matter in the image of the spirit, rather than as weapons against the spirit. The third dichotomy appears between light and darkness, which hides our subconscious Id from insight by the super-ego and keeps us from communicating $\overline{c_0}$. And darkness kills life ℓ . It is solved by the light of the living logos shining into the darkness of death, leading man upward to the spirit.

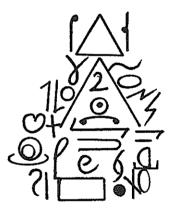
So the primeval dichotomy of existence and nothingness, the contrast between life and death is solved in resurrection. If "en archE En ho Logos," if the Logos of reason was in the beginning, would Thanatos rule in the end?

But there is another contrast to light or sight in man: it is the hearing of the world of sound. Since man sees or receives light or insight, but makes sound, shouting commands of power \mathcal{N} , this echoes another contrast: between active and passive and even between inside feelings and outside logical Δ facts, -, toward which the will strives, in pushing out a part of our personality. For action can never reach wholeness. Man unites time and eternity, finite and infinite, in creation. It handles quantities -, while feeling senses qualities -. Active man conquers things in space O in his movement O but hardly ever time O. Space is seen in \mathcal{X} the light, time flows in sound \mathcal{N} .

66

Each of us lives in a different space but we may live at the same time. Time and sound unites us and brings us together . Relation and quality is again man's problem. There is no creature as social and sentimental and there is no creature as solitary as man can be. Man is unique **1,** and an egalitarian. Man can be herd-man and hermit. Between all these contradictions, man questions himself, revolving around himself in orbits of doubt. In his dualistic tensions man's anxiety could explode in destruction and despair, unless it is solved in salva-





tion. Man's urge upward must stop stepping on his inferiors in power. Rather man must commune •• with his fellowman and take him upward with him, soaring up to the spirit. If man

grows up to the light as a tree, he brings the fruits of his creation. Loving communion in creation and contemplation of the good, the beautiful, and the true is the way of the Spirit.

Man's Mystery. In contemplation, man's dangerous duality may become a coincidence of opposites. Man's definition is that he is undefinable—because all-inclusive. His double duality becomes universality: Man is the microcosm that mirrors the macrocosm of the universe. If man is a cut diamond that reflects the cosmos, his facets of reflection are symbols. Man is a symbolic and symbolizing cosmos. If we draw his psychogram we may say: this is man, speaking in symbols: man communicating in symbols will become the mirror of the cosmic mystery of the Spirit.

Dialog of Man.

- A: God's Logos created man in his image.
- B: and man distorted himself into a crude caricature of his destiny.
- A: God loves his creature man . . .
- B: Would man like an ape-like monster of Frankenstein to keep around?
- A: Will man become the devil's ape of death or a living angel of God?
- B: Man's languages call him down to death; the cosmic Logos calls him up to the Spirit.

MAN: FORMULAS AND TRANSFORMATIONS.*

For Personality Psychology aUI can use all 33 elements in different arrangements for a dynamic pattern, e.g. this may be the structure of a personality who is predominantly spiritualemotional, e.g. an idealistic-romantic painterpoet. (Such "Psychograms" are either created by or for the client, or diagnosed from the Pictograph Test, from which a sample might be a multiple choice for "Love": (@ Love = a) \bigwedge]ю]∔ **()(•)**√(d)χ After diagnosis and analysis we can predict what effect such & such a situation will have on this personality. E.g. does frustration always produce agression? According to our "chemical formula' "vYdev + tYgwQ = vYdtwygewQ" i.e. only if you frustrate or counteract an extraverted (tYg) forceful powerman, active hostile motion result. If we frustrate an introvert "vYdev + tOgwQ = tvYdgvOwQ" $4 \int Q 4$ 19 <u>o</u> <u></u> i.e. he will turn our agressive frustration not against us, or in displacement against somebody else, but rather in despair against himself. (But a spiritual introvert can sublimate this despair e.g. into a tragedy or symphony-as our psychogram's artist. An unimaginative asthenic needs supportive therapy, stronger than his weakness: $w_2rOv + (-w)O = wrO_2v''$ But supportive psychotherapy may make an aggressive sociopath more "wOv + vYrwu" = vYrw₂Ovu \checkmark (Often well-meaning psychotherapists encourage a criminal). Even kindness may not be able to melt hate: "vrOv + YdO = YdvrO₂v" i.e. kindness itself may be hated, unless kindness is instrumental ("d") to all feeling. But infliction of painful punishment (unless it is so exhausting that it kills all feelings and all energies) will also make the outwardly abreacting sociopath more vengeful: "YrO + YrtYgvu = $v(Yr)_2OtYgu$ " +C 可外 i.e. the malefactor becomes cruel. Paradoxically, as Freud remarked that saints feel more guilty than (abreacting) sinners, the introverted man of good will may be deepened through suffering in his insight and conscience. "YrO + rUgvu = rYrOgUvu""+O He may transform love into hate "tYfe + brO = tefY(br)O" CL TO if betrayed, but he (but for a miracle) may not be able to transform hate or resentment into

love. But "Y-brO = bYrO" $\overrightarrow{PO} \rightarrow \overrightarrow{PO}$: Anti-love can be transformed into compassion, (often over the detour of contempt, in which one no longer looks up to the object of hate, but sees him in all his wretchedness:

YrtukO = tYkruO + 100 - + 100

as Buddha taught. Thus, if the Arabs hate the Jews, they should be shown what the Jews sufered. (They seem to envy and hate the Jews for their cultural creations).

The creative-contemplative introvert has finally a way out, which transcends these chemical formula predictions, and corresponds to nuclear physics: instead of transforming potential energy into kinetic (action), he can sublimate it into spiritual contemplation:

UtWtV A . As matter can explode into energy, so energy can be dissolved in the spirit. This is shown in the shape of the symbols themselves: the zigzag of the

energy symbol can be bent into the triangle of the spirit. 122

*cf. Chapter 10, Feelings

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CHAPTER 8. SPIRIT, WHERE ART THOU?

=U, Whence Flows the Spirit?				
Patients' Poems : Spirit, where art Thou?				
Spirit where art thou?	\bigcirc	That which unites	1	
Not in the ligtning	eð	in cosmic accord	-	
nor in the thunder	\sim	when millions of miles		
not in the earthquake	N	and eons of ages		
nor in the fire	γП	keep us apart,	5	
but in the still small voice	-	that is the Spirit.	^	
heard in the quiet	\odot	That which makes human		
when I empty myself of outward thin	gs.	whatever is good	+	
That which speaks from within		even in suffering		
when all else is silent	$\overline{\sim}$	ennobling the tears,		
and echoes its voice;	1	that is the Spirit.		
what is felt as a question	2	That which creates		
when all else is answered	822	in an act of love	C	
that is the Spirit.	6	to contemplate universal variety,		
That which shines as light	X	and contemplates in love		
when all else is darkness	X	to create,	1	
spawning existence,	Ĭ	that is the Spirit.		
and mirrors its rays;	•	That which was before all else was c	reated	
that which reflects things	۲	that which will be after all else is gon	ıe	
before they exist	\mathbf{I}	that which says "I am that I am"	\square	
and by seeing them	ι, μ	of itself by itself and for itself		
makes them be:	4	without time or space,	10	
The creating mirror	1	that is the Spirit.	0	
that is the Spirit.	Δ	mat is the spirit.		



Similar Sounds.

	(g	k (h		x)	
i	Y	u			0	
I	j	U	I	0		Q
	w	(v	b		p)	

The Spirit's mysterious sound (long U as in 'true') is like the short 'u' for 'man': Man has a mind and, we hope, a spirit. U is a high back tongue vowel with rounded lips. The lips are rounded for Y in denial and for o (life) and O (feeling. Spirited means animated and living. Life feels condi-

tions (O). ANTOS 2247

The lips are rounded for w (power) which leads to the lip sounds v, b, p. To survive under the conditions of the atomic age the spirit should have power and be active (v) in creation. The spirit should bring us together (b) like a common breath. The spirit was before (p) all: In the

beginning was the logos (pUI). $4 \ge 4 \ge 4 \ge 2 \odot 1$

The logos is called the sounding word of light. I (sound) and i (light) are high-tongue vowels, which lead to Y and j. In the light of the mind we generalize equality (j) and denial (Y) in contrast.

The mind relates (x) all to all and questions (h) all within (g). As inner high back-tongue vowel, U is related to these guttural and higher velar (k). The spirit dwells within (g) and soars above (k).

Y: ---- Denial and Anti-Thesis: "Der Geist, der stets verneint," Why does the spirit deny? How is Shiva, the destroyer, part of the trinity of the spirit? How could spirit of pure contemplation be destructive? The pure spirit of the perfect idea, the inspired ideal, may well curse this imperfect creation in matter, and regret having created it when it turns against him. The creative spirit may want to take this creation back whence it came; into the womb of nothingness. As if the sun would see that its rays are lost upon an undeserving world and would gather its centrifugal bolts back into itself, withdrawing them in a centripetal systole. Thus the pure spirit may join Faust's Mephisto: Alles was entsteht, ist wert, dass es zu Grunde geht. "What is created is worth to be negated." Since all created things fall short of the creative idea, if they fall off from their origin in an original sin of individuation: Has Satan seduced created man from the divine plan? In the beginning was the Spirit and besides there was the naught. This night was the spirit's spouse, the spirit was contemplating itself and the naught. The logos knew the nothing. When the contemplator became the creator, the night of naught became the destroyer. But did not the logos of light engender in the mother of dark matter, did not mother night conceive the created creatures out of naught? But when the creatures were loved more by the creator than the spouse night, mother nothingness became jealous, the destroyer Abaddon, the female Satan Apollyon. So nothingness became evil. This is true for the creatures. Maybe, too, for the creator. But for the contemplator Spirit, the night of naught is still part of his contemplation. When the spirit will withdraw its creation back into itself, there will again be the perfect harmony of eternal peace. Nothingness will again be the spouse of the Spirit.

Similar Symbols. A The triangle of the Spirit means to us the trinity of creator Father, of Savior Son, and of the contemplator, the holy Spirit. But the Indian trimurti, knows Brahma, the creator, Vishnu, the preserver, and Shiva, the destroyer in place of the spirit of contemplation. Thus what seems to us the devil of destruction, the Abaddon or Apollyon, becomes a God of the holy trinity. We saw how the spirit of contemplation could dissolve or withdraw the creation and thus destroy it. In Hegel's triangle (adopted by Marx), thesis is opposed by anti-



thesis. Both are united in synthesis. We could say: creation and destruction is united in contemplation. Here the son appears as rebel and contemplation as goal. Would we compare this triangle with the trinity of thinking, feeling and willing? Freud might call 'feeling' the Id, the will—Ego; and the thinking Spirit—super ego. Would the will—be the creator father, the feeling—the son, the impassionate martyr, and cognitive thinking symbolized by the Holy Ghost?

The triangle in the cabbala is a symbol for fire (we can unite the light of the spirit with the fire of feeling). And the triangle means God's eye of wisdom. Two triangles interwoven mean heaven and God.

The will part of the spirit means Power, Action and Direction 1/2

"this One," the will becomes fanatic. Each mind is unique, only one 1.

But if all spirit is one in all phenomena, then all is Related to all. The mind can relate the most different qualities by quantity: 3 thoughts or 3 apples are 3. Man thinks in positive "---" and negative "---" values. The minus sign added as base to man completes man into spirit



Does this mean that only if man denies his selfishness or his duplicity, can he become one with the good spirit, the triune spirit?

Plato's spirit of the good, the beautiful and the true, does it still correspond to the Christian trinity? Did the Father create this beautiful but tragic world, the Son redeem it into goodness, and the Holy Ghost illuminate it with the light of truth, knowing both good and evil in man?

Brahma	Vishnu	Shiva	There are many aspects of the trinity of the spirit.
beautiful	good	true	The Hindu way is most fatalistic:
Father	Son	Ghost	creation, preservation, destruction.
will	feel	think	
ego	Id	Super Ego	
Thesis	Anthithesis	Synthesis	0

The Incarnations of the Spirit. Primeval substance of the spirit may dwell in a body $\checkmark \odot \bigtriangleup$ ogU and be called mind. Even a cat or an ape may have its own mind. The spirit may feel, and be then called soul, $\bigcirc \bigtriangleup$ the feeling spirit. Can it then survive the body and still feel and suffer? Has it then a deeper insight? A deeper intellect idU $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ or $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ nidU, intelligence? And what is the difference between intelligence and wisdom $+ \bigtriangleup \checkmark$ rUnU? While intelligence sees the light, wisdom feels goodness. It approaches the pure spirit amU $1 \bigtriangleup$ or $+ 1 \bigtriangleup$ ramU or the spiritual spirit UmU, \bigtriangleup . The Aspects of the Mind. The mind can encompass each and all. There are as many forms of intelligence as there are elements of meaning.

O There is a space sense of orientation. Migrating birds guide themselves by sun, stars, movement, and magnetism and smell. The astronomer, the strategist, the ecologist; the

$_{72}\Delta$

architect, the sculptor and painter . . . they all understand aspects of space. A forester will space trees at a distance from each other.

• As there is a wisdom of spacing there is a wisdom of timing. Solomon knew: "There is a

time for . . . everything." A counselor will time his council when the patient feels a need for it. A composer will time the drum beats when they hit a peak. As the seeing arts' field is space, the heard arts' field is time. The spirit is beyond space and time.

 \bigcirc Motion unites space and time. There is a wisdom of movement and rest. A dancer moves in beauty, a sprinter in speed. Kinesthesis senses our movement. Physics researches the laws of motion, egUw $\bigcirc \bigcirc \land \checkmark$. \Box chemistry $\Box \bigcirc \land \checkmark$ EgUw, the laws of matter. For centuries matter appeared to the mind as contrast, but stable and solid (conservation of matter). Now the mind sees it as conversion of energy, ready to explode into fire or light. \Box : \checkmark : \checkmark :

The light gives the mind clarity and beauty. We see the objects and can understand them. "idU" δ δ is intelligence. The sense of light is man's main sense. The spirit is the light that enlightens (St. John 1, 9), but darkness may be the mother of meditation.

The spirit or mind may express itself in the sound of the word. Sound is felt as necessary medium, but not as sufficient: "A sounding brass." As a Rembrandt understands light, a Beethoven understands sound. But sound is felt as imperfect medium of the mind.

 \bigwedge The mind can research the human situation. Man can look into a mirror. The human

mind is self-conscious. Descartes felt: I think, therefore I am. 'Cogito ergo sum.' The mind can contemplate the spirit and the spirit can reflect on itself. The mind may reject the spirit or long for union with the spirit.

Life is seen as animated matter. The spirit or soul makes life. Descartes sees body and soul as "parallel and coordinated." There is a science of life and a wisdom of survival; change, growth and procreation; only living beings feel.

Can the mind understand and channel the feelings? Is there a wisdom of the heart? Or will Freud's subconscious Id remain hidden to reason? Bergson and Jung emphasize intuition $\triangle \bigcirc$, the subconscious feeling of the Spirit. Pythagoras sees the soul $\bigcirc \triangle$ as harmony of the body $\land \bigcirc + \bigcirc$, Aristotle as entelechy, the forming principle that gives it purpose and meaning. St. Origines and the Hindus, believe in reincarnation or metempsychosis. Migration of souls: all souls are created equal, but play different roles, earning their Karma or just fate. St. Thomas Aquinas sees this soul survive the body to feel punishment in hell, or in heaven reward. Melanchthon and Kant feel: the soul gives immortal mean-

ing. 9 In this world we live under certain Conditions. The condition-setting "if" is part of the logic of conclusion. If I know all conditions under which it can happen, I might make it hap-

pen. Too many conditions refute.
Is the spirit the great anti-thesis (to matter and life)—the great denier? Is there a science of negation—a science of sacrifice for a higher good, a wisdom of denials?

hesion, where all men would march together in an equal solid homogenous throng for the goal of power, led by the powerman. But when a minor mind has composed that rhythm, and all march together under the command of power—by the best of drums to conquer more power, the man of the spirit would dance by a higher music, a cosmic melody. If all could join this cosmic harmony there would be unity. But then all power would be under the spirit. But the powerman wants the spirit to serve under his power and for power. So the man of the spirit is to him a disturber, a troubler, even a traitor. So whenever a prophet, who dances by the tune of the spirit, jumps above the cohesive column of the marchers, the power leader would chop off his head. (Even the powermen of the church have killed the prophets of the spirit as "here-

tics.") The powerman enlists even the forces of pleasure. For he says not that $\overline{\rho}$ the march

goes toward destruction and death, but he shouts that they all can have fun in the march together.

The Spirit's Vengeance. Dostoevsky said: "Men reject their prophets and slay them, but they love their martyrs and honor those whom they have slain." But in this age there may be no posterity left that has time for this atonement ritual.

Powerman and pleasure girl drove out the prophet of the spirit, for he had scorned them. For power can not command the spirit and pleasure can not tempt him. But they can debase the spirit in the eyes of the world. Power can destroy the prophet of the spirit and his creations, so that the people of this world, or even their children can not be inspired. So the word of the spirit was to be killed in this world. But when the prophet of the spirit was driven away, the traitor ran after him and tried to steal the fruits of the spirit and sell them back to powerman and pleasure girl as candied fruits to feed them to the powerman to increase his power and to the pleasure girl to increase her pleasure. When a inspired composer had written a solemn symphony, the traitor distorted it into a raucous dance for the pleasure kids. When an inspired inventor had found a cosmic equation, the powerman could misuse it for his weapons. The inventor himself had not longer any power over it. (Einstein looked into the stars and

found $E = m \cdot c^2$; Truman used this equation for atombombs). $\checkmark \checkmark \simeq \Box \times \mathcal{Y}^2$ The spirit did not revenge itself or punish men. It tried to keep on creating and inventing.

But since its noblest inventions were used not for harmony and peace but for hate and war, and since those of its creations that could not be misused were destroyed with its creators, finally only the tyrants of destruction sat on the throne, wielding as scepter the power of weapons that could destroy all life.

The men of power sat on their thrones glaring at each other, in their fists the weapons of the spirit. But the men of the spirit, who knew how to handle their inventions for the good of mankind, were destroyed. They could have made peace between the powermen with the bond of the spirit. But even their words that tried to communicate the spirit, were distorted to conjure the demons of destruction.

By their black magic the fruits of the spirit were transformed into bombs of annihilation. The spirit had revenged itself by its own death, its departure from this world. For the world had denied it.

Then the world without spirit became shallow and hollow, ready to collapse like an empty balloon. But the powermen filled it with the poison fumes of explosive power. A spark of a hate-word of power hit it. Then it blew up destroying them and all of this world.

Creation and Contemplation. Genesis says: Man comes into this earth like a stranger into a garden. He looks around in this garden as a guest in a foreign land. He wants to see, go sight-seeing in this strange island in the ocean of nothingness.



While he wanders about, he tastes good and bad fruits. He comes to love the good things and recognizes in them all the idea of goodness, which he calls God. When he learns to know God as the creator, in whose image he is created, he can either become himself a minor creator or he can contemplate the creator's creation. Man, the creator, and man, the contemplator, are related, for only this is true creation that leads back to contemplation.

Creation. The creative artist like the contemplative scientist or the meditating saint all commune with the spirit. The true genius of creation gathers the variety of the peripheric spectrum of experience and harmonizes it into the center of the essence of the spirit. The radiant spokes of a spectral wheel of many-colored phenomena are gathered into the white of the inner hub of the spirit.

A revolving diamond—in many symbol-facets—as microcosm, can mirror the macrocosm of the universe.

In the beginning of Genesis and St. John's Gospel, in the Bhagavad Gita and Meister Eckhart's Synderesis, in Shakespeare's Hamlet and Goethe's Faust, in Beethoven's Ninth Symphony and Mozart's Requiem . . . we converse with the spirit.

While Michelangelo's Adam is touched by the creative finger of God, his eyes gaze into eternity in contemplation. In Raphael's Sistine Madonna, the Christ child beholds the mystery of the world in a gaze of contemplation in which there is even the foreboding of the tragedy of his own death. In Michelangelo's Pietà, the Madonna's gaze of grief mirrors the mystery of resurrection and salvation. In beholding Cusanus' coincidentia oppositorum, the synthesis of opposites, man contemplates the essence of the spirit.

In Lao Tzu's Tao is the contest between Yin & Yang, as in Rembrandt's contrast between darkness and light. But in Goethe's 'Wanderers Nachtlied' (Ein Gleiches) it is dissolved: the breath of the spirit flows in earth, plant, animal and man. In Kamakura's Buddha and Kyoto's Boddhisatva there is no longer contrast. All is united in pure contemplation.

Contemplating the world as creation of the spirit can dissolve all hate and all fear. The world's history can be viewed as tragic prelude to the true drama of fulfillment. The spirit spoke: "Let us see how far free will without wisdom would go in misusing its power." Maybe our world is just a playful rehearsal of a scientific experiment projected into a delusive dimension of reality. There it is surrounded by empty space, protecting the true cosmos from harmful side-effects when, as predicted, this whole little concoction is going to explode. The next time the experimenting creator will combine more congenial elements.

Cognition and Contemplation. The man of the spirit: scientist, artist, and contemplative saint. The knowledge of science has built an infinite cosmos, in whose light man, with all his achievements and machines, and even his earth, appears infinitesimally insignificant. He who considers action as the ultimate goal of man, reduces man in his own eyes to a swarming ant. But in cognitive contemplation man rises to greatness. The very smallness of his eye of intuition becomes the miracle. For as a receiving mirror, the eye of contemplation comprises the cosmic universe.

The man of science enters the kingdom of contemplation with the moment of his first inspiration, that intuitive synthesis which starts him and guides him in his humble work of research. And then again at the end, after his discovery is concluded and proven by its relation pulling the radiant spider threads of relation to other insight together, he returns to a last look of comprehensive contemplation, surveying the meaningful mystery of the cosmic universe.

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77

At the entrance gate of the kingdom of contemplation are written:

Away from me ye goers and doers! come to me who can see and be. Don't do what can be undone, unless you want to play like children for your pleasure. Ye have heard that it was said by the old timers: ye shall do no evil. But I tell you, ye shall not do at all. Neither with your hands, for they are made to create nor with your feet, for they are made to walk toward the spirit, So your eyes can behold him near and know you are spirit like him. Be creators so and you are children of your father who created heaven and earth. Be spirits like God the eternal.

A mystic like Meister Eckhart describes contemplation as the reunion of the creature with the creator. Man in contemplation is the creature that brings God's creation back to the creator. To reflect, man becomes a pure mirror, and to be pure he must dissolve and discard all cravings for things. The love for single things is dissolved in the love for the spirit. In love man not only reflects the spirit, he becomes one with the spirit. He becomes spirit.

What is spirit? It is the sun that radiates light and can retract and gather its ray back into its womb. It is the breath of the cosmic universe. It is the creator and contemplator of the universe and of itself. Before the universe was created, it was what contemplated itself and nothingness. It is all and it is alone. It is within us and it is beyond. It is loving and creating and it is destroying, for it can dissolve its dream with a smile. It is what dreamed us and it can undream us. It is the dreamer and the dream, the thinker and the thought, the breather and the breath.

Words of the silent spirit, light of the dark spirit, the breath of the quiet wind, the one in the many: "First was all empty and void in darkness deep and the spirit of God soared above the waters . . . and God spoke: Let there be light! (Genesis 1)

"Breathe thy spirit into them, and they are created, and the earth glows with new life. (Psalm 104, 30)

The wind blows whither it will you hear its tones, then it is still. No one knows whence it comes or where it goes: To life or death—the Spirit's breath. (Jesus in John 3, 8) "By me this universe is spread, but I myself can not be seen. The beings all hang within me, but I myself am not in them.

Like as the wind in empty space moves everywhere in every time thus all the creatures dwell in me my force surrounds, supports them all.

At world life's end, the creatures all re-enter my primeval womb. If a new age shall start as world I will create them new again.

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(Bhagavad-Gita) (Brahman sings.)

"The spirit was not in the loudness of the earthquake or in the crashing of the fire; not in the lightning or the thunder . . . but in a still small voice." (1 King 19, 12)

"This is the soul's freedom that it does not cling to what has a name . . ."

"To be empty of all created things means to be filled with the creator."

"The vacuum of the soul attracts the spirit." (Meister Eckart)

"Let go, let be! Be still and know that I am God" (Ps. 46, 10)

"Vacate et videte! sis tu tuus, et ego ero tuus." "Be thine and I will be thine." (St. Augustine)

"Empty yourself of everything, and let your mind be still in peace." (Tao 16) "The tellable Tao is not the eternal Tao the nameable name is not the eternal name. The nameless is the beginning of heaven and earth the named is the mother of thousands of things.

Ever-desireless sees the mystery Desiring sees the manifestations both spring from the same source, to each they will return: Darkness within darkness The gate to all mystery. (Lao Tzu: Tao Te Ching 1)

Shadows are life's fleeting pleasures,	Schatten sind des Lebens Güter,	
Power's words and deeds you do;	Schatten seiner Freuden Schaar,	
Shadows are rewards and treasures	Schatten Worte Wünsche, Taten:	
Only Thought and Love are true.	Die Gedanke nur sind wahr	
(Grillparzer, Traum ein Leben, Derwisch)	und die Liebe die Du fühlest.	
Wanderer's Night Song.	Wanderers Nachtlied.	
Over all mountain peaks is calm.	Ueber allen Gipfeln ist Ruh.	1)
In all tree tops speaks the balm	In allen Wipfeln spürest du	2)
of a quiet breath flowing to you.	kaum einen Hauch.	3)
The bird sleeps still in its nest.	Die Vögelein schweigen im Walde.	4)
Wait; soon you too	Warte nur balde	5)
will find your rest.	ruhest du auch.	6)

(The vowel harmony of this poem of the spirit can not be translated:

- 1) ii (Y) the sound of denial unites with the spirit (U): denying (Y) above "a" and "i" (space and light;) rests the spirit (U).
- 2) These vowels i, a, i, u, (y), U harmonize with 1).
- a + u (space and man e + i (motion and light) unite in the spirit (Hauch = Breath).
- 4) O (Q) condition (transient silence) of e + i (motion and light) in open space (a).
- 5) the open spacial "a" introduces the mystic U of nUr, which in 6) rules: rUhest dU auch: u (man) has been accepted in

the rest of the spirit (U). \bigtriangleup

Psychogram. (of spirit, ruah, pneuma, nous, animus, -a, Brahma; Geist; Logos, intellect, mind.) The task of the space age is to find the cosmic spirit. It is the spirit that can set us free —free from sin, from insanity, crime and war. To climb out of the cauldron of atomic chaos, we need a ladder of meaningful values leading up to the spirit—instead of hateful destruction in the war for material possessions. We need spiritualization in loving creation and contemplation. To survive, mankind needs the love of the Spirit.

The mind relates to all elements of meaning. But the spirit seems to dwell in some, but transcend and deny others. We feel that* the spirit soars above \int and was there before $\frac{1}{2}$

all else. "I am that I am." 1Δ the one spirit as absolute was of itself and for itself.* This immanence the spirit in creation denies itself in sacrifice. The spirit spends itself as breath. The breath of the creative spirit shines as light λ . "What God sees is created."** The spirit

**Augustine: De visione Dei.

^{*}Of 200 students tested, 150 associated the spirit with feeling, 122 with goodness, 118 with life, 198 with human, 89 with light, 87 with question, 77 with together, 76 with active, 75 with time (less), 74 with motion (less), 68 with quantity, 64 with existence, but only 49 with above and 49 with power. Each drew 8 association lines with explains the overlap. *Hegel; Phenomenology: Philosophy of History of the Spirit, p. 54



is the light of truth and the fire of life. The warm breath of the spirit flows still around and in life: it comforts in goodness + and shines in beauty. The light leads life ρ' upward ρ' toward the spirit, a longing for the word \sim of togetherness \circ in \odot the feeling \circlearrowright of the human heart. The mystic in his union denies himself and the world, to become a vacuum that attracts the spirit into its inmost center. The spirit sees the equality common to all existence. Having created it, the spirit questions 2 existence and as it had to deny its absolute to create in diastole, it may deny the right of existence, when in systole it withdraws back into itself, in returning in a revolving \bigcirc motion. \bigcirc To hold the spirit, we should acknowledge this relation of dependence \checkmark and give the spirit ultimate power in free will. We the many, as the variety of existence, should submit to the one spirit. Being nonmaterial \Box , outside of space and time \bigcirc , eternal and motionless \bigcirc , undivided \bigcirc , and beyond the world of things, . . . the logos needed all its love to come to us and stay with us. We can respond to the Spirit's grace only in self-yielding love of submission in awe. Only in bowing can we rise to the Spirit.

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CHAPTER 9. WHAT A LIFE!

 $\int = o = Life$

What a Life!

Patients' Poems on Life

1) Plant

Out of all the atoms one turns a ring with its ilk self-seeking dance in a whirling cauldron mystery mixing molecules stream of strength from sun's rays raising water to clouds lightning strikes splitting spiral stairways rising around a core each step singing a secret code of symbols a meaningful message attracting affinity key calling lock and the lock its key interlocking branches sprouting leaves, growing green unfolding spreading standing stem reaching tree grow up to the sun.

2) Animal

From spore to sperm and seed from ovum to larva the path of experiment groping, trying playing new forms changing shapes multiplying, mating millions of molds in loving lust changing to stay remaking to remain pursuing to preserve itself the Soul of Life.

3) Wing-Man's Origin.

Hiding in caves from slitting claws, slashing teeth, devouring fangs, and venomous sting, it climbs toward above a naked fledgling warm into its nest to grow and rise to spread its wings to soar up to the Spirit.

Life's Symbol. Old Egypt's ankh \int seems a life-head with arm-branches that may cross life's stem in denial or death: $\overline{\rho}$. We like life's ρ simple leaf: our goat eats leaves and we milk the goat; that's how we live. Life begins in a leaf transforming light's rays into sugar and starch, sweetness and strength, a stem standing and growing, the porphyrin ring fathers

82

green chlorophyl (with magnesium) red heme (with iron) to transport oxygen: a leaf's green sap and our red blood are brothers.

 ρ Life's symbol rises from birth or seed to a peak of bloom and fruit and falls down into death, the involution or introversion of returning to itself. It's not a full loop ρ as we can't return to seed, ovum or womb. But to return to the earth we can start in the midst and sink all way down. But then in rebirth we may rise again and multiply. $\rho\rho\rho$



Similar Symbols. The coil reminds us of the DNA helix of heredity. implies the sign for question: Life's inheritance is a question of risky probability: What will evolve? Motion leads to life, all life moves: the plant from within, exchange of matter, saps rise or flow; life crawls, walks, runs, jumps and flies. But first life must stand out, exist: The stream of existence may carry the circle of Exist and move! Then you live. Life exists in space for a time. The straight line symbolspace and the oval of time. izes the male, and the round loop, the female part of life. The oval on top may be a zero as life in death seems to evaporate into nothingness. Life lives by other life's death or decay. over () we reach (O)() roundness. Inside life circulates blood and From life life's seasons and generations orbit in periods. Shrink roundness' inner loop into a dot: = inside. Life dwells 'inside' a body, and is seen only in its outer manifestations. If the body dies, life flows 'out.' : Shrink life's loop to a dot and strive upward: life overcomes gravity in tree, bird and man. Life strives up to higher forms. Invert light and shorten one ray and you get life. Life is converted light but life can hardly revert back into light.

83

 $rac{1}{100}$: Life fights $\frac{2}{100}$ other life but even fighting is an encounter of togetherness. Life lives in symbiosis together with other forms of life: a lichen is a fungus and an alga joining for survival. b = 5; 6;(the numbers of fingers, rose petals; and of bee cells and insect legs) are of similar shape as P . (cf. Similar Sounds <u>o</u> and <u>A</u>.) \underline{u} \underline{u} \underline{U} \underline{o} o $OQ \in E$ \underline{a} $a \land A \in E$ OOG

Similar Sounds.

Life's sound, a short 'o' rounded like long 'O' (in zo-oid, zoologue, zoologist, bov) reminds of the beating (klopfen, knocking) of the heart, the throbbing of life. (If we hold a little warm bird or kitten in our hand, our fingers feel the throbbing of the anxious mystery of life). Round your lips as to a kiss or whistle and withdraw your tongue back as for the mysterious 'U' of the spirit. It is shorter than 'O' for feeling because life is felt as short 'vita brevis.' Life (o, ho) feels (O, O), senses and experiences pleasure and pain, fear and hope. Life senses other life's feeling. Living beings sense light and water, above and below (helio- or geo-tropic); birds sense magnetic rays.

o stands between $u \land U \land Q$, $Q \land Q \land e \land C$, and $a \land A \land O$. We raise the tongue's back from 0 to u and U into the human life of the spirit. Life is matter (E _____) animated by the spirit (U \triangle). 'o' is a midtongue vowel as 'e' \mathcal{Q} or 'Q' \mathfrak{G} : life moves under Conditions of space (a, \bigcirc) and time (A, \bigcirc). a and A are unrounded, deep tongue vowels. (In America 'o' unrounds often into 'a': e.g. hot). Life lives in space and lasts in time under certain conditions (Q, \ddot{O} , \emptyset , \oint). Again we approach the 'e' of motion: C living things move from within, without being pushed from without. This inner energy burns up matter (E, [__]) in animals, or transforms water and sun energy into matter $\mathcal{M} \Box$ (wood, sugar, fat) starting with the formula $6(CO_2 + H_2O + light - O_2 + CH_2O)$.

Life's preference for certain numbers may start in chemistry. 6 : Oxygen (O) has two

bonds, carbon (C) has four bonds, and six carbon atoms can form a ring H-C C-H H-C C-H with

six H atoms. Nasal a means one: each living thing is one unique individual in itself. e = 2: two sexes, male and female unite to engender life. u = 4: a mammal has four limbs, C has four bonds. $\underline{o} = 5$: many blossoms and flowers have five petals, mammals have five toes. $\underline{A} = 6$: Carbon's atomic number is six and it forms life's hexagonal rings. An insect has six legs and bees form hexagonal honey comb cells. $\underline{E} = 7$: is the atomic number of nitrogen (N). Elements. Living beings are composed of C,H,O,N; also P,S,K,Ca, Fe, Mg, Cl, I, F; simple compounds as H₂O, CO₂, NH₃ (water, carbon dioxide, ammonia) and the air, a mixture of O and N.

Living beings consist of carbohydrates (C,H,O), fats and especially proteins from amino acids (containing also N,P,S). Proteins build protoplasm, the stuff of life.

Life's Plan. Consider a music box with a disc of holes, in which teeth are cut to play the melody coded in the disc. Suppose the disc would split in half so that another round thin disc would drift off and make for itself another music box fitting to it. Or the music box would make for itself many discs that could play it?

Or how about a key that would try hundreds of locks and finally attach itself to the lock to which it fits and which it can open? Or a key would make a lock that would fit it? Then the lock would make its own keys and send some out to make new locks: What if keys were floating in quicksilver and through a specific magnetism would attract locks fitting to them? What if the melody of the music box is the melody of a form of life, a pattern for a personality style, coded in a special master plan? Has man consciously reached nature's wisdom of affinity: attraction to his needed complement?

We are speaking of the self replicating helix of heredity, the spiral stairway that grows its own steps and walks on them itself, up to higher forms of life. If each rung could sound and there were only four such steps (two pairs of nitrogen bases) they still could form billions of words of life.

In the DNA code, each symbol corresponds to a trait of the future organism. Each symbol is meaningful like in the Language of Space. Each letter corresponds to a quality of the living be-

ing. E.g. in the aUI word for apple, $\Box O[P_{-}]$ (nakot), the \int indicates that the apple hangs up on a tree, P, that it is alive and that it is a fruit (P_{-}). Meaningful cosmic communication is not only as old as the human race, but at least as old as life itself. aUI is as the language of the "coil of life."

In life's code who speaks what to whom? Is the seed being called by the soul of the tree to develop into what it is meant to be? Are the symbols as many hands that reach out and grasp whatever the tree needs for its growth? Likewise cosmic communication should not only tell what is but what ought to be in order to survive.

In living organisms, enzymes are catalysts that, with little involvement, trigger off big effects. A command* sets off an action in which the commander need not participate. In aUI we can only command actions that are good for survival.

 $4 \rightarrow$ What are Life's Acts? Life's actions tend toward maintaining life: breathing, feeding and reproducing. Each has a dual aspect: in \bigcirc \bigcirc and exhaling; eating and excreting; male entrance and female conception and emittence in birth: as the ingoing systole and outgoing diastole of our heart. Heart's circulation is hooked up with the lungs. *Breathing* burns matter \square (sugars and starches) into energy \checkmark for motion \bigcirc and action 4. But in cosmic contemplation we feel like a pipe through which flows the wind of cosmic breath. Inspiration means inhaling the spirit. Without breathing we can live only a few minutes. Without drinking only a few days. Without eating only a few weeks. Water circulates in us and keeps metabolism flowing. Perspiration cools us off. But water, though excreted with nitrogen wastes and acids, is not burnt or changed in itself. We do not eat or digest *water*. If we filtered out the impurities we could recycle and use it over again. This is not true of the waste products of food: only plants can rebuild manure into food and can digest water.

84 P

^{*}Communication: Logic or Command (Weilgart, 1971)

Whatever a man *eats* turns into him, becomes him. The human race survived by being as omnivorous as a roach, rat or pig. Like a robber, who grabs money, which he turns into tools and weapons for more robberies, so the animal robs plants of their food, which it turns into energy and stronger muscles for still more grabbing. The only thing that the animal returns to the plant is CO₂ and waste, which city-man no longer spreads over the fields but channels into

rivers to pollute the sea. While breathing is a pure process and eating is sociable, excretion products disgust us. Since sex in vertebrates uses similar outlets, it seems likewise 'impure!'

Sex is free to a protozoan that can choose between fission, and fusion with another cell: it can split down the middle if no maiden is willing to help it. But in a sense in dissolving, uniting or splitting—the original individual dies in its act of love. The higher animals can not themselves enter the body of the beloved. A stag just sends out little emissaries, unknown to himself. Like blind arrows he shoots them toward an unseen ovum. Most of the messengers die in the struggle to reach it. And man does not know whether the best sperm may win. Man still knows little of the outcome of his sexual endeavors: which genes will develop? Who will be his daughter or son? Thus sex is still a mystery. Sex is a union and sex is only as 'beautiful' as the beings that unite, and maybe ultimately as beautiful and good as the child that will be born. With so many risks and doubts about the survival of the human race, why not duplicate a healthy sage like Albert Schweitzer by cloning? A human race of sages and saints could survive.

Sense and Feel! Sex is beautiful if we feel love, says the romantic. What love is we might ask in the next chapter on feeling. Here we consider only that life in order to function must sense its environment for emotion and motion. Animals have sensory and motor nerves. The more their ear and skin is sensitive, the more they move around under constant stimulation. Some girls are like squirrels. But in a turtle, the skin or shell rather protects and so it can sit still. We flee from excessive light, heat, sound, smell or pain. We spit out what tastes bad and we withdraw from the touch of danger. A tree can not run away if you cut off its branch. It has to suffer quietly. Plants need not be so sensitive to danger because they can not do much about it—except dropping their leaves or closing their blossoms against rain or turning their flower-face to the sun.

Move in Fight or Flight. Japanese call animals 'do-butsu, move-thing!' But it is not necessary or sufficient for a living thing to move. Some trees and fakirs move less than fire, wind or meteor. Electrons and planets orbit. A plant moves mostly in growth, but so does a crystal. Most animals rest or sleep in periods. Their movements need muscles with myosin and actin, gripping and sliding into each other like interlocking fingers of folded hands. Muscles need energy. Matter (sugar) is burnt into power. This is common to all animal movements. But there is an inexhaustible variety of ever-new ways of motion invented by nature. Crawling, swimming, climbing, running, jumping, flying are movements in water, land or air. A measuring worm does not move like a water strider. A humming bird hovers, whirs and flits, while a cormorant glides. Some jellyfish fold their umbrellas; cuttlefish are jet-propelled. Volvox and tumbleweed roll like a wheel, (nature can not attach a free wheel to an organism because it could not pump blood into it). Flowering tree branches are moved by the wind symmetrically against each other in different rhythms so that the crown stays in balance. The seed of plants hover and soar far away. There is an inner movement in exchange of matter building up and breaking down, anabolic and catabolic metabolism. By chemical affinity each cell tissue attracts what it needs and repells what would harm it. (If only human society could learn this

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Pleasure and Power. Sensation and motion (as action) lead to the results of pleasure and power. The good sensation is felt as pleasure and the animals' motions (and actions) tend toward having power or control over the territory, food supply, or females that offered him this pleasure. So a bird may sing to attract the pleasing females and to ward off the competing males with the strength of his voice.

A lion's roar may do the same. But power in nature is only a way to secure

86

pleasure and both pleasure and power serve life. Feeding and procreation are

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pleasures only as far as they are healthy for individual and species. When the lion's belly is full he passes-by the fattest zebra. When a moose is not in rutting season, he passes-by the most charming moose cow.

Man can learn from nature such moderation. Man can be addicted to pleasure and power as ends in themselves. Man indulges in pleasures as luxuries even if he does not need them and he craves power even if it destroys him—and the whole world. (In lab experiments one has managed to condition rats to addictive self stimulation* with pleasure electrodes planted into the hypothalamus—until they died.) Could one also addict tribe animals to power by arming one with electro shock? Would others in the clan learn that blind obedience which, among humans is not called slavery but 'absolute loyalty unto death?'

In regeneration a worm or a lizard can grow on a new tail. A sponge, when ground to bits, can restructure its orginal shape by an inner master plan of organization. A worm can grow on a new head. Human society seems to expect the same from a genius like Lavoisier, whose head had to be chopped off with the guillotine. But such heads grow only once a century. The fact that humans can not regenerate is essential in this atomic age for the most obvious human movements: fight or flight. All our traditional system of honor and valor praises fight. Demagogues and war mongers treat people as if they could easily be revived. As they can not, but especially a nation's brains can not be replaced, so flight or quiet withdrawal might be the movement of choice if mankind wishes to survive in the atomic age. If people understood the miracle of billions of ganglia working together in a creative human brain, there would be more reverence for the life of the Spirit.

Nature: Demonic Femme Fatale? Animal life lives by killing other life. Every season thousands of sea turtles swim ashore from far away to lay their eggs on the beach. Thousands of vultures wait for them as ghoulish midwives to devour their eggs and when the little turtles finally hatch, as cannibal nursemaids they again welcome these newborn babies. Only one in hundreds survives. Nature is almost as destructive as creative. (And human society apes this destruction: when an artist or writer has given birth to his work, the critic, a vicious vulture, sterile and envious of creation, plucks it apart, unless he himself is a congenial idealist.)

There is destruction even before creation. Exploding volcanoes burnt everything around, even before there was life there to be burnt. Fires, sparked by lightning, burnt forests with all their life. These are relation-gaps? a volcano is not in the same cosmos as the living forest. But venomous snakes, scorpions, insects and spiders; infectious bacteria that kill in plagues . . . have been likened to the works of the devil. In "trans-duction" a virus can pick up DNA from one cell and transport it to another, changing the heredity of that new cell. (If this could happen in higher forms of life, infection from a bull to a lion could sprout the bull's horns on the head of the lion's brood.) A hydra's harpoons (nematocysts) can be robbed and used by its devourer, a nudibranch. (As if a lion could swallow a porcupine and let its quills grow out of his

skin!) A dytiscus' (a water beetle's) larva can digest its victim before eating it or even meeting it: the water tiger injects or spouts its digestive juice as jet stream into the victim, boiling its body into a mush of jelly. A wasp can sting a spider into paralysis so that in this living corpse, the wasp larva can hatch and feed. Is then Satan not only the destroyer but the coauthor of sadistic life? Evolution as ruthless struggle for the survival of the 'fittest' promoted often the most aggressive, the most cruel type of life. But a surplus of needless destructiveness destroyed a species itself. The tyrannosaurus and the sabertooth tiger did not survive, I think, because rivals killed each other in mating fights.

Symbios. On the other hand miraculous cooperations survived, as e.g. the symbiosis of an alga and a fungus in a lichen (the fungus, the alga's parasite, stores for it water in return for food). Bacteria fix N.

Could man learn symbiosis and cooperation even with his enemies? Could different nations or ideologies complement each other like different occupations? In *evolution*, more complex or 'higher' forms evolve, which live off the lower forms. Bacteria 'serve' plants, plants serve animals and the herbivorous beasts serve the proud carnivors as food. But the progress of needing more servants may mean progressive dependence for the master. Plants live more immediately on what is plentiful: water, air and light. But what does a goat do when it has browsed away all the leaves? What does a lion do when he has killed off all the goats? More than the 'slave needs a master,' 'the master needs a slave.' Maybe it is time for the highest boss, man himself, instead of exploiting, rather to serve nature.

Are We a Freak? Molded in hardened rock, one found a reptile whose front limbs degenerated into feathery stumps, no longer to be used as feet or hands or claws, but not yet usable as wings. One called this shape archeo-pteryx, the arch-bird. How could this freak survive? Mutations are born as victims of cosmic radiation and chance coincidence among genes. They sometimes happen; but how can they survive and multiply? The fact is that with all the struggle for survival of fittest, there is much leeway for exceptions in nature. In some areas there is little competition. Or could mother nature tolerate or even pamper this maladjusted misfit, because she foresaw in its feathery stumps already the perfect wings with which million years later an ideal bird can fly?

Man was for a million years such an in-between freak, an ape who could no longer climb so well and a ground walker who could not yet run fast. His teeth could no longer slash but he had not yet strong slashing weapons. Yet by his language of rallying cries and hypnotic slogans of command, and by his corresponding slavish herd-instinct of obedient 'loyalty,' man huddled together and survived, holding weapons in his hands which he had designed with his brain. Maybe man is still mostly such a freak with a brain, guided by reason, and a body driven by lusts after power and pleasure. There are a few specimens among us who are not motivated by power or pleasure lust. Could mankind like nature tolerate these mutations of freak man?—these freaks from a freak?—instead of trying to exterminate these sages by genocide? Could it not be that these exceptions to the exceptional animal called man, foresee a future—in which mankind would consist of soaring creative spirits, as now birds consist mostly of animals free to fly.

What is Life in Nature? The scholastics called life a 'form.' Since the whole organism is greater than the sum of its parts, we might call it a complex 'configuration,' an organized homeostatic 'Gestalt' of many harmoniously cooperating elements, held together by a forming life force that tends toward a goal. If this goal were only exchange of matter in a constant form, a candle flame would be alive. If it were growth and assimilation, a crystal might be alive. An atom with its electrons orbiting around and a solar system keeps its "Gestalt." But if

we demand feeding and multiplying, then what about the life of an angel or the human soul?

Could not an idea be alive for centuries?

88

Life's Goal. If life's goal were only self-preservation, it would be less successful than a hard rock on a dead planet. If life's goal were its end here on earth, the goal of life would be death. Thus we can read life's plan from its evolution and its sacrifices. What is essential to an organism or a person we can see from what he preserves in preference to other things which he will sacrifice in a crisis. A starving beast or man must sacrifice parts of itself. It burns first its fat, then its muscle, even dissolves its bones, but tries to preserve to the last its nervous system and especially its brain. Plato compared parts of the body to human occupations. The fat would relate to the feeding occupations, the muscle to defense or action, and the brain to contemplation. Society entrusts the best fighter who can smash a man's brain with one fist, with hundred times more money than the best scholar, trusting the stewardship of the fighter more: 'He will use it in the service of mankind . . .' But the organism of his body itself, in contrast to civilized society, values brain higher than brawn.

Has Life a Leading Star Attracting it like a Magnet? An ultimate purpose? An evolution from tyrannosaurus to rhinoceros and from gorilla to homo sapiens would seem in the direction of taming of brutal power and into civilized reason. Of course, there was no such direct transition.

But if we cut across the usual classifications and view life as originating in the sea, e.g. diatom, jelly fish, crawling onto land, jumping and rising and flying into the air, we see an evolutional or a time-ascent:

Sea Plants e.g. floating alga, kelp **P** Arthropods: crustaceans, crayfish (lobster) Vertebrates: fish, **P** (Amphibians: frog); whale Land

Crawling land-moss (bryophyte), crawling centi-, milli-pede Reptile (snake); **C fe** Mammal (climbing, jumping) Air Flowering plant rising tree Pf flying insect butterfly bird pe, OA bat, wing-man, spaceman

We see an evolution upward, an ascent from sea, in which they are swimming as fishes to the land on which they crawl and as reptiles and mammals and then bird, bat and wingman, spaceman. The sea symbolizes feeling, the land power-and-will, and the air the spirit. In millions of years there emerged not only more complex but higher, more spiritualized forms . . .

... At least as long as evolution was up to natural selection. But then some millenia ago, when man of our present intellect had evolved, it no longer went on in the same direction toward logos or spirit.

Decadence. What happened within the human race since it is civilized, seems different from nature's steps that led to the human race: within man evolution suddenly branched out not only into varieties of races but within each race into extremes of up and down: into genius, sage and saint of unprecedented greatness and on the other hand into idiots and psychopathic paranoid killers, who sometimes became demagogic dictators and caused world wars . . . extreme types of destructiveness again unprecedented in any other animal species. But while in our age genius, sage and saint are endangered species, soon dying out, criminals, terrorists and insane war mongers double each decade, so that soon they might form the majority of the human race which would then destroy itself. Has the wisdom of evolution and natural selection

within the human race gone astray or ran amuck in suicidal folly? One could compare this misguided evolution of man with the development of the tyrannosaurus, who became fiercer and fiercer until in mating fights it destroyed itself. Then one could hope that after the miscarried experiment with man that took a million years—another, until now inconspicuous species might develop and take the place of man as his worthier successor. The trouble is that modern man, unlike the tyrannosaurus, is not only able to destroy himself, but all life around himself with his cobalt bombs. So we can no longer rely on mother nature to balance man's madness.

Our Hope. Some men look down upon vegetable life. But we are parasites of plants, who make our food. We fight for soil, as if we were plants. We think we need the soil of our field to grow our crop. But could we not eat wild plants from forest and sea? We could grind them up, mix acids and alkalines, and chemically transform cellulose into food as bacteria do. Our hope is that we would learn from plants to synthesize carbohydrates and amino-acids from water and air. Man could grow up from within like a tree, reaching his branches to the sky.

Then we would no longer have to fight for living space. We could become euglenoid wingmen,* floating plants, who could colonize other planets.

Second, we hope soon to understand the helix of heredity like a psychogram of the Language of Space, Third, man will understand the qualities like creation and contemplation to be essential to spiritualization and peace and will learn to locate their hereditary substrate in the genes and to develop these faculties through education. Then man will be able to breed and rear genius, sage and saint as bees breed queens in big cells with royal jelly.

After million years of evolution will man be able to guide his life to the spirit? If this can not happen in this dimension of reality, we might remember that life may be seen as a chain of different incarnations or as a prelude to a higher form of life in a world beyond. As an unborn embryo may view his life in mother's womb as the only possible form of existence, and his expulsion may seem death to him, but is really the birth into a new form of life—so we may ascend to a life closer to the ultimate goal: the eternal Spirit.

Life's Psychogram.

Life sprouts from the soil of Matter \Box . Matter is imbued with the Quality of Life, a complex configuration, QMoved from Within \odot , Life moves toward \neg satisfaction \Box of needs \checkmark in purposive approach, avoiding dangers and harm. \mp Running creatures have a Front \checkmark different from their back \checkmark , but in lateral symmetry their right and left are alike. Quiet beings radiate Round symmetry like a volvox, \bigcirc a radioloarian or a tree that grows Up to the sky \top .



Life to unfold needs its Quantity i of Matter , Space and Time (food, territory and age). Life's favorite numbers seem 1, 2, (3), 4, 5, 6, (8). Life seems to be built on the number "2": male and female become "1." Right and left are symmetric (2 eyes or ears). Good and bad, + positive and negative - Conditions surround life. Still a living being is unique and "one" individual. Indivisible: a head or arm cut off no longer functions and decays into Zero life. So life is one Whole rather than a sum of parts.

The number 3 is rare in nature except in 3-leafed clover; an insect's 3 parts: head, chest and abdomen; flies have 3 ocelli (small eyes); male fly-nymphs have 3 tail filaments. The 3 stages: egg, larva, adult; child, middle and old age; life adapts to 3 areas: land, sea, and air. Tragically life is still not adapted to air's N. Only a few bacteria and algae can fix it for protein. Most life lives by other life's death or decay.

In colors life prefers the first, 13, red (blood), and third 33 green (leaf). Of course flowers are also yellow (23) and 53 violet or blue (43).

A beast runs on 4 legs. But 5 seems preferred by petals (rose family), starfish, fingers and claws. And the tail may become the 5th limb. Six we find in crystals, insect legs, honey combs, (doubling the insect's 3 fold division). We can double 4 into 8 for octopus and spider. Lobsters have 10 legs.

Limbs are primal Tools +, "by means of" which an animal functions. Birds carry build-

ing twigs in their beaks. Spiders make nets. Apes use sticks and stones. Otters hammer clams with stones. Of weapons rattlesnakes do not use poison fangs against each other. Only the dytiscus, that tigery water beetle larva, shoots its deadly poison into its brother. Who spouts first survives and feeds on his fellowman. But the winner survives. Only man has stepped out of nature, absolutizing his tool sense, to design automatic weapons that can kill all, including the killer, man himself. Atomic weapons have, as it were, a life of their own: a life of death.

Nature does not go to absolute extremes (only humans treat the maximum as optimum.) Nature's life likes a well balanced middle road, a balance e.g. of base and acid, a steady homeostasis' which it defends against the upsetting attacks of the changing environment \bigcirc 9

 \downarrow = \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc (in freeze or heat we keep our 37°C). Life can survive in a narrow range between freezing and boiling. But this narrow range ruled on earth before the atombomb, which upset the balance of nature.

Is there also a balance of pleasure vs. pain?

 $\rho \odot$ Sensations hit the skin—which surrounds living beings—tough enough to protect from harm outside, but semipermeable to select and admit valuable information to the inner feeling (\odot \odot). Do we use media of communication so selectively? Life senses the outside as it relates \angle , to the inside. There is an inner communication thru nerves and hormones. But in man, at least in powerman, the Id rarely reaches the conscious will. The powerman represses in the subconscious even outside information that conflicts with his power greed. Thus the powerman is more blind and deaf than any beast. He hears no facts but only the flattering slogans of power.

Animals communicate in sound, gestures and smells. Plants react to the rays of the sun. Plants transform the energy // of light (with water and air) into solid matter . The animal transforms matter into \mathcal{M} energy to move and act \mathcal{Q} . The world of plants is shrouded in silence, but it communicates 📀 beauty in its bloom, inviting butterflies and bees to help in the art of love.

When life helps other life and lives together in harmony, we feel this as 'good' + / \land . But when life raises itself not only above matter, but above other life in competition, when life kills other life to live, the goodness of life becomes doubtful (2). Life may prove to be a precarious experiment of questionable success. Survival is the problem of the atomic age.

The mayfly nymph must crawl for years in its struggle against overwhelming odds. And then when it has earned its final wings it dies in hours or days. Should man have struggled like a slave hiding in caves of fear for a million years' evolution, so that when finally he could fly in the sky of his triumph, he should die not in innocence of his fate, but in the murderous guilt of his distorted power pride?

What is the meaning of it all? If we follow billions of years of evolution from spiral nebula to solar system with breath giving planets, the evolution from virus-like blobs of protein to lightabsorbing breathing alga, the evolution to learning animals, and then the development from beast to thinking man . . . can we not hope that there is an ultimate purpose in this harmonious complex of billions of cells, in this orchestra of billions of ganglia—a purpose higher than the short maintenance of a transitory form of life? Can we not in all these billion years of struggle, in the fact of survival against over-whelming odds, find faith to believe that life is meant to grow up toward a higher goal, the ultimate goal of the Spirit?

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CHAPTER 10. HOW DO YOU FEEL?

 $\mathcal{O} = \mathcal{O} = \mathsf{Feeling}$

Patients' Dream Poems.

I. Feelings

From each star streams a light From each flame flows a sound Each flower sends a fragrance To come to me And affect me. Should I respond? The messages stir me up. Shall I be moved? Moved toward the flower, Reach for the fruit; Run away from the thunder, Flee the earthquake? Rush against the wolves, Attack and fight, So my children can flee, And we hide in the cave, Where there is darkness, Safe from a missive Feeling only each other Huddled together in Love.

II. Sensations Smells, sounds, Colors Floating by, Passing by, Tempting, threatening . . . Feelings flowing through me. Am I a pipe horizontal or a cauldron? Wallowing within Warm and pressing pulling and pushing, boiling liquid in a stiller's flask with a smoke stack as neck so steam can ascend through transparent tube passions unknown striving and rising Soaring up to the Spirit.

Similar Symbols & Sounds. In the Language of Space similar meanings have similar symbols and sounds "O", because you and sounds. The symbol for feeling is the heart shape means life, and the symtouch your heart and say Oh, when you feel deeply. Short "o" bols are similar; life has a leaf-shape with a stem , for the leaf with its photosynthesis and chlorophyll is the cradle of life. Green chlorophyll resembles the red hemin in the blood that streams through the heart. There are heartshaped leaves and two obovate leaves that can Our mind thinks as we feel. The sound of Mind, "U" is a long shape a heart. rounded back-tongue vowel as the "O" for feeling, and a heart (7) can contain the reversed : emotion upsets reason O is rounded at its foundation like triangle of the mind . We can intuit the Quality of feeling rather than measure its quantity. To-**Ouality** ; ('): feelings flow Together. We echo our fellow's feelings in symgether fits well into pathetic resonance.

 \sim can be overlayed on \bigotimes , as our feelings can be aroused by a sound or music as by light or image. But feelings are a part of our being and arouse a part of our self (

Feelings are temporary conditions and the sound "Q" (\emptyset) for condition is similar to O, a rounded mid-tongue vowel. "A" for Time

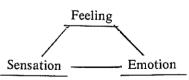
unrounds "O": feelings flow in time. **Q**, Motion's spiral reminds of **Q**. **GO**, and both "o" and "e" are mid-tongue vowels but "e"

is pushed to the front: Emotion may lead to Motion—(and finally to Action $\frac{1}{2}$) or feelings may be dissolved in the Spirit "U".

The Heart is still the best symbol of emotions. The cardiogram in the polygraph is the best indicator of your feelings. The heart is agitated by the sympathetic, and relaxed by the parasympathetic or vagus nerve system. Arousing Adrenals, thyroids and gonads relate to the heart, e.g. pressure and pumped blood erects the phallus. 25 million Americans suffer from high blood pressure, hyper-tension, coronary thrombosis; arteriosclerosis may lead to heart attacks. (Cannon 1953). But especially the throbbing heart's systole and diastole, the tense contraction and the release, has their parallel in two kinds of feelings $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$, active and passive, willful and conceptive like courage and awe. + + In naked man pleasure & pain

seem to tend toward a balance.

The wide word Feeling is used for some Sensations like warmth, touch or pain, and for some Emotions like Anger and Love. The sensory pathways diverge at the thalamus: one leads to the cortex for perception, the other to the hypothalamus, limbo, and reticular formation for



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Emotion, Motion, and Action. (The symbol for action f is as different from feeling as a bolt of lightning from the cloud out of which it strikes. Our feelings should not precipitate actions). It is the fate of humans that they can not 'rely' on their feelings.

A Sensation may inform and arouse. (Upon emotion rises the blood sugar level: hyperglycemia). We could correlate some Sensations with some prevailing Emotions: too strong Sensa-

tions mean always pain. A light stroking touch is pleasant, a sharp penetrating touch will hurt. Touch is mechanical, taste and smell are chemical senses. A sweet taste arouses appetite and a bad taste—disgusts. Smell in animals may arouse lust as well as anger or fear, according to the hormone incretions of the other animal. The rhinencephalon connects with the limbo & thalamus. Tiny parts of the other being enter through the nose. Smell is the most direct and intimate guide to the other animals's feeling, which civilized humans have

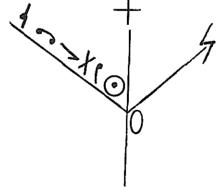
Sensation				
+ Emotion		—too much		
Trust	Light	Shock		
Homey-	Warmth	Agony		
contentment				
Hope	Sound	Panie		
Lust	Smell	Resentment		
Appetite	Taste	Disgust		
Pleasure	Touch	Pain		

hidden, forgotten and discarded. A boy does no longer smell whether a girl loves him. Worse: a girl cannot sense the difference between a sage, a saint, or a crook. Neither can a nation sense the difference between a leader and demagogic psychopath: to change his smell he would have to change his inner metabolism or personality; instead of smell, humans rely on sound, which in contrast to smell can be emitted at will: usually in cliches and slogans; (which the Language of Space dissolves.) If the boy gives her the conventional line, the girl trusts his communication. A soft voice sounds inviting and encouraging; harsh and loud sounds are terrifying, e.g. drums or cymbals of a discotheque; thunder, earthquake, and bomb. Drums were meant to drive out the enemy and his demons in Africa and are now used by young people to drown their fear of another atomic war. Are young people learning masochistically to enjoy the pain of deafening noise and the shock of sudden flashes of light? Ultimately in the art of the highest senses of hearing and the radiance sense of seeing—in music, visual art, and drama creation as harmony in variety should lead to the contemplation of the Spirit.

For this we have to harmonize the chaos of Emotions, as the work of art purifies them in its catharsis. According to the Encyclopedia Britannica 1967, there is no system of "Emotions". But with the Language of Space we can today offer you such a system for you to apply to your life.

We first consider a scheme of neutral, positive, - negative emotions like pleasure and pain (or depression) and each again as active $\frac{4}{5}$ and passive $\frac{5}{5}$ conceptive, (male or female?) corresponding to the heart's (or lung's) systole and disatole (tension, excitement and relaxation?).

Since Emotions are Motions, we can insert on the third dimension or coordinate, the six Topovectors of the Language of Space—neutral, positive and negative: \bigcirc a dot inside means "inside", the dot above f means "above", the line through f means "Through, by means", the directed arrow means "towards"; and the two dots together f mean "together", and the dot before the line f means "before". (To project 3 dimensions into 2, we use all possible combinations of ± 4 as ordinate). E.g. an exuberant boy may actively wave his arms upward and outward like wings, jumping up f.



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Thus we obtain 9 x 13 that is 117 Basic Emotions, in 3-, 4-, 5-letter words. But each is then toned by other elements of the Language of Space, e.g. 2, Δ ... So we find thousands of different Feelings, Sensations, and Emotions for many of which there are no words in the Western languages. Can you compose any such combination out of these basic symbols? $\frac{4}{5}$, $\frac{7}{5}$, +, + (Naked man, after a million years of suffering, may need a balance of pleasure & pain. Must martyred saints balance sadistic tyrants?)

System of Feelings

$$\frac{\underline{x}}{2 \underline{ero}} (\underbrace{vero}_{i} \underbrace{vith-in}_{i} \underbrace{(-out)}_{i} \underbrace{above}_{i} \underbrace{bc}_{i} \underbrace{to}_{i} \underbrace{fron}_{i} \underbrace{trn}_{against}_{i} \underbrace{back}_{i} \underbrace{together}_{i} \underbrace{sans}_{i} \underbrace{fron}_{i} \underbrace{trn}_{against}_{i} \underbrace{back}_{i} \underbrace{together}_{i} \underbrace{sans}_{i} \underbrace{fron}_{i} \underbrace{trn}_{i} \underbrace{fron}_{i} \underbrace{fron}_{$$

All human feelings are either neutral or more active or passive, more masculine or feminine, more systolic or diastolic, more tense or relaxed. We tense up more in a bad situation and relax more in a good condition. So we can say all Feelings are either neutral or more good or bad, more pleasant or painful.

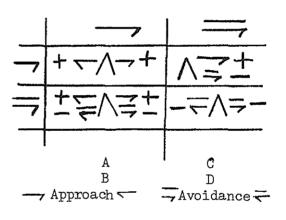
The only 'inside feeling' an activist may admit relates to the sense of taste $(\cdot) \cap (\cdot)$; - \mathcal{O} feels sweetness, $\bigtriangleup \odot + \mathcal{O}$ contentment. Can you think of an inside passive bad feeling? Catullus' "excrucior", e.g. + $\overline{4}$ \odot \mathfrak{O} , inside? Where you can not do anything about it but suffer it? . . . A tummy ache! Suppose your gullible friend, the addict, has gotten strychnine (rat poison) instead of heroine from his pusher. has to suffer it gnawing inside. 46 + 0 is the opposite: a smile radiating (actively) warmth outward. Can you think of an active Feeling making pain? "Cruelty" 4 . A passive feeling of good inside: being fulfilled (2) + 400 like a baby being breast-fed with inner warmth and sweetness. There is no word for it in aggressive Western languages: In introspective aUI it is "gryvO". Since this feeling is not fixed in conventional language, it becomes an unrecognized longing, which the alcoholic addict tries to recapture. Is there a bad activity feeling \mp 400 , a hyperthyroid busy-ness that may press the atomic button? Is there a passive good Feeling $+\overline{\mathcal{A}}\mathcal{O}$ "ryvO"? The feeling of being over-whelmed by the starry sky in awe. If it is a "great spiritual" (sublime) feeling we might call it 0.4+0 Can you think of an "above-feeling": overflowing joy: "nUgyvrO", "krO" (+O) Δ (+O); (+ $\overline{4}$ O) Passive: being overwhelmed by it. A bad overpride in the sense of haughty arrogance. Is there a bearing feeling . . . "yrkO + TO is humility. good lowly feeling? "rykO" Can you think of a "through-feeling"? Conventional language has no words for a feeling of

Can you think of a "through-feeling"? Conventional language has no words for a feeling of mediacy, or instrumentality. "dO" $\downarrow \bigcirc$ "Tool-sense, tool-feeling" is "by- means-feeling". When I was a child, my kitten ran up the stair-flight. At this instant, I felt my ball as "tool". I threw it up before the cat and bump, bump it jumped down the stairs driving the cat before it into my arms. Or when I see a snake, I need a rock or stick and feel a branch as a "tool" or weapon. A bureaucrat sees channels thru which he can manipulate his boat of power. A powerful weapon is "wyd", $\neg \downarrow \cdot \cdot \cdot \downarrow \odot = anger$. Can you think of a "feeling-toward"? What is "trO" or "tyrO"? $\downarrow \bigcirc, \neg \downarrow \bigcirc$: They are hope and fear. $\neg \neg \downarrow \bigcirc$, ytyrO is a feeling of flight or fugue. "pO" $\downarrow \bigcirc$ is a feeling of anticipation and $\downarrow \downarrow \bigcirc$ pyrO is premonition for something bad, and $\downarrow \downarrow \bigcirc$, "Prescience is what politicians lack. /They march ahead with head turned back;/ revenge past's blunders with the future's blood,/serve power's devil, sacrificing God."

Since humans are herd animals, gregarious and cohesive, there is a feeling of togetherness bO, sociability. Lim brO, is the feeling dearest to the human heart: "togethergood-feeling". When we feel good together, we feel each other's goodness, and each feels that his own goodness is felt by the other, there is love. If loving means to be loved, there is no other, only a good togetherness. This love is shown in the beautiful symbol of touching hands and lips in Romeo's first approach to Juliet.* "If I profane with my unworthy hand . . ./ this holy shrine, the gentle fine is this:/ my lips two blushing pilgrims ready stand/ to smooth the rough touch with a tender kiss." 'Good pilgrim . . .' is Juliet's response. The healing power of love restores Romeo from despair to bliss. For Juliet, in contrast to Rosalind, had ' compassion' for Romeo. Compassion is byrO, - Compassion, feeling the suffering together. (Later in ethics we shall see the transition from = 0 to . In Western languages 'love' is what Hemingway would call an "inflated" word. People 'love' Coca Cola and then they say they 'make love' and then they preach:" love God above all and thy neighbor as thyself." In aUI 04 'to be pleased by' from 4P0we distinguish sex pleasure vobrO, procreative love. $\Im M$ is a friendship feeling, a and peaceful harmony, and // spiritual love "agape", and KUbrO. divine love. Whatever we love we try to approach and whatever we hate we try to avoid. This is reversed in envy and jealousy: Goethe found the only cure for envy is admiration. But we envy the preferred peer more than the high superior. We suffer when we are deprived of what we love: $\overline{4}$ $\overline{5}$ (+0). Othello's jealousy* mixes passive deprivation and doubt $2\overline{4}$ $\overline{5}$ +0 with humiliation $\overline{10}$ $\overline{4}$ 5. Tolstoy describes proud jealous men who regard their wives as property. $\overline{10}$ $\overline{4}$ $\overline{5}$ 0 $\frac{1}{2040}$. Usually jealousy is a bad feeling toward (resentment The Bible and Hamlet condemn adultery most if a woman betrays or forsakes a man of the spirit for a man of the flesh (a "satyr"). It is then treason against the spirit. $-\overline{}\mathcal{O}$. It is detachment as liberation. There is There is a good feeling of 'without' good feeling of enough + 2 0 with self-control which lifted George Washington over insatiable Napoleon, who went on and on --without being able 70e4 There was a feeling-for-roundness in Rubens. ever to turn around. Cezanne and Gauguin's cosmos. There was a feeling of all-relatedness () in Einstein, , or from a perverse Sado-Masochism, so fateful in the atomic age, we should approach what gives a happy life and avoid what threatens danger and death.

Feeling and Directions. Hope = $\mp \heartsuit$ and fear is $\mp \heartsuit$, if I feel the danger approaching. $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \odot$ is escape-feeling, but I could react to fright by fight as well as flight. Fight would be $\widehat{\mathbf{T}}$: I am together with the man whom I fight, but I am against him. We FO, fight-feeling, (similar to \mathcal{H} FO anger) because, while have hardly a word for we fight we better not watch our feelings: we must watch the enemy: fight feeling is a mixture of anger and fear in attack and defense. Flight is $\rightarrow \mp 2$ and the corresponding feeling is again subconscious or its emotion is transferred into the motion of flight. But could it be that the objects of my feelings are so complex that with Catullus "odi et amo . . ." and "excrucior?" I hate and love at the same time and am tortured? He loved a girl whose body excited him but whose soul he despised. Would he run to her or flee away?

This mean the stress $\bigcirc \overline{} \mathcal{N} \mathcal{Q}$ and strain $(\bigcirc \overline{} \mathcal{N} \mathcal{Q})$ of 'approach avoidance' conflicts. Man Λ can be attracted by two (A) good things, as by two beautiful girls. (C) Or he may be attracted and repelled _____ by the 'same' object. From our symbols we see really it is not the 'same'; (C) really I love the good and hate the bad which happens to be enclosed in the same body. (D) Between two bad, "-----" negative or repulsive possibilities, Scylla & Charybdis, the devil and the deep blue sea, I stand crushed. (B) Finally I can stand between two possibilities each with good and bad sides. Ben Franklin counted



 $\Delta 40^{-} \Delta \mp \beta$, UvO-Uyro, floating

all pro's and con's of going to Paris or staying in America. Did the pretty demoiselles tip the scale?

We may like a tree for its sweet fruits and suppress its dirty roots into the soul of our subconscious. But the floods of our feelings may wash the cover away-in our dreams.

Freud's Freedom of Truth From the Slavery of Drives. Ages have struggled for'gnothi seautón! Know thy Self! How could I, if our very eye projects its flaw into the world or sees its mote as a bar in the brother's eye, as Christ told us. Freud showed us: the tigers and lambs in our dreams are we! But it is painful to be victim or beast of prey. So let them play around our tree of life. Even if its roots grow from the dirt, it may still give good fruit.

But the soil in which the self's roots reach down seems to move. They suck their sap from a cauldron of seething confusion, hidden in the unconscious, the Id. Our ego tree grows over a volcano's covered crater, which rises as island over the all surrounding sea, defending itself against the waves of our drives. We shall see that its defenses are sometimes flimsy. For the sea flows not only around the island of self, but even underneath the island, which like an iceberg in hot water may float with only its top visible to our conscious cognition. If it is overflooded,

we drown in the dreamworld of psychosis hallucinations without whither or whence.

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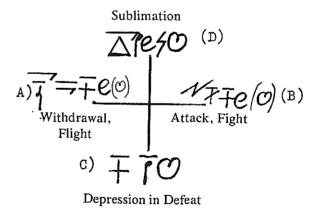
The willing blind ego rides without bridle on a wild horse of emotions or even squats as on an ice floe floating on a lava lake. Not only addictive arsonists or terrorist bomb-throwers explode, or berserks run amuck. The Masochistic human herd in a panic crisis elects and loyally follows a sadist like Nero or Hitler as leader into an all-destructive war. (See 'Power' in Politics: 'loyalty' feels the leader as omniscient because omnipotent, protective father, who must be protected like a helpless babe.)

If there is a bridle between rider and horse, who is pulling whom? If the rider has eyes, does he see the wild horse's path as his own decision? Only if his super-ego, sitting like a Christ child on Christopher's nape, is not only seeing through the fog of falsification, but even through his own voice of conscience and ideals: even his own head would have to be transparent through self-analysis. Psychoanalysis shows that the greatest man of action and power, the demagogue, hangs as blind puppet from the string of his power drives' demon, helplessly deaf to the council of reason, rationalizing his drives of revenge, which he soaks in like a condensing mirror from the rays of his people's resentment, to focus them into an explosive flame. His proud ego, rather than being guided by a super-ego of reason and conscience, is buoyed up by the manipulation of 'ego defense mechanisms'.

Proud Ego's Fortress of Defense. For ego defenses we can either withdraw into our fortress or attack: either flight or fight. Otherwise we might be crushed under the rubble of its rocks (in depression);—or could we wing up our way, soaring above our castle (in sublimation)? Each

of these mechanisms or inner manipulations is 'felt' in 'feeling': a wound to pride is either patched over or denied: painful reality is substituted by vain fiction or suppressed. The oldest natural reaction to evil is withdrawal. The ameba retracts its moving arms, the snail withdraws in-

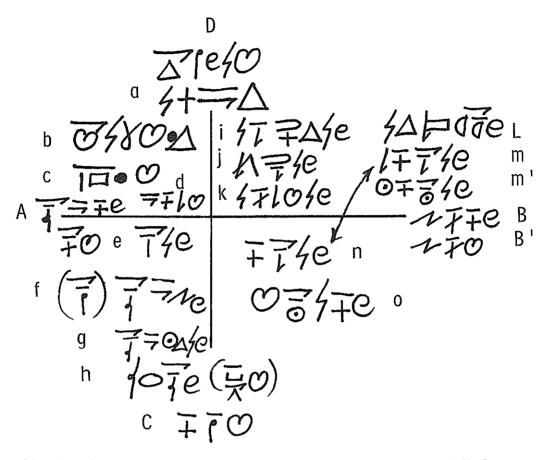
to its shell \overrightarrow{PQ} ("type, " "toback-move" would be enough, or $\overrightarrow{P} + Q$ "ytyre", = "escape



from evil"), ape-man withdrew into his cave (A). But proud man prefers

attack (B). Offense is his best defense especially in the atomic age where there is none. Man attacks even a hopelessly bigger foe: man values pride higher than survival. When attack and defense fail, man sinks into the depression (C) of defeat. Only defeat has a special feel-word: depression, for in defeat we have nothing to do: we have time to muse and feel: 'bad-low-feeling' yrykO. (Depression is no longer a defense; it means the failure of all defenses and belongs into neurosis or psychosis.) But the spirit's way out is upward (D): creation and contemplation: a poet can recreate his disgrace into a work of grace, a tragedy of eternal meaning. A philospher can contemplate human decay as part of an apocalyptic last judgement.

EGO-DEFENSE MECHANISMS



Of ego's defenses, most dangerous in the atomic age are *projection* and *displacement*. Displacement (n) yrtyfve substitutes a weak victim for a strong offender. Because a sergeant hit a corporal, the corporal hits a private: the private should hit the enemy. A big power hits our weak friend. In projection (m) fyrtyfve, or (m') gyrtygve, one substitutes the other man for one's own sins. A thief sees everybody else as thief. He must steal back what they stole from him. The aggressor feels persecuted: 'Do unto others what they might do to you.' (Projection could be resonance: since I am sensitive I see others as sensitive and understand their feelings). Still kinder is *identification* (j) fujyf-ve; Our team (= we = I) has won!—Emerson and Adler praised *compensation* (i) vyf-jrU-ve (make-other-equal-good-drive): instead of his lame leg's brawn, a man develops his brain. Reaction formation (k) vyd-fOve, substitutes the oppo-

site: with the same libido hook-up (cathexis \mathcal{O}) with which a man used to drink, he fights now against drinking in himself and others. Or he can see lewd movies—now as cen-

sor!—

While most such transformations substitute word- or think-tricks for facts or deeds, *acting* out (o) "Otygvyre" replaces emotions with motions: they may not be deeds but rather misdeeds. Pre-atomic counselors advised: "When you feel tense, don't worry, do something about it." But now acting out may mean pressing the atom button.

102 🕐

Afterward one would like to go from B 'attack' to A 'withdrawal' and like Macbeth ''undo'' (e) 'tycve' what has been done. But time is not reversible. Penance or repentance can not substitute for irreplaceable human life. So most people try to suppress (f) ''tykytwe'' their evil acts or repress (g) ''typ-ytgUve'' their evil urges but with lid pushed down, the cauldron might explode. It is wiser to dissolve rage in contemplative sublimation.

Repression may bring regression (h) "pAtype." Repressing sex one may return to babyhood (h') "yntuO" as substitute for innocence.—Thus one might *escape* (d) "ytyrfO" all tough responsibilities. One may *deny* or ignore harsh *reality* (c) "Y-cEs-O" (no-existing-matter-thing-feeling) and can form as substitute a *fantasy* world (b) "tOviOsU" (wish-imagination) in which all dreams are fulfilled. Tough puritans of action used to condemn these fantasts in contempt. But in this harsh atomic age is it not pleasanter to withdraw into a world of imagination than to actively make this world a nightmare?—Likewise *rationalization* (a) "vrytU" making up vain reasons instead of the true embarrassing ones (the grapes are sour rather than too

high) may be a harmless shield. We can even substitute infinity ($\infty \overline{0}$) for concrete reality

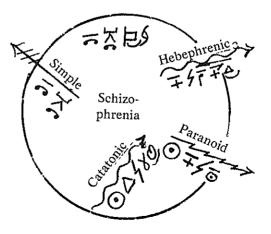
and in *intellectualization* (L) "vUfEz-tyze" see one's own disaster as part of the world decay. Such generalization may harmonize one's suffering into universal comprehension—which we need for forgiving-wisdom in the atomic age.

Mental illness. Without defenses, a man may break down into neurotic or psychotic depression, into suicide or crime.

Neurotics suffer inside under the tension between super-ego duties and Id drives, instead of fleeing from this stress into the dream-world of psychosis or spouting their venom under stress into the world as a psychopathic criminal or politician likes to do. (And we reward him gratefully and call him charismatic leader.) Only artists make their tensions creative in a new work of creation, the saint solves them in faith, the sage in contemplation.



PSYCHOSIS-PSYCHOPATHY



destructive terror hallucinations should be shocked or tranquilized away.)

Schizophrenia \overrightarrow{A} \overrightarrow{A} \overrightarrow{B} means to be split off or living outside " \overrightarrow{a} " the "manymen-together" \overrightarrow{A} consensus of agreed reality (of \overrightarrow{B} = "existent-material-qualities). The 'simple' schizophrenic may wither away the arms that would reach out for society and may re-

gress to become imbecil or child. The catatonic outwardly motionless, may live in his dreamworld of hallucinations and see a dragon sliding through the wall. Hebephrenia mocks the worthless world in motions of caricature; "There's nothing serious in reality." The projecting paranoid, feeling persecuted, may enact his horror hallucinations or delusions of grandeur in crimes of destruction and war. One in ten out of the demagogues, whom hacks call 'charismatic leaders', are paranoid psychopaths, blind to values and deaf to advice; they will use the atom bomb. Some count also manic-depressive states as psychotic, if they lose touch with reality and are disoriented in time and space. Melancholy, $\Box \overline{C} + \overline{C} =$ "long time-

motionless-bad-low feeling." But there is also a hurrying fleeing involutional melancholy or agitated depression (\rightarrow + $\stackrel{\frown}{}_{\mathcal{O}} \stackrel{\frown}{}_{\mathcal{O}} \stackrel{\bullet}{}_{\mathcal{O}} \stackrel{\bullet}{}$

The Stress of Neurosis. In its center gnaws free floating anxiety, trembling not only from

things feared but doubting the fearful self. Phobia is almost a relief: it specializes all pervading anxiety into a concrete taboo-fear (like a cellar) but generalizes this into all enclosures (claustrophobia). A pseudo-cure is the ritual of *compulsion*: the fear's opposite I must indulge. If I fear cellars I must stay on the roof, if I fear dirt I must wash.*

I healed a patient considered incurable because dissociation \leftarrow phobia \rightarrow compulsion $|\Delta = 00$ = 1000 = 1000 = 1000 = 1000fugue = -000 = 1000 = 1000asthenia \leftarrow depression \rightarrow hypochondria = +70 = 1000 = 1000(exist. neur.) (melancholy) = 1000 = 1000 = 1000

he hallucinated the dirt as yellow snow and goo streaming over the chair so he could not sit down. It had started with puns: "Selbstbefleckung ist Selbstbedeckung." He had covered the mirror at his crib with his dirt, smearing his self-image. And his T.B. mother, coughing blood over his hand had died shouting: "Don't touch any latches (= lasses who latch on to you, "Schnallen" as if he should not touch sweet 'tarts'). Fear of oneself may discard (forget, flee by sleep-walking) or *dissociate* the feared part, and split into a dual, a multiple personality (approaching schizophrenia if that new personality is also split off from reality). One may also dissociate a body-part in hysteria (a patient who Cain-like would have raised his arm against his brother, let it drop lame and whither away—transition to psychosomatic paralysis as in hysteric stomach spasms, squeezing out ulcers.) Conversion neurosis expresses an inner bad

*Weilgart: Heilung enines Waschzwangs (Cure of a Compulsion Neurosis). 1955

feeling $\mp \odot \odot$ in an outer manifestation of hysteric sickness. But the hypochondriac feels (suspects, fears or hopes) the sickness in himself as coming from the outside ($= \overline{\odot}$) $\overline{\mp} ? \odot$. All this anxious trembling $\underline{=} ? \odot$ may exhaust a patient's strength "a-sthenia" = $\overline{\sim} \circ \circ$ = no-strength-feeling; and impotence may depress $\overline{\odot} \mp ? \circ \circ$ ('immobile bad-low-feeling').

Psycho-(Socio-) pathy. $4 \mp \mp \swarrow \Box \Box = \rho$. "Delinquency doubles each decade." The criminal sociopath is neither immobile nor feeling. He moves and acts *against* communal life. He is the opposite of the creative artist. If man can not create he will destroy. If his destructive compulsion turns against himself he may become an alcoholic or drug addict. If he

acts against conventional sex norms he may be called pervert. We have three main openings (in and out; of the

body. Front = 1, back = $\overline{1}$; above = 1, be-low = $\overline{1}$. In union \circ , nature finds $\overline{1}$ pro-creation. If 1, we suspect kissing, outlawed as perversion in South Asia and N. Africa because of its danger of infection or neck bite. get your boss' success books is indicated for promotion. But much more dangerous than any procreative perversion are those that replace phallus-entrance by stabbing a knife. Jack the Ripper's emotions are so cold that he needs to cut open the very heart of his victim and feel her warm blood inside to be aroused to em-pathy or Einfühlung (in-feeling). More dangerous than the mix-up of openings is the fixation e.g. on the oral stage (harmless in a sucking babe!). When this stage is fixed after teething, a man may grow not only into a dracula vamp with fangs, but even into a devouring world conquerer, insatiably addicted to killing millions of victims, because unlike the werewolf, he can never quench his thirst by tasting their blood. If a drive is not directly satisfied in an



adequate way, it goes on and on as addiction. As a man thirsty (for water), if given 100% brandy instead, would drink on and on hoping to replace quality by quantity, and the more he drinks the thirstier he gets, and the more he has to drink, so a paranoid sociopathic demagog as "charismatic" leader would have to kill on and on to kill his own sense of inferiority or evil. Subconsciously aware of his impotence to create, (his body's or soul's sterility), he must destroy. Herd-man's masochism in panic responds to his projective sadism. The Co-bomb does the rest.

The Ethics of Emotions

Atavistic Drives. Most humans still live for pleasure, power, and pride in destruction of the rival. "rO, wO, yrkO". These are ancient, partly atavistic drives: +0, $\sqrt{0}$, ∓ 0 . Pleasure, men derive from food, and in luxury countries, mostly from sex. At the same time, over-population is a danger and sex is nature's multiplier (voz) . Power is given to the "charismatic" leader, like Hitler, Nasser, or Peron, not to the sage or saint. Nations are like women; they choose the survival of "the fittest of a million years ago," Then supposedly the strongest and most aggressive was the best. For humans were scarce and had to defend themselves against the beasts of the wild. But now when nature's dragons lie defeated at our feet and humans have overpopulated the globe, what is the use of the sexiest and most aggressive brute? All he can bring about is another atomic war that will annihilate mankind. In marriage counseling, a lady told me she chose her husband because he was "good in bed" and from 'bad to worse' went their marriage. For originally the sexiest meant dozen children. But against this very fertility, the woman took preventive pills! Well, a wolf-bitch is more discerning: she chooses the wolf that is the best protector and provider and this includes instinctive wisdom and experience, e.g. she likes the wolf that finds the safest cave. Likewise, the wolfpack chooses as leader the wisest and most cautious old wolf. And the wolves sense, you might say smell, wisdom and health in his hormone balance. Humans have lost the instinctive feeling

for value and spirit. "rUO" $+\Delta \odot$, the sense for 'whom to trust.'

In the Western world most people marry now by what is called 'love.' If this feeling were reliable for stable harmony, why would half of these love marriages end in divorce? If sexual attraction were the 'voice of nature', why would more of the offspring of these natural 'selections' become misfits and psychopaths, ending in crime? Rational marriages arranged by the tribe, worked much better in both respects. Likewise since the 'people' 'instinctively' choose their leaders, more demagogues get them into insane wars. Maybe both leaders and spouses should be psychoanalyzed for their true motivation. Could pleasure-, power- and pride-drives be anayzed away?

Benjamin Franklin advises against over-population to go to older women who would not bear children;—he did not know that older women can bear children who are mongoloid, but he knew that old men could engender children at almost any age. In the 19th century, Europe and partly Asia and Africa tried to stave off over-population in a way which would shock many a modern girl: A man was to be admitted to marry and have children only after he was found worthy of it, e.g. by succeeding on a farm; if he was a craftsman only after he had made his master-piece and had become e.g. a master-carpenter. If he was a student, only after he had become a doctor or professor, etc. This way, survival of the fittest should be assured: only after a man has proven his mettle in primitive tribes, only after he had passed the initiation-test of slaying a polar-bear, was he worthy to beget his ilk. This idea is so shocking to the modern

generation because it deprives sex of what seems to the "now"

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the only purpose of it: that is the pleasure of frequent orgasms. In a movie, thousands of high school girls were shown talented students mixed with young criminal psychopaths. Threefourths of the girls voted for the criminals as more thrilling as lovers. Certainly, few modern girls would like to marry a sage or a saint, let alone become the mother of a genius. The United States as the richest country of the world can afford to double delinquency each decade by breeding moronic girls with psychopathic rapists. The hedonistic tradition unites with the puritan tradition in the idea that a psychopath cannot help himself: By equal justice, a moron,

106 🕐

if he has no other talents, should at least have sex as compensation. But a sage should know better than indulge in sex! We may be charmed by the natural directness of a feebleminded sociopath or the compulsive criminal in contrast to the devious hypocricy of the ruthless establishment. The only drawback in all this is that a democracy whose majority will consist of moronic psychopaths, in a few decades may vote for a demagogue who would bring about another atomic war that will annihilate all mankind, psychopaths and morons as well as genius, sages, and saints, who already now are an endangered species, rapidly dying out.

For besides the lustful pleasure, man is still the proudest animal, most greedy for power. Even George Washington, the most self-controlled leader, felt that if the revolution failed "We would be comtemptible" and so appealed in his speeches mostly to his followers' "pride." When man's power pride is thwarted, he hates and wants to revenge himself in murder and war. Against hate, Christianity teaches love. Even love thy enemy, thy envied rival. Thy envied *Rival*... *Rival* is the man on the other side of the *River* to fight for it. Could I see the river as a stream of mother-milk and see my rival-sibling as my twin-brother? How could I do this? Can I force my feelings? One answer is: You don't have to love with your soul; love in action. Do acts of love, whatever you feel for him. Help him! Do good works for him; be led by will and reason regardless of your feelings, and you will come to heaven. Here Catholics and Protestants part company. Protestants, quoting St. Paul and Luther, are saved by faith or grace, or faith in and through grace, and not by works. We need an ecumenic synthesis for Christian union and for the psychic union of reason, feeling and action. Psychoanalysis can offer the solution in this dilemma.

If against my inner subconscious feelings I would try to do a good work to my enemy, I would only succeed in forcing myself through the outer motions of an apparant attempt at a good work, but that activity will not help the man. My subconscious will miscarry my deed. It will be a "Fehl-Leistung", a fail-function or 'parapraxis' like a miscarriage of the deed, like a Freudian slip. If I still hate my brother while bringing him a drink in the desert, my foot would slip and my jar might fall on his head.

Thus our subconscious will pervert the meaning of the gift, even if we keep the letter of the law, "which killeth, only the spirit giveth life." Thus my good deed might be a compromise of self-deception in bad faith, so that I can say self-righteously: Heaven knows I tried.

Thus only if we have reached true harmony within, transparent by truth, can we do a truly good work—which may still be stopped by the demons of destruction and by the enemies of mercy, but it will be a work of goodness and beauty, a work of faith and grace.

So instead of rationally and by willpower trying to exclude all possibilities of failure, I can first learn to *love* my enemy from within.

How can we heal from hate in psychotherapy? We say to the patient: First stop looking up in envy to your powerful rival or tyrannic oppressor. Look down upon him as a contemptible wretch. Transform your hate into contempt. See him addicted to power as a helpless alcoholic: the more he drinks, the thirstier he gets. Paint, draw, or model him (or close your eyes and see him) not as a great devil, but in the claws of the devil or as a puppet dangling from the strings of the demon of power, choked by the very strings on which he hangs as from a gallow, a halfhanged madman, entangled in these strings. "Passion's slave" he struts around in triumph, but his very strides are manipulated by power's demon, who robs his freedom of soul and blinds him to spiritual values: Cain-like envying creation and contemplation, he must use his power to destroy them. Clutching his shield of power, forged by the witch of fear, he must attack all who will not fawn on him. With each adulation flaking on the armor of his ruthless pride, it grows into a thicker shell, a crust that crushes his soul. Contemplating his inner soul, or his emptiness of soul, you can pity him and finally transform your contemptuous pity into feeling compassion. We are all in the same leaky boat, floating on the dark waves of nothingness, in which powermen may drown us all in this atomic age.

r veni tor ratient.	
In our leaky boat	And the silver rays may be silver strings
sits a heavy man	spanning the distance of cloud-cross soaring
with a chest of stone	and the cross of me floating
between ribs like rocks	and pull me up to the cloud
that crush his heart	and the crosses merge
he hardly can hiss his breath.	and I soar as cloud through the sky
He burdens my boat	and my arms grow wings
and the boat sinks deep	flapping through air and wind
the floods gush faster	higher and over the atmosphere
glittering in the night	my wings grow gigantic
over boat and man.—	translucent and wide
But above the dark waves	soaring through stars
vaults the starry sky	the embracing wings
and a wave rolls in over	envelop transparent:
to visit the ship and reaches for me	green stars and blue, silver and golden
and pulls me out in the sea.	sparkling within my wrapping wings
Over waves I float	the cosmic spirals breathe within me
arms spread in the shape of a cross	and give me strength.
and above me floating-translucent cloud	When I wing my way back
in the shape of a cross	to this small planet
and above the cloud rising the moon	I still bear the strength
sending his rays down the rim of the cloud	of the Spirit of stars—
over the margin to me.	cosmos within me

Poem for Patient*

In such dream images we feel, see, and hear spiritual truth. Spirit and soul, mind and feeling, will and emotion, are set against each other in this age of crisis. Thomas Mann's Tonio Kröger fears that rational analysis would dissolve the strength of life and the beauty of feeling. And some analysts may hurt patients and some critics may hurt poets and artists by their corrosive dismemberment. But must a surgeon cut off the healthy leg? Why not operate only decaying or destructive passions away and respect and admire the beautiful enthusiasm, without touching it with our dissecting scalpel? Must a critic arrogantly criticize the ideals of mankind? Only if hate gnaws at the soul, let us dissolve it. If we analyze and criticize everything (even with ever so sharp perspicacity), we might really end up in a caustic sauce of nihilistic bitterness. Only the tragic passions of the beast of prey need be acted out in tragedy and purified in catharsis into contemplation of the vanity of it all, as is Macbeth's "Tomorrow . . ." Beautiful feelings need not be purified in a drama. Pure feelings can be sung in lyric tunes or one can enjoy them inside without words.

"Selig wer sich vor der Welt ohne Hass verschlieszt, einen Freund am Busen hält und mit dem genieszt, was von Menschen nicht gewusst, oder nicht bedacht durch das Labyrinth der Brust wandelt in der Nacht." Goethe addresses the moon: "An den Mond" and ends: "Blessed he who from world's fight secludes himself, sans hate enters heart's mysterious gate: Walks soul's maze at night."

*If you suffer from hate, let somebody you love, read it to you (or speak into a tape recorder) and while you listen visualize it with closed eyes.

108

Stars of introspection can pierce passion's clouds, before they spout out the flash of lightning of destructive actions.

After dissolving the tornado of deadly emotions, the spirit can radiate soul feelings into the world and help us survive. "All-verstehen—all-vergeben," understand and forgive, comprehend in compassion. We can envisage a mankind freed from destructive drives, wandering in the shine of the beauty of their soul. Why could we not live like a natural tree or like a beautiful butterfly around that flowering tree. Human life could be a work of art. Let us paint:

"The pyramidal glacier of the spirit underwashed by the hot lava stream of feelings at its foot and separated from the jungle which harbors the beasts of life. But the glacier reaches out in a moraine, drift ice flowing across the river of feeling, and in the winter the river freezes over and unites the mountain of the mind with the jungle of life and the swelling river becomes a bridge, and the beasts that drank from the stream of passion can climb up the mountain of the mind. The miracle arises: the tip of the icy pyramid radiates in a starry light, which shines through the ice of the mountain and through the moraine bridge of feelings. The river of feeling itself is shined through by the light of the spirit. The stuff of life itself shines in the beauty of the spirit."

In the creation of symbolic daydreams, in cosmic contemplation we can purify our troubled emotions and find the peace of mind that is needed for creation and contemplation, the advent of the spirit.

Pure spirit we divine in God. We strive to find a feeling of the spirit, a spirit-feeling (intuition ΔO) of the spirit in our feeling-spirit, our soul $O \Delta$. Our age is in danger of schizoid separation of feeling and spirit. Then feeling itself disintegrates into emotional sentimentality or fiery sensuality and fanatic destructive passion, and our spirit disintegrates into esoteric vaticinations and ice cold intellect, distorted into critical intellectualism or ruthlessly serving a dogmatic power will. But the addictive ambitions of power will crush both feeling and spirit. Philosophic mystics, who could trust their intuitive insight to reach eternal truth, were burnt as heretics.

To survive we need a cosmic union of feeling and spirit. Those who feel deeply for spiritual ideals instead of being persecuted should be the prophets of this age. We need to nourish our intuition, our love for the logos of the spirit in our feeling soul. Insight into our feelings. rather

than dissect them, should irradiate them with spirit and enjoy their beauty. Spirit A and

feeling \bigcirc should unite in a feeling spirit or an inspired feeling \bigwedge a logos-love, a loving logos in which spirit enters our soul.

Only in a few poems have mankind's spiritual representatives expressed this spiritual love. As Shakespeare's Romeo gave voice to Eros' love in his wooing, So Goethe's *Nähe des Geliebten* (p. 46) symbolizes for eternity the spiritual love: nearness of the beloved. In this deepest love poem the word love itself never occurs to the chaste lover.

> "I think of thee when sun's reflected shimmer glows from the sea; I think of thee, when moon rays paint their glimmer in springs for me. I am with thee if thou be ever far, so thou still art near. The sun is sinking, soon shine the first stars, Oh, if thou wert here!

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"Ich denke dein, wenn mir der Sonne Schimmer vom Meere strahlt; Ich denke dein, wenn sich des Mondes Flimmer in Ouellen malt.

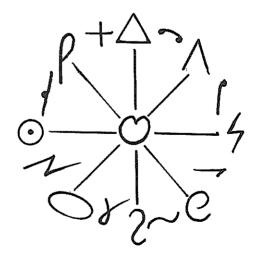
Ich bin bei dir, du seist auch noch so ferne du bist mir nah! Die Sonne sinkt, bald leuchten mir die Sterne: Oh wärst du da!"

We would call it a poem of spiritual love, of 'UbrO', / +O , of Agape, the logos-love

of the spirit. What our age needs is a passionate enthusiasm for spiritual ideals of goodness, beauty and truth. Only through spiritual creation, a cosmic union of feeling and spirit in the soul, can mankind survive in the atomic age.

Psychogram. Since psychopathology follows partly from the chaos of feelings, a psychogram which clarifies the hierarchy of emotions, can help heal the mind. In a psychogram the disciple puts the element he feels in his center, into the midst, while he puts what rules him on top, and his base symbol on the bottom.

Most students (43%) put 'feeling' 🕐 into the center of their psychogram. Of these, almost all (95%) connected feeling with: 'life' ρ (95%); 'spirit' \bigwedge (92%); 'action' $\frac{1}{7}$, (91%); and 'together' 🔷 (84%). Many bonded emotion with \mathbf{C} motion; 'movement' \mathbf{C} (82%); 'human' \bigwedge (78%); 'good' \downarrow (65%); 'question' 2 (61%); 'inside' (40%); 'time' (35%); 'sound'~ (30%). The bond with Life means that only living beings Feel or sense, so should move or How 2 they should Act 4. Emotion leads to Motion and Action. Emotions



are the fire beneath the steam kettle that moves people's actions. But to survive, above should be the good spirit and even the human being should be above his feelings. The spirit should rule a man and man should direct his emotions toward goodness.

110 🕐

Chapter 10

Human beings feel good Together \frown Their bond are their voices (Sound, \sim) or their sight (Light, \checkmark). Feeling can stay Inside \bigcirc and circulate Around and Around \bigcirc , or sense the Outside \bigcirc , and radiate Toward a goal \neg . Emotions are a Force \checkmark for Good or Evil. They can help or hurt. This makes them Questionable 2.

They are Active or passive $4\frac{1}{2}$ (passions under which we suffer). We have Before-Feelings, (foreboding); Above-Feelings 1: Man walks erect and superior to other animals, through his tools $\frac{1}{2}$.

In my feelings I seem Unique 1, 1 'This one.' My



senses tell me of the Material Existence around me. Feelings change Quality according to Conditions and Relations and Relations and Space . The Power or intensity \mathcal{N} of feelings are different (not equal): from person to person and may change unexpectedly within the same person. The human tragedy is: most feelings are subconscious remnants from the past or irrational infections through words. Most feelings do not make sense to man. Man can not rely on his feelings. To survive man must rule his feelings by the Spirit. He must dissolve deadly feelings in the spirit of insight and unite

life-giving feelings with the Spirit in Logos-Love

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9 CHAPTER 11. UNDER THE CONDITION.

Survival under Conditions

$$Q((\emptyset, \dot{O})) = Condition$$

Patient's Poems

I. Conditions of Love.

"Do you love me?" asked the hero bold. 'If you bring me the twig with nuts of gold.' "But how could I this nut-twig win?" 'Slay the guardian dragon with iron skin.' "How can I cut through his armor plate?" 'The sword of flame will penetrate.' "Where do I find the sword of flame?" 'It is watched by the witch without a name.' "How can I sway that beldam old?" 'If you offer her nuts of yellow gold.' "How can I get such a golden nut?" 'From the twig I told you they must be cut.'

II. Condition's Key.

"Lady in the tower, wilt thou be mine?" 'My heart in its fetters is ever thine.' "How can I set my lady free?" 'If you find the ring with the golden key.' "Where is the key with the golden ring?" 'The bird with the diamond beak will bring . . .' "Where is the bird with the diamond bill?" 'It is watched by the dragon with teeth of steel.' When the knight slew the dragon he caught the bird. The bird flew off, but kept its word. When its thanks to the knight the bird did sing, it did bring in its beak the golden ring. The gallant knight turned the golden key: The beautiful lady he set free. "Lady in the tower wilst thou be mine?" 'Now in our bower I'm ever thine.'

III. Conditioned King.

Great Alexander could have ruled the world, had not a gnat its wings unfurled.

〇二乡, 公三乡

I. Emotions should flow spontaneously (although they may be conditions or motives for our actions.) Making conditions for any feeling, let alone for love, seems unnatural, a cruel artifice. A condition, being a premise, or prerequisite, it becomes especially cruel if it turns out to

be a circular 65 demand. "You can get your license only when you have practiced for three years.—But for practicing, you must have a license." But even if the hero finds the golden

nuts, he better not take out a marriage license for that dame. In II, love itself is unconditional, but there are conditions for its consumation, which seem natural and necessary, since the lady is hemmed in by the transient conditions of her prison. In III, health is not a sufficient condition for dominion, but it may be a necessary one. You may be king if you can survive malaria. Is this an impossible condition which means denial? Or does it show the incongruous way of the human condition?:

> ^{u U w Y} ro O Q E e + POSE

'I Alexander'll wear the world's crown as my hat' "No," says the gnat.

Similar Sounds.

Q, sounds as rounded mid-tongue vowel \emptyset or \ddot{O} , as in word, where the 'r' fronts the "o" (wQrd), if you keep the lips rounded from the 'w.' It is long \ddot{o} (or \emptyset) in German (or Scandinavian, Hungarian, or Turkish). In French coeur, we are reminded of the similarity of condition and the state of emotions \bigodot in the heart. 'Good' people (ru) adjust to conditions, while the psychopath demands immediate and absolute thrill. Life (o) needs matter (E), space (a) and time (A). Power (w) thrives on making conditions, which come close to negation (Y). The logic mind (U) compares condition with causation. But most people are motivated (e) by their emotions

tions.



The transfiguration of symbols: Life survives only under certain conditions. It needs a certain time to grow and a space to move. Making conditions reminds us of a question mark, it is part

negation or zero. Conditions are like relations or qualities that touch us (\frown), are together with us, and may move and influence us but only partly. We hope that our inner self is absolute.

112 6

The Logics of Condition. A condition is easier to describe than to define. It is a state of being, a circumstance, a temporary quality or qualification, which may be prerequisite () for a result ($\bullet \land \bullet$), almost a cause ($\frown \land \land \bullet \bullet$) for an effect, ($\land \land \bullet \bullet$). A sufficient condition seems a (part () cause. If a condition were both "necessary and sufficient," it would be a logical cause, but how to know whether there is () such a thing ($\bullet \bullet$)? To have a key maybe necessary to open a lock, but not to open a door, let alone to enter a house (although without it we may be guilty of breaking and entering). It may not be sufficient to have the right key: for all we know the door might be stuck. If A then B, if B then A: always (and only) if A then B: a perfect correlation, 1.00, would be felt as cause only if it always precedes its effect in time ($\land \circ \bullet \bullet$). But where is there such a cause? Is a father the cause for a son? No, he may have a daughter. Is a parent needed for offspring? This depends on whether we would call a test tube baby . . . a homunculus—an offspring. Lear asks: "What is the cause of thunder?" Did he cause his daughers' cruelty? Has he or Cordelia 'cause' for vengeance? Lear finally says humbly "no cause" . . . and today's science modestly agrees.

Instead of causes and laws, science states now correlations and functions. Mathematical functions know interdependent variables: if y = f(x), x = f'(y). If $y = \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}$. These

relations are reversible. But physics and chemistry know independent and dependent variables and the laws of most applied sciences are inductions rather than deductions from a tautologic equation. In applied science we can say only: we observed thousand times that whenever A then B. We assume that also in the 1001st case A will be followed by B, A will be a condition for B.

In social sciences we use statistics and correlations. But the best correlation can be spurious, if we conclude causal relations. Laziness may go together will sickness. Does it cause sickness? Or does sickness cause laziness? What if heat causes both lazy fatigue and growth of bacteria? Then in the tropics we would find both lazy and sick men.

Logics can call a condition a relation of implication. 'Cat' implies mammal. If it's a cat it must be a mammal. If 'a' then 'A.' a is part of A, a (A, B) A. We conclude from $A \to A$. If we define mammal as ''feeding its young with a (skin-) secretion'' then the discus fish would be a mammal, but a bad cat mother that would not feed its young or had not tits, would not be a mammal. If we define mammal by fur, mammary glands, four legs, a tail and lungs, etc., then this cat may be 9/10 a mammal. A furless Lib. woman spinster may not be a 100% mammal either.

Ours is an age of types and labels: if a man is a communist, he must be an atheist; if an atheist, he cannot be ethical . . . all such conclusions may be imperfect. There have been ethical agnostics like Bertrand Russel, and there have been communal Christians like Tolstoy or the monks in orders. There could be cruel Christians like Torquemada and kindhearted communists as Allende. Beyond the variety of possible experiences the human mind can set any hypothetical conditions: If I were black I would have a beautiful soul, if you were white you would be innocent. If I were a cloud, I could float in the sky.

114

Besides relation 4, a correlated condition goes 'together' with its result. In time 1 it may precede it (1). The condition may be the *means through* (1) which I can achieve my goal. Under certain conditions I may come from this to that or the other: 5 = 1 - 1 or the so conditioned 'this' may be made partly equal to the other. 51 - 1 = 1 (If I warm an egg it may develop into something that is partly like a hen.) But the result is ever doubtful (2); for all I know, I might breed a crocodile.

Humans might be humbly aware of the conditional nature of all earthly verities and values, and should not make themselves artificial conditions that restrict the freedom of their soul.

Soul Conditions.

Most similar in sound and shape, 'O' is a rounded mid-tongued vowel like Q. Feelings or emotions may be states or conditions of the soul or mind: depressions or elations, fears and hopes, may be conditioned or shaped by temporary \bigcirc \bigcirc outer circumstances or they may flow from a center within. \bigcirc

Some feel better if feelings flow freely from an inner spring, genuine and spontaneous. To others this seems irrational: feelings should be appropriate to an objective outer situation or condition. By the first, the intuitive creators and contemplators outer conditions are resented are two parentheses or brackets that hold the soul as in a 9,() as hemming them in. (vise, restricting its freedom.) The others, the adaptive behaviorists, see the organism as a reflex mechanism, responding with glands, nerves and muscles to outer stimuli. If you shock somebody, he may jump. If you burn somebody he may jerk or run away. Pavlov saw that a dog drooled when he smelled meat. Smell warns or prepares a dog. Saliva would help him to swallow and digest it. Meat is the condition for salivation. Now when Pavlov rang a bell before he brought the meat, it worked like a dinner gong as appetizer and the dog drooled already for and this drooling was a conditioned response, not found in nature. If the dog's spittle dripping into a glass could rise to close a circuit to move a lever to bring the meat, the dog could learn to drool more and this would become / "instrumental conditioning" of the autonomic nervous system. But usually gross chance-movements are rewarded or re-enforced whenever they approach the behavior that the therapist is trying to shape. For hundred million years birds and mammals have taught their young by example or model and have rewarded or punished them so they could learn. Whenever a lion cub pounces at a lamb's hindlegs he gets a slap, but when he pounces at its nape he gets a rewarding pat from the master lion. Animal tamers follow the same routine. In our first poem the lady seems to tame her knight to serve her. But her making conditions seems like refusal or denial: high front \overline{Y} sounds almost like mid-tongue Q 9 : both round

the lips. Dryden warns in Lyndar: "Two 'Ifs' scarce make one possibility." G. Eliot in *Spanish* Gipsy II, 214 ".... leaves the future dark with endless 'ifs." The symbol freminds of

a o (zero) or a question mark 2 . Old Nordic 'ifi' marks condition, doubt and hesitation: if

= whether. 'Light' and above all 'sound' conditions humans to act 4. The slogan-shouting com-mander as conditioning independent variable towers above 1 the conditioned slave. We may be conditioned into addiction by a vision size 1. The

be conditioned into addiction by a vicious circle. The more masochistic 'herd-man' obeys, the more he gets shouted at and the more commands he receives the more he obeys, till he is a selfdestructive blind slave. In the same way the commander gets conditioned to demand more and more blind obedience until any independent thought seems an insult.

Life's Limiting Conditions are Matter, Light, Space and Time, \square , χ , \bigcirc , \bigcirc .

A certain Quantity and Quality **[**] of each is needed for Life. A temporary condition is a

state, a spatial condition: a situation. Since life needs light, it can thrive only on the planet's limited surface. Since no two bodies can occupy the same space at the same time, there is a ruthless struggle in which conquest seems a condition of life. Life needs a narrow range of temperature between freezing and boiling of water, and a middle state of motion of air-O, H, C, N being life's main elements. Life thrives on a quiet earth with moving wind and waves to give breath and food. On our planet's surface this used to be the prevailing condition for billions of years. But since man suddenly can change it, we are reminded that life itself is a precariously balanced intricate state of matter and energy that can be upset with one exploding bomb.

The Ethics of Reverence for Life. If life survives only under certain conditions and we can not re-create life, we must base our ethos of life on conserving these conditions. To make other conditions, to make any conditions, may be evil. In paradise God made almost no conditions except that man should enjoy with loving thanks what he freely offered. But man's power grows on, conditioning: only if you give me power, will I make you happy, says the demagogue. Only if you serve my pride, will I let you live, says the tyrant. "The boss is always right." The

slave's life is more and more narrowly conditioned through intricate channels / of rituals

and the tyrant with authority without responsibility becomes an unconditioned omnipotent God.

It starts when reason is confused with condition: I hit you 'because' you hit me, instead of: I hit you *if* you hit me—as a warning. But humans consider a threat a challenge. 'You will see I can hit you twice as hard as you can hit me.' Finally: Do unto others as they might do unto you, but do it first! Thus destructive action based on hypothetical conditions, revenge based on potential fear, brings the chaos of crime of all against all. Out of this destructive anarchy rises the leader, who promises safety not through his unconditioned inner strength, but on condition of being given unconditional power.

Bahaullah calls God, the omniscient, omnibenevolent, the omnipotent "the unconditioned"

. The human herd seems to think that omnipotence gives omniscience. But only the allknowing spirit, the uncaused cause can be free.

118 §

CHAPTER 12. THE LOYAL OPPOSITION

y, Y (ü) Anti-thesis. **Poems for Patients:**

The Loyal Opposition

"I am part of the part that first was all, the night: and Mother Darkness bore herself the light." Ich bin der Geist, der stets verneint: "Alles was entsteht, ist wert, dass es zugrunde geht." Whatever may come to life, what may arise deserves to perish and it dies. I am the ghost that ever denies.

(Goethe's Faust, I, v. 1339 f)

Patients' Poems:

"My ray of light arise from hidden spark grow and increase and shine in warming flame!" The cave wind howls: 'Go back from where you came.' And blows it out and all is cold and dark.

"Arise my seedling, come grow strong and tall reach branches up, embracing sun and sky." The cave storm whirls: 'You strove too high.' And chops it down: 'What rose, must fall.'

"Pink babe in cradle, crawl and play, see the warm light, embrace the tree." The cave wind breathes cold 'be free;' and sickness whithers from within: a body gray.

"Who are you wind that life's ascent denies?" 'I am the spirit that engenders soul' "You cut its parts" 'I am the whole.' "You fell" 'Because it would not truly rise.'

Abaddon kills what was too good for to be true. Creator fells what was not good enough, when half it grew. 120 —

Similar Sounds. $\overbrace{Q}^{x} \bigcup_{u} \underbrace{Y}_{Q}^{y} \bigvee_{i} \overbrace{R}^{j} \overbrace{Q}^{z} Y$ sounds like I in shrIek, but through lips rounded as

to whistle. Practice from trUly, or boy, keeping lips rounded from the 'U' or 'o.' Nasal Y is the sound for zero, 0. Lower your tongue and by making 'Q' (conditions), you refuse. Raise your tongue and reach 'y' as in 'you,' before a vowel, as simple denial rather than opposite. With a groove in your tongue you get j, equal \longrightarrow . Equality denies individual differences. Retracting the tongue ridge, find x, rasping relation: anti-thesis and negations are abrasive relations. \triangle 'u, I': Man shouts \triangle most loudly the Sound of denial. "Full of sound and fury signifying nothing" says Macbeth. We could say his opposition stands between Man and light (u and i). Man can not reach the light because of his nihilism. Man is the great denier, the general destroyer. He may destroy all life. Then all would go up in a flash of light. Light and fire purifies and annihilates. Even the sun will explode into a bright giant and burn her planet children. U, the spirit as denier of matter, tired of its creatures, may dissolve its creation returning into pure contemplation.



Similar Symbols. Some symbols stretch horizontally like the minus sign. \checkmark 'Relation' reminds us that anti-thesis is still a relation, even though a relation of friction (and 'x' itself is rasped as a friction sound). In fact, 'opposition' or negation' may relate even things that are irreconcilably far apart. \longrightarrow 'Toward' as direction and goal seems positive until I find what drives me 'toward' is rather than a will or want, a lack. I am not satisfied with what I have, so I move away from it \Longrightarrow to something else, denying my present state. Revolutions are sparked more by hate against oppressors than hope or faith for an ideal. Even love may be a fear of loneliness, the empty want, a minus with a \longrightarrow positive hook or a directing arrow attached. \implies is composed of two minus signs. To deny a denial makes it an agreement or an equation. \bigsqcup Quantity concept may restrict a totality or infinity. But it rises vertically above the horizontal zero level. Quantities rather than qualitites may be opposed by being made negative. A weight may be put in the other scale and pull in the other direction. -3 + 3 = 0. \square Matter may be the opposite of the spirit. But it also may stay equal to itself

and rise to be the most solid bulwark against destruction 47° . Affirmative symbols opposing annihilation are needed in an age of nihilism: 11911+1Vertical symbols stand against the lying horizontal of negation. Existence asserts its self: 'this' I am. P Life rises proudly upward above the ocean of nothingness. The leader should march in front \checkmark and stress the positive. + Although nothingness may claim priority. The cross of goodness, the most positive, may seem to deny existence: + \prod goodness may mean self sacrifice \pm \prod of its own existence. But goodness usually works through \downarrow channels, by means of tools. If the tool, the knife, becomes a sword to cut me, it works 'against' \prod , (the strongest opposition). \frown Power should act 4 positively, to balance destruction through creation. \bigtriangleup The spirit contains and dissolves negation in contemplation. \bigtriangleup \bigtriangleup **How to Deny?** There are many kinds of negation. \underline{Y} zero in itself a neutral denial, $\bigcirc \rho$ (zero life); \prod , Yc implies non-existence, non-. Both may be activated into annihilation 4 — (v<u>Y</u>) or 4 \prod vYc. Here nothingness becomes destructive, evil \pm , denying and destroying 4 \prod goodness. \overline{y} itself is a mild anti-thesis, \overline{Y} a harsher opposite. The horizontal bar covers in aUI whatever is denied or opposed. $\underbrace{\mathbb{XO}}$ = the opposite of seeing, blind, but $\underbrace{\mathbb{XO}}$ would mean 'darkness sensing' $\underbrace{\mathbb{XO}}$ would mean light unsensing having

but \bigvee \bigotimes would mean 'darkness sensing' \bigvee \bigotimes would mean light-unsensing, having no sense for light. 'Yb' $\overleftarrow{}$ means without, 'un-together,' and 'Yd,' $\overleftarrow{}$ means actively against, as in \checkmark $\overleftarrow{}$ weapon or $\overleftarrow{}$ fight. $\overleftarrow{}$ would be the contrary opposite (like red to green) while $\overleftarrow{}$ would be the contradictory opposite, all non-green $\boxed{33}$, whatever is not green (including yellow and blue).

What to Deny. Each of these denials could hit all symbols, but four are most essential. Starting from the base, existence and life can be denied or opposed. On a higher level, man can deny goodness and the spirit itself. The denial of existence and reality may mean insane (psychotic) nihilism. The denial of life would mean death, murder, (crime) and war. The denial of goodness would mean immorality or sin, and the



denial of the spirit may mean psychopathic materialism. Since man in the atomic age can no longer live without the good spirit, the highest forms of nihilism imply for man the lower forms. Stars have exploded their material existence without life. The animal world has lived, died and killed without goodness or evil for billions of years. But now man's destructiveness and evil can cause the annihilation of all forms of life. "There's nothing serious in mortality" says the killer Macbeth. "Vanity of vanities" says Solomon. \Box , the forms of un-existence imply: \Box spaceless, either without a place to go, or beyond space $\Box \odot \bigcirc$, infinite as the spirit. \Box Having no time; timeless, immortal, eternal. From death till doomsday the soul might be in a timeless state so that both judgements are the same. \Box = lacking matter, substance or material means, or immaterial, spiritual. \Box without qualities, abstract or absolute, \Box without quantity, unmeasureable, neither little nor much. \equiv Unequal may mean different from all else or from itself, i.e. a Protean mutability that excludes stable existence. If I do not correspond with reality I can not tell the truth $\square \square \bigtriangleup$. \square Unrelated may be the independent or the odd man. What is unrelated to everything else, can not exist. 2 Questioning is a subtle form of denial; it undermines existence. What can not be questioned may be sure . . . or may not exist. \square Not a part may mean the whole, but what is not even a part may be nothing. Cutting things apart may mean destruction. And to be not a thing may mean to be nothing, \square . But it also may mean to be spirit. If something is neither within nor above nor in front nor together with something else, it can not exist.

If something is neither the means or medium for something else and does not flow toward anyting else (a goal), it can hardly exist. But the contrary opposites: 'outside, below, beyond, apart; against, from' are valid for existence.

P What Negations Merge into Death? (\vec{p} , \vec{p} , \vec{p} , \vec{p} , \vec{p} , \vec{p} (apart from life) away from life as suicide or \vec{r} , \vec{p} against life, as poison. $\vec{4}$, \vec{p} : life kills other life to live and dies from inner decay.) \vec{c} If it does not move it may be dead—or permanent. \vec{v} Darkness may mean death— or hiding. \vec{c} Soundless may seem sinister or a calm rest for the spirit. \vec{c} Mobile life should not be insensitive, for it must flee or attack when it is hurt. But \vec{c} may also mean 'not swayed by feeling.' \vec{o} Life may need round forms, to surround its vulnerable inside. A ball has the biggest volume per surface. Life survives under conditions \vec{v} ; to deny them is to deny life. \vec{b}

To deny the spirit is inhuman, ---- evil. Man denies himself, for it is the spirit that makes man man or makes man human. But \bigwedge un-human may mean not only sub-human but also super-man. Super-human demands of the spirit may seem inhuman, as they are ablike the absolute spirit. From this view, conditions are negations of stract unconditional 6 the absolute _____ (yY) The absolute spirit denies the negation and the vacuum of zero, and the relation gaps: in "cosmic consciousness" and Christian Science all is positive meaningful optimism. Being absolute the spirit may deny relativity, even relation $\overline{}$ or question but to deny the quest of search means to deny the search of the spirit. The absolute contemplative spirit may be inactive and powerless in this world since it denies the ego, transcending sel-Unselfish man might be of saintlike goodness, a martyr of the spirit, but Torfishness. quemada, Robespierre or Hitler were unselfish extremists, murderous or suicidal haters of fanatic zeal. Goodness must be aware of earthly imperfection and part negation and must choose with Luther "the lesser of two evils." But without the star of absolute goodness, life loses its meaning. We drift through relativism to moral nihilism and lose the direction toward the goal up high, the goal of the Spirit.

The Spirit's 'No.' God Shiva is the holy spirit of denial, that engenders Nirvana or Anaxi-

122 -

mander's Apeiron, the primal infinite chaos, undestructible unchangeable abyss, or Abgrund or Urgrund as Eckehart or Boehme call it. (Eck(e)hart, (1934, p. 163) compares Godhead to nothingness since both are unchangeable, undefinable and infinite. In poverty and detach-

ment (Armut and Abgeschiedenheit) comes the 'angry' soul near to God's

thingness. The gnostic Basilides sees negation in God himself: God is the not-being. When the spirit of pure contemplation creates beings as things and creatures, they fall out of his divine unity and in individuation deny him. Finally the spirit of infinite perfection will deny them and dissolve them and their imperfections back into his primal womb (Bhagavad Gita). Hegel's thesis would be creation, anti-thesis its reaction, would be destruction or dissolution. And the synthesis would be Cusanus' coincidence of opposites in which being and nothingness, spirit and matter, light and night, would again unite in peace.

But is not destruction evil? Is not the spirit of destruction, the Abaddon or Apollyon of the Apocalypse the satan of the Bible? How did nothingness, the big zero 0 become the evil of destruction?

In the beginning there was only the spirit of pure contemplation. And what he contemplated was himself and his bride nothingness. Light shone into the night. But when God the pure contemplator became God the Creator, the offspring of his creative power and of the stuff of nothingness was the created world, the creatures and things, of whom God said that they were good and that he loved them (as he may never have said of his bride Nothingness). Then arose the contrast between aught and naught. The naught became jealous of the creatures of aught. When God the Spirit became the creator, his bride naught became the destroyer.

The Cosmic 'No.' Now the world is a battle between being and nothingness, Aught and Naught. The battle is unequal from the start and from eternity decided. Was rising into genesis an uprising against the awful majority of the naught? Then it was an attempt with inadequate means. The naught as it was in the beginning, will prevail in the end. Existence is a leaky boat precariously swaying on the waves, balancing on the black ocean of nothingness. The waves of naught enter through its holes, and the surfs break over it in the storm. The ship has two captains, Pleasure and Power. Pleasure drinks whiskey for water and Power hangs helmsman Reason on the mast, just to show who is boss. Nobody knows where the ship is going, or why it should be going anywhere. There is no land. Both bosses command in different lingos, throwing bombs against each other in the fog of the night.

Inside the ship of Existence, the sailors of Life fight each other instead of fighting wind and waves. Some despair in a plague and fail to fight the waves. But some as angry fighters in the army of the naught chop holes into the ship's weak hull: the ship is sinking.

Being is full of contradictions in itself. There are relation-gaps and holes of inconsistency through which the naught seeps in. Life lives by killing other life. Man, the most negative creature, kills his fellowman and even himself. And in his pathetic pride he offends the God who could save him. Far from relying on a life-drive, he seems to be moved by a death-drift, which unconsciously sways his emotions. And though he can not rely on his feelings, instead of being guided by his reason, he uses his very logic to serve his death drive and thus to destroy him.

The Logics of 'No.' The law of contradiction says: a statement and its denial can not both be true. If p then not non-p. If it is white then it can not be non-white e.g. black. And again the denial of a denial means affirmation. -(-p) = +p, -(-o) = +o = -(-y) (yYs). If p then -(-p); $\int e^{-y} e^{-$

• _____ no-

applied the absolutism of logics. E.g. for Luther as for Torquemada, the absolute contradiction to Christianity was Judaism or Islam. The absolute opposite of Catholicism was Protestantism. So the logical conclusion: "If I deny the denial I affirm," meant: if I kill enough opponents, I prove a true believer. If the opposite of capitalism is communism and the opposite of democracy is monarchy, if I kill all communists and monarchs, I am the best capitalist and democrat. This would be useful if the democratic capitalistic way of life were the only perfect way of life in which the good, the beautiful and the true were served and in which there were no crime, insanity and civil war. If we all were angels and the opponents all devils, only then destroving all opponents we would win eternal paradise.

(Connectives in logics can be defined from negation and implication (if) 9 (condition). Alternation: $A \mid B \longrightarrow A \rightarrow B =$ either A or B, but not both: $9 \mid A \longrightarrow \overline{B}, A \xrightarrow{\frown} B$. Conjunction: $A \cdot B, [AB] = A$ and B are together true $= \overline{A \mid B} = 9 \mid A \longrightarrow \overline{B} = A \mid B$; Equivalence:

$$A = B = [A > B) (B > A] = [(9 A \rightarrow B) (9 B \rightarrow A] = A = B, A = B.$$

A and B are equivalent, if A leads toward B and B leads toward A, $(A \longrightarrow B, B \longrightarrow A)$ &c. But how can I apply this to feelings? What psycho-logics should consider is that denial leads to refusal. I can refuse from standing above or below the opposed event. "Oh, holy night the stars are brightly shining" is rejected by some because Christmas is for them too high, they do not enjoy it; but by others because this song is too superficial, pompous and low. But they revere Christmas: a crook can deny reality, because it is too high for him. A poet, because it is too low for him. There are different dimensions of truth and reality. There are different kinds of opposition: $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$, $\overline{}$. There are degrees of negation: If

a man confesses: 'I can never say the truth; is this itself true?*

General assertions are negations in disguise. All 'men are mortal' may mean 'I never saw a man over 150 years.' 'All cats are mammals' may mean: 'If this is a cat it must be a mammal' or 'no thing is a cat without being a mammal.' But if mammal is a beast that suckles its babes, what is an amazon-cat? Are Lib-women or Lesbians mammals? It would be humbler to say:

they are partly felt similar to a certain mammal. $\bigcup \bigcup$ There is no perfect identity or contradiction in nature. Jung said, 'In psychology one can say the opposite of any sentence and it will be true too.'

The No of Soul and God. Child psychology (Spitz, 1957) knows that in its second year a child begins to shake its head and shout No! Then, as adjective, "no . . . : no go," to resist bad outer influences. He has learnt to shove a stick through the wheels of his parents' apple cart. Then in his teens he starts his adolescent rebellion and he may stay a rebel all his life. In nations like France, reactionary establishments are overturned by revolutions, that hate and envy much more the proud oppressors, than love the future's brethren.

We feel the great No even deeper if it senselessly over-turns or denies or loathes power and glory, so loved during their ascent. Solomon (Eccl. 2, 12-26) at the height of his wisdom and fame asks, 'What is the purpose, . . . what the profit . . . of it all?' All "is emptiness and chasing the wind" (all is vanity and disturbing the breath of the spirit). Few leaders departed

124 -

^{(*}To Church and Gödel, the proving of negations became controversial.) Why not say: he is partly (under conditions) like a liar? 0

189,189,710 189, Tet at =2 12 = 80-80

willingly from their power. But when they were taken by sudden death or murder it seems even more meaningless. ("I Alexander'll wear the world's crown as my hat," 'No' says the gnat.) Caesar survived the malaria mosquitoes and TseTse flies of Egypt, but on his return was killed by a friend. 'Imperious Caesar, dead and turned to clay, might stop a hole to keep the wind away' says Hamlet at the graveyard. "To be or not to be, that is the question" (III, 1) Macbeth after achieving his proud ambitions and his throne as militant nihilist, i.e. as active soldier in the army of the demon of destruction, fights on until "th' estate o' the world" (is all) "undone" (V, 5). But the world in which, for which and against which he fights, is meaningless: "Tomorrow and tomorrow and tomorrow / creeps in this petty pace from day to day . . . / . . . and all our yesterdays have lighted fools / the way to dusty death . . . / Life's but a walking shadow, a poor player / that struts and frets his hour upon the stage, / and then is heard no more. It is a tale / told by an idiot, full of sound and fury / signifying nothing. Macbeth, V, 5;. "The wine of life is drawn." "there's nothing serious in mortality, all is but toys." Such disillusionment may make a man a murderer or a hebephrenic dreamer.

There is a playful childlike nihilist, that plays with life like in a dream. But the nihilistic experience as Tolstoy in *The Death of Ivan Illich* and as Sartre found it in 'Neant,' is a feeling of despair in emptiness, a vacuum sucks up and dissolves man's individuality in a smoky fog. The experience of nothingness or nihilism. Nietzsche defined nihilism "the aim is lacking; why? finds no answer. "The way leads round around the goal; / and aimlessly returns into itself." The human being needs a goal, a leading star above \mathbf{T} to give his life meaning. But if his striving is not rewarded with success, he may lose all motivation. It is strange that even if his striving is highly rewarded, as when Tolstoy was at the peak of fame, he had his period of nihilistic gloom. He felt as if he had nothing more to strive for.

How to be immune against nihilistic depression in an age of crisis? If life is seen as a joyful play, an experimental game, then one would have to keep life in stimulating variety. But if life is seen as a task to perform, then the problem is whether the performance is crowned with success. In a competitive society the best achievement may be neither rewarded nor even recognized. Then, to prevent the disappointment of depressive nihilism, we have to remember that 'success is not up to us and is inessential.' "In the end praise shall be given / not for what we achieved but for what we have striven." "Wer immer strebend sich bemüht, den dürfen wir erlösen" (Faust, end). "Whoever strives in good endeavor can be saved." The true values we have to uphold are the good will in us, striving for our ideal and creating the good, the beautiful, and searching for the true. We have or even we *are* the good value. What is worthy in us is the good will. God looks down upon you holding his hand over you, weighing your works and your wounds that you suffer and accepting you as his child.

In a different dimension of reality, if you feel the shroud of nothingness enveloping you, let it extinguish all earthly lusts of pleasure and power, so you can also submit to the peace of the night as to an infinite Nirvana of liberating rest: "Bald ruhest du auch." As a rain drop in the ocean, we can dissolve in the Nirvana* of the Spirit.

^{*}Nir = out, vana = blowing, "wehen, wind," extinguishing material existence.

126 -

Psychogram of the Naught.

Man, the great denier, pretends to be positive, good, so he looks up to the spirit. But the spirit itself may dissolve the world of matter, and man's feelings oppose the spirit. Life destroys other life instead of huddling together for help. A striving toward one thing runs away from another, want is lack rather than will. Questioning undermines, conditions refuse. Relations make relative, shaking the absolute. Light, a radiation of matter, may dissolve its mother. Fire destroys. Sound waves may shatter. The loudest shouts are screams of rebellion. Power corrupts. The 'This' opposes the other and the unity of the all, equality opposes differentiation. Parts may destroy the whole. 'Before and Above' seem stalwarts of affirmation, yet a leader may destroy his followers and a lord may crush his underlings. A man refuses what for him is too high or too low. A man may act through tools toward a goal. But his knife for a tool may become a weapon against himself. Instead of acting outward he may withdraw within to the realm of his dreams.



Action seems positive in one direction. But it clashes with reaction

on the same plane. Existence may clash with other existence in the same time and space. But usually one speck of existing matter is separated by an abyss of time or space from another speck, and these gaps of relation prevent communication. Suns may explode without warning the neighboring stars.

Matter in space and time, the foundation of existence in this reality, is dispersed like moving dust in a wind of naught. Matter itself may explode into energy and energy may dissolve in the infinite abyss and be forgotten by the creative spirit that refuses his creatures and returns to pure contemplation of itself: Spirit within Spirit.

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CHAPTER 13. WHAT'S GOOD TODAY?

The Meaning of Goodness

- = r = good, positive (plus, the shape of the cross). 'R' as in Right

Patients' Poems Goodness

I

Radiating wonder flowing down from the endless source of the spirit whose nature you are spreading among us sustaining all life in love.

II.

Warming light shining from each star reflected in planets and moons beaming from each scattered spark sharing of its small self giving and giving up selfless sacrifice of the substance of existence.

III.

The warmth of a kind word and a helping hand meeting mine. A wholesome fruit offered by beauty's tree. A refreshing drink from a clear spring.

IV.

The goodness of a human being, trusting and trusted beauty in harmony, when thought-feel-will, word-deed are one united in cosmic concord of love with the eternal Spirit.

Similar Sounds. $x g \leftarrow \bigcirc d z \not| \bigcirc b$ h r w j L r n v m r $\Delta U u \wedge i I \not| \rightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc$ R, rrr, is the trilled sound of a purring cat

that feels 'good' and loves (R as in Right). But just as the symbol + is both vertical and horizontal, 'r' can vibrate in front and in back: the tongue tip drrr and the uvular grrr in contrast to the lip 'brrr,' to show cold. This may symbolize different types of goodness: inner spiritual good (gUr, $\bigcirc \land +$), human goodness (ur $\land +$) or life-giving goodness (or, $\land +$) or good feeling, pleasure (rO, $+ \circlearrowright \lor$), which many (hedonists) confuse with happiness (UrO, $\land + \circlearrowright \lor$), or the ultimate good. brO $\frown \frown \circlearrowright$ is the together-goodness of love. Relative (x, -), and questionable (h, 2) is the goodness of power, again often confused with absolute value, as children confuse 'r' with 'w' saying 'bwing' for 'bring.' Power's goodness would be to protect and help the spirit, as Cain should have been his 'brother's keeper' and not his killer. The fateful relation "might makes right" should be reformed to "right have might"; the good should have power, the best should win.

There is a frontal lip vibration near w: 'v' \oint for 'action.' Activism for its own sake is dangerous in the atomic age. The good action is creation that leads to contemplation of the spirit. Active helpful power or goodness, radiating like light \bigwedge i and working 'together' (b, \frown) in a quality (m, \smile) of harmony (rOb) and love (brO, +Q, PO). (The etymological meaning of 'good' is near be-get-on, fitting to-gether in cosmic concord).

This quality Phythagoras compared to roundness (L, \bigcirc) , a sphere, being the most perfect shape. Sun and moon are round: the shape of the greatest volume or smallest surface. We should develop in an all-around way with all our faculties; and our lifetime should flow in an even parabola from birth to peak to death; or in a circle originating from God and returning to God. Good flows all around and returns to itself. ('L' is so similar to 'R' that Canton-Chinese

(and Japanese) confuse both into L (or r). Dental or alveolar (central) r is near 'd, z, n' or of vowels 'e and E.' 'n' is the dental nasal for quantity _____]. If we all had enough, we would not fight for (limited) supply. Good is what gives happiness to most (Bentham). We can accept this if the millenial[†] majority is measured. d = through, by means. drE = money, also often confused with the ultimate goal, while the Language of Space shows its mediary nature, it is a material means to an end, which should be spiritual. It has part-(z,) value under certain conditions (Q,). The absolute good is the permanent value, a constant goal. (Calderon's constant prince keeps his faith in torture and death.) Goodness should be of equal (j,) value to all (cf.

'Equal Justice, Equality under the Law'); Kant's categorical imperative; the golden rule: Do unto others the same as you want them to do to you. Love your neighbor as you love yourself.

Similar Symbols.

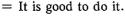
The cross of goodness was described by a child as grace flowing down from the infinite above to this here and now, to me below,

and spreading equally to all around. The plus-sign with its

vertical line of existence, positively crosses out the (horizontal) negation (the minus sign). Goodness refutes negation. The cross radiates in all directions.

The soul feels: "What is good for me, should be good for all.

aUI's imperative is ethical and ends in -rv, +4 .* Do it!



128 🗂

*Weilgart, 1974, aUI, The Language of Space, Grammar, p. 48

[†]i.e. lasting thru thousands of years as the Bible-the Vedas, or Homer.

Why Be Good? 2+ In mankind there is a mystery of evil, a senseless malice, a perverse kill- or death-drive. We know not why. And there is a miracle of goodness, and when it strikes us, we too wonder why. People whose son we saved may hate us, and others whom we have offended may help us.

Simple goodness appears more often in children, primitives, shepherds, and farmers. It seems too rare among the sophisticated, intellectuals, among the rich powermen. It seems more and more prohibited among politicians and demagogues and shrewd diplomats in their professional life. But goodness occurs in the man of genius and wisdom. Goethe saved Schiller and helped Grillparzer, both considered his rivals in dramatic fame—the rarest form of generous goodness. William James helped Richard Bucke, recognizing cosmic consciousness. S. Freud and the two great Alberts, Einstein and Schweitzer, were sages of good work. In America men like Allport, and Menninger, V. Frankl and N. Borlaug are doctors of good works. One thinks of research and science as unpractical. But Norman Borlaug breeding his manifold-yielding grain has fed more mouths than the most charitable sentimentalists. Pasteur by preventing spoilage through germs, paid alone the war debts of France, which before had guillotined his idol, Lavoisier, the genius of chemistry. Over-population and starvation is solved in nature, on primitive islands by competitive selection: only the bird with the most beautiful song gets territory and bride, and only the boys who pass the passage rites and the initiation tests are worthy to procreate. Can the good and wise survive?

In the story of mankind it is a mystery how little the miracle of goodness, even if bonded with wisdom and fame, is recognized or valued. Soon after the fall, innocent Abel in God's grace was killed by Cain, the jealous man of shrewd power. Since then history is written in the blood of the good and wise. Socrates was poisoned, Christ was crucified and M. L. King was assassinated, and even in their death none of them were able to convince the cynics, or convert the hardened hearts to the wisdom of goodness. Goodness has been considered throughout human history as a starry eyed ideal, unpractical in daily life and certainly in power politics. Yet in the atomic age, only wisdom of goodness could save mankind from suicidal war. Only in the spirit of neighbor's love can mankind now survive.

I am not so naive to think that this will persuade anybody to be good or to do good. But there are many men of good will who are ashamed of being suspected of goodness by sophisticated critics. Maybe our arguments will make these good men immune against derision, attack and despair. So let us dare to speak a good word for good works.

What's Good Today? Even the word "good" has come out of style among sophisticated hacks. Instead, sociologists use the word "socially desirable" or "well-adjusted," as if the 'many' knew what is good for them. Under such education the naive youth falls back on crude hedonism: 'Good is what I like here and now,' good is pleasure, the goal of my drives. And the politicians and demagogues shout and act on the theme might makes right, and power is good for its own sake.

In nature pleasure (or joy) and power (or strength) serve life or survival of the species. Pleasure and pain are nature's conscience, they should tell what is good and bad. But luxury societies' sophistication has invented thousands of pleasures that do not help survival of the single individual let alone of the species of man. Liquor, nicotine and other drugs may harm our health. In man's progress away from nature's drives, feelings are no longer reliable guides to the good. In over-population sex does no longer serve to multiply the good and wise. A playboy's hedonism may seem innocent, but if a psychopathic parasite monopolizes dozens of girls, dozens of worthier working men will be without wives and children. In a luxury society sages and saints are crowded out and die out without joy. If a luxury society gains power and powermen take over the world's wealth, mankind's idealistic minorities must starve and die by genocide.

Pleasure on a higher plane can become the joy of health that helps survive and even the joy of the freed spirit. Power can be the strength that is needed for survival and even for protecting one's children and disciples. We might even need the power of propagating our faith in wisdom and goodness. And power can come from faith in God's omnipotence that flows through the believer. But neither Buddha nor Socrates, neither Christ nor Krishna had earthly power. We need no power to be good inside, but we may need strength or even power to do good to others.

Power and pleasure should be no ends in themselves. They could be means to help us serve a higher goal. Joy could encourage and reward us and power enable us to pursue it. Giving others happinenss, joy, health and strength through encouraging kindness may be a faculty of

a good man. 4+0, kindness, 'Güte' or benevolence may be of the essence of good-

ness. But in a limited hard world wisdom and justice must find and select* the man we should lend a helping hand.

5 Do Good. There is a goodness of being and a goodness of doing. Good being may radiate

joy and good doing may need strength. Good doing may flow from good being, as a good tree gives good fruit. An activist might never look into himself to ask that question: Is my inner essence good enought to be fulfilled in action? He will simply feel good in acting out. In the evolution of the higher life, the lower forms would have to serve. The grass should feed the cow and the cow should feed the child. But among humans the lower forms are usually the more brutal self-asserting forms. Powerful activists should protect and foster the man of the spirit. Instead they force him to serve them or they destroy the vessel of the spirit. Since the activists are most greedy for material rewards, their actions rushing toward these things on a horizontal plane clashed with reactions from other activists and both would destroy each other—and the upward building creators, the quiet contemplators, could survive. But in the atomic age even the innocent bystanders are destroyed. So we need a hierarchy of values of action.

"Do unto others as you want them to do to you" this golden rule of neighbor's love works for basic equal needs, if all are alike and know what is good for them. If their wishes = wants = needs, and if they are worthy to have their needs fulfilled, they should be served. Should I take milk from a starving calf to feed a distant child? Yes, if $V \cdot i \cdot p \cdot v \cdot I \cdot P$, i.e. if the greater value of the child times its Increase (or help) times the ever so small probability of help will outweigh: the small value of the calf times its increase or service through the milk times the great probability of its death. Some feel that we should not make differences among humans: "Love thy neighbor as thyself" but this imperative is preceded by: "Love God above all." All men should be loved as vessels of the spirit including oneself. In so far as I am not a vessel of the spirit, I despise or hate myself. So likewise I do not have to love evil in my neighbor. I should love God in him as in me.

In helping him, even if I do not love him, by doing good, can I become good—enough to enter heaven? Protestants are saved by grace or faith in God's grace (but not by faith in other special dogmas); Catholics also by good works. What, if I bring water to my enemy dying in a desert? Is this not the more heroic the more I inwardly hate him? Psychoanalysis might solve this dilemma by an ecomenic synthesis: if you still hate your brother in your subconscious soul, while quenching his thirst, in a Freudian slip you will stumble and drop the jug on his skull. In hate you can only go through the motions of a good work, you can not truly fulfill it. So you

first must learn to love him (cf. \mathcal{O} feeling) by compassion with his suffering, or by the very

triumph of your help, which can convert him from an enemy into a friend.

If the man were by nature not only your enemy, but the enemy of God, a compulsive killer or demonic tyrant, who might destroy mankind in a war, it is doubtful whether the golden rule or neighbor's love commands you to save him, because if you felt that you had become a compulsive killer, you would kill yourself. You should save a man as a vessel of the spirit of God.

Be Good! If good of doing flows from the grace of the goodness of being, how do I recognize a good tree?* The good tree stretches his branches to the sky. It is one with sun and wind. Goodness is natural harmony, oneness, with the cosmic spirit, the plan of God. Contemplative goodness "knowledge of God" may mean cosmic consciousness (Bucke, 1973, p. 277) and find the deepest truth. Creative goodness may radiate beauty in works of art. (Homer, Phidias, Leonardo da Vinci, Michelangelo, Shakespeare, Goethe, Schiller, Mozart, Beethoven, Bahaullah, Schweitzer, Einstein, Gandhi, King were creators or contemplators of goodness.) A human being can be a beautiful soul, anima pulchra, schöne Seele (as Goethe calls it in Wilhelm Meister) as a flower is beautiful by nature, innocent and one with the universe. There is no ego; drives and duties are one. The soul loves to do good: a vessel and vehicle of goodness. The humble dandelion, radiant like the sun; the tall sunflower rising to the light; the butterfly fluttering drunk with bliss, beautiful like the flowers, they all are images of the beautiful soul. There are human beings blessed with this goodness as by a miracle. They are microcosms of the mind, mirroring the macrocosm of the universe in a pure soul, a radiating diamond rotating as a wheel.

We may be "Born again" into this union. "The union of the soul with God is its second birth and therein consists man's immortality and freedom" (Spinoza, p. 86). The Buddha of Kamakura, the Boddhisatva of Nara show the meditating or wondering bliss of illumination and transfiguration. Michelangelo in his creation of Adam and Milton in his paradise showed

^{*}Creative goodness is tested in WERT, Weilgart Ethos Rime Test, 1966.

132 +

how goodness can be created in a miracle of grace; all knowledge came from knowledge of God (Spinoza). Men, wise by . . . inspiration of cosmic consciousness (Bucke), could lead mankind out of the impasse of the atomic age. If instead of hush-kill, the U.N. had adopted Einstein's and Schweitzer's peace plan for the atomic age, mankind could now enjoy a creative world-peace with plenty for all.

For the holy of heart to come out of the blissful state of cosmic contemplation, out of the pure paradise of the kingdom of God into this harsh world, and try to act upon its ruthless representatives standing behind a cold wall of contempt—all this is like a sacrifice of soul. Yet the savior is treated as if he selfishly wanted to force his will upon the world for his own glorification. He is both despised and envied, hated and killed.

The prophets are the ones who love God above all, for they are first open to his word then filled with his spirit. Then they try to radiate it into mankind. But conventional language gives them no words that can be understood by the people in the meaning of the spirit: except he could speak in cosmic communication, (Weilgart, 1974).

"One effort more, my altar this bleak sand;

that Thou oh God, my life hast lighted,

with ray of light, steady, ineffable, vouchsafed of Thee,

light rare untellable, lighting the very light,

beyond all signs, descriptions, languages.

For that, oh God, be it my latest word, here on my knees,

old, poor, and paralyzed, I thank thee." (W. Whitman's Prayer of Columbus, P. 322.)

The beautiful soul is grateful to God, but the world knows no thanks to his prophet, whose good work and labor is an offering in love. The irreplaceable vessel of the spirit is often not loved by the world. Summum bonum diffusivum sui, the highest good spends itself like a radiating sun. "But the darkness received it not." (John I)

'Doing good in the spirit of being good' would mean to act from a state of grace. Paul felt: "Not I act, but Christ acts in me." Work can be an offering of love so that it leads to contemplation of the spirit in self and others. Act so in goodness, that you become in these actions open to the best and highest that mankind has created. Live so that your eyes can open to the starry sky. If we still are one with the art of the past we could say: go about your business so that you can behold a Sistine Madonna by Raphael or a Pietà by Michelangelo. A Beethoven or Goethe lived by the motto: act so that you can bring forth creation that leads to comtemplation. "Gute Gedanken und ein reines Herz," have a heart so pure that it can bear great thought. Avoid all (ugly and hyprocritical) actions that will disturb the peace of your soul, (den See der Seele) The lake of the Logos should be quiet, so it can mirror the stars.

The good man should lead mankind to the light of the spirit. Light means beauty and truth, the blessings of the spirit, loved by the soul. Creation brings forth the absolute within the concrete; it is a harmony of matter with spirit, spirit* realized within matter. The contemplative scientist realizes and recognizes the absolute in the concrete, the one in the many, the cosmic law. Man was created in the image of the creator to create. If he can not create,he will seek his thrill in destroying. What Bucke called the "exalted men" of the spirit as leaders would be the only ones who would not misuse power,because they are humble vessels of the spirit, waiting patiently for inspiration. These leaders would not misuse the law of equal justice, because any one who might be inspired could lead. And all would equally profit by being led by the spirit. In the atomic age the leadership of the wisest and the best is no longer just an ideal: it is the condition for survival.

^{*}See under 'Spirit' U, and WERT, Weilgart 1966.

Goodness = Love? "The love of God is man's only true good" says Spinoza. A Greek would say we should love 'goodness, beauty and truth.' It is good to love goodness, but not evil. Love is a relation, which is as good as its object or subject. Christianity equates good with all-loving. God is love. Plato speaks of love for beauty and truth, but hardly for the ugly wretched and decrepit, which would seem to him coprophilia, perverted love for dirt. The Greeks, like nature, had little charity for defectives: Protagoras asked: can sentimentality heal an idiot into a genius or a criminal into a saint? The Greeks rather stressed justice or knowledge and wisdom as equal to goodness. In Greece, the Kaloskagathos—the good-and-fair should be rewarded. A beautiful wise Apollo might be without (charitable) love (except loving beautiful nymphs); for to his beauty most other creatures seemed inferior. Why love them? He could only love himself and other beings as beautiful as himself (if there are equals to his sun. Is it his sister, the moon)?

Even in Christianity very soon 'faith' superseded love and mercy. One was justified by faith, even without works of love. And soon faith—instead of trust in God's goodness,—meant professing specific dogmas. If a man were caught and suspected of violating them, he was accused of heresy and burnt in torture. As Robespierre thought of himself as a good socialist, Torquemanda believed himself a Christian in this sense of justice. He justified his sadism by faith. If Torquemada had been an honest pagan, one with his drives, he could have said "sure I like to torture people. I have the power to kill these helpless minorities, so why not enjoy it?" He could have still left them their integrity;but as a Christian he must say even to himself: "I must be loving. I can not be cruel." So in self-righteous rationalization he must project all viciousness into them: they must be devils to deserve to be tortured. "It is my sacred duty to torture them. It is my sin that I am being soft on them. I must overcome my weakness in God's service." Heretics 'justly deserved' to be tortured to death. Justice superseded mercy, and dogmatic 'truth' outranked beauty and love.

Suffering. Christ's blessing for those who suffer for God, originally meant for the Christian martyrs and against the Roman pagans, was fulfilled against the power of the church. God in His scales of justice seems to weigh triumphant evil against suffering goodness. Triumphant evil would earn God's wrath: He would have to destroy mankind, if evil triumphed. What balances the scales of justice, what ransoms mankind from God's wrath, is the humble suffering of the righteous, who carry the cross of Christ. Six million Jews were exterminated in Nazi concentration camps, two further millions are marked for extermination by Fatah fanatics. Suffering becomes tolerable only by faith and hope in the world of the spirit, from whose viewpoint this vale of tears is a prelude or a dream. We only dream for a while our suffering and death, our bliss will be in eternal life.

The Origin of Evil. The cosmic origin of evil is the Naught. When the contemplative Spirit became creator, nothingness* became the destroyer. Mother Night envying God's creatures for God's love, would find vengeance in destroying them.

God created man in the image of the creator for contemplation of his creation in joy. In the garden of Eden were two trees, the tree of life and the tree of knowledge (of knowing good and evil, of self-conscious conscience). The destroyer serpent seduced Adam and Eve to become individual, to fall out of the oneness with God, by becoming one in themselves, life (Eve) becoming one with the man of earth (Adam). By eating the apple of lust or carnal knowledge, rather than the apple from the tree of life, man became immoral instead of immortal. (The Olympic gods were immortal, and so their immoral fights could only hurt but not kill them. There were

^{*}See preceding chapter on anti-, Y-, Negation.

only wrestling plays: comedies instead of tragedies.) But man must play with death. After the fall man was free—to fight and kill. Abel tried to return to Adam's original union with God, and his offering was accepted. Cain would have had the conscious freedom of choice: he could have admired his little brother and asked him how to commune with God, to learn to be good, but he chose to envy him for the grace of God's love and so he slew him, in vengeance, to be the only one, whom God could love—or the one whom God could hate. But it is Cain who becomes the main founder of the human race, a race of killers. How many are "tekna diabolou," devil's brood as St. John I and Luther calls them? They pose as materialistic realists. But in their greed of the flesh for the values of matter they fight with each other and destroy mankind in the atomic age. Christ then as son of God becomes the supreme sacrifice, suffering for mankind. Again mankind did not accept the paradise of his kingdom, taught in his poetic parables. As Cain killed Abel, man kills God. Should this mean the ultimate guilt of man, a murder of eternal damnation or a redemptive sacrifice of free will? Has mankind accepted God's sacrifice? Has mankind become Christlike in union with God?

Free for Good and Evil. Could man be free only if he was free to kill and destroy? Would not a freedom to create have been enough? What if man had been free not only to eat from all trees (except the tree of knowledge of evil) but even to create all the fruits? Would it not be freedom enough to choose between creating the works of Michelangelo or Shakespeare? An 'Arahat,' a Hindu holy man of wisdom and goodness is free from 'upadana,' from any desire (from lust, hate and delusion). Adam and Eve coveted the apple of lust, Cain coveted Abel's superior grace, the killers of Christ envied his power of pure spirit and tried to assert their absolute power to kill what seemed beyond their worldly reach. In the realm of feelings,* man's worst danger is hate from envy and revenge. "But the vengeance is mine" says the Lord. Mark Twain found the "remedy" vengeance in imagination. He tortured his captain in his dreams so he did not have to kill him in action. Would man have to give up all his selfish desires for pleasure and pride in power, and recognize all material values as emptiness and vanity, throw off all his lusts for worldly riches as rags,—to bare his pure soul to the spirit? Could only such a pure soul, at peace with himself, be at peace with mankind and God?

Psychogram



Goodness beams from Spirit above. Goodness is enjoyed in togetherness sharing the inner $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ soul. Goodness in the rays of light shines as $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ beauty. Beauty enhances existence into life. Good as essence is perfect in itself like $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ a sphere rolling around itself, like an auspicious current. Goodness in action moves $\checkmark \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ well toward a de-



134 ----

sired goal through means, $H \rightarrow$ which are useful as tools.

First things must come first before the goal is reached: a hierarchy of values, the to be criteria and need for life.

The good man looks upward **[** to the supreme good; he looks into himself and to his fellowman with whom he works together and whom he should love 200 and help. Man sees himself good in relations of equality, which he considers right and just. There is a deep equality in the consistency of truth. The equality of truth can be first intuited then proven in mathematical quantities, in whose field all should relate to all. Quantity of matter or material is good in the sense that one **1 H** unlimited quantity of supply would satisfy all demands and eliminate 1 the need for rivalry, war and destruction of life. But man, besides his craving for material goods, craves unlimited power not only over good space and time (land and leisure), good things in nature, (fruits P-Po and beasts), but over his fellowman. Instead of singing beautiful songs, he boosts his ego by shouting •X (* slogans. This worldly power can never be equal: not each can be superior to all. Only one can be supreme. This is why power can not bring universal happiness. Neither can happiness be in 4 action as long as action is limited to partial conditions that may fail. Worldly pleasures are in short and unreliable supply and are bound to favorable conditions. Even if they are available, our feelings $\mathcal{O}_{\overline{1}} \overline{\mathcal{O}}_{\mathcal{O}}$ may not respond. And we may grow tired of it all, after fighting for it and winning. Power is superficial and pleasure is shallow. Action 4 is of limited results. All this seems vanity to the eye of contemplation. But in the contemplation of the infinite cosmic spirit we find a constant love. And this love of God is the Spirit's joy.

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136 -

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CHAPTER 14. HERE WE GO ROUND

 \bigcirc = L = Roundness, a circle within a circle.

Poem Book

Patients' Poems

I. Return.

Round ball rolling around itself, returning ever to itself whole all-in-all, microcosm concentric to which gyrates the macrocosm's dome. Hollow vault loop in loop ball in ball shell in shell. Thing closed in itself safe and secure surrounded by the magic circle of protection. Oval ovum, chick in egg shell embryo huddled together warm in womb of self contemplation: its whole soul.

IIa. **Regress.** Langsam drehet sich der Reigen der Gestalten welche schweigen denn sie kennen ihre Kreise und sie wissen ihre Weise ist auch längst verhallt das Lied. Nach den Tönen welche waren fügen sie zu müden Schaaren, Lösen sich in ihrer Bahn. Nach Erfüllung ihrer Runde sinket jede stumm zu Grunde auf dem Fleck der sie gebar.

IIb. Where are the Tunes of Yesterday? Slowly turns the roundalay of the silent shapes that sway still around the erst-while ring each remembering its way.

Though the tune they can not bring back—it died so long ago—, every dance step still they know. Holding hands around the loop join and lose the tired group.

On completing each its round silently sinks to the ground on the spot that gave it birth.

The two poems meditate on roundness. One saying yes the other no to it. The first sees a circle within the circle as symbol of self's microcosm, as image of the macrocosm of the universe. The soul returns to itself.

But if the ego returns to 'the spot that gave it birth in matter' this may be regression (II) that prevents preparation of the future, the adventure of finding new goals. Often instead of returning to our true point of origin—which may be the image of our goal—we go around and around the peak of fulfillment, without daring the ascent.

138 🔘

Ibsen's Peer Gynt meets "big-crooked," who seduces him to go around the goal instead of head-on solving the problem. But then no problem can ever be truly solved except within the soul that dissolves in the Spirit.

The symbol for Round is an "en-cycle," a circle growing within a circle. This means the microcosm within the macrocosm. In the sphere Pythagoras and Plato saw the symbol of perfection. The soul is a sphere. Emerson* says: "Nature centers into balls" and quotes St. Augustine "God's nature is a circle whose center is everywhere and whose periphery is nowhere." A cosmic mandala was revealed to Dante. "The eye is the first circle. The horizon . . . is the second and throughout nature this primary figure is repeated without end. It is the highest emblem in the cipher of the world . . . around every circle another can be drawn

 (\bigcirc)). It means that there is no end in nature, but every end is a beginning. The life of man is a self-evolving circle which rushes on all sides outwards to new and larger circles.*

 $\wedge \Delta$ ut@=01

Similar Sounds. n r L j z d In aUI, L = round, r = good. Both are dental sonants, r vibrating the tip, L the tongue's sides. These sounds are so similar that they coincide:

in Chinese[†]) in L, in Japanese in 'r.' As symbols \bigcirc and + complement each other. Jung^{**} combines cross and circle in a radiating sun wheel (+) (+), (+) the symbol of

salvation, the swastika, misused by the Nazis. The mandala or halo means totality, wholeness, holiness. The Holy Ghost is a spiral similar to our doublecircle (p. 227). Romulus started Rome with a round pit, a magic circle of protection. Rome, the mundus, should be the mirror of the cosmos. Washington D.C., like Paris and Vienna (with its 'ring' and 'belt' = Gürtel) are radial concentric cities. Notre Dame's rose window, as Buddha's Lotus flower, symbolizes the wholeness of the soul. The Navaho medicine man draws a magic circle around his patient as symbol for cosmic life, remembering the planets' orbit and shape.

'L = r, round is good, L is good.' The liquid sound of 'L' predominates in activating battle cries as a blessing, rolling the armies against the enemy. The Greeks chanted: AllalAh, allal-Ah, machómetha; (= let's fight) aláchete, lambánete ta hopla hopla hópsasá. Alexander was replaced by Allah's prophet Mahomet or Muhammad: "La ilaha illa Allah; Muhammad rasul Allah." The Marseillaise's "allons" and the Nazis' "Heil Hitler," shouted like "Hail Hilla," use the same a-L-i phoneme: ('z,d' other voiced dentals could be related by context: z = part, cutting apart as a secant cuts 'through' (d) a circle or an attack cuts through the army.) Nearer related are the dental nasal n and the voiced vibrant j approaching the sonant 'y.'

'N' brings us to the geometric or quantitative aspect of the round, the circle, the sphere. An inflated balloon will be a sphere, because it fits the greatest volume (of air) within a given surface (of skin). As a circle accommodates the greatest area within a given circumference. (See mathematics below). 'j' = equal; circle (and sphere) keeps the same distance from a center in two (or three) dimensions.

u,U: in old French Isolde, Isolt became Iseut. 'L' became u. In English 'should,' Germanic 'sollte' sprouted an u from the L. Likewise the round cosmos could sprout the spirit U as the

^{†)} Cantonese

^{*}R. W. Emerson, Essays, X. Circles. p. 281-3; tcantonese

^{**}Jung, C. G., Man and his Symbols, p. 240-9, p. 227.



spirit engendered the cosmos. Creation-destruction-contemplation-creation could be the spirit's cycle. Modern man seems too proud to return to his origin in contemplation. He wants to go on and on in precipitous progress.

Primitive man lived in roundish caves or igloo-domes and contemplated around a center of essence in cosmic circles. 'Y': between 'u' and j sounds 'Y,y.' The cosmic cycle may equate creation, dissolution or annihilation. In symbols, the naught nis an oval similar to the circles of the round.

Similar Symbols.

The nearest yault is the circle of space. Einstein saw our universe round -a breathing ball: the smaller circle could be a systole, the larger the diastole. Most bodies filling it are round balls. And so are their orbits, reflecting their hollow container, space. But why make time a round? Some see it as one-dimensional directed stream. But they are goal-setting teleologists. Natural time, though it may progress, goes around in periods. So we measure time by the revolutions of earth, moon (or sun). The hands of our clocks go around. Tides and seasons go round in



periods. Trees bloom and fruit. Women have moonlike menses. Mankind likes each 30 years, each generation, a peak of depression, violence, revolution and war, to play a merry-go-round roulette game with death. In space and time the main motions go around. Spiral nebula, planet, electron . . . coconuts, tumbleweed and volvox roll. Man even if he drives ahead, rolls on wheels that spin around. The sun rolling over NW horizon may have been the prototype of the wheel. Man could not have learnt if from animals. Higher animals would lose their direction if they rolled along. But if a living wheel were turning around a stable axis its nerves or Life looks like a loop in a cosmic cycle:

blood connections would be torn off.

the life cycle: it rises from round ovum or seed to bloom and fruit and sinks down into death in even periods. (See biology below)

Light seems to move in straight rays, but it radiates around in all directions and even the light-ray itself seems to bend around celestial bodies as Einstein found: ultimately after encircling our universe it may return to its source. Goethe sees the eye as image of the sun. "War' nicht das Auge sonnenhaft, die Sonne könnt' es nie erblicken. (Were not the eye a sunlike orb, could it sun's image e'er absorb?) Jung considers the halo, the radiant mandala and the rainbow as light's symbols.

We sense or feel light's quality . 'Feeling' has a roundish symbol, M feminine and involved. Kretschmer's pyknic and Sheldon's endomorphic surrounded manic-depressive cycles with their round bodies. Feelings flow round within us and around their beloved or hated center. $\frown \odot \odot \odot$ Equidistant from the periphery a center must be inside

a circle or sphere. It may be the feeling of self-contemplation, the feeling spirit, the soul. A sphere has the greatest content with the smallest surface. A 'spheric man,' in a superficial society would hold a deep treasure of inner soul.

6 Conditions or circumstances surround us outside. Fortune's wheel must turn around. But both are questionable. Questioning surrounds a problem. Questions and problems surround us

Roundness is still a questionable mysterious quality and 'quality' is a feminine round concept, intuited emotionally rather than described. The thing itself, also something

140

round, surrounded by a bag, enclosed by a shell—what makes it a thing? A chair may be a thing—a bench, consisting in a ledge on a meadow becomes a thing, only if we use it as bench Togetherness can be likened to roundness, if the companand mark it off. ion surrounds the self as does mother's womb. Could there be mutual surrounding in em-Part cuts roundness apart, denies its wholeness. Roundness is antibrace? A part denies all-round wholeness, as the part, totality. man of action realizes only a part of cosmic essence and destroys the other. When all round cosmic minds die out, so does humanity, even all life. We need the whole cosmic soul to survive.

Science of Circles and Spheres. Mathematics needs only one magnitude, the radius r, to measure them in all dimensions. The equation $x^2 + y^2 (+ z^2) = r^2$ shows symmetrical compensation. It makes no differences to Y whether e.g. x = +1 or -1, right = left, above = below, as the mystic feels it. The bigger the x, the smaller the y . . . &c. We find the myster-

ious \mathcal{T} that hints at infinity. Circle and sphere keeping the same distance r from their

center imply equality of each of their peripheral points. A cyclic group like i -1, the powers of i, $i^2 = -1$, $i^3 = -i$, $i^5 = i$, $=i^n + 4$, returns to its origin as the reincarnate

soul. The sine-curve shows periods as wayes.

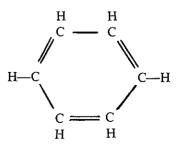
Physics shows a sphere as the greatest volume (4 π r³/3) in a given surface 4r² π)or a circle as the greatest area $r^2 \pi$ within a given circumference $2r \pi$. A ball bounces because its round shape defends it against reduction of volume. Any distortion would diminish

its size. Suns, moons, stars are round. A drop of oil weightless in a water-alcohol mixture, floats as yellow sphere of constant cohesion. A raindrops drags a streamlined tail falling through the air. Electrons like planets circle around their centers, atoms or suns, whose attraction stays constant.

Technology for millenia has used the wheel for smooth riding. The vehicle's box must stay the same height above the ground. If wheels were oval it would bob up and down. Cogged wheels or gears keep gripping each other because of the equal distance of their centers. Our) is used as internal gears rotating in same direction (as symbol of micro- and en-cycle (mascro-cosm). Rotary engines, turbines and propellers screw themselves into water or air. Electric condensers are balls with minimum surface.

The chemist Kekule dreamed of a snake biting its tail to explain Carbon atoms closed in themselves in a benzene ring. Pauling completed the symmetry. Mendeleev found the periodic structure of the elements.

Biology knows cycles of metabolism e.g. oxygen and Hnitrogen cycles, a cyclic food chain. Water sleeps in the ocean, then is pulled up into clouds by the sun and again drops back to earth and sea as rain. In water, the blood circulates through our bodies, and air as breath streams in periods. A volvox colony rolls around in the water to provide each member with



the same chance, a rotating metabolism. Radiolaria like flowers radiate all around, dandelion and sunflower seem images of the sun, a puffball like a bomb explodes its spores all around and a tree spreads branches in central symmetry. Sedentary anemones show radial symmetry, but an animal progressing in one direction needs a front different from its rear.

Morphology shows round algae, spores and ova, the oval egg, the round berry, cherry, orange, grapefruit, melon, or coconut. The round ladybeetle, and turtle (like hedgehog) surround their bodies with a minimum of armament surface and we cuddle roundess in pets. Humans get attached to their lengthy bodies' roundish parts and appendages, which they mold and fondle.

Psychology knows feedback and reverberating circuits in compulsion and addiction. The more an alcoholic drinks, the more he has to drink. The more a compulsive washes, the more he must wash. From burning alcohol a man must get thirstier. So he tries to replace quality by quantity: an unfit substitute leaves unsatisfied. If Lady Macbeth would wash off guilt, she may feel: if I cleanse myself thousand times in this wrong way, it may replace one time in the right way. The more a drunkard drinks, the more he gets despised. To forget his disgrace he must drink—a vicious circle. It could be solved by truly revolving contemplation.

Man is his primitive state liked to think around a problem and return to the center of es-

sense. But modern activists emphasize the frontal assault and want to progress on and on

in the same direction. Woman still stays a round reservoir of receptive conception. In aUI

he = vu 4/, she = yvu 4/ or 6/, Lu, the round human, who surrounds the fruit of her body.

Primitive man lived in round caves or igloos and dome shaped twig huts, revived in B. Fuller's geodesic dome. But sky scrapers rise proudly in unorganic square shapes to crash in atomic attacks.

Logic frowns on circular definitions but we read: "good is what is socially desirable . . . desirable is what ought to be desired . . . what ought to be is what is good." Circular conclusions

induces rules from which we deduct as if they were primary laws—an eternal perpetual motion, a constant petitio principii, begging the ultimate question: what should be proven is taken for granted. Jews are evil because they are satan's brood. How do you know that? Because they are evil. In absolute logic, we conclude: "All men are mortal, Socrates is a man, so he must be mortal." But how do we know that he is a man, unless we first wait till he dies from poison and proves that he is mortal. He might be a visiting god. An how do we know that all men are mortal, unless we first wait until all have died? A man snapped the door and forgot the key inside. So how can he open the door to get at the key?

Religion finds compensation between this world and the realm beyond: the more we have suffered here the more we might be rewarded in heaven, or: the more we have sinned in one life the more we might suffer in another incarnation. Whether x is positive or negative makes no difference in the circular function. $y = \pm \sqrt{1 - x^2}$: the first will be the last, who lowers himself should be exalted. Religion solves the mystery. The mystic feels: we come from God, and bloom and fruit here on earth, and go back to God—in the eternal circle of the whole creation, dissolved in contemplation of the Spirit.



Psychogram

A sphere is closed in itself and thus may not relate so well to other spheres. Leibniz's word is Monade.

Cubes or bricks, symbols of matter, would fit better together. But roundness is perfect in itself. Protected in itself, it does not need others for supplement or help.

The sources of light are round, surrounded by a halo. We feel sheltered in a round shell—for safety and warmth. Life begins as a blob.

Roundness is equal from all sides. The 'toward' is the 'from,' the end returns to the origin. Beginning = end. Goethe writes in the West Eastern Divan:



Dass du nicht enden kannst, das macht dich grosz, Und dass du nicht beginnst das is dein Los. Dein Lied ist drehend wie das Sterngewölbe— Anfang und Ende: immerfort dasselbe.

That you can never end, that makes you great; that you never begin, that is your fate. Your song revolves round star's eternal game. Beginning and the end is all the same.

This makes progress to outer aim a vain pursuit. The zero shows roundness as empty vanity, circling around itself. But like a spiral nebula revolving, it has meaning in itself as cosmic universe.

Space is a sphere. Space and time is round. Time returns to the beginning in oval periods. By the movement of planet, earth and moon we measure time. Roundness need not move, but when it does, we question the goal. In systolic contraction the goal is inside. A 'thing' is rounded in itself. It can be enclosed in a hand or bag. But we can not find its center. The cabala compares a human with an onion. It has many shells around the divine spark hidden inside. Roundness is a quality felt in love. One lover surrounds the other. As their nuclei unite, they may find the center of their soul.

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CHAPTER 15. FIRST QUALITY

 \bigcup m = Quality, adjectives end in -m

adverbs in -mQ, \bigcirc

Patients' Poem

"How are you?" 'Thanks, I'm fine' "Pay a fine for that lie if you're fine. So am I. "How are you?" 'I am blue.' "What d'you mean?" 'I am sad I feel mean I am bad.' "Are you mad?" 'I am not well Can't you see, can't you smell? I am rotten.' "This may be a transient trait, soon forgottennot innate perhaps a passing fancy or feature nature did not endow you as creature with this accidental behavior condition or are you a larva transformed in transition? It's not a property inmost owned but a mask, a fad, a fancy loaned . . . how are you? I ask for the essence of your being."

Qualities are described in adjectives. "A ball is round" But since it is the nature of a ball to be round, an idealist could say: the idea of roundness appears in this ball, rolls as this ball. What is really there? A thing or a substance that "has" qualities or just qualities, floating about, flocking for a while together in the syndrome of a thing? Or are both things and qualities only words, illusions of the mind? Snow is white, the tree is green.* The post is white, then I paint it green. The white cloud blushes red in the evening. Is it as essential for snow to be white as for a ball to be round? Could not frozen crystals be green? The 'tree greens' only when it sprouts. Part of the time parts of the tree are green. But these parts, the leaves, are most essential for the tree's life. If the leaf wilts, even though it keeps its size, weight, or shape, it is no longer a living leaf.** But if I paint a post-surface green, this may be just a whim—of mine,

*Kainz, F., 1972, Berlin, über die Sprachverführung des Denkens, Duncker & Humblot.

^{**}Locke however prefers his primary qualities.

not even of the post. Clouds shine rosy in reflected splendor-to my eve. And if I have an illusion or hallucination or an eye disturbance, I might see rainbow colors around anything. Some philosophers (e.g. Galilei and Locke) thought that only qualities like tall, long, wide . . . are reliable and essential. Although even stars expand into giants and shrink into dwarfs, the most permanent qualities would be measured quantities. Psychologists and humanists heard this from chemists and physicists. But is it true for living beings? Is it not much more essential for a plant to be green, then to be one foot tall? Soon it may be a yard tall and wide. A child will grow.

"Peggy is pretty" 'She is? I find her rude.' What does this mean? Instead of "she is attractive" he should say: "she attracts me" or "I like her." Rather than a quality inherent in her,

there is a feeling or drive in him or a relation of his qualities to hers. At best it is a subjective quality. But 'beauty' that leads to contemplation of the spirit, may mean an absolute quality that outlasts millenia.

The most dangerous judgement on qualities in the atomic age is: the projection of my inner attitudes or prejudiced relation into an essential quality e.g. of my enemy and

Oualities (How, 'poiotes'; idion. Eigenschaft)

	Subjective	Objective
Transient	boring	moving
Accidental	arousing	changing
Permanent	disgusting	heavy
Essential	lovely	large

rival. Since I compete with him in jealous envy, I judge him as (and make him) inherently evil, I give him a permanent invective slogan "he is a kike, and now I start, 'because' of his wickedness, an atomic war."

Against this danger we hold the Language of Space. The elements of aUI can be considered as qualities or components of all things or concepts. For each concept we combine all those qualities that are necessary and sufficient. Necessary and inherently essential to make the concept what it is, and sufficient to set it off as one thing against others. We are combining those qualities that are so characteristic and typical of this concept, that they are not, or least, shared by others. Leibniz called them unique. These qualities enter into our aUI description.

Since they are most permanent they may be considered elements or parts of this concept.

In aUI word-formation, the end is most essential and the modifiers precede as an adjective in English. os = animal, jE-os = water animal, fish. kE-jE-os = air fish, flying fish. But jEkE-os = water bird, duck. If properties are subjective they might be called aspects. E.g. 'life' is not a thing or substance, it is a quality inherent in all living organisms.* Light (as a need) is

 $\mathcal{X}\mathcal{P}$ "describes a plant as "light-life." $\mathcal{T}\mathcal{P}\mathcal{P}$ an aspect of a plant. " A tree grows ER upward (to light, toward above). And is alive (through light).

Since in aUI all elements are descriptive, the categories are used in a qualifying pregnant sense. One could say all around us and inside us are existing things. That something is 'existent' or a 'thing' does not tell me anything about it in conventional language.** But in aUI it does. Here a thing is only something that is marked off against its surrounding, that I can, as

it were, wrap up and put in a bag. is a concrete thing. Existent is only something that

stands out, ex-sists. A free floating dream may not exist.

Boehme felt 'qualities' themselves as 'qual' suffering and quellend, sprouting out. Qualities are restrictive painful limitations. God is without qualities or qualifications. But if qualities

^{*}Kainz, p. 219

^{**}Kainz, p. 254

sprout forth form a being, they would be creative or created and maybe joyful and tempting in their variety. But they seduce away from the unqualified rest in the absolute Urgrund of the primal Spirit.

Similar Symbols 📞 Quality looks like a bowl, pronounced 'm,' while quantity like a

box sounds 'n.' Both look like open containers, holding the substance of a thing. Is a quality an outer attribute or an inner essence? Is it more, or less reliable than quantity? If you describe on a passport 5 feet tall, is this more permanent than pink complexion? No, if we are talking of a child. If quantity contains the substance like a hard box or a coffin, quality is like a bowl, containing fruits or like the skin of the fruit.

Quality is more rounded, feminine. It is felt* intuitively. When we describe an apple as sweet, we subjectively high-light one quality and obscure the others e.g. that it has seeds. This is why some mistrust quality, and even some psychologists want to quantify qualities first by ranking them with 'more' or 'most.' Then they may take a dozen 'factors' and count each factor's strength e.g. from 1 to 10 as traits of a personality. We describe matter in quantities of size and weight in physics, chemistry and technology . . . (cf. Fechner, Planck); in psychology, ethics, esthetics, and poetry let us keep a sense for qualities. We need deep empathy and intuitive understanding in this atomic age.

() Feeling. If a man is angry, should I measure his anger by the number of enemies he kills: If he is loving-by the scarifices he brings for his love?—or by the length of his orgasm? Is he predominantly loving? More loving than most? Is his loving nature within him (\circ) or does his love come over him accidentally under certain conditions? Or is it attached to him (cf. Democritus), going as it were 'together' *w* with this nature so that he 'has' love? Plato believed in the independent existence i of eternal qualities like "good, beautiful, and true" in the absolute realm of ideas. These ideals are intuited by the soul. In this crisis of faith, we need more than ever these absolute values as guiding stars. $har \sim$ We sense different qualities of light and sound, brightness and loudness, colors and timbre (optic and auditory... nerves). Qualities can be measured. In aUI the colors we see are numbered as first . . . to fifth light-quality, <u>aim . . . oim</u> from red to violet, from the longest to the shortest visible length. Otherwise there is no way to describe color qualities: one has to show them. The musical notes could be described in numbers. We feel time and space qualified. Not only as long time and a big space but a good, a right time and a good space or place for doing something. A material thing extends in space and lasts in time. It is high, wide and long in space and enduring in time. If we describe an animal by its genus proximum and its differentia specifica, we locate it as it were, e.g. among mammals or cats and then specify it as bob-cat or alley-cat, as if within a land or city we specify a street, and we can find our way. To describe a thing's qualities means orientation and direction. If it is a 'wild' cat we will not let it play with our canary. Motion can be described as typical of living things, especially a willful unpredictable

way of motion. A thing is either moving or at rest with us. Just as it is on a higher level alive or

146 🔾

dead. Life is a quality of organisms, a form of β existence, as sensitivity and feeling is a quality of animals. Life as 20 feeling is mysterious and questionable. In the atomic age we should be aware of the precarious nature of life. 2β

Most bodies in nature are rounded. Life is rounded in itself. The difference between living and dead may be a question of degree, but it is a kind of degree as if a curve more and more closes itself to a perfect circle. When the circuit closes we may have life. Life stays equal to itself. An individual stays the same and its offspring resembles the parent. Qualities are equalities. If the apple did not remain equally red for a while, it would not have the quality of redness. But when I say "it is red," I equate it to other red things or at least I can compare it with red strawberries or lips. Still, all qualities of a thing which I can enumerate, somehow describe only part of it. Usually we see the outside (animals smell the inside hormones: they sense anger and fear in (nor-) adrenalin). To our eyes there remains the hidden part beyond, the mysterious nucleus of Kant's thing in itself. We can ask what is its in-

ner (•) essence? Its ultimate purpose? Its cosmic meaning in the Spirit's plan?

Similar Sounds. $\begin{array}{c} & \text{sonants} \\ & \text{m n r L w} + \begin{array}{c} & \text{w} \\ & \text{m v} \\ & \text{m v} \end{array}$ 'm' is a labial nasal sonant. 'N' resembles 'm' also as labials a nasal. Quality and quantity $\begin{array}{c} & \text{w} \\ & \text{w} \end{array}$ are sisters. One

can replace one by the other. Instead of saying this is a 'brilliant' student I can say he has a 3.8 average or an IQ of 180. Chemistry has replaced more and more quality by quantity. But there is something crude in applying this to goodness and beauty, ("He is a good man, he has helped thousands or millions. This is a beautiful picture: millions admire it."), unless it withstands the millenial test. If after hundred or thousand years it is still admired and works goodness, it

might have proven its intrinsic value (r). Saint or sinner, creative or destructive, ---- might

be a question of degree. But there is a moment when destruction tips the scales. The man is then on balance *predominantly* evil and most of his life is directed toward the kill. Creation closes the circuit for the perfect circle: it leads to contemplation.

In the field of pathology, the addict or compulsive seems to substitute quantity for quality. If my organism is not satisfied by an ersatz similar to the genuine original, I feel this as a thinned-down version: if I drink more of a watered down orange juice, I will get as many vitamins as from a little concentrate. So of a pop juice without vitamins I must drink "Coke after Coke." Whiskey looks like water to a shipwrecked sailor: the more he drinks the thirstier he gets, and the more he has to drink of the burning stuff. Lady Macbeth may wash compulsively her hands' dirt, thinking that if she cleans often enough the outer dirt, this can replace the one purification of her inner guilt. But her very hypocricy makes her the more guilty. So the more

she has to wash. This means a vicious circle (L) \bigcirc .

w: the powerman will lose his sense for quality and replaces it by pride in quantity.

Napoleon measured a painting's value by its size. He conquered more and more lands, since he could not win their people's hearts. Brute power is blind to inner values of integrity, because Chapter 15

FUN JOY 20 2 20.-FUN JENNY 10 N = FINES X.

they can not be manipulated or enslaved. 'w' is as labial and as sonant similar to 'm.' Power seems to replace any good quality in the eyes of the mob. If a man is omnipotent he must be omniscient. Might makes right. But in a deeper sense all qualities may be powers or forces to the good. And the powerman ought to have all good qualities.

4 v, 4e, active: Boehme feels all qualities as active for good or evil. A red apple may refresh or seduce Adam and Eve. In its qualities as with arms a thing reaches out for us to affect us.

• b (: together). By the bond of its qualities a thing communes with us. And its qualities

themselves are attached (together) with the thing. And the qualities are what the thing has in common with other things. E.g. green unites this leaf with other leaves and even with a green emerald.

q p (front). Maybe the visible qualities are only on the surface. Qualities may be only skin deep.

 $\int f$ (this). Qualities show the 'so-being' of a thing (so = fUd, $\int \Delta A$). Its qualities describe this thing. 'This' points at the thing. There may be a hidden thing itself (fU), unique and mysterious, so that we can never reach its center. Can we ever describe a person's soul?

The sophist may say: there are only qualities that I can sense, freely floating around. There is blue, green, yellow, red, noisy and sweet. Maybe they are only my words that pick out what I want to see. Sure the blue stays usually above, but sometimes it floats down in a 'lake.' The green wafts in the wind but sometimes sparkles from a stone. Noise hums around yellow sweetness. But are 'honey bees' a permanent syndrome or a transient correlation? Could not white or red be bonded to sweet? The quality-clusters that stay together for a while, I can describe as 'things.' I find common substance, no essence.

The mystic may profess: even though it may only be an experimental play sensed in a nightmare, I still feel all this as dream of the spirit. If it is the one spirit who is dreaming, the same quality of spiritual essence should pervade the whole cosmic universe, one light in many rainbow colors branching out in thirty-three qualities that combine in many ways to serve as elements to millions of 'things.' But these are only roles the qualities play. No thing should misuse its qualities, as possessions as permanent properties, to selfishly separate it from the spirit. Each thing's essential qualities are its qualification to play its part in the manifestation of the spirit. An animal may be a vessel of its life in its moving vitality. A plant may show the Spirit's life and its shining light. A tree its height. An abyss its depth. A rock its eternity. Thus we can arrange all qualities in a harmony sub specie aeternitatis, a concert in the plan, for the purpose of Spirit. Man as a microcosm should gather all qualities of the macrocosm in a hierarchy leading up to the Spirit.

148 🔵

Chapter 15

Psychogram

We could organize all qualities in 33 groups, attaching -m to each of the 33 elements of aUI forming adjectives as: -Um, spiritual, -kam, kOm, kUm . . . superior (high, noble, divine); ram, rOm, rUm . . . good etc. 'Good' should be the most essential quality expressing the Spirit above. Supremacy is essential to the spirit, transitory and relative to all else. Feeling C quality of Human Life, unique in itself, flows in many qualities, $\Lambda \rho 4$ 4 good, bad, active, passive . . . Feeling colors \checkmark qualities subjective, seen from a \bigwedge self-view, related to self. This makes them questionable and partly medial, instrumental. The spirit's medium is Material seems to the materialmatter. ists the most permanent quality—as long as it does not 📻 explode into energy or Power. Then it moves as it were outside of itself, X or radiates into light and sound. Bright and loud seem subjective A impressions transitory and accidental to things, but media of feel- $\mathbf{5}$ communion of all other qualities. Is the 'thing in itself' dark and quiet? ing We can speak of it only if we shine our limelight on it: does speaking \bigwedge of it and shining on it make it exist, make it a thing? Can a thing be nound in itself, closed in itself, or do we enclose it into our concept A and wrap it into a bag? Do we pull it forward to say: it is in Front? Do we run Toward it to say: it is attractive. Are its qualities attached to it or attri-1 2 O'Inside' seems more permanent buted to it by us? Are all topo- vectors accidental? than 'toward' or 'before.' Are these our temporal or local arrangements (in time and space). Or is there a spiritual center, the spirit's priority, a trend toward the Spirit? Would a thing 🌰 still be that thing if it occurred later or somewhere else? Would it be === a different event? Or can a thing stay equal to itself, existing throughout time and even in different places? Or is only a symbol of the permanence of the Spirit? Does a space-time system equality <u></u> identify a thing regardless of its inner character? Could it have the same inner meaning in a different surrounding? If a tool keeps its quantity of material, but loses its function, is it still the same tool? Are not all things and beings tools of the Spirit? This great 'one' could see all other things with their qualities as conditional to its service and of transient value-as to how they relate to each other and to the Spirit. It could deny them, put the negative prefix as annihilating qualifier before them and 🐢 dissolve them in the end into Naught. Then the qualities themselves \bigcirc return to the Spirit, who is without qualities, Spirit in itself.

Chapter 15

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150 V

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CHAPTER 16. HOW MUCH?

How Much? (The Meaning of Quantity)

 \square n = Quantity, n as in number, -n as article plural*

Patients' Poem

More snow falling on Alpine mountains floating flakes in endless numbers down the slopes avalanche roaring covering forests filling valleys level with peaks

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How much? Measure the masses! "Count each flake?" Think scientific: drill hundred holes down to the rock and gage their depth. Weigh each well and predict the water. Dam future floods harness rivers' force in whirling turbines: be nature's measuring master.

Quantity rules mathematics (with arithmetic, algebra, (analytic and projective) geometry, two and three dimensional trigonometry, infinitesimal calculus, function theory, and topology . . .) Applied to physics, chemistry, statistics, sociology, in economics and finance . . . quantities can be measured, weighed and counted. One weighs masses of matter, one counts distinct objects that one judges equivalent . . . as bullets or peas . . . even human beings. They have to stay equal to themselves and to each other. Changing and diffusing clouds or dreams can not be counted or calculated. Two dreams are not always bigger than one. One and one diatom may be one. And one may become 2, 4, 8 . . . We measure mass and energy, weight and force, space and time.

Nature measures time by periods of planetary revolutions and orbits. But space's extensions are arbitrary realms: the solar system, this earth; this land to the sea, to the river. When the Nile flooded, Egypt needed the artificial yardsticks of geometry. Their sky was as clear as the Nile was muddy, so they learnt astronomy's directions from Babylon. To measure the space between moving stars, the speed of light must be known. It is the fastest speed in the universe and its intensity jumps by a certain 'quantity' (cf. Einstein; Planck). As the lightning flashes before the rolling thunder, the savage sees that it outspeeds sound.

Similar Sounds:

sonants: n m r L w (y) Quantity is pronounced 'n,' a dental nasal dentals: n j(z s d) sonant.

*aUI Language of Space, p. 44, 46, 252 . . . Numerals and Plurals

'-n' reminds of number. 'n' enters in the sound of all aUI numbers, each are <u>nasal</u> vowels <u>a</u>, <u>e</u>, <u>i</u>, <u>u</u>, <u>o</u>; <u>A</u>, <u>E</u>, <u>I</u>, <u>U</u>, <u>O</u>; <u>Y</u> (or <u>Q</u>) zero, <u>0</u>, as nothingness (or neutral base of count-1 2 3 4 5; 6 7 8 9 10, 0 ing).

Nearest is 'm' for quality, the bowl \frown near the box \bigsqcup of quantity. (see preceding chapter.) r = good. Quantity as muchness is 'good.' As Shakespeare knew one can "not have too much of a good thing." If we had enough food, we could solve most of our problems. Want is the reason why rivals fight. If Helena had had a twin, their would have been no Trojan War. Germany and France fought over iron and coal. But there is the addict's perversion: the more he has the more he wants. The rich get richer and the poor get poorer. The rich and powerful use their very riches to destroy the helpless poor. Big nations rob the small: "Rich is good: because we are rich, we deserve more." Wealth is a blessing that should be earned by helping the poor. The wisest should be wealth's stewards.

 $\square J =$ equal. z = part, the result of division. Fateful is the problem of a division of limited resources, to be distributed into an ever growing population. Equality contends with quality

and quantity. Return selects by quality. Only the best (among humans: the wisest)

should have children. Then we could survive. But if, in contrast to nature, mankind wants all equally to multiply, we must produce infinite quantities of material and energy. We could make food from jungle plants, from wood, from (yeast-) bacteria, algae; or synthesize it from water and air or till other planets. But unlimited unqualified multiplying without just and wise

dividing and fair distribution and participation means annihilation. $n/\infty = 0$.

✓ w: power pride resents equal distribution and quality selection. Power greed craves infinite quantities to grab, conquer, kill or rule. Masses are valued only as submissive slaves. Fanatic masses of mob, and masses of material wealth give power. But power can also suck superiority from world wide scarcity, manipulated into monopoly. In a war, either of the rivals strives to be superior to the other. In the atomic age each 'must' have a ten-fold over-kill. As a vicious circle: the more the one arms, the more the other.

A: d: power works through channels and quantities are its tools. They are means to an end. And it is true that what is countable and comes in numbers, e.g. money, should not be an end in itself. But it should not be a means of buying *power*, but like all material wealth, a means of sustaining *life*, ultimately the life of the Spirit.

• L: roundness symbolizes totality. A sphere has a center, concentrating wholeness, greater than the sum of its parts. An individual organism's cut head, arms and legs, can not be welded together into a unique living being. The whole is contrasted to nothingness almost like the in-

finite. s—0/s = whole s = 1s; s/0 s = ∞ .

s: if you take no part away from a thing, you keep the whole thing. But if you could divide it by nothing, you would get infinite.

j: ____ as equation: mathematics is based on the premise that the sum of parts equals the

whole and that the parts can be interchanged freely. It neglects the individual differences between its elements and the difference of sequence. 2 + 2 + 2 = 6, 2 + 4 = 4 + 2, 1 + (2 + 3) = (1 + 2) + 3, $2(3 + 1) = 2 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 \dots$ Do these commutative, associate, and distributive laws of equation apply to living beings? Could I first reap and then sow? s + r = r + s? If I run 100 yards in 10 seconds, can I run 1000 yards in 100 seconds? Mathematics assumes equality also in the sense that the same operation can be repeated over and over again. Do people never get tired of sex, work and war? If millionaires' biographies have been best sellers for a century, does it follow they will be so in the future? But in arithmatic one operation follows from the other. a + a + a = 3a; $a \times a \times a = a^3$; operation signs are a residue of magic symbols. '+' might be called 'I' as the first operation, multiplication's 'X' could be called II, and the exponential operation III. Then a I a I a = a II 3, a II a II a = a III 3, generally: a N a N . . . a = a (N + I) n. We could raise to the 5th $1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3$ to get 8? 2X3 = 8, answer 2 III 3 =

8, I must raise 2 to the 3rd power. But here commutation breaks down: 3 III 2 $(=3^2) = 9$. Could a computer figure out: x IV 2 = 10, then, what is x? Will we need super-roots? In psychology's reverberating circuits, in politics of power as applied to itself, in nuclear chain reactions, mathematics might enter these higher realms of exponential powers.

Similar Symbols.

+ Quantities can be positive and negative. The negative quantity is sub-

tracted from zero. In economics we enter the limbo of debts. To deny a negative makes it positive. The cross for plus in addition shows the horizontal and

vertical _____ like the box of quantity _____ , a full box is the brickstone

of matter. Matter is made, and treated as, homogeneous by scientists, so that it is a quantity without (changing) quality. A mechanic does not like a wheel

with clods of slag in the steel. One uses material that can be melted, for liquid can be mixed most evenly and divided best into equal parts. Solid matter, like hard metal, keeps the same quantity and shape for the longest time (it does not evaporate like liquid or gas) and so it is felt

most reliably to 'exist' and remain.

as a parallelogram's diagonals.

 $\square \square \square \square \square$ If we bend and slant the uprights inward, we find the triangle of mind.

The mind can control the material world by calculating or quantifying it. Through mathematics the mind measures matter. Although quantitative reasoning pervades large areas of the brain, if the left occipito-parietal is injured, a-calculia, inability to calculate, results. Mathematical reasoning does not only consist in counting as a magpie does with its beak when

it guards to seven eggs, but in finding relations 4 or functions, between magnitudes. If we

bend (L______) the one upright down, we obtain the symbol for relation. There is a cer-

tain wisdom in which men are often inferior to animals: powermen do not understand that the optimum \neq the maximum. Many a miser thinks the more the better, the most the best. If cold is bad, the warmer the better. An animal or a primitive knows: there is an optimum in the middle. Moderation is the counsel of wisdom.

The Meaning of Numbers as Symbols. Modern man is obsessed with numbers. Instead of names he has to memorize telephone and street numbers, zip codes and social security num-



bers. A meaningful combination of sounds and letters would be easier to recall. In aUI each number is a nasalized vowel and so number sequences make sense e.g. 351 ioa, corresponds to 'ioa' light-life-space or plant-room. The primitive Tasadays (cf. MacLeish 1972) have no words for numbers and do not strain under tyrant clock. They spend their life in paradisian contemplation. Without numbers primitives count herds by rhythm much more rapidly than in numbers: dAdy dady, dEdydedy, dIdydidy, dUdydudy, dOdydody counts 20 (syllables). In aUI a,e,i,u,o; A,E,I,U,O = 1,2,3,4,5;6,7,8,9,10.* Since after 5 the vowel sequence returns longer, we can multiply by the rule: if the factors are homophonous, the product ends homophonous. E.g. a and A have the same sound (only A lasts longer, so they are of equal sound, homophonous). e = 2 sounds like E = seven. Even in the usual way of writing, 12 and 42 end both in 2. For 6 x 2 = 12, and $\overline{6}$ x 7 = 6 x(5 + 2) = 30 + 12 = 42, because a multiple of 10 does not change the sum's end. In aUI even a multiple of 5 does not change the end sound. $2 \times 2 = 4$, $7 \times 7 = 49$, 4 = 4, 9 = 1: they are homophonous as e and E, 2 and 7. For 7 x 7 = (5 + 2)(5 + 2) = 25 + 20 + 4. Zero '0' sounds <u>Y</u> if it symbolizes nothingness. But if it is the condition or basis for all other numbers, it can be sounded and transcribed rather as $\underline{\emptyset}$ the nasal of $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ condition.

Single Symbols. '0' means death or eternity. As \underline{Y} it stands outside of the number sequence, since it denies any quantity by multiplying. The nirvana mystics of India found the zero. Y stands between i and U, light and spirit. Quantities are burnt away in the light of the spirit.

 $1 = \underline{a}, a = \text{space } \bigcirc$, round complete in itself, there is one space. $2 = \underline{e}, e = \text{movement}$.

2 means conflict,** contraposition and communication which makes movement. 2 is the number of sexes, male and female, +-, electric + polarity; relativity. We move relative to something else. $\underline{eim} = yellow$, the color that invites, arouses, moves. $3 = \underline{i}$; i = light. The triune spirit is felt as light. iim is the 3rd color, green. Green plants grow toward light. 4 = u, u =man, human. '4' symbolizes the human situation (cf. Cirlot's directory of symbols). Man has 4 limbs, and 4 choices: good, evil; matter, spirit. 5 = 0; o = 1 life. Cirlot, p. 233, finds 5 symbolic of health and vitality. We, like most vertebrates have 5 fingers; most flowers have 5 petals, tail-vertebrates like lizards can be called 5-limbed. Thus we can associate 'five' with things 'alive.' The 5th color is violet, a mixture of red and blue. Blood mixed from arteries and veins might be purple, the color of life. $6 = \underline{A}$, A =time. We measure time in 60 seconds or minutes, originally in 4 x 6-hour periods and 12 months. Insects have 6 legs, bees make hexagonal cells. Ants' and termites' instincts bridge eons of time. They build castles that withstand thousands of their life spans. Snow has hexagonal crystals. The benzene-ring is C_6H_6 . $7 = \underline{E}, E = \text{matter}, 7 = 4 + 3$ combining the quadrangle of matter with the triangle of the spirit, 7 is the sacred or magic number. There are 7 days in the week, 7 branches on the menorah. Newton distinguished 7 rainbow colors like 7 different tone intervals. 8 = I, I =sound. Octo = 8, we sing 8 tones in an octave because we close with the octave. "The sigmoid line" moved the heavens in spherical harmony. $9 = \underline{U}$, U = (the triune spirit, $9 = 3 \times 3$.

The triangles are symbols of the spirit and of light. For the Hebrews 9 was the symbol of truth. Because it is 10 - 1, it reproduces itself in mystic addition, as if it were zero. This could be said of the spirit. If 9 is added to a number, it does not change the digit-sum. 17 + 9 = 26, 1 + 7 = 8; Likewise 2 + 6 = 8. Any number times 9 becomes 9 in its digit sum. $42 \times 9 = 378$; 3 + 7 = 10 = 1, 1 + 8 = 9. Anything which the spirit touches be-

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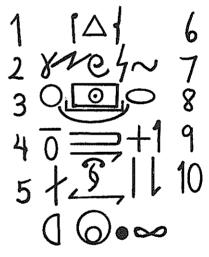
comes spirit. $10 = \underline{O}$, O = feeling. 10 is felt as the number of perfection, the number of commandments we feel obliged to keep. We have 10 fingers and a decadic number system of measurement. $\underline{o} = 5$, o = life. Living beings have feelings. $11 = \underline{Oa}$ has numerical qualities complementary to 9. We multiply with 11 by adding digits 578 x 11 = 6358; 8, 7 + 8 = 15, keep one; 5 + 7 = 12, 1 + 5 = 6. $12 = \underline{Oe}$. Twelve is the number of tribes of Israel and apostles. $13 = \underline{Oi}$ is considered an unhappy number although it combines 1 and 3, <u>a</u> and <u>i</u>, a = space, i = light. Man's whole preoccupation with numbers may prove fatal. Originally a Kepler gazed at celestial bodies revolving round the sun. In comprehending reverence to the divine plan he found laws like $p^2/P^2 = d^3/D^3$ (period-time-squares proport like distancecubes). The mystic Newton found as mutual loving attraction the masses' product divided by the separating distance squared M $\cdot m/D^2$. Einstein discovered in stars that $E = m \cdot c^2$ solid mass can explode into a force that is light-speed-square times greater. But the powerman misused this cosmic law of energy for the atom bomb.

Psychogram

Matter can be seen boxed in quantity that disregards matter's inner quality or essence.

We measure and master: matter, space, time, and motion, and thus predict nature and hold HHpower over it. We can act through its energy Hfor our goal. We measure the speed of light and hope to adopt it H and we use sound as words in commanding and counting to subdue to

our service. The captain counts his soldiers. To count on them, he debases them to numbers. Originally for each man the number was one, felt as



 $\log_{\log_{0.5}} = \cap \Delta$

156

Chapter 16

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CHAPTER 17. POWER IN THE ATOMIC AGE.

POWER IN THE ATOMIC AGE

Patients:

"When I move my little finger, I can murder millions." (Megalomanic paranoia)

"Grab a stick, hit a beast, sit on top, drive it on, rule the woods." (healed) "I am a worm in an ant heap . . . treated like vermin . . . hurt and helpless." (Suicidal melancholy) "Being born along by a mighty stream a hollow cane . . . now dipping deeper and holding still the stream flows through

and holding still the stream flows through and there is waiting . . . a vein for the blood of life to throb through and feed and breathe cosmic force! Soul . . . the sheath of the Spirit . . . melt to become, be, the Spirit."

(healed)

1. What's in a Name?

Tapping and trapping nuclear energy has given man now billion times his forebears' power. Most sleeps still in the ground as threat of total destruction; some is used to produce; can it become creative? What is power? Conventional language confuses a whipped horse's 'power,' a slave's manpower with supreme dominion and omnipotence: "Thine is the power." Would you say a slave's omnipotence and a horse's dominion? Some say: Power greed is evil. Others: The will to power is life's will. But domination over others is not inner strength to do and be. (E.

Fromm 1963, 1973) aUI distinguishes knuwQ $\int (Q = Oe, \phi)$ from vewQ $\int (Q = Oe, \phi)$ from vewQ $\int (Q = Oe, \phi)$ from vewQ (energy) in common. (Weilgart, 1974)

Is destructive power violence? Forget a parking meter and it damns you for violation. But Torquemada's tortures? No! They were 'legal.'

2. Force: Bond or Ray.

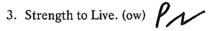
'Energy' serves as neutral word. Explosive energy is a mobile state of existence, while matter is its lasting precipitaion. In radiant energy stars span space; matter spans eons of time. Einstein found $E = m \cdot c^2$, seeing energy as matter multiplied with the squared speed of light. So any grain of matter can burst into an energy that may lift itself millionfold up into space. Thus there's no dearth of energy. It's dirt cheap. Then why would a tree spread its leaves to the

sun to get force to grow? (aUI: provide ow). The clod under its roots spends its energy not

for radiation, but keeps it to hold itself together . . . its atoms and molecules . . . its power 'to be.' It needs the force of gravitation to hold on to earth. But Einstein dissolves its force into a quality of a space-time field around a hunk of matter.

So far we faced the conservative party of forces, holding matter together. But electro-magnetic radiation diffuses force to the outside to enliven ... and destroy. The sun shines, a nova explodes, anti-matter annihilates . . . even a caveman knew: fire warms and burns. Man is its thief, not its master or maker. He can unleash it, but can he stop it?

Can man trap power in magic formulae? $F = m \cdot a$; Force is mass times acceleration; power is force times velocity . . . or the work of e.g. lifting up a weight (p. sec.) How often does a politician's power lift up a nation . . . rather than accelerate it in its downward trend to destroy others? "Power is energy under control." How often does a politician control the mob's forces he has unleashed? Will Adam control the atom's power? Could Adam keep himself from eating the apple?



The sun's rays give life-power. Water and wind, heating and explosive fuels transform sunpower. By it trees grow and muscles tighten in man and beast. Nietzsche claimed: "Wherever I found the living, I found the will to might . . . in self-pride." Life feels: The sun gives me power unselfishly in its rays . . . a self-sacrifice of its substance. Aquinas saw the sun as spreading God's love: Summum bonum diffusivum sui. Living things with little 'will' could passively suck-in the sun's power. Then why must trees out-grow and out-reach each other's branches? There are too many lives on too small a living space on the surface of our little planet . . . a transient technical problem, till we populate others or even dive down into the sea or delve into the third dimension, the inner realm of this ball of earth.

Power over others or the power to kill others is not needed for staying alive. We could make food . . . like plants . . . by photosynthesis from water and air, and we could create any elements by fusing hydrogen atoms . . . as the sun does it. Instead of fighting by force for a little food, fuel and dominion, we could create more of it. Good-bye, old superman of power!

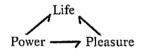
What's a man's natural strength? Box a bull? Wrestle a rhinoceros? So in the atomic age of automation, when technology superseded any natural strength, do women still adore the fighter's flexed muscle, as if it could protect them against H-bombs? Dysgenic society regresses to an exaggerated caricature of savagery. Many a female's infallible intuition senses a man's power: His biceps to beat her, his penis to pierce her. Carmens prefer toreros as matadors. "Killer-man, you are my man. I love you,my killerman." Self-begetting fire . . . the panic mob is like a femme fatale, the demagogue like a bullfighter. His cape is his promise and his muleta is his slogan of hate; and the mob is the bull. Dysgenic women and the panic mob pre-fer to be destroyed by cruel brutality to being saved by the spirit. True primitives trust the genius, the sage and the saint. They feel: Man has overcome nature not with the action of his muscles, but with the ganglia of his brain. Commercialism entrusts brawn-power with the stewardship of millions of dollars and despises brain's power, the thinking that could save us.

In his praise of power Rollo May (1972) lists 'nutrient power.' We too revere a father's protecting strength and a mother's nourishing bosom, to which she clutches her babe. But what is this 'power' against a terrorist's bomb? It is easier for power to destroy than to protect or create. That is why less than a one billionth part of the universe is filled with the matter of existence and less than one billionth of existing things are alive and less than one billionth of living things are spiritually conscious. Most is empty and dead.

4. How do you Feel Power?

Power is felt as inner strength and as dominion over somebody (E. Fromm 1963, 1973). The inner strength can be a potential for overcoming something or somebody in action. But it need not be. There are strong men who do not use their strength for pushing anybody else down, but rather in lifting weights and even in lifting weights from other . . . weaker . . . men's shoulders and even in lifting up some other men. And there are strong men who use their strength to create and thus to radiate their energy in all directions. The athlete can enjoy power over his own body overcoming gravity in a jump. Potency in adolesence may be enjoyed in dreamlike rising of phallic forces, even if there is no rival on an island. Of course it helps, if a maiden is around to celebrate fertility rites with her. But does the swain have to feel his procreative force as overcoming a rival or as overcoming her? Or can he enjoy serving her or mankind, offering the rays of his procreation? The artist's powers of imagination, the scientist's faculties of invention and discovery, can overcome problems rather than rivals and can serve humanity.

Can power like strength be enjoyed? Emerson (1910) warns man: "You shall have joy or you shall have power, said God, you shall not have both." In nature, power brings pleasure and pleasure serves life.



But in humans, who can no longer trust their instincts, power becomes an addiction and end in itself. Cruel power that crushes others is enjoyed most by those who first were down-

trodden and frustrated and emptied of creativity . . . Adler (1935) calls this 'compensation.' Naked man himself for a million years nature's most crushed creature, wretched among the stronger beasts, as master became the most cruel tyrant.

Napoleon as a small despised Corsican, mocked for his Italian accent, had to crush with a rock the skull of his playfellow who had wrestled him down. Crushed-proud Hitler, the unemployed, good-for-nothing dropout, could identify with the frustration and panic of a defeated, starving nation and cruelly crushed first the Jews than whole Europe . . . (Men, who were not first put down, hardly enjoy pushing others down. Jefferson confessed: "I have never been able to conceive how any rational being could propose happiness to himself from the exercise of power over others." For him as for George Washington, the hero of self-control, for Benjamin Franklin and Goethe . . . power meant the burden of responsibility.)

But in the state of decay, power compensates not as in primitive tribes for waning strength, but for inner emptiness, an impotence to procreate and create. It even results from envy against the (pro-) creators and contemplators, who must be crushed. Cain failed to communicate with God and be accepted in love. So in jealousy he overpowered Abel. We agree with Nietzsche that man is doomed unless he becomes superman. But in the atomic age that "overman . . . shall overcome" envy, jealousy and power-greed. He must overcome the drive of power to crush and destroy others . . . by the strength to create, help and love.

The Popular Politician. A politian may win influence and power by pretending to be a levelheaded all-loving friend. He can go around kissing babies and helping old ladies across the street. He can drink beer in a popular pub and play cards with cronies. He can march in a local victory parade and play football and golf. But how does this prove that he can solve man160 1/

kind's problems better than you and I? At best it proves that he is a regular fellow who likes other regular fellows and will represent the majority's drives-for pleasure and pride.

It would be good, if man could rely on his drives, and if man had an intuition to know,

whether the demagog truly shared these (good) drives. (see \mathcal{O}). But what, if many men's

present drives are distorted into a problem, and if people can not see through a politician's pretense and diplomatic double-talk? What if the truth is that we can no longer afford our costly luxuries and pleasures, and what if competitive power-pride would have to be sacrificed to the humble wisdom of the Spirit?

5. Politicians as Powermen.

5. Politicians as Powermen. good place to get robbed. See that hood behind that bush? I'll protect you. I'll get him if you lend me your gun." He grabbed the gun and shot the dude and robbed him.

This is a way demagogues get power. Originally they had no bombs. The inventors, the scientists had them. But now it is a crime for the inventor to own his atomic invention. Originally the selective struggle for survival of the fittest meant that the best inventor and craftsman of weapons could have the highest power. Even though this may have been a crude way of rewarding brainpower, it still meant the survival of imagination. It meant the dominion of natural inner creative strength. Now power starts with an 'if': Only if you serve me,I will reward you. Under the condition that you follow me and make me your leader, I will protect you or avenge you. The demagogue's 'if' brings a promise for the future; power is not a gratitude

Lavoisier helped France more than Napoleon I, Pasteur . . . more than for the past. 9 Napoleon III. Both chemists could have said: Only if you give me power, I give you my inventions. Or: Because I have given you wisdom and wealth, give me power! Gratitude is not a vir-

tue of the many. But true genius is generous. So merit itself goes without reward. Lavoisier's reward was a chopped-off head.

The demagogue, to get power with his promises, must be believed. Why do the people trust him? He is usually a man without merit, a frustrated failure like Hitler. The mobs, debased in panic, trust him, because he is like them . . . only more so. He has the courage of a strong conformist. He is common in quality, but superior in quantity and intensity. 'In Turkey do as Turkeys do—but Turkeyer!' He has the same cravings of greed, the same hates and resentments, but he can shout them louder. He commands, holding his voice steady and controlled, but tense as if threatening to explode. Tenseness means energy. But this energy will explode, unless they follow his commands: "Kill the noble, the rich, the landlords, the niggers, the white devils, the rebels, the traitors, kill the Kikes . . !"

The demagogue rides on the waves of predominant prejudices into power over the very people he pretends to serve. The demagogue, as a condensing mirror, collects the heat rays of hate and reflects them back to the people into the focus of a flame. He had listened to the rumblings of resentment and echoes them back as a paranoid scream: Do unto others what they might do unto you, what they will do to you! Attack and I will protect you. All for one, one for all (you all for me and I crush you all).

A bull challenges another bull openly as a rival to see who is stronger. They serve the selective mating drive. But a tiger pounces from behind on the back of a bull to feed. A hen defends her chicks, for whom she would sacrifice herself, but she does not provoke a fox, against whom her motherhate is more utlitmate than a rival's or a carnivore's rage. Modern war, for the power of ideologies, fuses the hate of rivalry, hunger and brood-protection. The demagogue's

Chapter 17

contradictory power drives are insatiable: He challenges like a proud bull after pouncing upon the unsuspecting victim like a stealthy tiger, who however is not hungry, but hates like a hen, who is protecting her chicks, whom she however, expects to fight and die for her, as if she herself were a helpless baby.

The next atomic war for the power of ideologies, triggered by slogans of hate, would start not with two cocks crowing provocative slogans against each other, but with two hens challenging each other, which of their chick tribes, whom they protect under their wings, is more willing to kill and die for its mother. Thus the 'charismatic' courage of an atomic dictator would consist in screaming provocations per radio or TV, and pressing a button so that the very population who gratefully admires his heroism, must die for his glory, while he, who pretends to protect them, hides in a mile-deep hole.

Man overcame his debasing helplessness by banding together 🔊, proudly identifying

with the glorious leader. Thus his word, calling together, his rallying cry, became the command of power. It was an expression of his power, and an appeal to his group's proud power, identified with his leadership. But since it is a leadership into war, it ruthlessly demands sacrifice . . . power means praise-reward for the brave (if you serve me), but condemning invective

and cruel punishment for the cowards or dissidents (if you resist me). $\not+$

The general pushes the captain, the captain the sergeant, and finally the sergeant the private, who should explode against the enemy. But in peacetime the boss pushes the foreman, the foreman the worker, whose ego pride can only explode against the weakest and most helpless slaves . . . the minorities of genius, sage and saint . . . now an endangered species. Kick the idealist in the eye, crucify the creative Christ within each of us. The eunuch, his eyes for ideals kicked out, is the most reliable slave of the powerman.

The powerman hypnotizes by command and invective, by slogans of hate. Both are lies in the garb of tautologic alliterations: Kill the Kikes, Jew-Judas-traitor, Blu-Bo (soul and soil). They are lies as they pretend strength, while they are seeking to steal strength. As alliterations they imitate the child who cries for help, while pretending to be the strong father, who gives help. But the powerman's strongest appeal is not the appeal to life, but the appeal to death. What Fromm (1973) called "necrophilic language" goes together with the greed for absolute power. Conventional speech today impresses most as 'kill drive' or 'death drive' language.

The Language of Space makes slogans transparent and analyses commands into statements of goodness and dissolves invectives into statements of evil. Since in aUI each can create his own words, not the most powerful destroyer but the most powerfully creative genius, the wisest and kindest is most convincing in this logos of love. As the Language of Space leads us back into the original meaning of words before the confusion of tongues, so the leaders commanding in the Language of Space would recall the original heroes of our sagas.

If mankind had always been led by vain ruthless demagogues, it could not have survived in the struggle for life against the other stronger beasts. Originally the strongest and wisest must have been chosen as chief (Service, E.R. 1966) . . . as hardship teaches surviving tribes. (With WERT (Weilgart Ethos Rhyme Test) we can assess in ten minutes creative vs. destructive trends. Thus we could test future politicians, indeed all children, to prevent destructiveness from coming to power.) Could strong Siegfried or Beowulf have ripened into King Cyrus the Great, the Shah of Persia, Asoka, or Solomon? Could strength have passed over into the wisdom of old age? When the young had gotten used to respecting him for his help, a leader, who could replace his waning strength with their protection, could command them and rule. Power over others superseded his physical strength.

162 N

A Beowulf sacrificed himself for his people. A leader who sacrificed others for his whole nation, had to be ruthless. He had to suspect rivals and assassins. The Parthians worshipped Phraates as king. Power greed made him kill his father, his 30 brothers and his son. Power became the proud shield for his self \mathcal{M} , forged by the witch of fear. Thus people came to expect paranoid cruelty in a man of power, and the powerman's sadism was matched by the herd's masochism. I remember in a military academy how after a whipping a boy would shine (almost lick) a captain's boots in orgastic submission. But sadomasochism may lead to destruction: Power greed demands: Who does not submit as slavish masochist to my dominant sadism, must be destroyed. That's how the Roman emperors crucified Jews and Christians (like Christ) who did not worship them. But all that seemed functional, because only the collective could survive and the state needed a leader.

But in the atomic age of automation, the motorized individual will be better equipped to survive alone by himself than the collective threatened by H-bombs. A hermit with insect repellent and laser ray could survive in a jungle. Even Eisenhower advised such total dispersion. Nations will no longer be useful nor what holds nations together: Power as domination over the many. H-bombs will be for everybody. Today's weapons are rather offensive and destructive than defensive and protective: they no longer serve as shields for survival. Thus the military and police-state could "whither away." This is not only a tenet of Marxism. Swiss and American individualists and liberals have never idolized ideologies or seen demagogues as demigods. Henry Adams wrote: "Power is poison." That's why the constitution is based on the wisdom of balance of power. But even this perfectly balanced republic, in its only deep conflict, burst into a senseless civil war, which in the atomic age would mean annihilation.

If the future still likes collectives, the men who have proved their mettle by their creative invention or discovery should rule or be trusted at least as umpires for ultimate decisions. These could be voted by majority. But they would not have to campaign as career politicians, whose empty ego pride depends only on power over others. While these demagogues would commit any crime to gain or hold on to power, for a scientist and sage like Einstein or a saint like Schweitzer or King, his work has given meaning to his life and mainstay to his spine and power would only burden his back with responsibility. Plato's Socrates saw most deeply through the traps and trappings of power: The less a man craved it, the more he deserved it. Before power is entrusted to a man, his fame should be fulfilled by his work, selfish ego cravings should be satisified through creation. He should not need to make a splash like bursting an atomic bomb to gain attention for popularity through destruction. If the common man wants to survive, he would have to entrust a senate of sages and saints the ultimate power to rule, just as the muscles can survive only if they are steered by the brain.

6. Ethos of Power: Grab, Have or-Be!

"All this I give thee, if thou fall down and worship me" was Satan's sermon on the mount to Christ. I give you power, if you submit to my power. Death or devil, Mors has might. In his name you must win. The prince of this world is the patron of powermem, a conditioning $\frac{1}{2}$

manipulator. He could have added: If you do not accept my condition, I will scourge you and nail you to the cross. For Abaddon is Lord of destruction, and power is most absolute and perfect, not when it creates but when it destroys. There is no perfect and permanent creation, but there is absolute destruction—with anti-matter. There is no complete fulfillment, but there is

the complete and perfect vacuum, the empty zero. ()

Chapter 17

A good man tried to catch a butterfly to save it from a flame. But a spider had spun a net in its path. The butterfly was skilled to escape the hand of the good man, but fluttered into the claws of the spider. Thus, it is easier for demonic power to grab than for the spirit's power to save.

We agree with R. May (1972) that power is "neither good nor evil." But we add: power of good over evil is good; power of evil over good is evil. And, though playboys' power of pleasure taboos, the spirit's power over flesh and matter is good; the beast's power over the spirit is evil. If material profits use spiritual values as pretext and pretense, if the mind is used to serve pleasure and power for their own sake and aggrandizement, it is evil.

We believe in a hierarchy of values. The spirit's rank should rule. Power is meant as a means, not an end. If a means becomes an end in itself, this is evil. Hitler felt: "What the masses want is that the stronger wins and the weaker is destroyed." By strong he meant perseverant, on and on in one direction. If a man eats to still his hunger and drinks to quench his thirst, this is good, if the man is good. But if he drinks on and on for drunk's sake, he's an addict, though a 'strong' drinker. He has no power over his power. He is a slave of his power drive. Many men of power are addicted to their power. They bully others and destroy others merely to show their power.

When does a leader create values? But how often does a tyrant destroy! Shakespeare exposes the limits of the powerman's dominion: (Ri II; I, 3) "... but not a minute, King, that thou canst give / shorten thou canst my life with sullen sorrow / and pluck nights from me but not lend a morrow." In Hitler his drive for "power and hate and lust for destruction" seem one. Power "manipulations ... cripple" man's creativity and thus "turn him into a sadist and destroyer." (Fromm, 1973) "Might makes right: the boss is always right."

The law machine codifies the tyranny of brutes over idealists and makes it a system of 'rights.' The power of the establishment prevents creation rather than destruction. Convention destroys. Police arrests whatever seems strange and different (for worse or *better*) from the average norm. Does the police protect our lives? Did the police prevent the assassinations of the Kennedys and the Kings? But the police did prevent Dr. King sometimes from marching and speaking for his good cause. (The U.S. lawmachine catches less than 15% *after* their crimes.)

The power of propaganda, of publishers, editors, and critics prevents and hush-kills new beauty and truth. If commercial power figures it won't sell to its profit, art can not be shown. A religious leader who is different, is called heretic and arrested, burnt or today electroshocked and drugged to death. Where is the freedom of communication, creation and contemplation? Power provokes destruction and war. Could anarchy be worse? Why not dissolve nations in a world government?

In a panic crisis, debased mankind disintegrates into Jeckyll and Hyde; the good and wise having no power and the tyrants losing their conscience. Power without responsibility to a higher ideal, power as self-aggrandizement corrupts. The more he has the more he craves. Power corrupts the man in power and his creatures around him: they are castrated into snivelling sycophants and hypocritical hangmen of any upright man of truth. By flattering the tyrant's vanity, they gain power even over him, whom they cheat blind. So who needs charisma? I knew an anemic girl who by her very helplessness flattered the manly chivalry of a leader and thus satisfying his ego, had really control over him.

Then why praise dominion of self-aggrandizement? Such "power" bloats at the expense of another life. Such might makes right, if the other life were on a lower level of spiritualization: The cow could eat grass and man could milk the cow. But the highest God does not need 164 N

bloody sacrifice. Even the creative genius has his strength within him and does not need to subdue anybody else to gain it. Indeed the contemplative creator can not even enslave another man by cruel violence or 'dirty trick'; not only because he is by nature harmless. Even if he forced himself to exerting ruthless power, and played the tiger and fox, he would lose the very purity of his soul, the clean mirror of the spirit that contemplates and creates.

 $\mathcal{N}^{7. \text{ Power and the Spirit.}}$

To tell the purest spirit to assume (indeed to grab) power, confronts him with a tragic dilemma: even though the creative contemplator would deserve most power,—by forcibly or stealthy grabbing it, he would lose the very soul which is worthy of it. Solomon and Asoka ruled by righteousness and dharma. But power was given to them by natural inheritance: They did not have to campaign for it. Whenever good wisdom came to the throne, it ruled in peace.

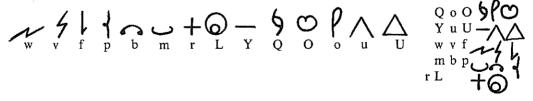
The peace of the spirit is more than an absence of war. It is \square "brU" in the Language of Space, "togetherness in the spirit of goodness" inspired for creation. Creation is born after a passive peace of pure contemplation. Melodies, poems, even insights into the benzene ring (Kekule) come in dreams. Inspiration is energy of the spirit, flowing in from above. But in passive conceiving of the idea as in active developing into voices of harmony or colors of painting— the creator must concentrate with a diver's breath: keeping out the influx of what does not belong, the irrelevant, and staying true to the essence of the spirit.

Only the leadership of a man of the spirit could bring mankind to its true destination: Looking up to and contemplating the beauty, goodness, and truth of the spirit, or ultimately becoming and being part of the spirit. If the word 'power' still holds forth, we would become and be the essence of this 'power.' In Zen it would be the spirit of light.

The human mind may feel an infinite urge for power, but is conscious of helpless impotence (as the melancholy in his poem). This tension can be bridged by constant resentment, conflict and war, attacking enemies. But the soul can rise into a realm, where it finds reunion with the infinite powers of Tao, the cosmic spirit, the Logos of Love.

II. Power in the Language of Space.

The analysis of different aspects or meanings of power in the Language of Space enabled us to look into its essence. In aUI, each sound has a symbol and a meaning. Similar sounds have similar symbols and similar sense.



8. Similar Sounds

- w the sound of POWER) with rounded lips as in 'work' or 'war' forces its follower sounds, 'o' or 'a' to its 'will.' (They may sound no longer as in 'or' or 'are.')
 - 4 (= ACTION). As lip-sound 'v' reminds of 'w,' as 'Power' leads to, and is the potential for, 'Action.' Unvoiced 'v' becomes 'f.'

Chapter 17

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f (= THIS). Power-action concentrates on a 'this,' something concrete To' which it is directed. A powerman commands 'dig This ditch!' but hardly: make a beautiful poem.

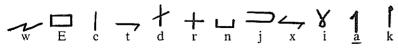
fU = self; power tempts to self-bloat.—The friction-labial caught to a stop becomes

- (= PRE-, BEFORE, in FRONT). Power wants to lead, march and reach forward. р The fore-time is the past on whose tradition power is built. But in the past man was the last, so now he wants to be first. p voiced is
- (= TOGETHER). On the bond of Togetherness is human power based. Man beb 6 came powerful in the herd, held together by the leader's will concentrated on his goal. As lip sonant 'w' reminds of 'm' and of the sonants 'r' and 'L.'
- (= GOOD). In the atomic age power might care for the quality of Goodness: Omnipotence should go with omnibenevolence. Might with right.
-) (= QUALITY). The force of gravitation is seen in relativity theory as Quality of the space-time field around a mass of matter.
- (= ROUND). Power should hold together as in a ball-as nuclear bonds hold the • atom together like a solar system. Power should protect with surrounding walls. As semi-vowel 'w', double-u, relates to other rounded vowels u, U, o, O, Q (= \emptyset , Oe) and Y (Ue).
- (= ANTI-, NEGATION; Y = ZERO). The power drive may be the sucking force of Y ---a vacuum, an inner emptiness. (Fromm 1973, p. 408.) Power triumphs in denial and destruction. A tyrant can command the destruction of millions of people, but hardly the creation of one great work of art or the procreation of one genius.
- (= CONDITION). Power is a Condition, depending on conditioning: IF you serve 0 me I will protect you, if you resist me I will kill you, says the powerman.
- (= FEELING). Power is a Feeling as a man Feels powerful and is Felt as powerful. Power-feeling means self-confidence and courage. If a man feels stronger he will be given power and if he is given power, he feels strong and others feel for him and with him. Competing for power, rivals woo like Don Juans for the love of Lady World.
 - (= LIFE). (Rounded as Oh). Life force = ow. If an animal has power

over his territory and flock, his survival and offspring is assured and he feels joy.

- (= MAN) is most like 'w,' sounding as in 'push.' Man is pushed by an obsession with power. He craves power for power's sake and uses it to get more power.
- (= MIND, SPIRIT). Even the reasoning mind is forced to slave for power's proud domination. Maybe all could feel pleasure. But not everybody could have power over others. For this dominion he would have to fight. And fight means now atomic war. Only if the Spirit's wisdom has power, can man survive.

Symbol — Transformations



166 1

9. Similar Symbols

- E \square (= MATTER). F = m · a, E = m · c², Force speeds Matter; Matter bursts into force. Mind over matter? Can man's mind control matter's force? ('e' = MOTION joins 'E' by sound.)
- c (= EXISTENCE). cwQ, power of Being (Q = Oe). Even matter needs forces to hold it together. We need energy to Exist and to survive. But some feel non-entities unless they can push somebody else around.
 - (= ACTION). (see under sounds) Power Acts concretely (on 'this').
 - (= THIS). Power lying zig-zag, 'up-down-up' in potentia, rises into the bolt of lightning of Action (down-up-down). It hits the This (down-up).
- t ---- (= TOWARD). Power is energy pushed into a definite direction with the same intention. The powerman attracts his followers to himself. He pulls them as a magnet or pushes them Toward a goal, on and on (perseverance). Willpower is often a passion for power.
- d + (= THROUGH, BY MEANS). Power works Through channels, the means lead to an end; might should bring right. But might makes right. Often men become means used by the power-boss whose end is his power. How often is power the means to serve the spirit?
- $r \rightarrow (= GOOD)$. Only so could power be Good. (See 'r' as sound.)
- n (= QUANTITY). Science calculates force in frequency quanta hv = E'' E' (startless end- energy), to unleash it on a relay trigger in magic formulae. Politics competes for power. Millions kill and die for a powerman's space, but in time a "millenium" may last ten years.
- j (= EQUAL). Under him, who is on top, the powerman pushes all others Equally below to serve him. His power makes him blind to shades of value. King Lear and Gloster (Weilgart 1952) see only what flatters their power, they are blind to goodness, beauty and truth.
- x \leftarrow (= RELATION). Power works in Relation to things or persons, whom it moves or stops. Is influence absolute charisma or relative dependence?: "He would not be a wolf, but that he sees the Romans are but sheep." (Caesar)
 - (= LIGHT). Power could radiate, enlighten and enrich. Raphael or Mozart, suns of genius—but who would serve them? They freely served. ('i' joins 'e' (Motion) by shape and sound and 'e' joins space and time).
- <u>a</u> (= ONE). Heis koiranos estO, one should be Lord, says Homer. Only one can be on top. This is the tragedy which makes power a fight.
- k (= ABOVE). Looking like a quarter note, it has the vertical in common with the power zig-zag but rises with its head over it, as man over the other beasts. The leader rises Above his followers by promising to raise them Above enemies and strangers in power. Would he also raise them up to the spirit?
- u / (= MAN, HUMAN). Man craves atomic power for a million years' impotence as naked ape.

Chapter 17

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- (= QUESTION). Man's quest for power feels Questionable and guilty. For his power is not based on inner native strength, but on demonic forces he has unleashed. A leader's assurance is of Questionable truth: 'I am strong, follow me.' Read: I am weak, support me. Power-pride builds a precarious throne.
- $1 \sim$ (-SOUND). Man can not shine light but Sounds-off slogans. The leader can rally, promise and praise or curse and condemn. He speaks in control as a father who threatens to burst into a baby's tantrum. What is more charismatic' than a baby's cry? Whence an elephant trainer's magnetism? Whom does the biggest beast obey? A trainer shouts his commands like elephant babies' cries.
- $U \bigwedge$ (= MIND, SPIRIT). "Thine is the power," "The Spirit alone should have omnipotence and dominion." And in its service inspired men, a senate of sages and saints, should be ultimate umpires² of the world.

Psychogram

(Starting from the base, read the drawing upward. Categories are capitalized and their letters listed even if the preceding words *contain* their idea.)

Nuclear and molecular POWER bonds INSIDE hold MATTER TOGETHER for long TIMES, EXISTING in limited SPACE. DISO). A FORCE field of gravity is a QUALITY of ROUNDED () Electro-SPACE-TIME (magnetic ENERGY radiates in a star's LIGHT, explodes in a nova. \mathcal{N} ANTI-MATTER destroys.



Naked MAN INFERIOR Tin muscular (electro-chemical) strength and procreative for LIFE-FORCE to other beasts, climbs UP on trees, hides in holes A. In open plains MAN shields his fright in the MANY, drowns his fears in rallying Control of the cries, and compensates his weakness by dreams of absolute power and naked SUPREMACY. $\uparrow \downarrow \downarrow \checkmark$ His MIND invents Δ TOOLS and figures magic formulae, spells to conjure depth's

[&]quot;'Charisma," 'grace for creation and cure' has been misused for 'popular power over the masses' as Hitler or Nasser wielded.

²Einstein was the consensus for such a leader. In 1945 he explained that atomic power had to be given to a world government, as the secret would be known in a few years. But the media nominated a crafty clown, Billy Rose, who flattered: "The Russians could not make an atom bomb even if we told them how. For the Russian knows only his hammer and sickle but not his monkey wrench." Maybe when the fallout clouds will close in, the establishment will trust a good wise man.

The old king was ONE and throned ABOVE and SOUNDED $1 \swarrow 4$ the voice of wisdom and truth. $4 \rightarrow -$. For first he had proved the truth of his worth by GOOD DEEDS of help +4. Then he marched in FRONT TOWARD $4 \rightarrow 1$ a HIGHER goal $4 \rightarrow 3$. But later this seemed hard work for the 4 + 4 leader and for the led, who had to bend in humility to his superior mind and crush their envy, to recognize his good wisdom. So the leaders learnt to 'campaign.' A demagogue learnt that a few flattering words could win more people than works of worth. He told the people that *they* had the power, that he was their creature and promised to do their will, IF they chose him 5. He called their cravings in $4 \rightarrow 3$ powerful slogans, to fight for the might, for dominion on top. All would be EQUAL in POWER, RELATE to the leader.

But only one could rule. The others must perish or cringe. The pleasant play of 'king of the castle' becomes in the age of the atom an absolute fight to the finish. Atomic war means annihilation $\sqrt{1}$ The Language of Space dissolves commands and invectives, slogans of power into statements of goodness and truth. The GOOD and wise could commune in this logos. If the common man wanted to survive he must learn to trust who flatters him least, who craves power least.

The man of the spirit is fulfilled by his creation and contemplation. He would have to be begged to assume the burden of duty. A senate of sages and saints, the humble men of the spirit would have to rule, for they would be ruled by the spirit and would lead mankind up to the SPIRIT of the GOOD, the beautiful and the true in love. $\Delta +$ The Spirit's force may flow within.

³(Such 'kings of the spirit' by consensus, men of works of merit would be e.g. Solomon, Asoka, Leibniz, Kant, Franklin, Emerson, Edison, Goethe, Schweitzer, Einstein . . .) They would not need political skill, if no politicians oppose. Selfish power politics means mutual threat. If all rulers were angels, they would agree on the welfare of mankind. Its greatest creators are nearer angels than any powerman.

Chapter 17

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170 N

CHAPTER 18. ACTION: CREATE!

Action: Create!

 $= v = action, act, do, make \dots; -v = verb ending, v = causative prefix$ 'v' as in vim, virile, vu = he.Patients' Poem

From black balled thunder cloud coiled-up snake springs zig-zag a spark. Bolt of lightning. Hits the highest peak: the house on the hill. Inside mother and children holding each other huddled in love and fear. Now livid and lifeless, while the blessing rain they prayed for drenches their fields growing their grain to feed them.

Billions of years ago in the era of tempests piercing pungent vapors, sewing together gas and air with threaded needlea bolt of lightning started the spark of life.

The bolt of lightning, missile of angry gods, Zeus, Jove and Thor, is Nature's Actions. our symbol of action, where myth and science meet. For lightning welded together N & O; and NH3, ammonia, with methane and steam; this activated eobionts from amino acids: protein

and protoplasm are the stuff of life for plants and animals.

Inside animals, the motor muscles contract when actin is activated through acetylcholine, aroused by the reticular activating system and (nor-)adrenaline (Ochs 1965) with the sympathetic nerves. It mobilizes to fight or flight . . . but for love's potency the parasympathetic vagus is needed. Thus even the male (whom Emerson calls the active sex with his competitive

4 or $4 \wedge$) can not rely on his conscious will for potent love. Thus swimming sperm, willful action by nature is rather aggressive and destructive than loving and creative. For crea-

tion man needs conception, passive to inspiration . . . in rest and peace.

Is action movement? Does the orbiting moon act? Only when it changes motion. m .v.ds (the physicist's 'action') = momentum \times time. In action—potential is changed to kinetic energy which changes the surrounding . . . for better or worse. If the state was bad, it's easy to change it for the better. If originally it was a good life, a random change has the same chance to improve it as hitting a watch with a hammer and hoping this will make it more exact. -Steel balls hang parallel. Pull the first and let it swing back to hit the others: the last ball will

172 4

swing away, return and the first ball will come back to our hand. Newton's 3rd law: any action is matched by reaction. In human affairs this means conflict and war, risky in the atomic age. Before, we could wait for the feedback: after centuries of crusades, Christians found they could not convert the Moslems by the sword. After a 30-Years War, the Catholics and Protestants found they could not reform each other by bullets. But in the atomic age we have not centuries nor decades to find out by trial and error the reactions and feedback of the atomic test. Hindsight won't do. We need, what few men of action have, creative imagination before we act.

Similar Sounds. j = j y (voiced friction) j = jVerbs in aUI end in -v and begin also with v- if they are causative. (Weilgart 1974, Grammar p. 48) E.g. ev = move, vev = make move, drive. ov = live, vov = make live, engender; vyov = kill. To show action v- must vibrate in front of the mouth as action: directed to the front. w is most similar to v, power is kin to action. We need power (potential) for action and most acts are done to increase power-a vicious circle in which the powerful get more power by destroying the helpless quiet. Before, the powermen might first destroy each other and the neutrals could survive. In the atomic age, an atomic war would kill all. 70% = 1:40 f (unvoiced v) = this. Action shouts always only 'this,' and cruelly neglects all else. Men of action have tunnel vision. The activist's tragedy is: he can never see the other side nor can he foresee another time. The Activist shouts: "I here now!" (in aUI:vevu nIv: "fu fa fA!") Now it is popular here to throw the atombomb—hang the other nations and the future! p (a stopped f) = front. Activists look in front and march ahead and the devil take the hindmost! They never go back and retrace their steps to reconsider. They like to stand in front of their followers and advance themselves. And the human herd follows the activist leader . . . into death (for he can not foresee the future). b ('together' is a voiced p or stopped v). The man of action needs followers, for he is nothing in himself. He must concentrate all his forces within him together, and gather all his crew together. Cooperation is one road to success. i (equal, same). All must do the same to be effective and they must do the same over and

over again. Collection and repetition makes action's success. $\int z$ (part): Still human action only can succeed in part. It may improve one part of his personality: the part that strives for power through action. His aggression pulls him in one direction.

Y (anti-). The tragedy of action is that it is mostly destructive. This comes from its fightflight past. But in the atomic age (except for outer space) there might be no place to flee. Man's actions are mostly aggression and revenge. Nasser said: "I don't act, I react." Clemenceau, and Hitler, too, lived for revenge. It is easier to destroy than to create. And in creation we are receptive, passive during inspiration, and active only in execution.

Of vowels we can relate to the voiced front sound 'v' best the front vowels: e, E; i, I; Y. Most action means movement in matter, e in E. Not all movement is action but all action needs movement. The activist is usually not a laborer himself. B. Russell said: "Work is of two kinds: altering the position of matter . . . and . . . telling other people to do so. The first is unpleasant and ill paid. The second is pleasant and highly paid." (The same goes for brain work. It is the administrator who pushes scholars around; not the scholar himself, not even the inventor or discoverer, is highly paid and has the power.) What the boss-activist primarily

moves is his tongue. He gives off lots of sound (I \sim). And he moves hot air around him.

But humans like howler-monkeys are conditioned to blindly obey shouts and commands. Again it is easier to activate hate than love in conventional cliches. It is easier to activate to kill than to give the life of the spirit. A leader like Hitler can make dozens of millions kill and die for him, but even a Christ could make only a few to learn from him and live like him.

Y, Y action in the atomic age may end in destruction. \overline{o}

of power *I* lying down, rises into *f* action. Action needs power, power affirms itself by action. A similar zig-zag is *i*

(relation). A double arrow from me to you, from you to me. In

direction, a simple arrow, e.g. the boss is pushing his servant. Buber feels: "In the beginning is relation . . . within a narrow circle of acts . . . charged with presentness." Again we find the



selfish one: "I here now." " 1×1000 . . ." Only the 'this' exists 1 for the man of action: the pragmatist judges: what I can not act upon does not exist for me. "Was ich nicht wirken kann, ist nicht wirklich." (Fichte) Whom I can not push around does not deserve to live. Administrators evaluate men whether they are 'administrable' = worthy to survive. Still an uncreative man of action is empty and sterile in himself. He must act through channels and

through men who are his tools. + These men in turn need tools to act. But going through so many channels it is questionable 2 whether any of the original human spirit ($\Lambda\Delta$),

if there ever was one, will be in the ultimate outcome. A. France feels: "Our actions are not our own . . . they depend . . . upon chance . . . we do not deserve them." "What's done can not be undone," will with Macbeth pronounce the leader who will have ordered the final

tion. Destruction is still the most spectacular action, sure to make the hack's headlines. But who will report on the final earthly act?

Good or Evil Deeds. Is man the most active creature? Then why not simply command: man, do good? But can not evil follow out of a well-meant deed? Account for the consequences: calculate 'good times its probability' minus 'evil times its probability.' ' $G \cdot P - e \cdot p$ ' or '+P - p,' the positive probability minus the (probability of) risk. Goethe found "Der Handelnde hat immer Unrecht." "The man of action is always in the wrong." There will be ever evil. So Luther counselled "choose the lesser of the two evils." Be just to your neighbor even if he be your rival. But comparing yourself with him you will judge yourself by your good intentions, but the other man by his good achievement. "I am my ideas and ideals; the other is his deeds. If I can not perform my good will, it is hard luck. If the other does not deliver by his good words, he is a hypocrite and a fraud." Intentions are ever higher than actions. So "I am ever better than he."—Then make sure that results match your will. Foresee what follows—could George Washington have foreseen that his ideal revolution of freedom from England would touch off the bloody French revolution with tyrant Napoleon conquering the world, touching off a chain reaction of world wars?—Then don't worry about the consequences. Act by principle: the

golden rule, the Ten Commandments, the law. (See _____ good.) What if there are millions of

174 4

laws that contradict each other? Good works won't get you into heaven. Act in good faith. What if I bring water to my enemy dying in the desert? (Is this not a good work? asks the Catholic. The agnostic Jew Freud might have brought peace with the Protestant:) "If you still hate your rival, you will 'slip' and drop the jar on his head." True good deeds grow as fruits from a tree of grace. Good acts are the fruit of love. Love God above all and your neighbor as thyself.

Gibran sees "work" as an offering of "love." In love we act productive-creative. Our acts rise up. Horizontal actions rush in one direction and on the same plane are bound to clash with another man of action who leads in another horizontal direction, even against his foe. Action brings reaction in the opposite direction. Conflict means war. Atomic war means annihilation. All this may start with a political arrangement. One leader arranges chairs in squares. The other in circles. So they fight. But the carpenter who produces a new chair with the work of his hand, or the artist who creates a new work of art, does not clash with another

creator. Creation leads upward to contemplation. (see spirit Δ .) And there is always room

up in the sky.

As for horizontal action of busy-bodies that crowd out creation, Christ compared busy Martha who "troubled herself with many things" with Mary who saw the one that is needed. St. Thomas of Aquinas saw this Mary as beautiful soul in contemplation of the Spirit.

When Hitler shouted "unser Gebet ist die Arbeit" "our prayer is hard work" he did not mean the labor of love, but the work of war. I rebelled against him and wrote against him my dissertation on "Schöpfung und Schau," Creation and Contemplation: "the man who proclaims action as ultimate goal of man, debases man in his own beholding eyes to a swarming ant. But in contemplation man rises to grandeur. His very smallness becomes the wonder. For his beholding eye, a minute microcosmic mirror, can comprehend the macrocosm of the universe."

The microcosm of the creation of a work of art represents the infinite in the finite. True creation leads to contemplation of the Spirit. Uncreative action leads to power, and power leads to action. In unproductive action mankind resembles a brat playing in the sand: the left hand destroys the castles that the right hand has built up. Only, the plays are wars and the sand grains human lives. And the water of the sea is tinged crimson: man's history of action is written by satan in blood.

The dying king in Grimm's fable decreed that his laziest son should get the crown. "Put it on my head. I'm too lazy to reach for it." Tung Chung Shu advised: "The ruler takes non-action as his way . . . he sits upon the throne of non-action." Pascal discovered that "all human evil comes from this: man's being unable to sit still." Lao Tsu knew: by doing nothing, all things are done. And O. Wilde found: "The one person who has more illusions than the dreamer, is the man of action." "Action is a blind thing, dependent on external influences and moved by an impulse of his nature; it is unconscious. It is a thing incomplete in its essence, because it is limited by accident and ignorant of its direction, being always at variance of its aim. Its basis is the lack of imagination. It is the last recourse of those who know not how to dream." And the Koran II 268 teaches that the life of this world is just a play. "Schatten sind des Lebens Güter, Schatten seiner Freuden Schar. Schatten, Worte, Wünsche, Taten: die Gedanken nur sind wahr." Shadows are life's fleeting pleasures, shadows are the deeds you do. Shadows are rewards and treasures, only thought and love are true. (Grillparzer, F., Traum ein Leben, Life a Dream.)

But I had written in this same dissertation before my flight from Germany in 1939: "Only he who could say: 'Sun stand still at Gibeon and moon in the vale of Aijalon' might believe in the eternal dignity of the human deed." But now as in Joshua's time (10, 12) mankind may need

Chapter 18

the cosmic deed, before it can rest in creation and contemplation. Maybe we need to till the soil of distant planets and explode two atom bombs on the sunny side of Venus and the shady side of Mars, so that hot Venus can cool it and cold Mars is pushed nearer to the sun. Thus we could conquer new lands for human habitation, so vast that Alexander's and Napoleon's conquests seem backyard feuds. And these cosmic conquests would not shed a drop of blood. Algae could be transplanted and lichens cultivated to feed billions of colonists. Cosmic actions as creation, could bring peace for cosmic contemplation.

Psychogram

Actions as cause for change could be traced to matter exploding into energy and radiating as light, followed by change in \mathbb{A} & \mathbb{A} motion in space and time. Sun and moon, \mathbb{A} act' on the ocean. Lightning acts on life.

To stay alive, animals flee from danger and fight for food and love, which to enjoy they relax and rest. What $\frac{164}{104}$ drives us to action is need, a want, $\bigcirc \square$ an emptiness inside, or a goal outside. \bigcirc Man is driven to pleasure and dominating power and to get the means for both he $\bigcirc 4$ craves many tools and more and more things. His acts increase his power and 444with power he acts. Man acts with hand and voice: he leads and commands



with power he acts. Man acts with hand and voice: he leads and commands $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{G}}$ to others to work together \mathcal{M} for him and to repeat the same acts over and over. He uses relays to trigger off enormous forces of nature, that become his $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{G}}$ servants or demons, that obsess him.

For the man of action sees only 'this one.' The selfish activist knows only himself. But even for the unselfish fanatic his actions seem a matter of existence. He acts as if the survival of the universe were at stake. He acts on and on in the same direction, never retracing his steps, never $\overline{10}$ 804 looking around $\overline{1}$ the thing from the other side. But seen objectively his actions' value seems highly questionable. Z They function in relation ---5 which he can not foresee 300. They are at best a to certain unreliable conditions partial **5** solution of his problems. But what must he not sacrifice for his success! Half of his personality can not be used as tool of his actions. Most of his kindlier feelings must be crushed, (Lenin denied himself to listen to Mozart: it would make him too soft). And certainly the fanatic man of action sacrifices or destroys all obstacle as Macbeth says when "in my way it lies" Duncan, Banquo and his sons must be killed. To the ruthless activist, even if he be no sadist, all people are either tools or obstacles, that must be destroyed. Since such is the case, how could contemplators ever survive among men of action? The answer is that one activist rushing headlong ahead is bound to clash with another man of action. And both might destroy each other. The man of peace might submit and survive. As smiling third party, the neutrals

Chapter 18

176 4

might survive. But in the atomic age, the neutrals would die with the rest in poisonous radiation or fallout. An atomic total war does not tolerate the uninvolved contemplator or creator.

As in Hamlet* he is called "coward" or even traitor by the fanatics of action. "And enterprises of great pith and moment lose the name of action." Only in Hamlet—actor and contemplator is the same man. Hamlet could be a philosopher or poet: but he acts like an actor on a stage. He scolds himself, because he hesitates to revenge his father. In war the youth of a whole nation, even life of the future, is sacrificed to revenge the offenses of the past. When will mankind learn to act and create for the future? Action could lead up to creation and creation up to contemplation of the Spirit.

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CHAPTER 19. THIS IS IT.

This is it.

f = f = this, 'thisness' (, arrow pointing down or hook pulling up).

Patients' Poems: haec-ceity

Hundreds of little fish swarming in glass-box out of reach: 10¢ each. Lady sees the mass, knocks pointing fat female finger on glass: "I want this one! I wish this fish." Saleclerk's advice: 'Lady at this price you must take potluck, or you're out of luck.' "But this fish is different-unique" 'They are all spawned in sequel: all fish are created equal,---so to speak.' "Just do it for me" 'As far as I see you are just a dame and all dames are the same. "I want him here and now" The dame makes a row: The small swarming fish in bliss without wish unaware of his individuality, identity, singularity had been a fish without name, privilege or fame. Now the lady demanded that he was branded as "V.I.P." (Sales list no. F-9-8-3.)

Individuation

A dozen geese high fly through the sky sister and brother one with the clouds one with each other. An arrow rushes up whom will it stop it got me of all! I exist. I am one, I. I fall I die.

What does 'haecceity' do for communication? If you are a stranger and don't know the meaning of a menu, you can point at what another man seems to enjoy: 'I want this.' Pointing can replace language. In aUI all elements are categories so basic that nothing else can describe or define them. But they are so primitive that they can be pointed out: you can teach aUI to a child on a primitive island whose language you don't know. You can point at different lights,

sun, moon, stars, fireflies and candles and shout 'i' and gesture ' ' You can point at things like clouds and stars and birds above for \int . But even the most abstract concepts like spirit Δ or thinking can be demonstrated: point at your forehead with brooding eyes or at Michelangelo's 'penseroso' or Rodin's 'penseur'... finger and tongue are the most human organs and the finger can replace the tongue. The dog as man's friend can follow the pointed finger's invisible line to fetch an object from far. The elephant can point with his trunk as with a giant nose and the chameleon can point its sticky tongue catching 'this' fly. Some fishes can shoot their spittle at gnats like missiles, and Indians, if their hands are busy, point with their lips. This we do in aUI: we hiss 'ff' thru a protruding lip, blowing air at the object as with a blow gun. aUI as the Language of peace has no egocentric "I": we point down at the self \bigwedge , at 'this'-person, (\checkmark = we, these-people), as at my other object and so it is equal to \checkmark , the together-person, the 'thou.' We dissolve the greedy possessive 'my' \checkmark , into

'this-man's' house, as if it were loaned to 'this man' for a while.

Similar Symbols.

The arrow pointing down, simplified to a hook can be upturned to a one, in aUI: 1. 'This' thing is unique, I single it out, there is only one. In pointing my index finger at it, I force atten-

tion 'toward' it -. In a way I lift it out, make it 'ex-sist' the crowd of other things, as a back-ground. If the hook of the 1 melts into the dot of above, 1, it might again expand into the loop ρ of life. Animals have more identity



above, f, it might again expand into the loop ρ of life. Animals have more identity than bullets. I feel a relation \frown toward them, (\frown comes from the double arrow, \longleftrightarrow from me to you, from you to me). \downarrow \downarrow : if hook and vertical are lengthened, we get the

symbol for 'through.' Pointing is a means by which, through which, we establish communication (see 'b, together,' below).

In naming a thing, identifying it, making it exist, we have the power \checkmark of creation and we can act \checkmark on the thing for good + or evil +. Is individuation a blessing or a curse? (\downarrow \checkmark : adds another line for a zig-zag.) \checkmark , in protracting the hook of \checkmark we get \checkmark 'man.' Man is the creature with ego and identity crisis. He wants to belong into a herd and still stand out as individual. Great leaders like Napoleon or Wallenstein kept their men in their power by remembering their names as individuals in the herd of their army, but made them lose their true selves.

Similar Sounds. $\int v f p b$ The sound 'f' is blown through protruding lips or setting the $\int \mathcal{F}_{i} i I$.

178

pointing at 'this' thing, I pull it forward, into the fore-ground and all else into the background. 'This' is pre-ferred. Again we find v (action $\frac{4}{3}$) the voiced f: we can act upon what's identified. It has become a 'thing' (s •). Before, a bump merged into the meadow. Now we call it our 'table,' it is some-thing for our picnic. If we stop, soften or voice the 'f or p' into 'b' , we can overcome our nothingness, by togetherness. In a sense we call another being a 'this,' choosing or chosen, and dissolve the lonely curse of our singularity, or dissolve the privilege of our uniqueness. I and Thou ($\frac{1}{2} \approx \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$) (cf. Buber). Front (lip) consonants are nearest to front vowels as i $\frac{1}{3}$ and I \sim . The 'this'-sound is

Front (lip) consonants are nearest to front vowels as i \checkmark and I \sim . The 'this'-sound is the name (fUI, \downarrow \bigtriangleup , this-word) with which I cast a spell on a thing or person. Adam could give names to animals, plants and things. Students ask 'what is my name in aUI?' A name is the same in any language or rather it is outside linguistics as is pointing, unless it means something—as the old Indian names like "Eagle Eye" or "Lion Paw." A name or word casts the beam of a limelight on something. It is described and seen as individual; light and sound, sight and word, are ways of discrimination \biguplus and individuation.

Individuation. We thank the scholastic Duns Scotus for the term haecceitas, thisness, concreteness, singularity, that lifts a thing out of abstract generality. But he saw individuation as tragedy: in the paradise of grace Adam and Eve were one with God and his cosmic all. But when they broke the creator's law by selfish will, they fell off into individuatio and on their own they had to die (and kill). They were self-conscious of their nakedness which they hid away in a shell of clothes and walls.

Long before Duns, Empedokles felt individuation as hate, seclusion of, breaking out, from the union of love. Anaximander saw individuation as guilt, to be atoned by death that dissolves us back. On the other hand, some see single concrete things as primary, and generalities as abstractions. Are there universals? For the human life of the spirit we need to see the universal idea. We can not go on pointing at innumerable single things. We can not survive in disjointed crumbs. How could man's individuation come about?

I. Was man chosen, or fallen, or grown out, or did he willfully step out, of the universal cosmic harmony as *self*? Eastern sages find no central self in a man, just many trends in the same body, partly conscious and partly supressed (Hesse, Freud).

Did man grow into, and become an individual self or declare himself a proud ego: "I am this one." W. James felt identity as "an active tension, holding my own and thrusting outward \ldots this is the real me." Piaget finds egocentricity as typical of the child before six. Some hippies insist on $\bigwedge \bigcap \bigcap \bigcap ,$ 'I-here-now.' I want my wish right here and now. Damn future and past. To hell with providence. Russell called 'here and now' egocentric particles, true only from the speaker's standpoint. Tolstoy's horse Strider finds man obsessed with "my" labels of greed and possessiveness.

If man willfully stepped out of the cosmic context, he would have to be a Titan, strong to hold his own. He seems to be destined to a tragic fate. If he fell out into apart-heit, his destiny is to die. Only if he was chosen and grows into individuality, is there hope. This blessing blooms in creativity, 'thrusting outward' as in W. James. Creation and research finds-back into the union of contemplation (III). 180

"El delito mayor del hombre es haber nacido." (La vida es sueño, Calderon de la Barca, P.) Is to be born man's greatest fault?

Is to emerge man's greatest crime?

-pI pnEk nam Yrvs Ub u cEv toev, hI ?-

上間世形為八月間, ~?

II. This ego, however it arose, in turn claims the right to pull at will (or whim) certain unities out of the universal ocean and call them 'things': "This thing I name." A thing might earn this title or rank by either attracting or attacking him. Man's ego might give names according to whether he can use these things to uphold his ego. If something seems irrelevant, he does not honor it with a name. With similar names he orders them into relations, but thereby they lose their concrete individual thisness. Kurt Goldstein found that frontal-lobe-injured patients live in concrete here-and-now, and can not abstract into the general-possible or into classes and categories of things. Some sociopaths and schizophrenics act in the same childish way. On the other hand, a creative self might find his identity by organically selecting this and this element into the circle of a harmony, in whose center is a 'this,' as permanent task to which he adheres in fidelity to give his life meaning. Continuous memory affirms self identity: if I changed like a cloud or did not remember what I was like before, I would have no identical self. Being true in the future to the task of the past gives him coherence and thus lasting identity. Michelangelo worked day and night like a dedicated bee submerged in his creation.

III. An ego may choose one of these entities which he needs most and names it a "thou." (\bigwedge , bu). We heard that the 'b' has in common with the 'f' the labial sounds, but as a symbol, is the opposite of \downarrow . \bigcirc is rounded with two balls and \downarrow is pointed and vertical straight. \bigcirc This means that togetherness dissolves selfness, although it may 'aufheben' it, lift it up. This 'thou' might be an idol or a fetish. A totem may give such collective 'identity': I am French, I am black, I am white. I identify with 'my' party, nation or race to belong to a power group, in which I might lose my individual soul. Piaget traces social growth "from egocentricity to reciprocity." So there might be great rewards in this exchange. But 'what profiteth it man if he gained the whole world and loses his true self, his soul?' (Mark 8:36). If the thou is another human being in creative love, it may free us from the fetters of selfhood and still affirm our inner spiritual self. The outer self, the proud ego should be denied and lost (Luke 9:23) so the true inner self, the soul, the spirit of God within us can be found.') Who am I? Schizoid Macbeth cries: "I am not what I am." There is a bad loss of identity: a man can lose his better self in insanity, debauchery, dissipation and drugs. But there is a sublime loss of self in ecstasis, breaking out of the confines of this body's shell.

IV. If the thou is neither a thing, nor a human being, but God, the self may dissolve as a drop of rain falling back into the ocean of Nirvana. For those who will keep themselves will lose themselves and those who lose themselves will find themselves.²) The self will find its soul and atome for the original sin of defection of individuation in contemplation of oneness in the cosmic Spirit.

'on self examination, Ps. 4, 5; 1 Cor. 11, 28.

^{&#}x27;(as against the revised standard version and the English Bible) Matt. 10, 39; 16, 25; Mark 8: 35-36; Luke 9: 24-25 instead of 'self,' we still find 'life' or 'soul.'

Psychogram

Floating down the St. John's River in N. Florida, my body-self dissolves in the warm water with which I am one. \square But looking at the banks I suddenly $\square \bigcirc$ see the the tide has pushed the river \square upstream and I must swim against the current to reach home. In straining and resisting the environment I get painfully aware of my thisness, my individual $\square \bigwedge$ existence, that actively strives toward a goal, which I almost can not reach. The 'other,' the 'obstacle' as 'enemy,' informs me of my 'ego.' If I \square \square will swim thru a goal and get stuck, I am again painfully aware of the limits of this my thisness as of a foreign thing. \square



If somebody else gets on top of me or before me and I envy him as a rival I suffer even the shame about envying him, I am ashamed of the imperfections of my ego $\int \overline{f} \cdot \overline{f} \cdot \overline{f}$ in this harsh world. I am shivering in the cold \overline{o} outside and want to withdraw into my house $\int \int \overline{o}$ fum fuga, my home, here and now.

In the home we huddle together. In togetherness I might lose my individuality. But togetherness in love might expand thisness into both: $\bigwedge \neg \bigwedge \checkmark$ instead of 'I,' the feeling is "we." Humans, even in the closest loving union, $\widehat{\uparrow} \widehat{\uparrow} \widehat{\bigcirc}$ might be aware of the other and the self even in wordy communication. \bigotimes A humble alga in splitting apart as again in union, loses its identity and individual life. It dies as self when it melts in the union of love. Humans can dissolve only in the union of the Spirit becoming part of the cosmic all.

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CHAPTER 20. THAT IS THE QUESTION (

That is the Question.

2 = h = Question, (2 from ? question mark; 'h' gasps a question as 'how' from within)

Patient's Image: The Questions

Have I been asleep? Why is it so dark around me after all that light? I wonder whether the day has found me or the night? Am I in a water warm and deep? Floating in a stream or in a sea? Coming into it-but how and why? Even where? or when? -I can not see. Is the darkness cave or starless sky? Am I carried? Whither? Whence? Without touching, hearing-am I without sense? Passing through a dream, or can I be? Am I what I seem, or is it me?

Similar Sounds.

h2 - x | c g $\odot \rho_{O} \wedge | k$ 'h' is a breath almost inaudible (to the Frenchmen and a A o O u U

Italians), unless followed by a vowel whose position it assumes. This symbolizes that a question without an object is impossible. The schizoid's free-floating anxiety of our poem means alienation as prelude to flowing hallucination without whither or whence.

'x = \checkmark ': Most akin is the snoring rasp of x as in Mexico or Loch. In English relatives sound like, and answer, questions: who = $2 \wedge$ or \checkmark in aUI. "Who came? "Who came was my brother." A 'relation' should be established through a question like: How are you? The psychoanalyst asks for the cause, whence and why? The existential analyst asks: whither? What for—do you exist?

c (sounds 'sh') = existence, being. "To be or not to be, that is the question." Or more vital: How should we be that we can be, that we can survive?

g \bigcirc = inside; guttural as most 'h's.' The human being (\land u) breathes the question from inside, in our center we bear the question: 2 was the 3rd center-symbol in students' psychograms after \bigcirc and \land . Man straddles the questions: good or evil? Matter or spirit?

k $\int =$ above. Still we ask for the 'above' we search and strive upward. How can we ascend (to the spirit)?

a,o,u. We mostly ask for space and time, ha 20 = where; hA 20 = when? for practical orientation, and hu 2Λ = who? Who is man, what is man? hU 2Λ = why? In what spirit? Philosophy starts with wondering, thaumazein. In the atomic age, when life's survival is in question we should examine our motives and commune with (our) heart (Ps. 4:4; 1 Cor. 11:28; 2 Cor. 13:5). We should doubt our drives that are distorted by slogans, we should hesitate and question before we destroy. For what we destroy might be ourselves.

Similar Symbols. Most similar to the 2 of question is the \sim lying wave of sound. If we

could not speak, we could not ask. A 'dumb' animal can puzzle, wonder, and try. A cat can try catching fish with its paws or birds by jumping. Success is yes, failure is no. "Curiosity killed the cat."* Humans still use this trial and error method in war even in the atomic age. Humans ask,

what the cat never asks: why should I live? Should I live?

Human feelings are questionable and problematic. The cat can smell another cat's feelings, humans hardly know the qualities of their own heart. But while an animal in a questionable or contradictory situation panics (e.g. a cat when approached by a stuffed cat with angrily arched back, like seeing a ghost without smelling it), a human in a questionable situation has the faculty of research. If 'sound' asks questions, the clear 'light' of reason gives answers. Asking or finding reasons brings us the power of science Action Challenging questions are stimuli to action, the response. But actions themselves are of questionable consequences. What makes them partly questionable are unfit conditions, outside our control. Especially in the atomic power play it would be very useful, if politicians considered themselves fallible.

In contrast to the unquestionably cock-sure man of action, who rushes into victory or defeat, there are humans who doubt themselves in reverberating circles, brooding round and round. Finally they ask the value of questioning itself, even of thinking and living, and end in complete nihilism. \sqrt{p} Humans are most mobile C in space and most rapidly progressing in time O. This makes every old truth questionable. Still, besides the skeptic, the doubting scientist, open to new ideas, there is the neophobic fanatic, the man of action who tolerates no doubt. The most dangerous combination in the atomic age is the fanatic dema-

*10 week-old-babies, and (butter) flies show curiosity, Bucke, p. 51

gogue, who has learnt from the skeptic cynic to doubt and deny ethical and spiritual values, and has become an ethical nihilist, but who does not doubt that might makes right, and believes in his power to destroy. It is essential for survival to know what to question. In the atomic age we need men like St. Francis or Spinoza who questioned all material values, but not inner intuition, the cosmic consciousness (Bucke) of the eternal spirit. Even those who have not reached the state of cosmic intuition could hold life in reverence, and the Spirit in awe.

The Grammar of Questioning. In English and other western languages question words start with a consonant (h in how and originally hw in hwo or hwat is now who or what, when and

where, why still pronounced with beginning h). In aUI always 'h': how = hUd, $2\Delta t$

who = hu 2^{1} , (Weilgart 1974, p. 44, 47). But English shows no clear connection between these 'open' questions and the decisional (yes-no) questions for which it has no special particle as other languages have. (aUI has hI? (''eh?'') at the end of a yes-no question, which shows the relationship to the open question.) Open questions leave the answer open to a phrase or sentence, which the asker does not know before. In English if one asks 'who did it' one does know before: it was a person (not an animal, for which English has no question word

as 'ho' 2? in aUI, 'which-living-being'). Nor can English ask for a woman, hyvu, hlu 24, 26, ? Which woman did it? English has also no single special word for qualis or quantum, which? 'What-kind-of' or 'how-much,' 'how-many?' hEm,hUm; hnE, hEn? And English 'how and why' are ambiguous. 'How' asks for the accidental tools or methods used "how did you build it?" or for the intrinsic style: how are you? could be answered with "I feel good" or "I am good" (by nature). "Why?" implies either 'how come" hyt? 2 = or "for what purpose, what for? In what spirit?" hUt, hU? $2 = ?2 \land$? Old "whither goest thou" was clearer than "where are you going?" which could be answered: "on a road."

came is my friend. hu tepAv? xu tepAv c fum bru. 2, , But decisional (yes-no) questions in English have not much in common with open questions. They are inverted and start with "do (or did . . .) you go?" and this allies them almost with a (negative) command "don't go!" It puts a man on the spot. He must decide or justify himself.

The Logics of this Questioning is controversial because not all, in fact few, questions can be answered with yes or no. And since the questioner does not know the answer, how can he command that the answer be decided this way? Can you command an unknown? Logics have even proven that some questions are unanswerable. E.g. if a word can be said of itself, it is predicable e.g. "word is a word" if not, it is impredicable. Now: "Is the word impredicable— predicable?" If "impredicable is predicable" then it follows "impredicable is impredicable." Likewise it does not make sense to ask whether pi is an odd or even number. pi is beyond such a yes-no or 'whether or' decision. (Goedel has made provability controversial). But it seems neither the law nor politics have awoken to this fact. They still ask; is he guilty or innocent, capitalist or communist? Friend or foe? Good or evil? Should he live or die?

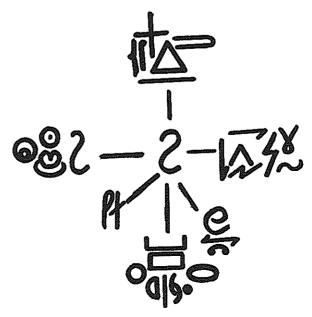
Psychologists ask, 'true or false?' "I have never had trouble with sex." But what is sex? What is trouble?

Law. "Answer the whole truth and nothing but the truth. Answer yes or no!" "Yes or no. your honor" I answered when a judge asked me "is this man guilty of circumlocuciousness? (and therefore schizophrenic and therefore unfit to work for the pentagon as he saw it). Everybody uses sometimes circumlocution, talking around. But this does not make them schizophrenic. The judge raged at my answer "yes or no" but I was following literally his command. The problem is how can he command me to do or say what he himself does not know. If he knows what I should answer, why not command me "answer yes." The questioner stands below the adviser in knowledge, so he should not command him and restrict him, because he can not know whether his restriction applies. A prosecutor uses decisional questions as a trap: "Have you stopped killing your stepmother?" even though I have no stepmother. But if I answer yes he can say: "Then you must have been killing her before": the whole truth is that hardly any questions can be answered with 'yes or no.' Is it 7 p.m.? "Well more or less, but while I am saying this, it is getting later." Is $33 \times 3 = 100$ wrong? "It is about right." Is the sum of a triangle's angles 180? Yes unless you transcend Eucledian geometry. Is matter of permanent mass? Yes, unless it explodes into energy. Thus all these millenial axioms have been questioned and even, whether certain questions can be asked meaningfully has been questioned. "A fool can ask more than seven sages can answer."

(What) should we Ask? "For forms of government let fools contest: "whatever is best adminisered is best." (Pope) In a bureaucratic power-structure we are enjoined from questioning power. Might makes right and so the boss is always right. Rigid neo-phobia crushes the open eye for new truth. King Solomon and Buddha questioned the value of power and riches. In the atomic age the value of power to guarantee security, may be most questionable. Wagner's kings questioned the blessings of power. Parsifal should have asked King Anfortas for his suffering, a question of compassion. Lohengrin, his son, should not be questioned: we should not question grace. God made us; we should not ask: who made God? or what made God make us? We should revere created life and the Creator in unquestioning faith and awe. If man questions and searches for truth, he should do so in humility. Schiller in his "Veiled Image of Sais" warns not to reveal the truth to the guilty eye, and Goethe counsels: humbly search the comprehensible, humbly revere the incomprehensible. Lessing professed: 'If God held in one hand the whole truth and in the other the search after truth, I would choose the search for truth. For the truth itself is only for God."

Psychogram

The snaky question mark can wind around all human problems. It is most human to ask questions or: are the things around us problems, stimuli, or questions, and we should respond? Or are we free to ask whether we should respond? Is it the spirit in us that asks? Does the spirit question the limits of space and time, the value of material things, their pleasures and the actions that strive for power over this world? Does the spirit in us ask: how am I? What is man? Whenever the spirit asks, our mind can give it only a partial answer. We never find what is wholly good or true.



Chapter 20

Questions of good or evil, matter or spirit, truth or error can be asked in cynic or healthy skepticism, in asthenic anxiety that broods round and round, or in humble persevering search that leads to creative invention and discovery of truth. Man can waver between emotional intuition, feeling life's inner qualities in art, or a life of power and action rushing toward an outer goal. A man can question the privileges of the past and the superiorities of the present. He can solve both in equality, which may prove itself a precarious questionable balance. Should man move with the masses, relate to the crowd, or remain within himself? Should man gather material things: how much will I need? Should he conquer living-space for the now or shelter for the future? Should he find the means and conditions for staying alive? Should he be satisified with existence? In the atomic age "to be or not to be" may be the question: survival of the Spirit on this earth.

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188 Z

CHAPTER 21. THEY HAD A RELATION 4

They had a Relation.

 $\longrightarrow = x = relation$, snored as in (Spanish) Mexico, Loch (\longrightarrow arrow from me to you, from you to me)

Patient's Poem; The Threads of Relation

From the sun to the earth, from the earth to the moon from the moon to the skythe force-pull of mass or the ray-push of light. From the sun to the sea from the sea to the cloud from the cloud to the tree flows life-giving strength. From the tree to the bee from the bee to the tree threads of life-giving love. Down from the tree jumps the panther on the back of the deer lightning strikes the tree fire rages through the forest

Similar Sounds.

g k x h j c (-) (-, 2 =) 'x' is a friction guttural. Relation may mean inner friction. When two 'snore together! . . , they have a relation. x is harsher than the inner breath of h, the question. Like h, x can adapt to its vowel: ich, ach . . . ix, Ix, ax, Ax; . . . ox, Ox, ux, Ux . . . mean light-, sound-; space-, time-; life-, feeling-; human-, spiritual- relationships. As we saw before (under 'h') relatives look like question words: who came? He who came was my friend. The mere 'who-came?' is identified and related by being asked for. "I saw a man. Whom? I don't know" becomes: "I saw a man whom I don't know." aUI distinguishes questions (hu = who) from relative (who = xu). \longrightarrow j: the simplest relation could be equality. Twins are most related. c (= sh, German: sch shows relation to ch) All things are related by the bond of existence, which means staying equal to oneself. If I changed into a cloud or a rock, I would be

-force from sun?

190 4

confusing the laws of existence. The bonds of existence mean fetters of friction, since only one thing can exist in the same space at the same time.

 (\circ) 'g'; This struggle seems resolved if one thing stays within the other (as the baby in the womb) or just within itself. $\int 'k'$; Some people are not satisfied with minding their own business, they try to stand on top of somebody else. Man's upward trend can be united with his inward longing, by rising up to the Spirit, within which we can stay.

Similar Symbols. The symbol for relationship is an arrow from me to you and from you to me, simplified into a double hook, a zig-zag that could be

rounded into a wave. Part of \checkmark is \neg the arrow toward, the relation of approach. \bigcirc But what dissolves the isolation of the 1 (one) and the 1 (this) is the relation of togetherness, $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ which can be derived from \bigcirc by melting the hooks down into balls. Togetherness is the friendly soft side of relationship, the harsher part is related to action \checkmark and power. \checkmark Instrumentality: \downarrow the man of action manipulates his pawns, through whom he works by shouted commands. The powerman's relation is subjugation. But as Hegel and Marx found, in power relations $\frown \bigcirc \frown$ antithesis causes friction, frustration and fights. The opposition is the tragic relation of war and destruction. In mathematics, the realm of quantitative relations or functions, $\frown \frown \rightarrow$ opposition becomes

In mathematics, the realm of quantitative relations or functions, $\overrightarrow{y} + \overrightarrow{r}$ opposition becomes negation and reciprocal or negative exponential. y = -x, $y = \frac{1}{x}$, $y = \frac{a^{-x}}{y}$, $y = \frac{a^{1/x}}{x}$. In all these functions the bigger the x the smaller the y. A positive proportion may still be a surprising relation. $E = m \cdot c^2$ or $c^2 = E/m$. The bigger the mass the bigger its energy... but multiplied by the squared speed of light! Even the simple relationship of equation can prove paradoxical: $y = \frac{1}{(1-x)} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3$... works well as long as x < 1; e.g. $x = \frac{1}{2}$; $y = 2 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$..! But if x = 2; -1 = 1 + 2 + 4 + 8 ... $= \infty$!

Kepler found the relation that the nearer a planet comes to the sun, the faster it must travel. Einstein saw motion, time and space as relative to a field, a related cosmos. Mathematics, physics and astronomy, tries to relate all to all in a harmony of eternal laws, in proportions of spiritual beauty and truth.

Logics of Relation. Relation is a set of ordered pairs, reflexive: aRa; symmetric: aRb if bRa; transitive: aRb, bRc, aRc. Reflexive would be identity to itself. Also feeding is reflexive if I feed myself. Thinking is reflexive if I think about myself or my own thinking. The spirit reflects itself. Reflexive, transitive and symmetric is equality: if a = b, b = a. 'More than' (bigger, higher) is transitive a > b, b > c, a > c. In human relations symmetric reciprocity may mean gratitude or tit for tat, revenge. Is conquest transitive? A hedgehog can

kill a viper, a viper can kill a child, but a child can wrap a hedgehog in a cloth.

Basic categories were thing, quality, and relation. Hume derives relations from: similarity,

identity \implies ; space \bigcirc time \bigcirc ; quantity \bigsqcup , quality \bigcirc ; contrariety -; cause and effect \neg , \neg , Höfler's compatibility (Verträglichkeits-beziehungen) are symbolized by \bigcirc .

Topo-vectors in aUI mean more than space relations. (•) ; a babe can be inside mother's womb, a man can stay inside his house or self. He can be torn outside of 'himself' into the cosmic spirit. (see). : most men want to be superior to somebody. Nations hold on to military superiority, but atombombs are equalizers. Spiritual superiority is still scorned. Mankind must strive up to the Spirit. +: instrumentality. I can relate to a tool, or with a tool to somebody else. But I should not use a man as a means to my end. This would be a demeaning relationship. \overrightarrow{r} : a tool may become a weapon against me—hostility is a negative relation, from which man could flee in the pre-atomic age, or will flee in the space age. 'From' means not only away from but originating from. A son may flee from his father from motion. \mathcal{C} • : it strives toward togetherness. This could be man's natural relation. Buber sees the child as growing up from "natural connection" to "spiritual relation:" the "meaning" of the "spirit" is "relation" of "I" to "Thou." Goethe saw man as a "dialogue between nature and God" (cf. Falk). So man would form the link of relation between the above and the below, and between the after and the before. The creator would be the primal cause, the origin to which we can return.

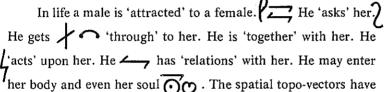
 ho_{R} : family relations are marred not only by the generation gap ightarrow, and by the children's rebellion against their parents who were their 'before' and were superior, but by the Oedipus complex, the love between mother and son, father and daughter, which means rivalry between father and son, mother and daughter. True mother relation may mean sacrifice: she gives 'up' or ('out') her child in birth, she separates from him in weaning. She finally gives her son up in marriage to another woman and may lose his love to his profession in the world. More tragically, the parents may lose a son to the authority of an unworthy leader, who might sacrifice their son to his ambitions in war. Power-relations: blind subordination and ruthless dominion, are most fateful relations in the atomic age. Hacks misuse the word 'charisma.' Any leader who appeals to the drives of revenge and pride has this one-to-many relation of idolatry. Originally charisma meant a spiritual radiation of a sage or saint, a teacher or prophet, that enriched and healed.

Cosmic charisma may bring us back into relation with the universe. Originally each related to all. Then in seclusion of individuation we lost their relationship. Beziehungslücken, relation gaps, like crevices in the ice, chasms between worlds of being, opened up: relation gaps mean evil, for here nothingness can seep in, discord tears beings apart. What is evil? A train rushes toward its destination. This may be good. An avalanche rushes down a mountain slope. This is not evil. But when the avalanche buries the train, this means death. For there is no consideration in the avalanche for the train; there is no connection, no relation. If people's drives do not

192 -

consider their fellowman's needs, they will destroy each other, when crammed into a narrow world. The creator planned a world of harmony, where each was related to all. Cosmic charisma can bring us back into this union.

Psychogram





symbolic meaning: a babe in mother's womb. $\bigcirc P \rightarrow i$ The individual, 'this one' may be or become 'part,' submerged in $\bigcirc P$ 'participation.' Qualities relate. With one of my qualities I am equal to many: I am an American like the others. My relation gives me 'identity' by $\bigcirc \bigcirc \square$ belonging to a common purpose of power. A common purpose can give relations. In evolution a bird's organs relate to flight. Man's feelings are $\backsim \square$ related to wants or needs and to his purpose, his quest, in life.

Man's behavior may relate to material things. His senses relate him. He sees the light of distant stars and hears his fellowman. Creative man \checkmark relates matter to the spirit, the upward goal toward which he strives.

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Some are more Equal . . .

 \implies = j = equal (as in French 'juste'; measure) the sign of equation =.

				O,	Ē	
Patient's	Image:	aqua	aequa	(level	water).	

Abating flows the river as a stream into the waiting mirror of a lake where radiating stars reflected gleam . . . until the sun will call the day: awake! On mountains shimmer blossom-trees a-shore in even waters bearing transient skiff. when echo thundering from a craggy cliff bursts forth the crude voice of the cannons' roar, which with a ripple quiet waters shake. When gun burst echos mountain valleys fill, the quiet lake reflects them calm and still. When fragrant flowers send their blissfull balm, the quiet lake reflects their peaceful calm.

'Equal' comes from aequa(-le), level. In aUI level water = jEkam jEn. The symmetric mirror image is a symbol of reflecting truth. Even rhythm and end rhymes are symbols of equal harmony. 'j' suggests the flowing or rushing of water, a liquid stays horizontal. j sounds as in 'just(e) measure,' with 'j' as simple soft palatal fricative as in French (without the English d-). The symbol \longrightarrow is like the sign of equation, drawn in one line easier to trace for the blind. In flash light signalling and hand writing one stroke is quicker.

Similar Sounds.

x h c 2 s • | c: in rushing (rauschend) water, the 'sch' sound (as in precious) is unvoiced 'j.' g \circ j = d_z $\overline{\circ}$ +y L r_Ln_j In aUI, c = exist, be. | To exist we must stay rather equal to ourselves. A cloud changing in a lion or a rock, could hardly exist in our world as a 'thing' = s • . Things occur in relations 4, a more guttural unvoiced friction sound. Voiced but more dental z = part: how to divide into equal shares among his daughters was Lear's problem (or question 2, h). In our age equal distribution, equality of rights is considered good (r +). Quantities (\square n) are easier to equate than (individual) qualities. 194 -

 $\bigcirc L = \text{round. A sphere surface is of equal (r) distance from its center. } \bigcirc \text{Inside'} = `g, `which before e, i sounds 'j.' Inside we should stay in equanimity even though our surface may change.}$ $\Longrightarrow Y \text{ and } j \text{ are interchanged: yes, yea} = ja \text{ in German. } y = \text{ anti; negation equalizes; whether we multiply '1' or '1000' with zero (} \bigcirc U = \underline{Y}), \text{ it makes no difference. The nihilist denies all }$

values equally. Similar Symbols.

Equation's two horizontals look like a double negation, a negation denied. Power establishes itself by crushing an opponent. Power tries to crush all into equal molds of dependence. The fighting for equal power over material goods may mean equal annihila-



tion in the atomic age. 4 We must find the positive values of equality. Equality in the realm of quantity means 4 = a reflexive; symmetric; and transitive relation 4 : A = A; A = B, B = A; A = B, B = C, A = C. 3 But quantitative equality disregards individual differences. We count bullets or peas. Can equality of qualities bring us together ? Can all the good and fair unite? We are together in time, we all suffer under the problems of this age. Time is measured in equal periods of rolling years. Do we all equally drift to the end or can we all aspire to the same end, a higher goal?

Dialogue. Equality is of precarious balance. So let us ask an Eg(alitarian) and an Ar(istocrat) for their opinion on equality in various fields.

Mathematics. Eg. All mathematics, all science, is based on equation. What wonderful insights we find in $\mathcal{TL}/4 = 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \cdot 8 \cdot ... / (3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot ...) = 1 - 1/3 + 1/5 - 1/7 \dots$ or: $e^x = 1 + x + x^2/2! + x^3/3! + ...$ for all values of x. How surprising is the binomial equation $(1 + x)^n = 1^n + n \cdot x^1/1! + n(n \cdot 1) x^2/2! + n(n \cdot 1) (n \cdot 2) x^3/3! \dots$

Ar. How surprising indeed, if for n = -1, x = -2, we find that $-1 = 1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + ... = \infty$. The '-1' means for me the unique individual. This symbolizes for me that applied to exceptional circumstances an equation, indeed the principle of equality, becomes absurd.

Physics. Eg. All things are created equal and by equal laws: If I throw up a rock, in equal speed will it come down. From earth we all come, to earth we shall return. In fact the whole cosmos is of the same material. And matter is permanent and will stay equal to itself. And so the laws of the cosmos say: as it was so shall it be. The future equals the past.

Ar. Even the laws of purity, homogeneity, and conservation of matter have been questioned. How do we know whether there could not be an evolution of better laws? Matter can transform into energy and its energy could lift the rock as rocket up into space. Matter itself could meet antimatter and go up in smoke. But maybe matter could move upward into a higher :synthesis with energy . . . maybe as living light. . . .

Biology. Eg. All living beings are created equal from DNA. They must stay in the same ecological balance. Heredity assures equality of offspring: like father like son. And within, each organism stays alike in homeostasis defending itself against change. We keep the same temperature: if it's too cold we tremble, if too hot we sweat . . . Ar. The ecological balance was broken by man, who won supremacy in an evolution of survival of the fittest, the best, we hope. Unless we evolve into something even better we can hardly survive. Nor will all the beautiful animals and plants. By the way, the simplest diatom defeats the equation of mathematics: 1 + 1 = 2, 1 + 1 maybe 1, if 2 protozoa unite and '1' may become 2, 4, 8, 16 if it then splits and multiplies. The adventure and fights of courtship and love defeat already the law of homeostasis. If an organism would just want to stay as it is, why fall in love? To say nothing of curiosity and daring. What law of homeostasis makes us climb up Mount Everest? or walk over the Niagara Fall on a tight rope? Eg. Even these abnormal feats of daring are based on balance, our sense of equilibrium. Our semi-circular canals, and our cerebellum etc. work together, better than in reptiles, or indeed in most mammals. Walking upright on 2 legs there evolved our sense of equality between right and left, which symbolizes for me our sense for equity and right, the balance of justice.

Psychology. Ar. Well, no animal slips and falls so often as man, that creature in precarious balance between mammal and bird, striving upward. And as far as his equal justice can be relied on . . . well I better keep my peace. Eg. Since we all have the same needs, we should have the same means to satisfy them. Ar. A drinker 'needs' his bottle of whiskey a day, a gangster needs a steak each meal and he must drive in a Cadillac. But a Franklin, Carver or Gandhi walked on foot and ate a bowl of oatmeal, peanuts or rice a day. Where is their equality of 'need?' We can almost say the nobler a mind, the less he needs or insists on his wants. Eg. I'm O.K., you're O.K. If I want whiskey, fine. If you eat peanuts, O.K. Only, a Gandhi should not think himself better than the rest of us, if he can fast longer. Ethical eccentricities like Gandhi's or Christ's or M. L. King's are abnormal and arouse our envy and anger. No wonder that Socrates was poisoned, Gandhi and King were shot and Christ was crucified. It is just, if such men, in compensation for their exceptional ethical and intellectual gifts, make up by enjoying less benefits. They should get less food and less money, since they got more brain. On the other hand, an idiot or gangster is less endowed with intellectual and ethical gifts, so for compensation in balance, to be equal, he should get more pleasure. He needs more whiskey and a bigger steak to fry.

Ar. And the sage and saint should burn at the stake. Actually, all such fanaticism for equality comes from jealousy, envy and hate for the better man and perverse love for the inferior, even the scum. The mob's coprophilia is love for the dirt. Moblaw damns the noble minority.

Eg. Since Archimedes and Lavoisier got their heads chopped off,—the bigger they are, the faster they roll,—thus aristocratic geniuses should be the first to come begging for equality. Mankind in its sense for equal justice, will never treat them better than the average, but is likely to treat them much worse for their selfish arrogance of playing the big shot. Nobody can stand a 'superior' man.

Ar. These sages and saints are mostly the humblest and most unselfish men. But they are blessed or rather burdened, (from the view of enjoyment we could say: cursed), with their task, their message, their responsibility to serve mankind. They should be entrusted with more stewardship of money and influence, not because they crave it, but because mankind needs their help to survive. 196 —

Eg. But what about justice and compensation?

Ag. You can compensate only equal values. The brain, the mind or spirit can not be balanced by money or food. He has not 'got' his brain or his mind. He *is* his mind. And no amount of money can make up for it. The idiot or gangster might use his money to buy a gun to shoot people. By giving a bad man money, you would not balance his badness, you would multiply it. True -A + A = 0, but $(-A) \cdot (+A) = -A^2$. By what you call your system of compensation, you would raise evil to the nth power.

Eg. If the gangster buys a gun to shoot people, as long as these people are unequals, the exceptionals, the abnormals whom you call genius and saint, it would be all right with me. Mankind would be much happier if all were alike. But if they are really saints, they should not mind being burnt and crucified. They should take with equanimity . . .

Ar. And still live and die for their ideals with constancy. Yes, here I agree with you. And they will. Only if they all die, as they are already a dying-out species, mankind will die with them. The humbler the saint is, the more mankind should revere him.

Eg. How many of those geniuses, sages and saints were ever there? They are a ridiculously small minority. Only the majority has a right to survive. Only the majority is normal. Damn the different!

Sociology. Ar. So since the best are abnormal, they are like the worst?

Eg. Much worse, because they are envied. And since the majority is envious and jealous, these traits are normal and normal is statistically proven the average and the average is what is socially desirable to conform to. This is democratic.

Ar. Norm as 'average' in an age of transition or decay need not be the same in the sense of 'ideal optimum standard.' (Weilgart 1957)* If in a luxury society 9/10 have decayed teeth, so that perfect dentition is abnormal, that does not mean unhealthy. Normal can become abnormal, in the sense that healthy perfection can die out. But then, so does that species. Delinquency doubles each decade. 3 millions, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96, 192. As soon as psychopaths will be the majority, a democracy can not survive.

Eg. All men are created equal. By right they are equal. Certainly of the same value.

Ar. I would be happy if all men were equally angels or at least would rise to geniuses, sages and saints and I also would be glad if all had the same food and clothing. But if all would equally sink down to psychopathic morons or insane criminals . . .

Eg. So what? One man is as good as the other. Equality counts, and all have the same rights.

Ar. I can agree that they should have the same opportunity. Although Vauvenargues calls this "impracticable." If you give an idiot, a criminal and a saint the same opportunity, e.g. a knife and training in knife fighting, the saint will not use it, but the criminal will. If you give an idiot and a genius the same opportunity to study, the idiot will not use it, but the genius will. Still this is where I can agree with you. Although the idiots might crowd out the genius. (Gardner: Can we be equal and excellent too?)

Politics. Eg. This sounds very undemocratic.

Ar. Jefferson thought that democracy will bring out the "natural" nobility and exellency in man. It will be a "natural aristocracy." But W. James found that "our society does not find it easy to applaud the superior individual."

Eg. "All men are by nature equal." (Hobbes)

Ar. "The doctrine that all men are . . . free and equal . . . is an utterly baseless fiction." (T. H. Huxley)" we know that men are not equal in their native gifts nor . . . motivations and achievements." (J. W. Gardner)

Eg. If men are not equal, we must make them so by cutting out the exceptionals and non-conformists. Then they will all be happy in a homogeneous commonwealth. Hang those of different color, accent, talent, creed. Hang the 'noble' minorities.

Ar. Kick the creative idealist in the eye! Then all will be happy like termites, colorless and sightless, sexless and flightless. Except even termites have a queen.

Eg. Far from being spineless conformists, each should be man enough to stand up for his equal right.

Ar. Right for what?

Eg. Right for happiness, power, pride, and wealth.

Ar. "If each demands his equal right, / as envious rivals all will fight.

Direct you eye to higher goal, / respect man's merit for the whole."

Eg. Ha Ha Ha! This rhyme sounds fossil! 'Right' sounds timely. Envy we all feel. But respect instead of envy for merit. Ha Ha Ha!

Ar. Goethe said the only remedy for envy is admiration. If we all equally can agree on a highest creative goal of the Spirit, whoever contributes to this goal, should have more influence and means to do his work. Even nations should be rewarded with land not for winning wars, but for creative cultural contributions to mankind. Instead of envy, we need respect for a hierarchy of values. Only an ultimate spiritual standard can give equal justice.

Law. Eg. I believe in the equality under the law.

Ar. I agree that with the resentment against superior men it is the best a genius can hope. But I believe in liberty under the law. And with this diarrhea of laws spouting forth from each busy legislature, there are more than a dozen million laws, so where is there liberty left between them? The law,like a lock, keeps out only an honest man. The criminal will break the lock, the crook will break the law. The police, over-worked, ignores most crimes, only 15% are caught. But these 15% are usually 'minorites,' conspicuous members of minority groups. 'Tropians' (of tropic origin, Negroes) Indians, who are called ''savages'' in the Declaration of Independence, and immigrants, who were treated like indentured serfs, who had to work off their passage fee to America without pay in 7 years, in which it was in their master's interest to work them to death. Many bosses still feel that way about immigrants. And the Law damns who differs.

Eg. Then you do believe in equality for minorities?

Ar. I believe that the law should ignore inessential differences as race, sex, nationality, and creed. And since minorities and idealists are treated worst, equality could only help them. But essential differences should not be ignored by the law. In Greece if a monster raped a girl, he was killed, but if an Apollo forced his love on a nymph, they sang about it in a poem. In our society one says that "poor psychopathic idiot could not help it, but the genius should have known better." He is forced into suicide. From the eugenic viewpoint of the Greeks, we are decadent.

Eg. Eugenics were invented by Hitler.

198 ____

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Ar. Nobody was so dysgenic as the Nazis. They preferred degenerate psychopaths in their party. Eugenic is the love for beautiful, wise, good and healthy children . . . if we had more Goethes, Schweitzers, Einsteins and Kings, the human race could survive in the atomic age.

Eg. Are not men of inferior mind the most harmless?

Ar. Yes, and some are kind and lovable. But in a panic they would be the first to vote for, follow, die and kill for, a demagogue who would start an atomic war.

Eg. To judge people by their inner worth, a judge would have to be a Solomon.

Ar. Yes, and so that unSolomonic bureaucrats can be judges, we invented 'equality under the law.' And under this equality Christ, Socrates, and Lavoisier and almost Oppenheimer were executed. The 'equal' law destroys the best. Again the law damns who differs.

Philosophy. Ar. So what we need in ethics is a hierarchy of values. And if a tyrant destroys them, he should be killed.

Eg. Here I might agree with you. All men are equal. Death to the tyrant, who suppresses freedom and truth . . !

Ar. The cynic tyrant Pilate asked: what is truth?

Eg. Truth is a kind of equation between the map in the mind, that should be equal or adequate to the material facts outside. $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \land$

Ar. In aUI truth = $\square \land \land$, EjU, a matter-equal-mind. "Veritas est adaequatio intellectus et rei" (materiae) (Heidegger)." Truth may be the equality of our thoughts with the thought of God. In this state of truth without distortion we may be in a state of equanimity, where we can create new truth and contemplate God.

Philology. The slogans of hate and the double talk of conventional language distorts truth and the harmony of our mind. In the Language of Space, where sound, symbol, and meaning are equivalent, the microcosm of our mind can mirror the macrocosm of the universe in the spirit of the Logos, the creator God.

Religion. Eg. Then we can agree that we are all equal in the sight of God.

Ar. Yes, all God's children. Although the Bible distinguishes the righteous children of God from the Godless satan's brood, "tekna diabolou" from "tekna Theou." (1 John)

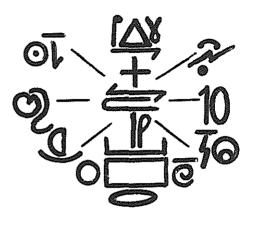
Eg. This sounds Zoroastrian: Ormuzd and Ahriman, creators both. But I believe in the ultimate homogeneity of creation. "All souls are created equal" said Origines. But then each soul puts on a different mask and plays for a while a different role in one incarnation, until it is called off into the next. So the differences would be superficial* . . .

Ar. And we all would have the same origin and the same goal: all creatures should serve the creator and develop by the same plan toward the Spirit, and ultimately each should reach God.

*Plotinus

Psychogram.

From a high view of the Spirit all may gleam in equal good view of the Spirit all may and unmoving c. From the inside of a loving heart of all life may be equal "all these I feel or am" (as Whitman and Schweitzer saw it) and death may be just the release of life. A unique 1 individual remaining in his identity sees all other creatures alike, but he may feel: How can 'this one' be like the many ? Quantities can be compared, but different qual-



ities? \checkmark 'Is it the quality of existence in space and time, or is it life that unites all? \bigcirc \checkmark Collective action gives power. Men can relate \backsim , all becoming part \bigcirc of the same cause, moving together toward the same goal, the evolution \checkmark of the Spirit.

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200

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CHAPTER 23. TO BE OR NOT TO BE . .

= c = existence, being. ("c" as in precious, special existence.—vertical stroke for "standing-up," ex-sisting)

> To BE or not to BE. . The Healing Hymn of Being

(aUI)

ag pe pAc U Ib U pAc ag fU Ib rUt fU <u>a ammUm, jUm am at fU</u> Ib U UOv fU ad cnA.__

U pAc pI cU, am cU. "fU c xUt fU c" Δ yUg OpAv Uj bQx <u>a</u> Yf cmQ baz pI cU, pAc pI YcU. yUg pI YcU Yc pAc CU, yUg, YsQ-fU.-Ib U UOpAv YcU Ib U tywepAv Ub LUv <u>a</u>m fU Ib Ys. fUd U tEpAv YbOm Ub cEv <u>amfa</u>m yUt pAc Ybam yEgez eg U Ib Ys Ib cU tvepAv at jEkdav pI Yb<u>a</u>.— Ib U pepAv at yiviOv ag wU ek a, A Ib Es. Oc

U-yiviO pAc wUvQ.

U wUpAv i Ib i viOpAv riO + Y O Ib YriO Ub yim YcU, \mp vum pAm bQx.

(English)

In the beginning was the Spirit and the Spirit was in itself and for itself one unique, equal only to itself and it contemplated itself throughout eternity. -The Spirit was the being, the only being. "I am that I am" But it felt as a mate one other principle¹⁾ besides the being Aught there was the Naught. But the Naught was not a being but nothingness itself.-And the Spirit contemplated nothingness. And the Spirit tired of considering only itself and nothingness. Thus the Spirit grew lonely of being alone. For there was a wide gap between the Spirit and nothingness and the being tried to bridge that abyss.

And the Spirit began to dream in power over space, time and things. and the Spirit's dream was creation.

- • .

And the Spirit created light and the light showed beauty and the unbeauty of the dark Naught his erstwhile mate.

Ib jAg U tEpAv wUvU, pI yim, yiEm Yc tEv tvYc. Ib yi bwapAv i-wU tag E. yUg E vyev i-anai. $nap E ejEpAv al ag tYgle \bigcirc$ YfA sE may tag YfUs 1. yd anai Ub i. pI a zEv tag nEn, pI IYz tag zE. yUg ge zE, Ys tag-jEnYnyEyv. eg pIn gez Ub i-xU yi jEn-YnyEyv.yi lyganav sEfU Ud YdYrd Ub E. YfA vyokEv ei Yd wELYg Ub E. Ib E Yb riEmU nYnzEv tag knYnE. yUg U bEtjEv E, Ib jEtkEv tag jEkE, Ib twebev Ud kwei Ib epAv Uj o. Ib o vorv som jUms Ib yc nYnzErv. Ib o. tOv cU Ib atkev at i Ib a vov nEn.---Ib YcQ iOv o. Ib tEv Yc-o, yi tEv yo, Ib yo tev at vyov. xA Ys iUv o-nEke, sE tnakev a Ib E. Ut o wyv kyftUv yd yf o Ib etgUv vyov yf o. Ib U UIpAv: wUrv o, xo way wUy, Yc tvYcev. Ib kU wUpAv u, Uj jiOvs Ub fU. Ib u lev at i Ib fUIv sE riOm Ib fUIv YtYvu yi YriOm vUt twUv iOv Ib gUv. Ib fUIv yo YrUm, yUt twUv wUv Uj KU. yUg YcU tUIv u: "U KU bu twUrv wU" Ib u twUv wU ek E, os, Ib Yf u.

Ib u, xnu Yc bruv vum wU, tEv vum Ybru. Ib u vEv I Ib nIv vum bru tab And while the Spirit became the creator the dark cold Naught became destruction. And darkness condensed light's power into matter. But the matter stops light's rays. First matter flowed around in spirals; then it shaped into objects to the rays of light. The one split into the many the whole into parts. But between the parts, the Naught seeped in. Between the gaps of light-relations darkness seeped in. Darkness surrounds itself with the shield of matter. Then stifled the spark of light with a crust of matter. And matter without warmth crumbles into dust. And the Spirit melted matter and boiled it into steam and hit it with a flash and it moved as life. And life should beget its ilk and it should not crumble. And life craves existence and rises to light and one begets many. ----And the Naught saw the life and became the unlife. darkness became death and death came to kill: when the Naught saw life's increase it shrank space and matter; so life had to vie with other life and learnt to kill other life. And the Spirit said: Let us create life, that can create and not destroy. And God created man in his image. And man turned to light and called it beautiful and he called mother night ugly for he wanted to see and know. And he called death evil for he wanted to create like God. But the Naught told man: "Like God you should want power." And man wants power over matter, beasts, and other men. And the men, who did not want his power, became his foes. And man made sounds and called his friends together

202

Ib nIv Yd vum YrUm Ybru. Ib Ys kLYgev sEfU tag E, Ib vEv Es, xQ u twUrv xnE. yUg U sev vEd at u Ut vEv rUm Es Ib wUv.— YfA YcU tvYjev vEd tag wYd Ut bYdev ek YnEn Es Ib tnakQm a. yUt Ys tYnepAv a Ib Ed Ub E Ib o.

fUd u vyov u rUt od, wU Ib rO.

u tiOpAv rUt krO at i Ub U yUg pI Yc wEygev i Ib U Ud E.-

Ib u vEpAyv vEd ag bo Ub 'Yc'

Ib Ynuma ag bozEvz Ub tvYc. pI Yc vugav YpAzm jEged Ub cE Yt bwEm bE Ub tYbzE.— Ib tUIv nu at av ag trO, Ut Utev nUrs Ub rO. Ib pI pnEk wom u batAv tazev-wU. bYdev At jEged gyE-zwEv. wUvu tEv tvYcu can, ksevAm ag jam gyEgEm ged, jEkev kab yim jEna Ub Yc, YnemQ tYkYvevAm.

<u>a</u> u tiOv kat ki Ub U. Ib OUv canca Ud sUm i. Ib UiOv pI U Ib tEv <u>a</u> eb U. Ib vum o-i ytbev Uj jEz ag jEna Ib jEna pev at iv Ud U Ib jEna Ub Yc Ib <u>a</u>nai Ub i, Ib U tEv <u>a</u> Ib can cUv <u>a</u> ag U.

and shouted against his evil foes. And the Naught wrapped itself in matter and made things which men should want. But the Spirit gave man tools to make good things and create.-Then the Naught changed tools into weapons to fight over few things and finite space.--For the Naught had shrunk space and the means of matter and life. So man kills man for food, power and lust. Man had looked for joy to the light of the Spirit but the Naught encrusts with matter, light and soul. And man was made a tool in the hands of the Naught and a puppet in the claws of destruction. The Naught built a finite ship of existence from the clay of decay. And told the people to voyage to find the treasure of pleasure. The strongest man would have power to direct the boat. So they fought till the boat sprung a leak. Man the creator, became the destroyerall riding in the same leaky boat, floating on the dark ocean of Naught, sinking slowly.

One man looked up to the star of the Spirit. and meditated the universe in its light. And he contemplated the Spirit. And became one with the Spirit. And his light of life dissolved like a drop in ocean. And the sea began to shine by the Spirit. And the sea of Naught and the rays of light and the Spirit were one. And all were one in the Spirit.

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Similar Symbols.

To 'ex-sist' = 'stand out' of the surrounding or of nothingness, (Nirvana, 15), vertical like a tree trunk. Man's spine just pretends to stand upright. But it is not rooted in the ground. What holds it up is a ray from up high Man's existence tries to stand above other forms of life

as 'this one man' 1/1, before all else. Actually all other forms of life rose up before man. But man, the 'unique individual' rushes forward in action 4 toward power 1over matter \square , which has both existence and substance 1, which for man is a medium he treats with tools 1 to shape into the good -1 things he needs for his use. But good in itself +1 crosses existence with denial and sacrifice, to rise from selfish existence to the essence of the spirit.

cinco. c (sh) is a post-dental fricative, that could be voiced into 'j' or 'z' or

even the sonant r, or pulled back into velvar 'x.' Is 'IS' a trap?* aUI can distinguish, (besides'c' for "snow's white") e.g.: he 'is'; | a donkey is an ass; | a d. is a mammal; | he is mad; 061 he's my friend; (exists); (equals) (equals); (part of) (equals); (part of) (equals); (part of) (equals); (relation) (equals); (relation) i = i equal. To exist means to stay equal to itself, as a thing (s) standing out above (k) others but still partly (z) related (x) to (t) them, or moving toward (t) a goal. In English there is no verb from essence. We could say we exist as far as we stand out unique, but we may 'ess,' we may truly "be," as far as we are in relation, in harmony with the cosmos, as part (z) of the Historical Notes. Existence: essence = action: potency. Substance may be the medium of existence. Essence = 1 , transitory existence 1 . As life with its DNA runs like a red thread through all plants and animals, so existence connects like a wire all atoms and electrons of matter. But this is just the materialist's definition. The idealist sees material forms as appearance or manifestations of the Spirit, which is the absolute essence. Hesiod, Thales, Anaximenes and Heraclitus beheld the steady earth, the flowing water, the blowing air and the raging fire as primal substance, that is the solid, liquid, gas or energy . . . state. Parmenides goes beyond the 'chaos' into the Apeiron, the measureless abyss. This approached the Hindus' Nirvana, in which the Maya of existence, the dream of illusion is to be dissolved. But the Hindus' Brahma is the Bible's 'ruah,' St. John's Logos, St. Paul's pneuma, the Spirit that creates Plato's ideas of the good, the beautiful, and the true, the ultimate beings, in whose light outer existences are only shadows.

Chapter 23

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Is 'being' permanent or moving? Is an electron just a special state of motion? What is more existent, a rock or a man? Aristotle saw in a rock less being than in a crystal, then a plant, and an animal and a human rise higher on the scale of being as life. Finally God has the highest form of being, in him essence = existence = action = creation. Yahwe said to Moses: "I am that I am."

Psychograms:



Platon believed in a spiritual timeless unchanging unmoving constant good radiant form of ultimate essence: to on ontOs.

Plotinus found the one before the many potency (power) before action, essence before existence.

Pico saw life mixed with death. When God, the contemplator, became the creator, the Naught became destruction. Aristotle saw a thing as concrete if separated from other things, as individual. He raised a hierarchy from matter to life to feeling to Spirit.

Kant found the thing in itself as what is, and the absolute good as "ought" to be.

Hegel in his philosophy of becoming saw thesis opposed by anti-thesis, and united into synthesis, moving up to the absolute Spirit.

The Existentialists, Fichte, Nietzsche, Kierkegaard, Heidegger, Sartre stress the uncertainty and the risk of man's decision. If the "Naught naughts to the aught" what claim has the aught, that it ought to exist? If there is the question of life to which we must respond, but have no God, to whom should we be responsible? If we have no goal, why should we act? Existentialism drives-in deepest the nails of the agony of man's existence on a rack, that forces to confess what we could not do, and to do what we shun to confess. In the atomic age Plotinus' contemplation can guide us to the Spirit.



es: "I am O 11194







Psychogram.

To ex-sist means to stand out from the all-surrounding night of naught: Be alone in that you are! But to be in *essence* means remain! Solid and stable, staying as substance round in itself, equal to itself, never changing in space or time, unquestioned unsuffering, unconditioned, enduring for ever.

In the atomic age essentialists could survive. aUI is the Language of Essence.

In matter a thing stays within itself. In space a thing can be together with, in front of, above another thing, or can move toward or through the other. These movements may change a thing's condition in relation to others. Change may heighten the existence of a living being, but is risky for the cohesion of an inanimate thing. Acting and being acted upon may intensify the life of a human, an unfeeling rock may prefer to be left alone. Its protection is its hardness—its size and its roundness. The bigger a ball the more of its matter is inside and the less is exposed . . . , so the longer it lasts. Chemical isolation makes it endure: gold, unwilling to relate to other elements, is stabler than iron. Radiation and vibration may ruin a thing or a being. But a rock is rock, even if it falls apart. It did not exist so much as a thing in itself. But a man, when he disintegrates may lose his integrity and his meaning.



A clod of clay, if cut apart, can be pressed together again.

And it can gain meaning and unique individuality, if an artist molds it into a statue. Creative man in the image of the creator, can bring things into existence: he can create. Man has the highest, but most precarious existence . . . "To be or not to be" is now his question. He can curl up in himself like a catatonic foetus, and he can come to life feeling and doing evil or good. He can have the "courage to be."* He can approach the Spirit's essence in creation and contemplation; in pure being he can become Spirit.

What exists for man is what he cares for. Real is what is relevant to him. This he recognizes in symbols of words. What has a word exists for him. What has no word, is not real to him. What has a good word he cares for. What has a bad word he may kill. The conventions of nationalistic language may** draw up a distorted reality that differs from others unto death.

We live in a symbolic reality. To survive and exist we need a system of cosmic symbols of essence. Let us see creation in symbols of the Spirit.

*Tillich 1964

206

^{**}Kainz 1972, p. 258 f quotes Ewe's different ways to "be." aUI can form as many as this 'primitive' African tongue, but all variations of 'c' |; e.g. "Jews 'are' traitors" is a language trap. aUI: 'zOc' $\bigcirc \bigcirc |$ (= are partly felt as traitors.) "Grass is green" (by nature—'oc' $\bigcap |$; this table is green (is seen or felt as green): 'iOc' $\bigotimes \bigcirc |$ or 'Oc' $\bigcirc |$. Besides 'cEv' (exist) aUI knows 'cUv' $\bigtriangleup \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$.

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PS. Philosophers found different degrees and dimensions of reality: material, psychic, spiritual . . . In creation we find physical symbols of spiritual essence. To survive, let us be pragmatic idealists of the Spirit.

CHAPTER 24. THAT THING! (

That Thing!

 \bullet = s = thing is something round you can put into your bag.

Patients' Poems: Mother and Daughter

'Mother dear, I want a thing that you to me from town shall bring.' What kind of thing, my darling child? 'I'm sure you know, my Mother mild.' A mini-skirt or flary dress? 'You're no good Mother; you can't guess' If it's a secret, do confess! 'I want a thing I can enjoy' I'll bring a doll, a tinker toy. 'Oh, Mother sure, you can annoy' Is then your dream-thing big or small? 'It's short and then again grows tall' Give me a hint and don't be coy: Does maybe the 'thing' come with a boy?

A Cave Lady's Dilemma

Cave-lady sits in a well-furnished cave amidst the tools of her husband brave: assorted clubs and pointed bones and flattened, chipped and sharpened stones. Cave-lady sits and entertains her visiting girl friend with the remains of a half-gnawed scull. She asks Mrs. Jones: "Dorothy, Christmas is coming near. What shall I give my husband dear?" 'It's hard to find. What shall one bring to a man like him, who has every thing!'

Definition. In contrast to the absurd word-use of the daughter's song above, as not to interfere with other categories, a thing in aUI is something rounded in itself, enclosed in its existence,

so that one can 'put it in a bag.'• $0/7_{00}$ $\stackrel{\bullet}{\longrightarrow}$ 'sav tag stag.' It is not a tool by which to make something else. But as ending -s it can lift out a concrete noun from its abstract substance. An animal is a life-thing os \uparrow •, a thought is a mind-thing Us Δ •.

Similar Sounds.

dentals $d \not \rightarrow t \hat{c}$ (h) fricatives $x c | s \oplus f |$ cogeners $f z \bigoplus$ sonants (r n L) Black Othello is debased by Desdemona's father (I, 1) as "such a thing as thou" and Antony scolds Rome's burghers "you blocks, you stones, you worse than senseless things." Thus we hiss like a snake at a thing "s," as at an 'object' to which our spirit 'objects.' Things may clutter up our soul. Rather goes a camel . . . than a rich man

into heaven. For the rich man like the camel is loaded with things, which he amassed and owns as his legal possession. Similar to the dental sibilant 's' is the 'th' in thing.' 'Thing,' Sake (Sache, sak) chose' are legal terms. A thing is what one can fight over in court. As such it is a 'good in itself' r. (s changes + into r in just; jus, juris . . .), like a jewel enjoyed for itself or a means (d, //), a tool for (t, //) other purposes. Equal? justice (j, //) would demand that all have the same (quantity n, // of) things. Things may be equal to each other like bullets, but to be a 'thing' it must stay equal to itself (j //, f, //), to exist. But do only things exist? 'A crumb is better nothing; nothing is better than heaven; therefore a crumb is better than heaven.' Here 'no thing = nothing, for this pseudo-logics. An ever changing cloud that becomes a tiger is not a 'thing' of our world. But besides being rounded in itself (L, as r, n are dental sonants) a // thing exists (c //) in relation (x ///) and even as part (z, ///) of wider cosmos.

Similar Symbols.

The Philosopher's Thing. If there is only 'thing, quality and relation,' then a thing is anything from a rock to an angel. But then what is (or what is not) a thing? Kant had an intellectus archetypus that created things by perceiving them. But what do we perceive? Only the light, sound, warmth, touch—the outer appearance that reaches us from the thing, never the 'thing in itself.' This may be not only invisible, inaudible, untouchable, but even—unthinkable (Kainz). The thing itself may be the 'noun,' the word with which conventional languages call a thing. But there may be a deeper empathy or intuition with which we understand a 'natural' thing, e.g. a crystal's or a plant's' inner essence.

What can I Do with a Thing? First I can *create* it by naming it. I can call an elevation in the meadow our picnic 'table.' I can really create from a clod of clay a statue which may be more than a 'thing,' for it may radiate spirit into others. A creation may be a 'being.' But others may 'object' to it. A thing may be to them an obstacle which they remove or a collector's treasure

which they want to own. Things can be given (cf. aUI: • $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & &$

(cf. setbay, sbAb). On the other hand, being an outer possession, they may be robbed or stolen without otherwise harming my life. If they are useless they may also be thrown away, or even excreted. Freud compares the hoarding of gold coins with children playing with what came out from them. Things can be played with, play-things are enjoyable. Things can attract us and we can attract or impress others with them. Bower-birds attract females with a display of glittering 'gems.' Things can be 'arranged' in a certain order or hierarchy. An administrator may consider his inferiors as things. He dismisses those whom he can not arrange in a certain order that pleases him, they must be 'administrable' or 'arrangeable.' He likes to arrange them in triangles so he fights with other bureaucrats who like to arrange them in circles, rows, (sana), or squares. He founds a party whose cause is 'square arrangement' and fights other political arrangements. If he succeeds, he has 'charisma,' as a crystal-forming radiation that organizes things into squares. Things so arranged make him proud and give him power. But things may also have power over, and take possession of him. Compare the caveman in our poem with the modern rich man who has everything. Buber warns of the tyranny of the It, the world of things that encircle our lives. The boss who will not pay his employee enough to buy salt on his bread, will spend a fortune on surrounding himself and his wife with all kinds of nick-nacks, do-dads, and bric-a-bracs. His attic is filled with them and on his employee's 25th work anniversary he honors his faithful servant with a gift of a porcellan lamp in the shape of the Statue of Liberty.

Does he hint at a freedom from 'things?' Th. Vischer in 'Auch Einer' saw things full of demonic 'Tücke des Objekts,' objects' malice. They roll between your legs, under your feet, and make you trip, they fall on your head when you walk by. Freud traced a jealous husband's backward flying slipper that hit a perfume bottle given his wife by her admirer. So maybe Kant's sinister thing in itself is crowding in on us and The Thing might come to get us.

Jesus warned Martha from troubling herself with many things, only one is needed. St. Augustine and Meister Eckhart knew the disturbing danger of "created things."

But could we not see all natural things as parts of the cosmos? See in each thing a manifestation of the cosmic Spirit? See wisdom in a growing crystal? But let never a 'means' or an object come as obstacle between you and the Spirit itself. If it does not help you to reach the Spirit, ignore it or discard it. This is spiritual poverty: "Only if you empty yourself of created things, can the Spirit of the creator enter."

(@)

Psychogram

A 'thing' in aUI definition is something enclosed in itself rather than something that has its purpose outside itself (as $4 \\ \hline \\ a$ tool). A thing we can wrap up and put in $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ a bag. Or we can point at it 'this' and $\boxed{\bigcirc}$ lift it out of the background: 'this bump $\boxed{\bigcirc}$ in the ground is our table.' Before it was part of a field, now we named it a thing. A natural thing can grow from its substance, as a



crystal from its mother solution (diamonds forming from their mother lode of Kimberlite or pearls secreted by an oyster are natural 'things') A rock may rise against our path and as an obstacle become a thing. But an artist may cut out what used to be part of this rock, and sculpt it into a statue, a new creation with its own form or his own idea. The thing should be passive to his creative act. We can give, receive, collect, own, place, arrange, count, play with things. We can be proud of, $\frac{4}{400}$ and enjoy things. We can attract and impress others with our things. We can describe things by their qualities, which however are really our perceptions (of their outside). But what is the inner character of the thing itself? Is a 'thing in itself?' Could we understand a thing's meaning in its cosmic relation? Could we see a natural thing as manifestation of the Spirit?

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CHAPTER 25. PART AND WHOLE ()

 $\left(= z = part. (a zone is an area-part) \right)$

Part and Whole

Faust (I, 2) Then tell me who thou art. Mephisto. Part of that power which would the evil ever do and ever does the good. Faust: Thou namest thyself a part and yet a whole I see? Meph.: A modest truth I speak to thee. Though folly's microcosm, man, it seems himself to be a perfect whole esteems. I am part of the part that first was all, of night and mother darkness bore herself the light . . . Faust: Now I perceive thy worthy occupation thou canst not get wholesale annihilation and now a retail business hast begun.

D. H. Lawrence:
We ought to dance with rapture, that we should be . . . part of the living incarnate cosmos.
I am part of the sun, as my eye is part of me.
That I am part of the earth, my feet know perfectly.
And my blood is part of the sea . . .

Goethe: Two souls alas! dwell in my breast and one part of myself will sever from the other . . !

Ever strive for the whole! And if you cannot be yourself one, then as a serving part, join as a member a whole.

Goethe Distichon, Vier Jahreszeiten, 45.

Similar Sounds. The voiced dental fricative sibilant 'z' reminds of the teeth that bite dt + - things (the unvoiced congener 's') apart, or of the buzzing friction sound zzz of a saw that cuts them to pieces. We experience existence (c) in coni z (n) v - - - crete 'this and this' (f) details or parts, and we like to divide life or possession in a number (n) of equal (j) parts, as Lear his kingdom or Caesar Gaul. Action (v) attacks the world's task in parts. Through (d) details, we come to (t) the whole. My organs, my parts are in the same relation (x) to me as I myself am to the cosmos, the whole.

Similar Symbols.

is a semi-circle, a half moon, or cheese cut in part. It reminds of all round figures, by contrast. The symbol for infinite implies the opposite, all (not just a part). Zero is perfect in itself, divided by 0 any number gets infinite. But 0 itself can not be cut into other parts: even if divided it stays 0. In contrast to are fully symmetric, symbolizing a all 'rounds' 🏠 whole: the most 'pregnant' figure or 'Gestalt.' (Space and \bigcirc time we must cut in parts to manage them. Time is divided through periodic movement (of the earth in years and days). Space we should divide into equal \longrightarrow or just parts, instead of fighting for it: Gallia divisa est in partes tres." Lands are divided by mountains, rivers or seas. Our life we, in time, divide into parts, ages and years, but we can not divide in space a living organism, whose condition of staying alive is that it is more than the sum of its parts. Organs are not screwed together \frown as the wheels of a watch, a thing \bigcirc . We may call some parts 'aspects' like front \checkmark , or top \int (head) or center \bigcirc (heart). Are qualities \bigcirc e.g. feelings, part of a person? They are shared with others. Others too are happy or sad, good or bad. Finally we ourselves can be part of a larger organism, a family, a nation, mankind, the cosmic whole. What is a Part? It is easier to point out than a whole, which can be indefinite or infinite like the 'whole universe.' For a child we can disjoint the limbs or parts of a doll or toy house and say 'z' and then put it together again and say 'whole,' Yz, "undivided." Then we can show kaz, top-space-part, , Ykaz, low-space-part . What even adults learn in this atomic age is that there are essential, since irreplaceable, parts that are usually inside (intrinsic) • , as heart and brain, and outer replaceable parts as hair or nails or sharks' teeth that can grow back. On the essential part 'depend' the others and the whole could not survive without them. But a dependent part needs the others. In our bodies there is a mutual relation 4 and harmony in the sense that even the essential brain depends on the heart for blood and the bones for protection, etc. Society confuses 'essential' and 'indepen-

dent': if scholars and artists depend on society they are deemed 'inessential.' In a worm or a sponge parts are much more independent and therefore less essential. Is there a common law, a common force that relates the parts to the whole?

B, B

The Laws of Logics and Numbers. In logics if A is part of B, A

C, A must be part of C, or element of this 'set.' In physics, if an electron is part of an atom, and the atom is part of a molecule, then this electron must be part of this molecule \ldots but these particles have a way of escaping and the whole molecule, even the atom, can explode in atomic fission.

Mathematics divides into parts. Divisions can be carried on indefinitely, and fractions can be added up. We know that $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + ...$ like .999 will never reach, but is practically the same as, '1.' A fraction is one of equal parts. Jesus made fun of the logics of division by dividing 5 loaves and 2 fish into 5000 men's stomachs and having 12 baskets full left (Math. 14:17), as a symbol that the living word can multiply while it is divided or distributed.

The parts of some machines should be exactly interchangeable as equivalent molecules. Technology tries to make all parts work together as a whole, all should be essential and interdependent, for economy. But they are hardly self-replacing or self-substituting. If one wheel breaks, another rarely takes its place. In privately used gadgets there are often unnecessary parts added for pleasure or pride. These are really not structural parts but 'things' like an extra phony gable or column on a building or a tail-fin on a car.

Life's Parts are Organs or Members. A living organism is more than the sum of its parts, which in themselves are often lifeless and useless. One skin is wrapped around a whole body, one circulation system feeds it and one skeleton supports it. But these functional organs that can not be replaced from the outside, substitute for each other. A man can swim with arms instead of legs and guide himself by ear or touch instead of eye. But the symmetric harmony of his form is mangled if one limb is cut off. A tree does not limit itself to a number of limbs or leaves. A squid can replace a limb. Humans try to replace regeneration by organ transplant. A nudibranch may gobble up a hydroid, whose nematocyst-harpoons he then can shoot out of his skin, as if a lion would swallow a porcupine, whose quills he then grows for protection. Hydroids might hang together like leaves on a branch, corals may form huge colonies, whose members are linked by a common channel of food supply. A sponge cut up in hundred parts may reconstitute its original shape. An ant, bee or termite is part of its tribe and can not live outside. The whole hive thinks, feels or acts as a whole. The higher animals may live in herds. In a sequence of generations, the individual animals may be seen as pearls on a string of heredity, links in the chain of descent. Male and female may be seen as 2 parts, united in procreation. But an individual cat is seen as 'part' of the mammals, therefore part of the vertebrates, although they feel no common bond.

Man, A Member that Plays Many Parts. Man divides and classifies. He feels part of a family, tribe or nation and sometimes even part of mankind as a whole. But a hermit on a lonely island may feel this bond stronger than a redneck in a crowd. To be part of a society, man has to give up part of himself, often even the best part. A business will not swallow him whole. The more he is in himself a whole individual, a genius, the less he will be (accepted as) part of the crew of a state. It is as if clay balls are pushed together and lose their round shapes: one cuts them into cubes or bricks. But is an individual ever a whole? Man is part matter, part spirit; part good, part evil. Freud cuts a man into 3 parts: Id, Ego, and Super-Ego; drives, defence, and duties. (In a split personality, each may take over the body at turns: "3 faces of Eve.") The ego defences themselves are many and they may cross both duties and drives, which remain often subconscious. Jung's self, animus or anima, dons many masks, plays many persona roles. Hamlet (II, 7) muses: "All the world is a stage, and one man in his time plays many parts." Baby, child, boy, youth, lover, husband, father, worker, grandpa, . . . "the only religious way to think of death is as part of life." (Th. Mann) After it, in reincarnation we may play in another body, another role, or our immortal part, our soul, may enter the realm of the Spirit.

Man as Part of a Whole. The Merchant of Venice (I, 1) sees the other side: "I hold the world but as a stage . . . where every man must play a part." Before, his roles were part of the man, now man is part of an ensemble, a society. But then his inmost part, his essence, may not par-

ticipate here. Politics may demand that we join a part, with which we only partly agree. Even with our occupation; (our fellowworkers, our boss, we may only partly agree, although it is the big wheel whose cog we become. Beyond our profession we should be part of our family, and nation. George Washington felt to be "part of all humanity." We could be part of the cosmic whole.

Language and Art. Such a cosmic harmony is represented in a work of art whose parts are organized in a hierarchy of values, as the body with its fat, bones, muscles, nerves and brain shows an ascending order. Schiller consumed by TB, wasted away all lower tissues although to his physicians' surprise only his brain remained strong to death.

A language has many parts, letters, particles, adjectives, verbs and nouns, corresponding to relations, qualities, and things. The Language of Space is a symbolic microcosm whose elements correspond to the macrocosm of the universe. And now we can answer the question: how can you become part of something greater without falling apart yourself? Must you as a sacrifice split down the middle and lose your center? The answer is: have the same center as that whose part you will be. Be a concentric part of the cosmic whole.

Psychogram

Man is the all part-ticipator. He partakes in devil's evils and angel's goodness, in earthly matter and God's spirit. He is part active, part contemplative. He is part male and part female, part bright hot Yang,

part wet passive dark yin.

As all men have all qualities, they are equal. As each man shares these aspects in different proportions, he differs from his fellowman. One man is more of an animal, the other rather a plant. One is more alive, the other more devoted to death. One is a servant of the aught, the other of the naught. Part of mankind works in creation the other part for destruction.

Destruction in man comes from fighting in opposing parties, whose cause one must join for power. Power may press people together into a whole with a common goal. Men are cut into sectors whose tips join in

force, but then they have to give up their inmost soul.

Man may keep his round wholeness, comprising all parts of the universe, with body and soul. Man may stay in himself a round sphere, but this microcosm shall be in the center of the macrocosm of the universe, reflecting all its rays, like a dew drop mirror, in the midst of the dome of the starry sky.



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CHAPTER 26. WHO'S IN, WHO'S OUT?

Who's IN, who's out?

$$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{} \\ \textcircled{} \\ \textcircled{} \\ \textcircled{} \\ \textcircled{} \\ \end{matrix} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} g \ d \ b \\ k \ t \ p \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{in, thru, together} \\ up, \ to \ \dots, \ before \end{array}$$

Topo-vectors answer questions, as where or whither, about location and direction. But from space they can apply to time, life, feeling and Spirit. They and their opposites mold our drives, passions and perversions. In aUI they are all stop-sounds, voiced and voiceless: gutteral, dental, and labial. Dots mean location, straight (arrows) direction.

•
$$g = g = (with)in, in(side).$$

Patient's Dream

Die andren Farben Kugeln kreisen	The many other spheres of color circle
um mich, den einen in verschiednen Bahnen.	around one me in variant orbit-tracks.
Doch jene dunkel-blaue nähert sich,	But that dark blue ball comes ever nearer,
berührt mich und umgibt mich ganz—	approaches, touches me, surrounds me all
mir schwand das Licht.	light disappears,
Im dunkeln Innern wach ich	in darkness' core I watch
dass ich lebe	that I may live.
und in mir kreisen viele Farben Kugeln.	And in me circle many color spheres.
-	

Similar Sounds.



The dot 'within' a circle sounds 'g' as in guttural, voiced, within the throat. The other stop 'k,' unvoiced, means "above." g ----- k should not the most inside be supreme? Could not the heart unite with U O u o $\triangle CMP$ the brain? Feeling join spirit? \bigcirc Could the God above come into our heart? Buber explains "Shekhina" as In-dwelling, the presence of God that has descended into the world and shares its love (as Christ did).— \checkmark d, another voiced stop (meaning 'through') is a child's substitute: 'dod' = god. A mouse may run 'through' a pipe, then stay 'inside.' The Word may come 'through' to our center.

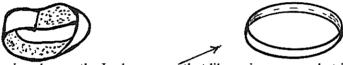
x and h are other gutturals, meaning relation and question. Should we relate our inner problems, our centers? Are they equal (j)? J sounds like 'soft' g (jelly from gelatin). The center may stay equal to itself and it should radiate goodness (r). As uvular 'r,' the vowels U and O are back-tongue sounds. The spirit and human feelings or life itself (o) are within. P

220 💽

Our sounds and feelings originate inside. In aUI (inner) sounds correspond to the (outer) visible symbols. This conveys that our outside should correspond to our inside. $\overline{\bigcirc} \bigcirc A$ problem of our age is that we live in a bureaucratic sham world, of false outer pretense, meaningless formality and hypocricy, which strangles and crushes our inner feelings. This tension may explode into revolution and war.

Similar Symbols.

 \bigcirc looks like a thing \bigcirc in space \bigcirc . We are all surrounded \bigcirc by space and our feelings flow in time \bigcirc . As we float in the cosmos, we feel the cosmos within us. If we are empty (\bigcirc) inside, we are without inner life f and we feel no togetherness \frown , which should unite our centers \bigcirc . We should not try to stand above \int or before \bullet our fellowman but understand what is hidden within him.



What is In? Topology knows the Jordan-curve, that like a ring severs what is inside from the outside (Lewin)? But if our mind is such a ring or sphere, whatever is outside is reflected in our inner self. The Möbius-band is a ring whose outside and inside are on the same side. Twist once the end of a 1 dm masking tape so that its sticky side joins the sticky side of its beginning. If an ant could crawl over its sticky side, it would pass over onto its dry side at the joint and again at the joint onto the sticky side crawling over inside and outside on the same side.

Atoms and Stars. The nucleus of an atom and the center of a star or planet differ from the nucleus of a living cell which is most alive, in that it is least fit to sustain life. But both nuclei have in common that they are most essential. For the living being life is most essential, but for the atom or planet stable cohesion. So the midst is the center of gravity and hot pressure.

Life's Center. A nut has its meat inside, a peach outside. But inside the peach stone is also a kernel of meat although it is too bitter to eat. A clam's or bug's skeleton is outside (exo-), while a man's is inside (but inside a man's skull or spine is the 'marrow' with its ganglia and nerves). The thalamus inside the brain seems a center for emotions? (para-) sympathetic nervous system; especially the vagus helps us to digest and breathe. We vegetate inside while we sleep, dead to the world outside.

A germ sleeps intside a seed shell, a cell nucleus is protected by an outer membrane or skin. A chick is born twice, when the egg is laid and when it emerges from the egg. Do some mothers want to keep, do some babies want to stay, inside the womb? Jeremiah asks: Why did I come forth out of the womb? Calderón judges: el delito mayor del hombre es haber nacido. Man's greatest crime is to have come to life. O. Rank found our first trauma in having to leave the paradise of the womb. So we build houses and cars and dream that we sleep in a car and the car knows where it is going.

Feeling-Flow Inside. As our thoughts, so our feelings stay inside, especially if we are introverts. Jung sees introversion as "inward turning of the libido" or loving life-force. F. Schiller said: "externalize all within and shape everything without." In the extravert the object like a

· 221

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magnet draws the energies outward. The extravert is similar to Kretschmer's manic-depressive pyknic, who shows his feelings in a vita activa. But Sheldon calls him endomorph, while the introvert would be ectomorph. He would contemplate his dreamworld inside. Inside him dwells his animus, anima or Id, his feeling soul. Outside he wears a mask, to please the outer world. What profiteth it a man to win the whole world, if he loses his true inner self, his soul? "This soul or life within us by no means agrees with the life outside us" (Woolf). But in our dreams the inner voice of our soul tries to speak to us in the language of symbols, primal images, Urbilder and ideas.

The extraverted man of action may suffer from claustrophobia: "Give me land, lots of land . . . ," the introvert from agoraphobia. He may sing: "Stonewalls do not a prison make . . ." Lear comforts Cordelia: We two alone will sing like birds i' th' cage, . . . who's in who's out . . . Richard II tries to populate the prison with shapes of his inner world.

Inner Ills. The catatonic schizophrenic in aboulia's lack of will and meaning has regressed into the womb: "I wanted to take refuge in her, to hide in her heart" (Hillyer). The drug addict may flee into a "marvellous inner world" (Ludlow) but finds often "horror unspeakable." (I help addicts by superseding their drug trips with cosmic contemplation in trance dreams (cf. Dr. Dr. Merritt, (M.D., Ph.D.) p. VII, aUI, 1974 in the Language of Space.)

Outer Power. The power-man acts outward and represses or projects his inner yearnings into others. His inner imagination is not creative but rather destructive. But since he sees that destructiveness in(to) his enemy, he feels blameless. Even his 'conscience' as Shakespeare shows in Henry VIII is not an inner voice, but an outer reputation, name or fame. He wants to be 'known' as benevolent but just, so he promotes those who increase his power and destroys whatever lies outside its reach. And this may be just the *inner* life. So 'inside' means for him inside his power sphere. Jefferson wrote: "The English government is divided into two parties, the INS and the OUTS." The outsiders must be crushed. Even the establishment of the church destroys these 'outsiders' as heretics, but as mystics they were her *inner* life. There is no inner creative strength in a power-man. His power is outer pretense, which makes people follow his slogans and by his subjects he has his power.

It is amazing how much of human affairs is outer formality and sham. Even majority vote is often a smoke screen for a leader's ambition, greed and pride. They 'vote' in fear of his power or revenge. It is this tension between outer mask and inner greed, which explodes into revolutions that tear down the outer front. Behind the sham façade lies an empty hole.

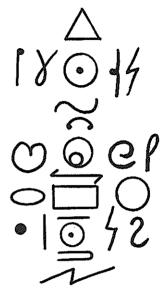
Inner Soul. Far from being invested with outer power, the Spirit withdraws inside. The mind is an inner realm whose every grain should correspond to a star outside. Thoughts should picture

the real world in truth \bigcirc But the outer world denies the inner Spirit. So the Spirit withdraws in contemplative systole into itself, like Einstein's breathing Cosmos. Isaiah, the apocalyptic John, Meister Eckhart, Boehme, Swedenborg and Hesse sang of the inner realm. Abraxas finds: "If I enter the inside of a cloud . . . what is around *me* will become clear," if its center is my center. Nijinsky danced: "I feel God and God feels me . . . God is in me, I am in God."

222 (•

Psychogram

We can create all outer forms within ourselves. Imagination shows an inner light \checkmark . The inner Spirit \bigtriangleup guiding from above \checkmark before all else \checkmark should bring us together \bigcirc . Our word \frown should relate \backsim our feelings \bigcirc . \bigcirc \bigcirc Existent things \bullet of matter \square (although we consist of it) are sensed as outside in space and time \bigcirc and we must act \checkmark on them. These actions should $+ \bigcirc$ (but rarely can) be in harmony with out inner life. \bigcirc The power-man thrives on outer pretense. His words are slogans of hate. The Language of Space restores the harmony between inner $\square \odot \bigtriangleup$ meaning, inner sound, and outer symbols to be seen and shown. This harmony brings peace.



Creation and contemplation are expansive and contracting movements of this harmony: creation moves \bigcirc \bigcirc outward, contemplation inward into the essence of the Spirit. In contemplation \land \bigcirc we may enter the inside of beings, finding our same center, or we may suck out our inner life inself, and the inner hollow vacuum will draw-in God's Spirit \triangle \bigcirc St. Augustine advises to become empty of outer things, then the Spirit of God can enter. Dionysius found: "He speaks best of God, who in the fullness of his inner riches can best keep silence."

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CHAPTER 27. UPWARD I FLY

k = above, up

Upward I fly

Patients' Poems

Gipfel.

Nebel rollen durch die Nacht runden die Dinge zum Raum dem enthebt sich die Sonne klärt die Höhen im Widerschein. Über der Zeiten breite Täler grüssen die Grossen einer den andern. Fogs rolling through the night round the things back into space thence upward rises the sun brightens the heights in glowing reflection. Over the times' broadening valleys greet the great one the other.

Peaks.

cf.: Sarah Slower-Adams, Hymn "Nearer my God to Thee . . . even though it be a cross that raises me . . ."

H. W. Longfellow's *Excelsior*, J. W. Goethe's *Ganymed*, "Hinauf hinauf strebts . . ." ". . . upward, upward striving." W. J. Weilgart's "Fulfillment" in Cosmic Dreams "Climb up, rise up, . . . grow up."

Similar Symbols.

The dot *above* the vertical line, a musical quarter note, allies itself to all upright symbols (with dots, hooks or loops). Most akin is \checkmark , a dot before a line. The head in front on a reptile or fish is above in man. He stands up and exists \parallel as 'this one man' $\parallel \uparrow \bigwedge$ Life strives upward to light as to the good $\checkmark +$. A tree grows up, does a man 'act up?'



Maybe to exist we must stand up and rise from the sea of chaos, overcoming the bonds of gravity, that pulls us down into the common swamp. Even a crystal has to rise from its mother solution to exist as a 'this,' $1 \downarrow$ as an individual thing. The heavier, the more material it is, the deeper it sinks: lead sinks down, water and air will rise.

Life needed the lighter water that could rise into clouds. But life itself had to rise from the depth of the sea to the light and up to the land. From algae to trees, from crawling lobsters to butterflies, from creeping reptiles to jumping mammals and flying birds. Even rattlesnakes wrestle, who can rise higher and push the other down. The springy gait and triumphant jump of a galloping deer that uses mother earth as a stepping stone to skip up into the air, and finally the birds soaring up high . . . all means the conquest over the gravity pull of mother Life rises to bloom and fruit and then sinks down into death. earth. r Even in animals 'up' means victory and pride, and down means defeat. The winner lizard raises his head in triumph for all the lizard ladies to love him; the loser is 'de-spic-able,' looked down. What tells us what is up and down are statocysts (heavy balls), if we are lobsters; and liquid in semi-circular canals in our ears if we are men. Not only do our feet differ from our head, as a tree's roots from its leaves, but our front differs from our back, since we run forward (in contrast to a tree). In a herd the leader or guide runs ahead. A Man, 'homo erectus' with (slipped disk) vertical vertebral column, rises proudly on two (varicose) legs precariously balanced to slip and fall,-he likes to rule and run forward and act ahead. Arxein (archein) means to begin and rule. Cyrus said: No man has the right to rule unless he is better than the people he rules. K is a voiceless stop in the throat or up on the velum, the mouth-Similar Sounds. h x c $\overline{21}$ roof. The voiced guttural 'g' (in) seems the nearest kin. (edge ---- ecke). We g k t $\overline{of'}$ should rise to the idea that is in \bigcirc our center. The nearest voiceless stop is 't' r O U w $+ O \Delta t$ (Latin quis = tis in Greek). We should strive toward above, r, = up. K is often spelled 'c,' which in aUI sounds as in 'special' and means existence. To exist we stand up. k ---- ch (aUI: 'x'), break ----> brechen, book ----> Buch, or k ----> h, centum (kentum) — hundred, canine — hound. 'Superiority is a questionable relation' K is merged with 'u' or 'w' in qualm, Qual, quarrel. Superiority goes with power (w) or with spirit (U).' Since K is a back tongue sound, uvular 'r' and the back vowels U and O (feeling) are near. We like to feel 'high.' "Why did you climb Mount Everest?" 'Because it's there,' answered Mr. Hillary. In human existence is a striving upward. This superiority complex can overcome an inborn sense of inferiority—naked man was most helpless, and felt safe only high up in a tree or in a castle on a hill. Instead of rising up or growing up he could reach up with his hands, like an elephant with his trunk, for forbidden fruits. He could also raise his club to smash it down on his brother's head. Man the rival, drunk for power could raise himself by pushing his brother down. He could also grow up and rise with his brother to the Spirit. For this ascent he has to delve deep down into himself. As a tree, to grow, has to send its

roots deep down. Depth psychology enters the subconscious. But for most people to dig down into the hidden mysteries, even treasures of their mind, is too painful. If they feel depressed or 'down' they take a pill, an 'upper' that gives them a 'high.' A maniae floats on air. In cosmic

contemplation or 'sushupti' we dream with our patients in trance that we climb a mountain and each step the rocks roll down on the dragon in the ditch. On the peak we spread our arms and they grow into wings and embrace the universe. We fly up into space and wrap translucent wings around the stars.

Think High. The thinker of high thoughts, the idealist, is often alone. \checkmark He is not allowed to survey, let alone supervise, the acts of his fellowman. It is a question whether they will relate to him at all (hx) or whether \checkmark they will destroy him. But strange enough, although they reject a man who is superior in wisdom and goodness, they accept a man who is superior in ruthless power as boss.

High Power. Do our actions move up? Man has succeeded in advancing in power over the world of nature. From a naked babe in the woods he has become the tyrant of this planet, ruling the beasts of the wild. How did he do it? Men banded together and overcame the strongest beast by organized cooperation. How did they enforce cooperation? By submitting to a leader, who was the most ruthless, even the most cruel. He wielded the power of command by slogans of hate. But now when nature's dragons lie defeated at our feet, the powermen of each nation stand against each other, and with atombombs each can kill each. Powermen can not cooperate with each other; what brought the human race high, was fierce competition and ambition to be on top, and the highest can be only one. Power can not be shared.

There is a whole set of symbolic rituals that show superiority. The Shona-women in Rhodesia must approach their husbands on their knees. The Fiji chief is called 'tu' (standman). An oriental king was greeted by proskynesis, his subjects stretched out prone before him. He sat on his lonely throne, a sun among his planets. Power brings solitude rather than solidarity. Divide and rule was his motto. His lackeys prayed for his favor, slandering each other and fawning in hypocricy on him. The tyrant could be, or through his high power become, a psychopathic megalomanic paranoid. Since he sat on the throne of false pretense, not being intrinsically superior to his subjects, he would hate anybody who told him the truth. He would exterminate the truly superior man of wisdom and goodness. He might kill the idealists by over-demand: 'if you are really a saint then live from air, and sacrifice not only your body, but your ideals.'

Cyrus and Plato thought the best and wisest should rule. Nietzsche described the Übermensch, the overlord, as a different superman. Although he had read in Tacitus "Cupido dominandi cunctis adfectibus flagrantior est." 'power greed is the most flagrant passion,' and from Milton's Satan: "Better to reign in hell than serve in heaven," and although he had seen France's tyrants Robespierre and Napoleon, Nietzsche glorified the powerman, beyond good and evil. He rules not by virtue, (*Will to Power*, p. 170) but by "keeping distant" and "slowness of gesture."—Is a paranoid lion tamer an effective demagogue? If not goodness and wisdom or merit determines a man's intrinsic worth, what is it that should put a man on top to deserve his power? Nietzsche says the lordman (Herrenmensch) has 'rank.' But "what determines rank?" It is "quanta of power." The superman is the powerman. This is circular definition, implying that super-power is an end in itself. But if it is, would not all strive for it? And since tyrants must have subjects and slaves, there must be incessant fights and wars and these wars mean annihilation in our age.

In aUI, there is kwU control and kWW authority, and kWW krUw good rightful authority. Solon, Cato and Washington knew: "Only he who can rule himself can rule others." Different from kwQfUf, a (transient) power condition—is krU, $ff\Delta$, the supreme good Spirit.

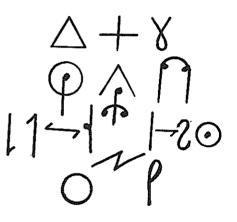
The Supreme Good. Freud's super-ego rules men from inside, a guiding conscience. But the star's guiding light is found by delving down into the subconscious depth of the night. Some

mystics tell us of an 'ek-stasis' that leads them beyond (kYb, **5**) and above their mind,

after a night of despair. Balzac's Seraphitus can defy the fjord's giddy depth, but Minna reels. "Why, you can look into far vaster space without qualm," he consoles her and points to a tunnel in the clouds through which she can see the stars. "We are born to aspire skywards. Our native home like a mother's face never frightens its child." Rather than God's distance, other mystics feel his nearness. At the height of their ecstasis they find the God within.

Psychogram.

"The world is a staircase. Some go up, some go down" says Hipponax. Man's upward drive is his glory—and his curse, if to raise himself he pushes others down. For this means war. It started with multiplying life in limited space. Superiority became a question of existence and survival. To overcome the animals, man bred a leader type that proved itself by overcoming all human competition. Only the human top dog, says this dog-killdogmatism, will win the rat-race against the other beasts. When the dragons lie defeated at our feet, we must defeat the imperfections in human society and in our own heart. This



overcoming, instead of tyrant's solitude can mean the solidarity of friends. We can

help each other in a common ascent. Yes, common man's power-drives must be overcome. We must strive upward, grow up within. Man must become over-man, a deeper man in soul and higher in the spirit. The prophet, far from wanting to push others down, so he alone can reach the top, even rather than soaring above all such struggles, will help* his brethren and take them up with him to reach the light of the Spirit.

^{*}Even charity flows easier down-hill and drains in competition. Condescendingly to drop down a dime into the hat of an amaurotic (blind idiot), who will never compete with you, boosts your ego. You see yourself higher than your beneficiary by looking down upon him. —But helping a genius or a saint you would have to look up to—means an uphill gift. Goethe accomplished to help Schiller and Grillparzer out of their despair, although they were more effective dramatists than he himself. But he wanted not to raise himself, but all mankind—up to the Spirit.

Man needs exaltation, the upward lift. The power-man in state or church, distorts it into cringing sham-devotion to his person and command. True worship looks up to the Spirit.

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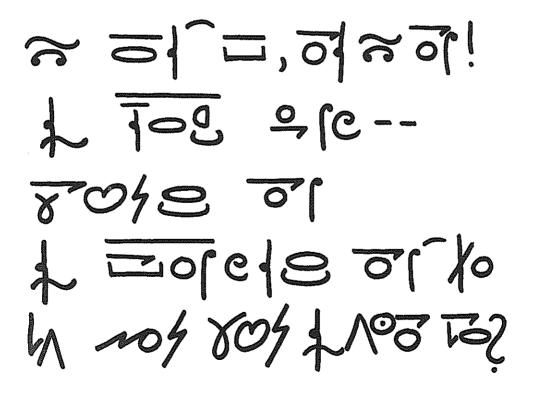
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CHAPTER 28. ONWARD TOWARD

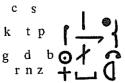
= t = to(ward)

Onward Toward

Patient's Poem: Directions

'Hold steady course NE my boy' "Aye, aye, sir! On my first night I'm looking toward the polar-star and hold the wheel" 'Boy, are you deaf? Take that! The Polar star is not the only star. Go Lyra, boy NE I said and head for Greenland.' "I'm doing what I can; no need to slap me. My hands are numb with trying" 'So let me hold it. What? It rights itself! We're going faster, faster The North Star draws us toward itself! Sagas, long forgotten, come backthe magnet mountain far off looms in sight.' The whole ship groans the very nails begin to stir and wrench Alas! They tear themselves out and become arrows. And fly as missiles through the air first slowly soaring, then faster, faster and finally with a rush they hit the huge gray iron rock. Spears swim, shields skip upon the waves. The naked men jump over board. But the very iron in their blood seems pulling them: they float helplessly to the magnet mountain and crush their brains against its rock of steel.

Similar Sounds.



t (toward), is a bridge between k (up) and p (front); voiced d (through)—between b (together) and g (in)—may be a means to get toward the others: upward, forward, nearer, inward. Man often confuses means and ends. The end justifies the means only if they are minor, or lesser evils. 'Realists' confine their planning to mediate, i.e. practical,

goals like money, pleasure and power. But then they forget that these were only means to a higher end and sacrifice that final goal. Besides d, z (part) r (good) and s (thing) are dentals. The goal toward which man strives should be a good thing. An abstract idea flows to many parts (nz) to become concrete existence (c). $\Box I I$

one to many is the relation of toward. Relation is to and fro, from. Toward means toward a 'this,' conceived as good, or away from evil, Striving toward is 'action' that needs power. The strength we need is the strength to exist. Matter strives upward to realization of life.

The opposite of toward is 'from.' The from is the cause and the 'toward' is the effect or the will. Some thought that the will is the cause of life. This would mean that the

'from' comes from the 'toward.' Does man come from, ____ or strive toward, the spirit?

Matter and Motion in Space and Time. The time from which we come is the past, and the time toward which we go, the future. Power men plan for the future looking into the past. They walk forward, their face twisted around, looking back to revenge. They are praised for making wars to revenge former wars. But the prophets who see the future are crucified. The powerman reminds us of the overshoot through inertia. A golfer misses the hole by an inch and the ball rolls on past it. The momentum in a certain direction may become independent. A man perseveres even when his pigheaded pursuit no longer makes sense. If you want to reach the North Pole, fly north. But suppose you can't stop there and your momentum carries you past it and so you fly south. Action may cause reaction. Drill a hole from the Arctic to the Antarctic. In a barrel fall down the hole. When you arrive to get a peep at the penguins, your barrel may fall back and may go back and forth until it stops in the center of the earth. This is called gravity attraction. Besides, we found magnetic attraction and positive attracts negative static electricity, which repells its peer. Female attracts male as the acid the base in chemical affinity, thesis challenges anti-thesis, to become the neutral salt of synthesis.

Life's Attractions. Lewin represents the direction and strength of a drive by a vector, and two vectors (as sides of a rhomboid) added result in its diagonal. A + b = d. Nietz-sche measures a will's strength by the obstacles it can overcome. These obstacles are pains, which most creatures try to avoid and their drives lead them to pleasures which they try to approach. $\rightarrow \neq e$ is a 'movement away from bad' experiences, $\neq e = a$ toward-good-movement. The sensory nerves tell us the difference between pleasure and pain. The adrenals speed up the heart, the muscles contract and pull toward pleasure; the buck runs toward the doe, and shoots his sperm into her, and the sperm swims toward the ovum, the goal of love. Man's Perversions. Man can strive for wrong goals in a wrong way, he can strive partly in one,

partly in the opposite direction, and he can be without striving either by nature or by drugs. A man can strive too near or too far: he can love his own or an animal's sex. Both does not procreate useful life. If an animal fulfills his drive, the drive abates. The full cat loathes food. Not so the addict: the more he drinks, the more he has to drink. He perseveres on and on. The same with the power-addict: the more he wins the more he needs. World conquerors Alexander and Napoleon were in so far like Macbeth: "I have in blood stepped forth so far, returning would be as tedious as going on." "Damned be he who cries: hold enough." The paranoid perseverer is the most dangerous powerman in the atomic age.

The opposite of the fanatic addict is the split mind, whose one part strives to the left while the other strives right. One part likes to fight, the other to make peace. Maybe during the fight he will lower his guard and be hit. If two opposite trends cancel each other out, this may result in Aboulia, lack of will. The schizophrenic catatonic sits in a corner and stares into empty space. Inwardly his Id may float in a chaos of whirling hallucinations without whither or whence. In neurasthenia or depression there is often the will so weak, that drugs bring relief from the responsibility to act. Tolstoy confesses (IV) "Had a fairy offered me all I desired, I should not have known what to ask for. Why should I live? What for? I really wished for nothing." At the peak of fortune and fame, his death-drive had taken over. But he flew into contemplation, instead of fleeing into drugs. But the anonymous of "The Inner World of Mental Illness" describes his mescalin trip: "Leaving a pencil in midair . . . going to urinate (was) too much of a decision. A step backward was as good as a step forward." Ludlow found himself "sucked into an abysmal emptiness . . . left alone in the midst of infinite space."

Wish and Will. In healthy life we move in hope, $\mp \bigcirc$ wish, \bigcirc or will $\checkmark \bigtriangleup$

Hope is most passive: I hope this will happen even if I do nothing about it, a gift will come to me. R. May distinguishes wish from will (p. 182, 218): wish is the imaginative playing with (a) possibility . . . will is the capacity to organize one's self . . . in a certain direction . . . will implies choice . . . and plan." Freud saw the Id wish and the Ego will. But as agnostic determinist he came near to Tolstoy the believer in providence: "We think we are drivers, but we

St. Augustine confessed to be divided into these two trends, as will of the spirit and passion of the flesh: "The mind commands the mind to will and yet, though it be itself, it obeys not" (vol. I, Bk. VIII, Ch. 7). St. Paul writes to the Romans (7): "What I should do, that I do not do, and what I do, I should not. For even though the will to do good is in me, I can not do it." If the self is divided into Super-Ego, Ego, and Id, each might have its duty, will, or drive.

Plotinus, Meister Eckhart and Boehme sees the will to individual existence, individuation, as sinful, while the existentialists never tire of glorifying this will to exist. Though Schopenhauer recognized the tragic *power of the will* over reason, Nietzsche tried to laugh, where his master had wept and sang of it as the 'will to power.' O. Rank even idolized will into mana, an emanating magic power in itself standing above natural causality.

Schopenhauer and the vitalists believed "the (blind) will always wills one thing: life," (Lebenswille). It is irrational: "One does not want a thing because it is good, but finds it good because one wants it" (Freud, who finds a death-drive beside the life drive). I would rather call it a 'death-drift' or a death-wish: "I hear their gentle voices calling: old black Joe" (S. Foster). Adler dissolves power-will into commune-will (Gemeinschaftswille) or social interest, a common will to help. Beyond those existentialists' will to existence, the vitalists' will to life, and this social will, the idealists' will strives toward the Spirit.

pus fled away *from* his parents, from whom he descended, who were his cause. Freud was a causalist, R. May is a purposeful teleologist, believing in the freedom of will. We don't do 'be-

cause'
$$\overline{\Delta}$$
, but 'in order to' Δ . Cause = $\overline{}$ YtUs, effect = tUs $\overline{}$ and

purpose = tsU, X^{\bullet} . B. Russell called "causal dependence . . . a conception very dangerous to accept. Any event from which another can be inferred can be called a cause." Science calls y a 'function' of x, y = f(x) if y = x². But then this is reversible into x = \sqrt{y} .

A most surprising reversion has been attempted by calling the 'will' the ultimate cause. Here Böhme, Schopenhauer, Nietzsche and Bergson agree. The will is a 'toward' trend, but a cause is a 'from' origin. How can a 'toward' be a 'from?' It is like a gushing geyser-spring, springing up toward the light, but blindly willing all the life it may engender.

As Freud sees life going from death to death, so Thomas Aquinas and Spinoza see God as causa causarum, as ultimate cause and the ultimate goal of life.

But the mystic feels the spirit within himself and so he need no longer strive. He is free from hope and fear. He rests in the peace of contemplation.

Psychogram.

A straight movement leads toward, or away from, something. If a thing is inside, its straight movement leads outside. If it moves toward something, it might end inside that thing. Motion happens in space and time. Matter is drawn toward matter, positive toward negative electricity, but light radiates away from its source.

Did matter come from the Naught or the chaos? Did it come into existence? Did matter change into life? 'Toward' brings change and transformation. Action streams from this to the other, only partly to its goal. A force drives or pulls action like a magnet. Physics liked causes and effects as functions, biology finds purpose: survival. Leaves turn toward the light, roots toward the soil. Beasts strive toward pleasure and away from pain.



Man calls his striving 'will.' He strives ahead and up. He uses tools for the goal of his superiority. He should strive away from evil and toward good, above matter and up to the Spirit.

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CHAPTER 29. THROUGH MEANS TO ENDS

Through Means to ends

 $\chi = d =$ through, by means of; (channels, tool, instrument); χ (against, weapon)

Patient's Poem: Instrumentality.

Sucked into a whirl and through its funnel in the cave you can curl and swim through the tunnel. When you spy a dim light clench your knife in your teeth for the dragon of spite in the dark lurks beneath. He sleeps watching the treasure. Use your sword at your leisure his throat to slit. Now you are free: with the golden key to open the lid. With the jewel's light you can buy the whole world and the wing-gates of might swing open unfurled.

Through a straw, you can suck lemonade, by means of a pipe you can blow smoke. It would be too simple and direct to drink or eat the lemon, or to chew the tobacco leaf. (Smoking should make a man happy. What about a man who sacrifices his happiness and health to smoke or drink?) Man became great as a tool maker. He has a sense of instrumentality that tells him to use gadgets and go through the right channels.

This is the difference between dreamy wish and practical will: the will plans to use all the tools and means to achieve its end. It is also the difference between strength and power: the primitive may use the strength of his own arm, the chief has the power to use the whole tribe as his machine. To get them to obey he uses the means of the spoken command. His tools become weapons that may turn against their master. Where does it get him? What is the relation of means and end, between tool and goal? Mankind has amassed an arsenal of a multitude of means, money, the treasures of natural resources unlocked to explode by the magic of technology, motor machines that work in automation for the manager or boss. But what is the end?

F. Lasalle said that "ends and means on earth are so entangled, that changing one you change the other too." (cf Koestler) Power may first seem the means of attaining

higher goals. But then upholding it becomes the end, and whatever ideals there are must serve them. Political arrangements like democracy, capitalism, fascism, communism . . . the American, British, German or Chinese 'way' of life, 'were meant to be means to achieve the perfect life. Now we all should die for such a way of life to keep it in power. Is not the goal a life of goodness, beauty, and truth?

Similar Sounds. d, a voiced dental stop relates to all other stops (t; bg; kp) and all other k t p dentals, voiced j, z, voiceless c, s and sonants: l, n, r. g d b o to c j z s i ⊃ 0• t (toward) is the end to which we go, the goal, tes *c* is achieved through certain particular paths, channels or means. inr**G**t). But since the paths are particular, they only reach part of the z (= part, particular (whole goal. The means could themselves be a part of the goal. Our tools, the machines, are composed of parts. Suppose we had a basic kit of parts, corresponding to the symbols of the Language of Space: a space tool (e.g. a yard), a time tool (watch), a motion tool (rocket), a tool for light (lamp), sound (whistle) . . . and we could compose out of them all machines as we do aUI words. Suppose they would combine automatically like DNA genes or chemical elements. We could take such a kit in a knapsack into desert or jungle and compose water, food or snake repellent. In this way we could compose parts into a whole. \overline{F} , Yd is the opposite of 'through, by means': a tool turns 'against' us and cuts us. We cut the whole into parts. 's' a thing could be a means to the end of existence (c), which could be the means to live, work and create.—j, n =: equality may be a means to measure quantity. Yardsticks must be standardized. Unless bullets are of equal size, why count them? Equality or homogeneity of

matter assures reliable tools. Equality may be a means to easy power control. Power control may be a means to conquer more space. Plenty may be a means for better living. But each of these: things, equality and quantity may become an end in itself. Greed strives for plenty without using it. Equality can become an idol.

 \bigcirc L = round. Roundness is a means of self-preservation. For protection an animal withdraws into a ball. Wheels and balls and bullets are round in order to roll and slide through water and air. To be well-rounded in itself may be an end in itself.

 $r = \text{good. r vibrates as rapid repetition of d-d-d. Goodness should be an end in itself, but is often misused as a means. A shrewd boss hires a good man to abuse and exploit him. But even a 'good' worker may produce 'good' goods, not to help people, but to sell more or be proud of them or he may do good to come to heaven. All this is often too harshly condemned by protestant theology: the main thing is that the man does good.$

t, k, p; gb. I can use all means to come 'to' my goal, to rise 'up,' to get ahead and stand 'before' others. I can strive by all means to get 'together' with what I love or even 'inside.' Instead of ends, all the topovectors can be used as means: I can try to stand above others in order to dominate them, I can run in front to lead, medial steps *pre*cede their goal, we can come together for power, I can look inward to concentrate and contemplate and to find the Spirit. \downarrow is a slant slashing through another (vertical) line. All symbols with verticals and slants and all symbols with crossing lines or angles, can be related, $1 \downarrow \cdot$. One man $1 \land$ exists and gets 'this' \downarrow material \square + good through many $\downarrow \square$ other things and tools. Matter itself is a medium through which we live. We need certain conditions $\oint X \downarrow f$ of light and warmth $\bigvee \square$ and certain relations $\leftarrow \neg$ with our fellowmen to have the power to act \checkmark .

'If' or 'By.' Languages have conditional and instrumental forms. Is an instrument a condition? If and only if I use this tool, can I open that door. English uses 'with' this key (instead of 'by means' or 'through'). There are necessary tools or means and necessary and sufficient conditions. A tool may be necessary but it is never in itself sufficient. I must use it. Most tools are not necessary, (something often forgotten by our gadget-crazy age). And the same tool can be used in different ways. A knife can be used by a surgeon to heal, or by a criminal to kill. Is an instrument that works only in one way still my tool? E.g. if a cobalt bomb kills all life, is it still a tool or even a weapon? \mathcal{M} is to be masters of our tools, which we can

Even though we are slaves of conditions, we like to be masters of our tools, which we can create.

Only the child or psychopath expects immediacy. Most goods must be earned through many steps of hard work, maybe forging one's own tools before one can start to work. Tools and

work are a 'condition' for reward. The universal condition for life is existence in matter. Food '

Pr ,' 'od' is a means to live. The radiant energy of light is needed to build our food.

But our soul needs a higher light. Christ said (John 14), "I am the way, the truth, and the light. No one can come to the Father except *through* me." Through suffering in truth and love we come to the light of the Spirit.

Life's Tools. Man does not like to concede to animals the talent to make tools. If a spider weaves a net, man says, "oh, but that's instinct." If a snail has a house, we say that's part of the animal itself. If an otter finds a pebble and uses it as hammer while swimming on its back —using its belly as anvil to break open a clam—we say: "Oh, but the otter did not *make* the pebble." Animals use tools: rats use tunnels, which they make. Beavers make dams and termites and ants build castles and farm fungus. Most animals use as tools their own organs. A bird can thread with his beak as with a needle. The angler fish uses an organ as bait. If an amoeba wants to crawl it pushes out pseudopodia. A hydra shoots poisoned harpoons (nematocysts), but if a __ nudibranch envies her for these weapons, he devours her and lets them sprout out of his own skin. An ape can hold on to a branch up high for protection. What if it broke with him and he fell down to the waiting tiger. If the tiger bit into the branch, could he not thrust it deeper into the feline's throat—as a weapon? Koehler's chimpanzees stuck bamboo sticks into each other for a longer reach as a tool to get bananas. So ape or man has a 'tool

sense' dO, $\cancel{100}$, a sense of instrumentality with which he recognizes a potential tool e.g. in a branch. Man's hands are variable tools. Since he uses his feet to walk, they are free to transform into tongs, hammers, and hooks. Man perfects his teeth into saws. But which limb

is the model for gun and spear? The stabbing and ejaculating phallus brought lance and blow gun. (Even sex is not 'beautiful' as an end in itself. It is a means for loving joy creating beauty in a good wise child.)

If a knife with which I cut, turns around and cuts me, it becomes a weapon against me.

the opposite of 'through, by means' is 'against.' Man, the tool maker, became the weapon forger and the aggressor. The 4F area of the brain, and the adrenals arouse a man to fight. If part of the hypothalamus is destroyed, a man becomes agressive instead of helpful (B. Alpers). Lorenz derives aggression from rivalry for food and from mating fights, whenever there is to much drive or need-demand but limited supply of fulfillment. But man is aggressive even in abundance. Man has an inbuilt inferiority sense (Weilgart 1957) which he overcompensates by an almost paranoid craving for superiority and power drive. And it is the power to destroy which he craves. 'Man against himself' (Menninger) has an inbuilt killer- and death drive (Freud), for which he invents unlimited tools of destruction. Now America and Russia each have enough atombombs to kill each other 100 times over.

Power is a shield forged by the witch of fear. Thus power was originally a means to the end of banishing fear. But it has become an end in itself for the man with power-drive. And man's progress into an inexhaustible technology is the means for satisfying his power-drive.

Good Tools are tools that are needed to stay alive. The Amish scorn all power machines: If a man chops wood with his own hand he will not find time to chop off his neighbor's head. Besides, motors make noise and poison the air and exhaust nature's resources. But could not tools produce energy or at least release nature's energy? Technology produces power and finally goods. It is based on claculation which needs measurement. Measuring instruments and sensing devices precede manufacture. Exploration precedes production. Tools themselves can be produced identical over and over again in enormous quantities (until their raw materials would be exhausted). We are still not at the self-repairing and self-producing stage of progress. But automation and Cybernetics, making man-like machines, works with feed-back and inbuilt memory and learning mechanisms. (A simple feed-back is in a toilet box or thermostat: the rising water or heat (expanding the mercury and tipping the contact away) stops its own inflow.) We can unleash enormous powers by tiny relay-triggers. But in case of an error or defect, the homing automation rocket bomb that is supposed to destroy our enemy may destroy us or the whole world.

Political arrangements should be means to the end of a better life and a better mankind, better fit to survive or to let the Spirit survive. 'For forms of government let fools contest / whatever is best administered is best / for forms of faith let graceless zealots fight / he can't be wrong whose life is in the right.'* We might sacrifice small means for high ends, but we should never forget a high goal for petty means. Suppose the aspired life is twice as good as the present, which we set as 'one,' 100%. But the probability of achieving it be only 50%. Then $50/100 \times 200/100 = 100\% = 1$. So there is no significant difference that would warrant fanatic sacrifice. But we should experiment freely and playfully with creative reforms without sacrifice. Establishment sacrifices the highest ideal for a fossil crust, the means of its power. A fanatic mob would sacrifice all for a passing fad or a slogan of hate.

Language and its media are means of communication. Words should be means to show what it means, keys to meaning. Language should convey creation and contemplation. But it

*A. Pope.

has become an idol of nationalistic pride. And conventional language is an inadquate and distorted tool. As a medium language should be in harmony with what is expresses, the mind. Symbols are tools. Conventional language with its homonyms and synonyms would offer a hammer that looks like a saw and may drive a nail into my own thumb that it cuts off. In the Language of Space what looks the same sounds the same and means the same. aUI is a medium in harmony with its spirit, a body-form that fits the soul.

Be as im-mediate as you can! Use media only when needed. Use good means for good ends. We should not use the mind or intellect to serve as a means for our passions or our will. The passions should warm the will that strives to the Spirit. In a hierarchy of values, matter should be a means for life, life a means for feeling, human feelings should love the Spirit.

Psychogram.

Means are stepping stones, rungs on a ladder. Matter, the universal medium, is the condition for existence. Radiant energy is the medium for life. Light and sound are means for communication. Roundness (is a) means

(for) self-preservation. Material things like money

are means for exchange. Equality may be a means for (together-) relations. Qualities are means for recognition. Quantity for measuring and control. Power is a means for action, superiority over the material world. For this man uses tools that threaten to become weapons for war.

Man scorns to shove his snout into the mush. He even shuns scooping it up with his hands. He neither eats nor kills directly. He works through media. As Christ came as mediator between God and man, so man should be a mediator between nature and God. Most men can not receive the Spirit immediately as mystics. Language as Logos of love should guide us upward. Our life should be a stairway to the Spirit.



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CHAPTER 30. COMMUNION TOGETHER

Communion Together

 $\mathbf{c} = \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{t}$ ogether, two dots together, lips pressed together in 'b,' as in 'both, bond.'

Romeo:	If I profane with my unworthiest hand
	this holy shrine, the gentle fine is this:
	My lips, two blushing pilgrims, ready stand
	to smooth that rough touch with a tender kiss.

Juliet: Good pilgrim, you do wrong your hand too much, which mannerly devotion shows in this. For saints have hands, that pilgrims' hands do touch and palm to palm is holy palmers' kiss.

(Shakespeare, Romeo and Juliet, I, 5, 102)

Ich denke dein, wenn mir der Sonne Schimmer Vom Meere strahlt;
Ich denke dein, wenn sich des Mondes Flimmer In Quellen malt . . .
Ich bin bei dir, du seist auch noch so ferne, Du bist mir nah!
Die Sonne sinkt, bald leuchten mir die Sterne. O wärst du da!
I think of thee, when sun's first radiant shimmer Shines from the sea;
I think of thee , when springs reflect moon's glimmer In rays to me . . .

I am with thee, be thou however far, so Thou'rt to me near! The sun sinks down, mine eyes see the first stars, oh

If thou wert here!

(Goethe's: Nähe des Geliebten, Nearness of the Beloved, p. 46. Ganymed, p. 321)

242

Chapter 30

Similar Symbols.

Two dots joined (together) by one arc can remind a child of all dual symmetric rounded or dot-symbols. Or (in a play of metamorphosis) he can sprout dots. Equality can be explained as a condition $\mathbf{\delta}$ for togetherness: likes like likes. Only within same species or quality do opposites attract each other, as male and female, Yang and Yin, positive and negative electricity; thesis and anti-thesis unite in Hegel's synthesis. If both are together then one is a condition \mathbf{S} of the other. If many of the same quality stay together we have a family (ub) 🙏 or tribe, We are part ه)آ^{, inside} of our nation in which we submerge as in a rounded whole 65 which we live. Togetherness is a condition for insideness. Lovers stay together, then they try to enter each (4) other's lives. Still togetherness may be a temporary condition of nearness in space or time Lewin, p. 217, calls it "connectedness." Then they change each other's state, which implies movement Q1 toward, or radiant vibration in light or sound \sim waves, for communication. Communication transcends proximity in space and time. Although "hands do touch," memory bridges time; we need not be near to commune. This pervades life PFF and feelings OOO. In symbioses close relation and love we can feel above and below, in front or behind our companion. Goethe's Ganymed rises 'upward and inward,' "Umfangend, umfangen, / aufwärts in deinen Busen, alliebender Vater." "Embraced and embracing, upward into your bosom, all-loving father."

Empedocles sees Eros as cosmic togetherness: Field forces of gravity, matter's cohesion and adhesion, chemical affinity bonds, iron sticking to a magnet, light radiating from star to star, from sun to earth, positive and negative electricity; planets' accompany suns with fellow stars, moons encircle planets, "l'amor che muove il sol e l'altre stelle." Dante as Shakespeare* saw love and concord as a cosmic force.

Living Together. With all our ruthless fights for survival, the cooperation of living beings is

often overlooked. Nitrogen-fixing soil bacteria (rhizobia) help legumes make their protein, (peas and beans can replace meat). A green alga feeds a fungus which stores water for it, so both can survive as lichen on a rock. A hermit crab uses a snail shell for a house, and a remora clings to a bigger fish.

Touch and smell are communications like sound and light. Ants tickle aphids to give them 'milk,' and like termites or bees communicate with movements and smell. Bees, through

*Midsummernight's Dream, Oberon.

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dance figures, tell each other where and how much the honey abounds. Animals in a tribe or herd are one big family. Protozoan colonies like volvox or a sponge are so well-organized that they really form one animal. And in a sense our body consists of a system of billions of cooperating cells, who however have no independence and could not regenerate on their own.

Bodies like to snuggle up to each other even before the sex drive starts. Cats rub against each other and human legs, dogs circle their master like a moon. The aUI word for domestic animal is together-beast, bos, \mathcal{P} . A tame animal keeps the same attitude to man as to mother.

• Motherhood begins within, the deepest communion. The fetus is part of the mother's life. The trauma of birth is the first separation (O. Rank) of this paradisal commune. But when the mother hen keeps the chicks under her wings and the mammal mother gives suck at

her breast, she holds the baby still close. The weaning is the second separation 🦳 . When

the son joins the tribe and finally marries another woman, it is the third separation. (A fourth might be death, when the mother looks down at her son's grave in a war or when she stands under her son's cross, where he died for mankind.) Thus motherhood is an almost super-human succession of resignations and a sacrifice, to be borne without jealous grief.

Loving Together. Primitive protozoa may just meet and fuse and so truly are within each other, having died as two they live as one. (Then they may divide.) Is dissolving in the other, fusing with the other, losing one-self or finding one's true self? In some insects there is little communality: the queen-bee flies once up with her chosen king, until he falls down, dead. The male praying-mantis and spider steer clear of their wives, who may consider them another prey. But love-birds and humans 'engage' in each other.

In aUI, love = brO, \mathbf{PO} good-together-feeling. Good is related to the 'get' in to-get-

her. It is good to be together. (see 'r'under *Similar Sounds* below). If I feel the good in the other and feel that the other feels the good in me, I am in love. We feel that our togetherness is good and we feel good about it. We enjoy each other, and together we love the world.

Much has been said about sexual compatibility. Why should not any healthy handsome boy enjoy sex with any pretty girl? If she loves him, she will satisfy whatever special love play he likes, and if he loves her he will tell or show her. Maybe girls are more choosy, but prearranged marriages in old China and India often turned out well, even if boy and girl had never seen each other before, and even if the girl had no 'orgasm.' On the other hand, with ecstatic orgasm

there may be little 'bo' progether-life, married life and companionship. Days seem then

longer than nights. A primitive girl marries a boy whom she finds so good, healthy and wise, that she can wish that there would be more like him and the world would be a better place. To improve mankind she bears him children. But sophisticated civilized girls marry a man because he is 'good in bed.' If body and mind are different, it is possible that one loves the mind of a woman without craving her body, which might be sick and old. It could happen that from the girl whose attitude one hates, one might have children who are good and wise. There maybe a contrast between sensual and spiritual love. Plato (from whom we learnt 'Platonic' love) in his symposion sees love as uniting split halves into the whole which humans were originally meant to be. Then M. Buber's 'I and Thou' were not independent to start with and he derives love from a common center, in our soul. S. Sullivan proclaims: "We love others to the extent

244

that we are able to love ourselves." ("Love God above all and your neighbor as yourself" or Love God in yourself and your neighbor.)

Splitting Apart. There are people who can not live with themselves. Dual personalities (in dissociation) may find no bridge to their other self, which they may not even remember. Passion's Id may be split from Ego and super-ego in the "3 faces of Eve." On drugs, Ludlow reports: "One portion of me was whirled unresistingly along (this) track . . . , while the other sat looking down from the height upon its double. It was someone else who spoke." The schizophrenic is split off from society and the commonsense reality of things. Hillyer relates "a state of emotion unaccompanied by thought."

In this sense a whole bureaucratic society may be in a state of schizoid 'anomie.' Thinking may be done without feeling and feeling without thinking, and acting without both. The hippies only feel, the yippies only act, and some scientists only think, but neither feel nor act. The bureaucratic apparatus may grind on without thinking, feeling or acting, until it explodes. It speaks in an incomprehensible meaningless lingo of technical terms and clichés.

Similar Sounds.

In aUI we seek meaningful communication, where sound goes together i r b p with meaning and symbol in a harmony of 'rOb' + Q . 'b' is a labial I w v f voiced stop with lips pressed "together.' The nearest other stops are dental d and t. But all lip sounds, p, f, v, w, m; and even r, that can be 'lipped' (brrr, it's cold!) are related. Since the lips are in front of the mouth, the front vowels i and I are nearest.

 $r = \text{good. Dr. K. Menninger found the healing power "this medicine of love which$ cures all sorrow" as Donne prescribed it, following Jesus and Buddha. Love and goodness $unite in sympathy and compassion <math>\overrightarrow{+0}$, (syn = com = br $\overrightarrow{+}$) which are a remedy against hate and envy, seeing the suffering of the enemy, recognizing the "tat twam asi" (that art thou— $|\Box| \approx 1$, fE c' bu) of all life. brO = love, brU, (together-good-spirit) = peace.

m = quality. Togetherness is a quality reforming all life into goodness. My quality belongs to(gether with) me. What is of me is mine, Ub fu = fum, $\Delta M = M$, for a set of the set of

p = before, in front. As long as people show their nice fronts to each other they can stay together. R. May emphasizes that human lovers face each other n, so they can look into each other's eyes, seeing and enjoying the other's enjoyment. Also when we look into the mirror face to face, we put our best nose forward.

 $\int f =$ this. Freud asked: "Are we capable of giving ourselves to our beloved and still preserving what center of autonomy we have?" can we still be 'this individual?' For many, striving for (t) love is a means (d) of forgetting and losing their selves.

i =light. Distance in space is overcome by radiation, stars and glow-worms speak by light, humans by sound. Through radio, telephone, and television we can send our voice around the globe. \frown (I).

Communication.

Man's basic schizoid duality between good and evil, matter and spirit, can be overcome by communication. Zhivago feels: "Communion of mortals is immortal." This should be true of our greatest poets whose very rhythms and rhymes hold their words together. H. Melville's *Billy Budd*, the strong childlike stutterer wants to communicate his innocence and honor, and his voice

fails him. "Could I have used my tongue, I would not have struck him . . . I could say it only with a blow." So he kills his master at arms. Violence must be overcome by communication. But most people even if they talk, use slogans of hate, for this is what conventional language was made for. It screens away our deepest feelings and highest ideals and communicates what is worst in us. The Language of Space is the soul's creative logos of love.

 y_{v} , w = action, power. Among competitive humans, hate unites and love divides. When two boys love the same fair maid, they fight. But when they hate the same threatening enemy, they unite to act under the same leader. He gets power for a common cause, which is often defence or revenge. This is how Freud saw it. Adler believed in a communality of social interests as Gemeinschaftsgefühl, that would work creatively for a creative and contemplative communion.

We need a 3 fold communication: 1) with society, with our fellowman, with the thou, in love; 2) with our own subconscious, communion of Ego with Id, of conscience with our visceral drives, of mind with soul; 3) the microcosm of our mind must meet the spirit of the macrocosm in a logos-word of love. (Spinoza's amor Dei intellectualis; Understanding Love of God.)

The Bridge. Man should be the mediator bridging creation and creator as the Logos is the mediator between man and God. The mystic feels the supreme Spirit inside, $(\mathcal{O}, \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{O})$, his highest center and God's center are one, as Meister Eckhart found. The Siddhas in India

reached a state of trance, Kaivalya, in which, isolated from the world, independent from their drives but even detached from God, they strive for immortality. The mystic frees himself from created things to unite with his creator. In the atomic age we need cosmic communication to survive.

Psychogram.

Togetherness is a cosmic force. Solar systems and galaxies stay together (as long as they don't dissolve). Matter and magnets, positive and negative electricity hold together. Movement in space and time reconciles centripetal and centrifugal forces in proximal orbits. Light and sound bridge distance. Yin and Yang, male and female, life's contrasting forms, work together. Individuals act together in large herds and nations for protective power: all for one, one for all. They all feel equal, hands join in friendship. Men feel good in union. The relation of solidarity is a condition for happiness and strength—and for power in war. Men communicate with dissonant words. A Logos language should give a concord between meaning, symbol and sound. Man needs a communication with others, with his subconscious soul, and with the cosmic Spirit of God.





246

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CHAPTER 31. BEFORE: BEGINNING AND END.

Before: Beginning and End.

= p =front, before, (fore-, pre-, pro-, per-)

Poems for Patients.

Driver Kronos

Hasten thee Kronos! Foward with clattering trot dizziness loathes your lingering delay. Over stick and stone rattle thy trot lead into life straightway! Up and forward, don't idle hoping, striving ahead . . . Down now, quicker still down see where the sun sets before he sets, ere old age seize me in the morass, hurl me, while dazzled and reeling, down to the gloomy portal of hell . . . Goethe, J. W., Schwager Kronos, (Chronos = Time as symbol oftechnologic progress.)

Skier Scout.

Carefree venture ahead into fog where no pioneers' daring could have prescribed your track: plow your own path for yourself.

(cf. Goethe 'Mut.')

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Old Songs of the Foretime.

(Praising the past:) Should auld acquaintance be forgot and never bro't to mind? Should auld acquaintance be forgot and days of auld lang syne? And here's a hand my trusty friend and gie's a hand o'thine we'l tak' a cup o' kindness yet for auld lang syne. (Robert Burns)

Tell me the tales that to me were so dear! Long long ago; l(ong) l(ong) a(go). Sing me the songs I delighted to hear! l. l. a., l. a. Do you remember the path where we met, l.l.a; l.l.a. Thomas H. Bayley

(The very repetitions in these songs re-feel and relive the past.)

Problem Pro Pre-. Why does man live by precedent and for progress and still progresses into the preceding errors of the past? Carlyle awakens us that paradise lies not before us, but before us! It did not happen, he says, long before our time, but it is still our task opening up "before us." In the dozen languages in which we had to do psychotherapy in different lands, we found the same dichotomy in the word 'before.' The bevorstehende 'Frist,' the future before us, has the same word (Hebrew: 'aherey') as the Vorzeit, foretime, the time before. Why would man in technological progress invent new weapons to avenge wrongs of the historic past, long long ago? Why does man look back to a childhood he idolizes as idyllic, while scorning regression as unworthy of the hardboiled adult and progressing forward into ruthless success? A child playing with symbols and sounds will solve our problems.

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(Symbols: 1 + 4 \circ [f(f)]  (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (6 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (5 = 6) (6 = 6) (6 = 6) (6 = 6) (6 = 6) (6 = 6
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The Word Before. Webster (Merriam 1971) writes cheerfully: before = "in front; preceding in time, earlier than, in the future of." Earlier was in the past, how can it be in the future? The Oxford Dictionary, more sophisticated, distinguishes between before I, of sequence in space 'in front' and II of time preceding in order, previous. But then Carlyle's "golden age before us" is it in *space*, in front? French has devant for space (?) "Nous avons devant nous tout la vie" . . . allons en avant! (time?) Avant de t'avoir renconté . . . " (A. Gide on the same page seems to confuse time and space, and before, after and behind.) Would not our life as the golden age come after this moment, not before, or is it before our eyes in space? We shall solve all this later on, when we have understood what 'before' really means biologically in our evolution of movement and sight. Etymologically (Duden) 'before' is related to 'for, vor, für, pro, prae, pre, pour, por and even to faran, fare, fahren.' Indo-European 'per' seems to have meant 'leading beyond as it were beckoning to advance toward it.' Thus per, para, (through) and pro (for the good of) are related.

Similar Symbols.

If something like a mountain lies before me I might have to bore 'through' it a tunnel, if I want to plow forward, or 'ahead,' (the head is really above \int). Both above and before are 'good,' in the sense of preference. The headman like the president has power (see 'w'). There must be progress and success. "Every man must get a-head," said a headhunters' chief. It is the dogkill-dogmatism of our rat-race. The leader in front may be a mod-



est guide, exposed to danger. The king \bigwedge on top is more safe and may rule from behind. It is good to have 'pri-orities' and the first priority are we ourselves. Nothing, least of all the self (see 'f'), can exist, without standing 'before,' in front of its back-ground. I looks like I a thing existing. (cf. Gestalt Psychology of Perception.)

Life's Front. Did you know that most living beings have no front? i.e. no front or face that differs from their back or rear. A tree has a top above and roots below. But you could distinguish its sides only by exposure to sun and wind. Most plants and sedentary animals and a revolving volvox or a sliding ameba have no permanent 'front.' But as soon as e.g. a spermatozoon rushes ahead, he needs a kind of 'head' or as a physicist would say 'leading edge.' Some Coelenterate larvae like the Obelia or Planula (of a medusa) have only a front, but hardly a distinguishable top (dorsal) side. They have the symmetry of a dart. A crayfish rushes back; his flight is more rapid than his fight, for which he still keeps his claws on attack. A fly or even a rabbit can still at least *see* backward.

Man's Front. Not so man. His hindlimbs have become underlimbs (ykbo f) and he can hardly run backward or even climb down, while seeing what he is doing. Man sees only in *front*. For him light comes from the front. You full and this is one root of our problem with 'front.' Taking life as a journey through a blooming landscape, we see a hill in front of us. While ascending the hill, our former path in the valley lies *behind* us. Our past lies behind us. But to look back we must turn *around*, and now our past journey lies open *before* our review. But we can not see the peak shrouded in fog. The path goes straight ahead and so walking up backward we guide our steps by the direction of our former path. Strange, isn't it? But this is exactly what mankind's statesmen are doing. They take their bearings from battles of the past whose defeats they revenge: they sacrifice man's future for his past. But man must live looking ahead:

For man has two other peculiarities. Spatially he can not see backward but only clearly forward, but in time can not see forward, but very clearly backward. His leaders are no prophets, and since mankind changes through technology in rapid progress, it is harder to foresee man's future than the future of any other form of life. Man can not know what man will do next. He can not 'foresee' in time. But he can look back and so the past lies clearly *before* him like an open book. Since man wrote history books, he has a millenial memory for the past. Our past does not lie 'behind' us. It is our pre-history, our fore-time, Vor-zeit.

Man is a late intruder into life. Plants and animals were there before him. So he over-compensates his temporal inferiority by rapid pro-gress into a time when he will be the First, the Fürst, the Pri-nce of this world, because there will be no other form of life around. And for this

he needs 'power', and power he achieves by progress in technology's tools. \downarrow $\downarrow \circ \circ \circ \circ$. 'Before' was originally a space preposition. It means existence in space. Now it is used for time. To develop out of the dot of $\downarrow \circ \circ \circ$ the oval of time, we need a grotesque out-

growth \wp . And this reminds us of man's stupendous memory in annals and records. Al-

ready Polybius calls political history of the past, the "true pre-paration for government and state." F. Schlegel sees the historian as a 'prophet turned backward.'-As Confucius had advised: "study the past if you would divine the future." Byron said: "The best prophet of the future is the past." Spengler and Jaspers believed in a cyclic theory of periodic repetition, so that as seasons return, the wheel of the world swings around. But can we swing around the atomic age?

Condition. In logics the precedent or the premise is a condition for the conclusion. H. Bergson thinks: "The present contains nothing more than the past. And what is found in the effect, was already in the cause." Solomon said (Eccl. 1): There is nothing new under the sun. Scientists follow Solomon. They believe that the same laws that ruled the universe a billion years ago will still hold true after a billion years. And so astronomy, physics and chemistry . . . can pre-dict. But is this equality of the laws throughout eternity not in itself an apriori assumption? Wittgenstein warns: "Only that which we construct, we can foresee . . ." "Logic is prior to any experience." (5. 552). While to Kant "space and time were aprioris or pre-formative forms," Dufrenne finds two aprioris: "1) the structure of objects outside and before us, 2) an immediate presence of meaning, an essence within us" (similar to Plato's ideas). They were neither in the past 0, nor in the future $\overline{0}$, but in a sense 0, 0, before

time, beyond time.

Similar Sounds.

pbd t Since p is a labial stop, all other stops, especially dentals are near, likef v w r wise all labial fricatives and sonants. Finally even the front vowels i, I, e, i I e E E, and front a.

b = together: people 'feel together' or identify with the leader in front, and with a

friend whom they knew long before . . . their memory of the past, the foretime holds people together. B. Croce feels "unified" with the past. aUI 'bav' = to have. (What I have is 'together with me.') Not only the friends but also the possessions and lands we have, are derived from the right of the past. Who arrived first and foremost in the Oklahoma landgrab could own the land. (Of course the 'pri-mitive' Indians themselves were killed off.) Lands belong by 'right' not to the worthiest who would cultivate it best in the service of creative culture, but to the nation who has held it for centuries past. (One could rather imagine a taketurns policy: you have enjoyed this so long, now give your brother a chance.) Instead of 'first come, first served' man should realize 'first things first.'

d, through; t, toward, f 'this.' d: 'per' is related to 'for.' (See above.) Tools are the means of

progress. Men like to go toward the front, forward. (Although there are shy people who have a proto-, or prosthe- , or prosthe-phobia; they fear limelight and like to sit back and resist change. f: $\int \Delta \Delta$ 'this-mind' = self. Through memory I am one with myself. Amnesia is a sign of dissociation. Memory is the bridge of continuity and coherence.

4 v = action, 4 w = power. Nietzsche feels "history is necessary for the man of action and power, who fights the great fight and needs examples." (He also learns reverence and solace in his suffering.) Urbild = Vorbild, prototype = model. Politics, although it uses weapon technology, is most different from this forward-looking progress: the politician derives his power from the past. Clemenceau looked into his past when Prussia besieged his beloved Paris and revanche brought about the First World War. His Treaty of Versailles Hitler in turn revenged in the Second World War.

Politicians are no prophets. They crawl into the future rear-first, looking backward like lobsters with claws for revenge. But it is their bond with the tradition and convention of the past that gives them their 'charismatic' power. Mussolini wanted to rebuild Rome's old glory. Napoleon saw himself as Charlesmagne. Nasser as Ramses. Political leaders blow up a mirage before the people's eyes and they walk into it and become that image. But usually they do not achieve their ideal. After Napoleon's and Hitler's death France and Germany were worse off than before these great leaders were born. None foresaw his defeat. But the prophets who foresee the future are crucified and burnt. And the scientists who invent and discover the future, are often mocked and ignored, and if they are reformers, they are killed.

r, e i E: still all agree that forward is a 'good' movement or direction. The light shines ahead, the lode-star guides. Sound of word and song calls us to advance. (Allons enfants . . . , Onward Christian soldiers; Adelante, adelante con Christo nuestro Salvador! Upward and onward. Seek first the Kingdom of God . . .) Are we not progressing and ascending away from

Matter (E)? Matter here has her place of priority: it is materia prima, the primal stuff.

Fore-Feeling. Freud found drives back to the origin, back to mother earth, dust and death. In dreams we regress to our beloved childhood, we play as naked babes, even in mother's womb. With Faust we go back to "the mothers!" We see our land as primeval mother and we gladly die for her: she owns us first.

Against her priority and against all drives inside we may put up an outer nice front, Jung's

'persona,' a mask which carries the dignity and traditions of the nation's past. $p(\cdot q \cdot)$ is

then the opposite of g \bigcirc , the superficial front becomes an outer crust that may crush the inner soul.

It may be this fear of losing their inner self that makes some people prosthepobic (gives them front-fear). This primal fear may start with the fear of coming forth from the womb. It is usually condemned as regression. But a memory of my past and a fore-feeling of what I will do gives me unity of will and self. The man whose plans I know is I.

The whole human race is split between precedence and progress. Solomon predicted, "What has happened will happen again. What has been done will be done again." Pythagoras and Bhagavad-Gita* saw the worlds dissolve and compose again and again. Archetypes became our prototypes. In our age of rapid change and outer progress people may question any prediction, even the prescience of God. If God is omniscient and omnipotent, why did he not fore-see and prevent evil?—Maybe God knew that human life would be a tragedy, but it is not

Chapter 31

absolute evil, because it has no absolute being. The Creator is the prima causa. But from his viewpoint this world may be an experimental dream: what will happen if I concentrate light into matter that blocks light? Into life that must kill to live? What if a creature arises that thinks in absolutes, but applies them to his killer drives? Of course this creature is going to annihilate himself, as soon as he has absolute power. As soon as he can, He will kill all he can. So much the better, if such a world dissolves. The dream of man became a night-mare. But we can take God as our Vorbild, our prototype, and enter his dream. And we can foresee with him. And we may even then with him just *dream* our tragic fights, and fore-dreaming them, we could live in wisdom, love and peace.

Then our origin may be our goal. "Before the mountains were brought forth; ere earth and world were born, Thou art,"* "I am the A and the O, the first and the last, beginning and end."+

Psychogram

252

Does the future or the past lie 'before' us? If the past, the foretime, lies before \bigcirc us we can not help it. But if the future, we can understand the past but leave it in reverence and compassion behind. 'Before' is a problem, for man has eyes only in front, he can see only forward in space, and only backward into the past in time. His leaders are not prophets. They look 'for' the past and walk backward into the fog of the future. They try to predict the future by the past. This will not work for the atomic age of space, an age of crisis in which we must change. We can no longer sacrifice the life of the future for the past. To come into existence is a forward and upward movement in space and time. The past has power to act 4and tries to pre-determine the present. The past pretends to be a condition, a premise for the present and future. Man has identity through his memory of the past. He feels he stays 'together' when he conforms with tradition in his politics, while he progresses in technology. But maybe just his weapon technology could rest, while his politics should reform. In the atomic age of space, not only philosophers but prophets should be our kings. ---

^{*}Ps 90, 2

⁺Rev. 22, 13

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254

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OUTLOOK: A HUMAN COSMOLOGY



To see himself as measure of all things, Man should be the mediator, standing between Spirit and Matter, Existence and Negation, Good and Evil, Life and death, the Power of Action or creation, and the Question of destruction.—What Man can destroy is not only Man himself, but now all Life. Life stands between Matter and Spirit—having risen from Matter on its path toward the Spirit—an active force to evolve into Man. Life teeters on the other side of Movement.—For all moves rapidly in Qualified Quanta (directed modified speed of spin) Through changing Conditions in Space and Time.—Can you still say: This is a Thing, Rounded in itself, remaining Equal in Time; or does it flow already Toward an unknown destination?—Above beckons the Good Light of the Spirit, that was Before all. But Light appears to Man only as Part. The other Part is shrouded in darkness. Man senses and feels Light's Communications. Man has Inner Feelings, which he tries to communicate. On the same latitude we find the Sound of his voice—Questioning and Relating. But within the sounding cave of Man's mouth, as Within a womb, there live again all Sounding symbols, singing the words of the Spirit.

If man could learn to sublimate his power-pride into the mystery of his symbol-cosmos, becoming aware that the whole universe is only the Spirit's manifestation in a symbolic dream, he would not have to fight for conquest of material possessions, wars of nuclear destruction. In awesome contemplation of the harmony of the symbolic cosmos, whose beauty he can recreate in joyful play, man can survive in creative peace through understanding in the atomic age of space. 256

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ENCYCLOPEDIC INDEX

This index prefers 'Elements' of Meaning (see p. xi) as Titles, e.g. 'Superiority' refers to 'ABOVE', 'Psychology' refers also to 'FEELING', 'POWER' is preferred to 'Politics', and as each is treated as cosmic organism with all relations, there must be overlap and repetition in a linear presentation, (unless we could write a multidimensional book, each referring to each). Thus, even in reading only one chapter, the reader becomes aware of the concord and harmony of the Symbolic Cosmos.

'a', A = Space, Time, <u>A</u>=6, <u>a</u>=1 xi, xiii for children, xviii Abaddon, 70, 199 Abel, 11, 129 Abnormal, 195 Aboulia, 221, 233 ABOVE and below Chapter 27, 225-229 f. Up (and down), 226, f. superiority (and inferiority) - supreme anthropology of, 227 contemplation, 227 Cyrus, 227 depression, 226 depth, 226 dream, 227 ethics of, 226 Fiji, 227 flying, 226 Freud, 228 Goethe, 225, 228n, 229 greatness, 225 head, 225f Highpower, 227 idealist, 227 K-sound, 226 light, 225 maniac, 226 Milton, 227 Mount Everest, 226f Napolean, 227 Nietzsche, 227, 229 paranoid, 227 phonetic history, 226 physiology, 226 Plato, 227 poems, 225 power, 226f pride, 226 primitives, 227 proskynesis 227

(ABOVE, continued:) psychology of, 226f psychopath, 227 rattle-snakes, 226 rise, 225 Satan, 227 semicircular canals, 226 Shona, 227 similar sounds and symbols, 225f Solon, 227 sound, 226 Spirit, 228 statocysts, 226 subconscious, 226-8 super-ego, 228 superman, 227 superiority, 226f supreme, 228 sushupti, 227 Tacitus 227, 229 tyrant, 227 Übermensch 227 up 226 Washington, G., 227 Weilgart, W. J., 225, 229 Absolute, 112, 114, 122-4, 145, 206 Abstract, 179 Abyss, 204 Acalculia, 153 Acceleration, 24, Accent (foreign), 49, 159 Acetylcholine 171 Achievement 173 Act, 24 Actin, 85, 171 Acting out, 101f ACTION Chapter 18, p. 171-6 accidental 176 acetylcholine 171 achievement 173

(ACTION, continued:) actin, 171 activating (see reticular), 171 activists, 172 (Clemenceau, G.; Hilter, A.; Lenin, N.; Nasser, G. A.), 175 actor, 176 administrative, 172f adrenaline, 171f aggressive, 171f Alexander, 175 Algal, 175 amino acids, 171, 176 ammonia, 171 anger, as source, 171 annihilation, 174 ant, 174 Aquinas, Th., 174, 207 arrangement, 174 art, 174 atomic, 172 boss, 172 Buber, 173 busy, 174 Catholics, 172, 174 chain reaction, 173 chance, 173 change, 171 channels, 173 Clemenceau, G., 172 collection, 172 colonies, 175 command, 172f, 175 competitive, 171 conception, 171 conflict, 172, 174 conquest, 175 conscious, 171 consequences, 173 contemplation, 174f cooperation, 172 cosmic, 175 creative, 171f, 174 crusades, 172 cosmic, 175 deeds, 173 definition, 171 demons, 175 destructive, 172f direction, 172f, 174f dreams, 174 ego, 172f Emerson, R. W., 171 empty, 173-5 energy, 171

(ACTION, continued:) eobionts 171 error 172 eternal 174 ethics of, see GOOD 173 evaluation of 173 evil 173 existence 204 fanatic 175 feedback 172 Fichte, J. G. 173 fight or flight 171 f finite 174 followers 172 forces 175 formula 173 foresight 172 f France, A, 173 front 172 future 172 Gibeon 174 Gibran, K. 174 goal 175 gods of, 171 Goethe, J. W., 173 GOOD ? 128-35, 173 Grillparzer, F., 174 Grimm, J. & W., 174 Hamlet, 176 hanging balls 171 here 172 hindsight 172 Hitler, A. 173 f horizontal 173 f hypocrite 173 ideas 173 infinite, 174 inventive 172 invention 173 irreversible 173 Joshua 174 Jove 171 judgment of, 173 kinetic 171 King 174 Koran 174 labor 172 Lao Tzu 174 laws 174 lazy king 174 leader 172 Lenin, N., 175 Life, origin, of, 171, 176 lightning, 171 love, 174

(ACTION, continued:) Luther, M. 173 Macbeth 173-5 male 171 man, 59 f Mars 175 Martha & Mary 174 methane (CH₄) 171 mirror 174 Moslems 172 movement 171 f Napoleon 175 Nasser, A. G., 172 need 175 Newton, I., 171 N(itrogen) 171, 176 neutrals, 175 f nor-adrenalin 171 obedience, 173 O(xygen) 171 parasympathetic 171 Pascal, B, 174 passive 171 f peace 171, 175 philosopher 176 physics 171 planets 175 play 174 poem on, 171 political 174 potent 171 potential 171 power, 172-5 present 173 principle 173 probability 173 protein 171 Protestant 172-4 protoplasm 171 Psychogram 175 purpose 172 reaction 172 - 4 reconsider 172 reform 172 f relays 175 repetition 172 rest 171 reticular activating system (RAS) 171 revenge 172 revolution 173 Russell, B (on work) 172 sacrifice 175 sadistic 175 Satan 174 selfish 173 servants 175

(ACTION, continued:) similar sounds & symbols 172 f sperm 171 sterile 173 steam 171 success 172, 175 survival 175 swinging balls 172-4 symbols 173 sympathetic 171 this 172 Thor 171 tools of 173 tragedy of 172 trial & error 172 trigger 175 Tung Chung Shu 174 "v" = action, verb-ending & causative 171f unconscious 174 vagus 171 Venus 175 verbs 171 f vicious circle 172 war 172, 174, 176 Washington, G. 173 Wilde, O, (dreamer) 174 will, 171, 133 wisdom of, 73 work, 172 administrative, 172 definition of, 172 good, 174 labor, 172 wrong 173 Zeus 171 Activist, 24 f, 172 Acton, J. EE, 169 Adam 179 Adams, H. 162, 169 Adams, J. 199 Addiction 34, 115, quantity for quality 146, 152 Adjective (-ending) xii, see QUALITY 143f Adler, A, 159, 169, 229, 223f, 245f Administrable 211 Administrative, 172 f Adrenalin, 14, 49, 94, 146, 171, 238f Adverb 143 Affinity 32 Affirmation 120 Affluent society 209 f Africa (music) 49 Against 238 f Aggression 67f, 171, 238f Aggression cont'd 260 (continued)

(AGRESSION, continued:) adrenals 14, 49, 94, 146, 171, 238 f (cf. Against) 237 f (cf. THROUGH, Chap. 29) Four F area 238 hypothalamus 64, 94f, 238 kill drive ?, 238 f Tools. 237 Weapons (237 f) Agora-phobia 3, 221 Ahriman 44, 198 Ahura Mazda 44 Air-life 88, cf MAN 60f, ABOVE, p. 225-9 Albers, V. M. 53 Alexander, the Great, 4, 111 f, 125 Alexander, S., 8 Alexia (reading-loss) vii, Alga 83 Algebra 151 (laws of, 152) Alice in Wonderland 49 Alienation 34 f, 98, 181-3 Allah 138 Allee, W. C. 142 Alliterations 48, 138, 161 Allport, G. 59, 110, 129 Alpers, B. 238f, 246 America, abundant 34, active 43, power 162, revolution 173 Amino-acids 25, 171, 176 Amish 238 Ammonia 83, 171 Amnesia 15 Analysis (of ideas) xvi Anatomy 220 Anaximander 31, (apeiron) 122, 179, 181 Anaximenes 204 Angel 59 Anger 17, 96, 99 Anima, -us, 59, 70, 221 Animals (cf LIFE) collective (ants, bees, termites) 215 communication of, (see TOGETHER,) 242 counting (see QUANTITY) 153 (magpies) front of, 249 hording things 211 power 160 f symmetry 249 (cf. ants, dogs, elephants, sponges, &c) (cf Tools 237, TOGETHER 242) Anomie 244 Anthropology (rituals) 227 Anti-thesis 70, Chap. 12, 120, cf OPPOSTION Antony, (Caesar) 209 **Ants 215**

Anxiety 12, 103, 183 Apartheit 179 Apeiron 122, 204 Apollo 133 Apollyon 70 Apriori 11, cf BEFORE 250 Approach 99, cf TOWARD Aquinas, Th. St. on action 174-6 on being 207 individuation 181 matter 30, 72 thing 212 will 232-4 Arabs 68 Arahat 134 Archaic xvii Archeopteryx 87 Archetype xvi, 210 Archimedes 195 Architect 6 Aristocrats 194-8 Aristotle 4, 72 on being 205 ethics 134 (cf. Greeks, 133 on Power 169, 229 qualities, 149, 181 Arnette J. L xiv Arnold, M. B. 110 Arrangements 211, 236 Art (space) 6 (light) 45 cf. Leonardo, Michelangelo, Raphael Rembrandt Arteriosclerosis Ascent 226-8 ethics of 226 As(h)oka, King 6, 161, 164 Associative 152 Asthenic 67, 187 Astronomy 151 Atavism 105 Atom bombs 75 Atoms 220 Atomic age vii, cf. 172 Attila 27 Attractions 32 see TOWARD 232 see TOGETHER 242 Attribute 145 Auditory, see SOUND

Augustine 78, 79, 80 circle (God) 138 things 211, 222, 233f, 246 aUI (= Space-Language) xvi, 6, (Space-Mind-Sound) 32 (cosmic communication 43) categories 177 equivalence 198 like Code of Life 84 isomorphism 198 multiplication 154 Auxin 25 Average 196 Awe 96, 185 b = Together xiii, Chapter 30Babylon 151 Bach, J. S. 50 Backward 249-51 cf BEFORE 247-53 Bacon, F. 44 Báhaulláh 131 Balance 90, 195 of power 162 Balzac, H. 228-9 Ban, T. 117 Baron, R. A. 53 Baroque 6 Barrabas 56 **Basilides** 123 Bat's ears 48 Bayley, Th. 248 BE (to,) & BEING, cf. EXISTENCE, Chap. 23, p. 201-7 Aquinas, Th. 207 beauty 201 being 201 courage to be 206 darkness 201 f death 202 dream 201 equals 204 essence 204 gaps 202 God 205 good 204 "is" (different types) 204, 206n =equals 204 =exists 204 partly 204 relational 204 Kainz, F. 206 knowledge 202 life 202 light 201

(BE, continued:) methaphysics 205-7 naught 201 partly 204 Plato 204 f power 202 Psychograms 205 f shrinking 202 Spirit 201 states of, 205 substance 204 Thomas Aquinas 207 things 203 tools 203 types of, 201 ff Yahwe 204 Beast 55 Beauty 71, 76; 127-9, 131-3 quality 145 Beethoven, L. v. xix, 50, 72, 76, 80 BEFORE, xiii, Chap. 31, p. 247-253, cf FRONT "a-head" 249 animals' front 249 (crayfish, obelia, planula 249) apriori 250 backward 249 move 249, 251 sight 249 Bayley, th. 248 Before, (meaning?) 248 ff after, behind ? 248 ff French, German, Greek, Hebrew &c future or past ? 248 f Oxford dictionary 248, 253 space or time ? 250 Webster dictionary 248, 253 beginning 252 Burns, R. 248 Carlyle, T. 248 Chronos 247 condition 250 courage 247 cyclic history 250 (Bhagavad Gita, Plotinus, Pythagoras, Spengler) daring 247 etymology 248 ff facade 251 'first' 250 foreground 249 foresight 251 foretime 248 forward 249

Freud 251

(BEFORE, continued:) front (of tree?) 249 of animals 249 as facade 251 & motion 249 future 248 gestalt 249 Gide, A., 248 f Goethe, J. W. 247 headman 249 history 249 ff (Bergson, H.; Byron G.; Confucius; Croce, B.; 250; Herder, Hegel; Jaspers (cyclic), Nietzsche (as prototype) 251; Polybius 250 Schlegel, F.; Solomon, Spengler, O. (cyclic), Toynbee. Jung, C. G. 251 Kronos 247 leading edge 249 logics 250 apriori 250, Dufrenne, 250 Kant 250, Plato 250, Wittgenstein 250 man's front 249 meaning 248-53 motion (forward) 249 past 248 perception 249 persona 251 pioneer 247 plant's front ? 249 poem 247 f politician 249-251 (Clemenceau, Hitler, Mussolini, Napoleon, Nasser &c) 251 precedent 248, 251 prediction 250 preference 249 prescribe 247 primeval 251 priority 249 progress 247 f, 251 prophet 249 ff proto-phobia 249 f providence 251 regression 248, 251 (to death) Revelation (22:13) 252 'rights' by past 250 semantics 248-253 similar symbols & sounds 248ff symmetry 249 venture 247

Behaviorism 35, 114 Bellak, L. 142 Belnap, N. D., 187 Below, see ABOVE Bendit, L. 91 Bennett, D. 176 Bentham, J. 135 Benzene ring 140f Beowulf 161f Bergson, H. 20, 72, 234, 250, 253 Berine, E. 217 Beziehungslücken 191 Bhagavad Gita 76, 78, 80, 250, 253 Bible, Eccl. 20, Genesis 204, John 20, 198, Psalms 20, Revelation 20, 80, 128, 135, Cf. Sermon on Mount, Love 244 Biology (of ascent) 226, cf. LIFE, Chap. 9, p. 81-91, (of drives) 232 Bio-Rhythms xviii, 26 Binswanger, L. 246 Binyon, L. 80 Birth trauma 220 Black, A. H. 42, 53 Blacks 209, (Tropians) cf. 43, 233 (cf King, M. L.) Black holes 33 Blu-Bo 161 Blue 43 Bloodsugar 94 Boddhisatva 76, 131 Body-type 139 Boehme, J. 123 qualities 144, 147, 149, 221f, 233f Bonding-possibilities 32, Bonner, W., 169 Borlaugh, N. 129 **Boss 172** Boss, M. 246 Boston strangler 35, 65 Bowerbirds, 211 Boyer, C. B. 8 Brahma(n) 45, 70, 78, 204 Brahms, J., 50 Braun, W. Von 8 Britton, K. 91 BrO = Together-Good-Feel = Love 32Broad, C. D. 135 Brown, Roger W. 53 f Brown, N. O. 91 Bryophyte, 88 Buber, M. 80, 169; inner life, 219, 222, 229 love 243, 246; man, 67 thing, 186, 211f, thou, 173, 176, 181, 191f.

Bucke, R. 129, 131 f, 135, 185, 187 Buckley, M. J., 28 Buddha, 76, 80, 131, 138 & power 130, 244 Buddhist, 33 Büchner, K. 34 Bultman, R., 91 Bureaucracy, 220 Burkamp, W., 192 Burns, R., 248 Buytendijk, F. J., 67 Byron, G., 59, 67, 250, 253 Byson, G. 67 c (ch) = be, exist xiii Chap. 23 see 'BE', p. 204 cabbala 71 cacophony 49 Cain 11, 59, 128f Caesar, G. J. 125, 166, 213 calcarine sulcus 44 calculable ? 151 Calderon, P., 59, 84, 180, 220 Camus, A., 246 Cannon, B., 110 carbohydrates 32, 36, 42, 84 C(arbon) 32, 83, 85 cardiogram 94 Carlyle, Th, 248, 253 Carmen 158 Carnap, R., 8, 117, 126, 187 Carrel, A., 91 Carver, W. 33, 195 Cassirer, E. 192 catatonic 102, 221 categories 144 Cater, D., 169 catharsis 95 cathexis 101 Catholics 131, 172 (works) 106, 174 Cato 227 Caucasian 43 causality 11, 112, 192, 233f Causative (motion) 24 Caveman 209 Central vowels x Centrifugal 24 Cerebellum 195 Cervantes, M. 35 Chameleon 178 Chaos 204 Character ('seeing') 42 Charisma 161-3, 167, 191 f Charity 228 n 'Chemical formula (of Psychology) 67 Chemistry 30 f, 32 (see MATTER) (to be cont'd) Chemistry (cont'd), cf. attraction 232, benzene 140 f, Kekule 140 f, photosynthesis 158, ring-bond 140 Children (education) vii, xviii movements 26, No. 124 Chinese 128, 138, Yang-Yin 44 Chlorophyl 42, 82 Choice, freedom of 57, 59 Choleric 26 Chomsky, N. 53, 169 Christ, 56, 77, 215 & power 129 f, 133, 134, 219 as way 237-239 Christian 133, cf. GOOD Chronos 11, 247 Chung Ching fan LU (on action) 176 Churches 61 Cilia 25 Circle 43 see "Round" vicious 138 Circular 'if' 111 f Circulation 25, 82, Chapter 14 Cirlot, J. E. 154 f, 156 Civilization 88 coincidence of opposites 45, 66, 76 Clark, J. T. & S. J. 126 Claustrophobia 3, 221 Clemenceau, G. 16, 172 Cleveland, H. 169 Clifford, W. K. 8 Cloning 85 Cobalt bombs 89 Coherence (for identity) 180 Cohen, F. S. 187 Coleman, J. 20, 111 Collective 162, 172, 177, 180 Colors 43, 45, 145 of life 90 Command 68, 160 f **Commericial 163** Commonwealth 197 Communal 243, 245 f Communication 39, 55, 62, 110 of life 91, 242-6 (see Chap. 30, p. 245) Communion 55 (Cosmic) viii, 241, 245 Communist 33 Compassion 68, 241-7 Compatibility 191, 243 Compensations 159, 167, 101 f Competition, 158, 171, 202 Compounds (chemical & aUI) 32 Concentric 216 Concept-forming 144 Conceptive 94

Concord 245 **Conceptive 94** Concrete 179f CONDITION Chapter 11, p. 111-117 vs. absolutes 112, 114 addiction 115 artificial c. 111f behaviorism 114 cause 112f as channels 115 circular 11f command 115 conclusion 113 conditioning 114 conditions 'if' 111 correlation 113 cruel 112 define or describe? 113 demagogues 115 denial 114 dependent 113 effect 113 emotions vs. 112, 114 ethics of 114 vs. freedom 114 vs. function 113 God's 115 hypothetic 113 'If' 111 (etymology 115) implication 113 inner 112, 114 instrumental 114 life's conditions 115 logic and illogic 112f for love 11f as means and media 114 natural 112 necessary 112f outer 112 past 250 Pavlov 114 poem 111 powers 115 precedes 113 premise 112 prerequisites 112f psychology 114 psychopath vs. 112 qualify 112f refusal through 114 relation 113 result 113 reversible 113 similar sounds 112 slave 115

(CONDITION, continued:) soul 114 space as 115 spirits 115 statistics 113 stimuli 114 sufficient 112f transfiguration 112 transient unconditional 112, 115 variables 113 Conditioned 49 Configuration 215, 217 Confinement (of self) 180 Conflict 172, 174 Conform 196f Confucius 250, 253 Congeners 213 **Congeniality** 74 Congruity 74 Connotive xvii Conquest 175 Conscience 130-3, 221 Conscious 59, 90, (see Feeling and Mind) Conservation 31 Consideration 192 Contemplation xvi, xviii, xix, 50, 59, 63-5, 69ff, 75ff, 179, 222 Contentment 96f Contents y Contradiction 121-3, (see Opposition) **Contribution 197 Convulsions 26** Cooke, D. 53 Coolidge, J. L. 142 Cooperation 172, 243, see 'Together' Copi, I. 117 Coprohobia 37, 195 Coronary thrombosis 94, cf Feelings **Correlation 113** Correspondence (of inner & outer) 220 Corruption 163 Cosmic (conscious) iii, viii, xvi Cosmic cards xviii Cosmic communication 6, 39, 52 Cosmic Counsel 52 Cosmic plan 146, 212 Cosmic span 41 Cosmology of existence 201 ff Cosmology of naught 123 Cosmology of opposition 123, 201 Cosmology of spirit 203 Cosmos (vs. individual) 179 f, 181 Counsel 52

Counting 151 magpie 153 Courage =0, xvi 206, 247 Courant, R. 117, 156 Cranston, S. L. 199 Creation vii, xix, 76ff, 201ff envy against 86 Creative viii, xvi, 34, 58f, 61, 63-5, 69ff action 171f, 174, 178 as good 128f, 131f of existence power 158, 159, 168 Creative (cont.) of things 210, 222 Creator iii image of viii, xviii, 69ff Crime viii, 35, 43 Criminal 121, 196 Critic 86 Croce, B. 250, 253 Crowding 4 Cruelty 112 Culture-space 6 Cusanus 76, 181 Customs 16 **Cybernetics 238** Cyclic 138f, 140f history 250 (see Before) Cynic 185 Cyrus 161, 227 d = Through xiii Dahl, R. A. 169 Dante (alleghieri) 135, 138, 242 Daring 247 Darwin, C. 91, 110 Das, A. C. 126 Daughter 209 Death xii, 82f, 202 thru individuation 159f, 177 cf Life Decadence 91, 198 Definitive xvii Degenerate 198 Delinquency viii Democracy 60, 162, 167, cf Power 196 Democritus 31, 34, 145 Demonstrative, see 'This'. Demagog 27, 184 Denial 56, 70, thru 'if' 114f, (see Opposition) Denotive xvii Dental ixf Denton, F. 20 Deoxyribonucleic acid 82, see DNA Depression 100, 103, 157 Depressive (time) 15, 226

Descartes, R. 8, 31, 72 Destructive vii, 158, 163-5, 172f Determinism 233 Devil 34, 59, 134, 202, (see Opposition) Dewey, E. 142 Dharma 164 Dialectic (materialism) 35, 37 Diamonds 211 Diastole 84, 94 Different 196 Differentia 145 **Dimensions** 151 **Dionysius 222** Directions 231-3 Discord 221 Discovery 186 **Disintegration 233 Disoriented** 15 Dispersion 162 **Displacement 101f** Dissociation 15 Dissolution (of ego) 180f Distribution (just) 4, 7, 35, 152, 197, 214 Ditchburn, R. W. 42, 46 Division 214, 243 DNA (deoxy-ribo-nucleic acid) 82, 84, 86, 194f, 236 **Dogs 178 Dominion** 158 Donaldson, D. W. 135 Donne, J. 244 Doo-butsu (Japan. animal) 82f Don Quixote 35 Dow, T. W. 28 'Down' see 'up' Dreamers 174, 183 Dreams viii, Time- 9, 201, 220f as therapy 227, see psychotherapy in psychology Drives 105, vs Duties 131 (con)fusion of 160 Drop-outs vii Drucker, D. F. 169 Drugs (Rehabilitation) xv, (time) 15, (vs. self) 180 Dryden, J. 114 **Dualism 31** in Life 90 Duden, K. 248ff, 253 Dufrenne, M. 250, 253 Duhem, P. 28 Duns Scotus, J. 179, 181 Durant, W. 234 Durkheim, E. 246

265

(continued)

Duties 131 Dutton, F. 169 Dvorak, A. 50 Dysgenic 198 Dytiscus 87 e = Movement, E = Mattere = 2, E = 7Eastern views (on ego) 179 Ears 48 Ecclesiastes (time) 17f, 20, (cf Solomon) Eckhart, Meister xvi, 76f, 78, 80; 221f nothingness 123, 126; poverty 211; will 233 Ecology 195 Ecstasis 180, 228 Ectomorph 221 Eddington, A. 8 Education vii Effect 232ff Egalitarian 194-8 Ego 178f, 233 Ego-boost 162 Egocentric 180 Egodefenses 100, 101 Egotist 34 Egypt 151 Ehrenfels, Chr. 217 Einstein, Albert 2, 8, 13, 169, (matter) 30f, 37, 41, (truth) 45; as human type 129, 131, 151; energy 158, 162, 167; relativity 190, 192 Einstein, A. 53 Eisenhower, D. 162 Eisenson-Auer-Irwin 246 Electricity 140 Elements (& Meaning) xi-xiii, (on Action) 176, of Matter 32, on Power 169, male 171 action 171, 229 **Elephants** 178 Eliot, G. 114 Ellipse 24 Ellis, H. 135 Emerson, R. W. 138, 142, 159 Emotion (& motion) 23, 93f, 105, cf. 'Feeling', Chap. 10 condition 112, 114 Empedocles 31f, 179, 181 individual 181; Love 242 Encyclopedia Britannica 176 Endocrine (glands) 99f Endomorphic 139, 221 Enemy 181 Ends 231, 235f Energy 171, (physics & physical) (cf. POWER, Force) anti-matter 158 atomic 158

(ENERGY, continued:) bond 157f conservation 194 Einstein 158, 162, 167 explosive 157, 160 femme fatale 158 fission 158 force 158 formula 158, 166 fusion 158 physics 158 quanta 166 ray 157f relay 166 Life Force 158 to fight 158 photosynthesis 158 pleasure 159 English Vowels xiii Entropy 13 Envy as hate 86, 159, 181, 195-7 Eobions 171 Epicurus 31, 33f **Epileptic 26** EQUALITY, Chap. 22, p. 193-199 abnormal 195 admiration 197 Ahriman 198 Archimedes 195 Aristocrat 194, 196-8 aUI, equivalence 198 average 196 balance 195 best 196 Bible 198 biology 195 calm 193 Carver, W. 195 cerebellum 195 commonwealth 197 compensation 195 f (for defect) conforming 196 f conservation (of matter) 194 contribution 196 coprophilia 195 criminals 196 daring 195 democratic 196 deoxy-ribo-nucleic acid (DNA) 195 dialogue 194 different 196 f distribution 197 DNA (deoxyribo nucleic acid) 195 dysgenic 198 ecology 195

(EQUALITY, continued:) egalitarian 194-8 energy 194 envy 195-7 equanimity 194-8 equation 194 equilibrium 195 etymology of, 193 eugenics 197 f evolution 194 f excellence 196 exception 194 Existence vs., 177 (struggle for) cf. Ch. 23, p. 201ff. vs. fittest, survival of 195 Franklin, B. 195 f future 194 Gandhi, M., 195 Gardner, J. W. 196, 199 genius 196 of goal 194 Heidegger, M., 196, 199 heredity 195 Hitler 197 homeostasis 195 homogenous 197 horizontal 193 Huxley, T. H. 197 ideal 196 idealists 197 isomorphism 198 J-sound 193 James, W. 196, 199 jealousy 195 Jefferson, T. 196 John, St. 198 Justice 195 f, 197 Lavoisier, A. 195 laws 194, (juridical) 197 liberty 197 f linguistic isomorphism 198 lock 197 logics of, 194 for mathematics 194 of matter 194 (cf. MATTER) Chap. 4, p. 29ff vs. merit 197 minority groups vs., 195 ff mirror of aUI, 193 mob & 195 Mount Everest 195 natural 196 f Nazis 198 Niagara 195 "normal" 196 of opportunity 196 optimum 196

(EQUALITY, continued:) Origines 198 Ormuzd 198 Paradoxical equations 194 in physics 194 in physiology 195 Plotinus 198 f poem 193 politics 196 positive 194 psychogram 199 psychology 195 psychopaths 196 quality 194 quantity 194 (cf. chaps. 15 & 16, pp. 145f, 151ff reflection 193 f reincarnation 198 relation 189, 194 reward 197 rights 196 sages 196 saints 196 satan 198 semicircular canals 195 similar sounds & symbols 193 f sociology 196 as standard 196 vs. stewardship 195 vs. superiority 195 symmetry 194 termites 197 for Togetherness, 242 transitive 194 truth 193, 198 tyrant 198 Vauvenargues, L. 196 Weilgart, W. J. on normalcy vs. norm 196 Whitman, W. 199 Zoroastrian, 198 equanimity 194-8 equation 194 equilibrium 82, 195 equivalence 124 Erikson, E. 181 **Eros 242** Error 184 Esberg, R. M. 28 Esperanto xvii Essence vii, xvi, 69, 204, 207n, 220 Essentialists xvi Essentials 143 f Establishment 163 Esthetics (of motion, 26; on qualities 145; cf. SOUND, chap. 6, (music) p. 17, 50; SPACE, 6; TIME, 17 (music); visual, cf. art & LIGHT, chap. 5, p. 43

Ethics 73, cf GOOD, chap. 13, p. 127-136, of action 173, of superiority 226 Ethos xvi, cf ACTION, chap. 18, p. 171-6; of matter 33, of power 162-5, of SPACE 4-7, of TIME 17 f Etymology 248 ff Euclid 8, 142; Eucledian Space 5 Eugenics 65, 197 f Euglena 89, Evaluation (of actions) 173 Eve 179, 215, 244 Evil, of action 173; denying 70, 121 f of MATTER, 34 of POWER, 163 Evolution 87, 91, (cf LIFE) 194 f Ewe language 41 Exaltation 228 Excellence 196 Excelsior 225 Exceptions 194 Exchange of matter 82 f Excretion 85, 211 EXISTENCE, xiii, Chap. 23, p. 201-7, cf 'BE' abyss 204 action 204 Anaximenes 204, apeiron 204 Aquinas, Th. 297; Aristotle 205, cf 'BE' Bible 204; Brahma 204 'c'-sound 204 chaos 204 competition for 202 contemplation 201 cosmology 201f creation 201 f, creative 206 death 202 definition of, 206 vs. Equality 177, cf EQUALITY essence 204 etymology 204 existentialism 205 Fichte 205 forward 204, FRONT 204 Genesis 210 ff cf. GOOD, 204 Hegel 205, Heidegger 205, Heraclitus 204, Hesiod 204 Hindus 204 illusion of, 204, image 202 individual 177 ff, cf THIS integrity of, 206; isolation of, 206 John, St. 204 Kant, I. 205; Kierkegaard 205 knowledge 202

(EXISTENCE, continued:) cf. LIFE & 202; cf. LIGHT & 202 limit of, 202 Logos 204 cf. MATTER & 202 May, R. 207 maya 204 metaphysics 201 ff, 205 cf. e.g. Aristotle, Hegel, Kant, Kierkegaard; Pico, Plato, Plotinus meaning of, 204, 206 myth of, 201 f. Naught 201 ff. Nietzsche, F. 205 Nirvana 204, Nothingness 201 cf. OPPOSITION 119-127 outward 204 Parmenides 204 Paul, St. 204 Pico (della) Mirandola 205 Plato 204 f, Plotinus 205 poem 201 cf Power & 202-4 Psychograms 205 f qualities 143 real 206 relations of, 206 relation-gaps 202 responsibility 205 restriction 202 Sartre 205 selfish 204 shadows 204, ship of, 123 similar sounds & symbols 204f cf. SPACE & 202 cf. SPIRIT & 201, 206 states of, 204 f substance, primal 204 Thales 204 Things, 201-3, cf THINGS Tillich, P. 206n, 207 cf. TOOLS & 203 f "upward" 204 war for, 202 f will to 233 word, making, 206 Yahwe 204 (cf. BE-ing, LIFE, Opposition p. 120ff. Exoskeleton 220 Expansion (of ego) 181 Exploitation 33, 87 Explosion 4 Exponential (superpower) 153 Expression 42 External relations 192

Extravert 221 Extremism 35 "f" = THIS, xii, chap. 19; sound "f" p. 178 Facade 251 Fairbank, J. K. 135 Faith 131-3, 186 Falk, J. 192 Fall (of man) 179 Fallacy of Fanatic 175 of Nothing 110 of Opposition 123 f. of Questions 185 f. Fame 177 Family 191 Fanatic 184, 133 Fear 96 f see Feelings Fechner, G. 145, 149 Feedback 238, cf Tools Faust, XVI (denial) 119 cf. Mephisto (time) 12 FEELING (all that is felt) Chap. 10, 96, p. 93-110 (cf. Psychology) active 94 f anxiety 103 alienation 98 anger 96, 99 atavistic 105 attraction 99 awe 96, cf. 'system' bloodsugar 94 catharsis 95 cathexis 101 compassion 96, 98, 106 f conceptive (conceiving) 94 contentment 96 f coronary thrombosis 94 (cf tension) depression 100, 103 diastole 94 drives 105 ego-defense mechanisma 100, f. emotion 93 f ethics of, 105 endocrineglands 94, adrenals 94, gonads 94, thyroid 94, 97 fear 96 f female 94 glands, see endocrine, 94-97 gratitude 96 heart 94, cardiogram, diastole, systole 94 hope 96 f hormones see endocrines humility 96 f hyperglycemia 94 hyper-tension see Tension 94 hypothalamus 94 inner life 221

(FEELING, continued:) inside 94, 219-223 iealousy 98 kindness 96 libido 101 love 67, 96, 106-8 f, 181, 241-246 male 19, 95 melancholy 103 mind 93 motion 94 mystery of 94 nervous system 94, (para)sympathetic, (vagus) 94 pain 94-96 passive 94 f perversions 133, 232, fellatio 104 pleasure 94 poem 93, 107, 108 f prescience 97 pride 96 f polygraph 94 psychogram 109 psychopath 105 Psychophysiology cf. endocrineglands, nerves bloodsugar 94 hyperglycemia 94 hypothalamus 94 limbo 94 phallus 94 reticular 94 thalamus 94 questionable 94 relaxation 95 reliable ? 94 sensations of 94, light 94, smell 94, sound 94, taste 94, touch 94, warmth 94 sex, phallus (penis) 94 system of Feelings 96 ff, systole Heart) 94 (active-passive, positive-negative) thalamus 94 (in-, up, to, thru; with, fore-) tension (hyper-) 95, arterio-sclerosis 94 blood-pressure 94, coronary thrombosis 94 Together 93 Felicity, vii Female 94, 158 intuition 158 Fetish 180 Fichte, J. G., 173, 181, 205 Fields (of force) 31 Fighting (of War) 83, 85, 90, 171f Fiji, 227 Fingers, 178 Fish (sight) 47 (poem) 177 Fisher, Will. F, 67 'Fittest' 195

Flemister, S. C., 91 'Flesh' 59 Flight 87f, 171f Flying 226 Food 85, cf. Life, cf Man, 60f Force (cf. Power) 24, 31, 158 Ford, J. M., 91 Foreground 179 see BEFORE p. 247-253 Foreign 181 Foresight 14, 172f Foreword 249 Formulas in math. and physics (cf Equality, Quantity) (& Transformations) psychologic 67, 131 Foster, S., 233 Four F area (cf Through) 238 France (Rococo) 34 Francis, St. of Assisi, 185 Franciscan, 33 Frankl, V. E., 67, 110, 129 Franklin, B., 4, 33, 159, 195f Freak (human) 87 Freedom, 57, 59, 114, 173, 211 Frege, G., 192 French, 173 Freud, S., 71, 110, 129 death drive 238, 239 ego 99-108, 101, 103f, 181 excreta 211, 215, 217 super-ego 67, 228 will 233 Fricatives ixf 'From' 232f Fromm, E., 157, 161, 169, 246 Front xiii, Ch. 31, 178f, 204 (cf 'Before', 247-253) mans', animals', plants', 249 façade, 251 Frontal-lobe-injury, 180 Front-vowels, x Frustration, 67 Fulfilment, 225 Fuller, Buckminster, 110, 141 Functions, 113, 190, 233f Fungus, 83 Furtmann-Kahl, G., 126 Fusion atomic, 158 of drives, 160 Futility, 91 of protozoa, 243 Future 9, 12, 91, 172, 179, 194, 232, 248f

g = Inside, xiii Galilei, G., 144 Gandhi (Mahatma) 5, 33, 131, 195, 246 Ganymed 225, 229, 242 Gaps (relation-) 86, 123, 191 Gardina, M. S., 91 Gebsattel, V. E., 67 Generality, 179 Generation gap vii, xviii Genes, 236 Genesis 76, 201ff Genghis Khan 4, 27 Genius 61, 75, 76f; endangered 88, 129, 196 Gent, H., 181 Genus proximum 145 Gestalt (see Life) 87, 90, 215, 217, 249 Ghana, 41 Gibeon 174 Gibran, K., 49 Gide, A., 248, 253 Glands, 94-97 (see Feelings) Goal 14, 175, 181, 231f, 235 God, 75ff, 78f, 123, 128f, 131-4, as circle 138; inside 221; gods 171; (time) 17. Goebbels, 43 Goedel (Gödel) K., 156, 185, 187 Goethe, J. W., (cf Beauty, Creation, Poets) on 'action' 173, 176 beauty 131 ethics 135 Faust 76, 'forward' 247, 253 good deeds of, 129 light 44, 46 on love 241 f, 246 mystic 142 naught (cf. Naught) 123 'new-fear' (neo-phobia) xi, xvi, 8, 12 night-song 76, 79 f, 22 part 213, 217 on power 159 relation 191 f rest 22 search 186 f time (use of) 15, 17, 20 on words 49 f Gonads 94 GOOD, xii, 71, 73, Chapter 13, pp. 127-136 Abel 129 of action, 128, 130, 132, 135, 173 alcohol 130 beauty 127-129, 131, 133; examples of, 131, soul-, 131 being 130 f Cain 129 categorical 128, 131

(GOOD, continued:) Catholics 131 Christ 129, 133, 134; Christian 133f by competition ? 129 concord 127 conflict 131 conscience 130, 133 contemplation 128 f, 131 coprophilia 133 cosmic 131 creation 128 f, 131, 132 criterion of 132 decadence 133 to defectives ? 133 definition 128, 131 delusion 134 of doing 130 dream 133 drives vs. duties 131 drugs 130 duties (conflict) 131 ecomenic (Christian) 131 end (vs. means) 129 enemy 131 equality 128, 131, 135 essence vs. existence 129 f, 131 ethical 128 evil 129, 131, 133 examples of good men, 129, 131 faith 131, 133 feelings as guides to, 130, 135 formula for, 131 free 134 Freudian, 131 genius (of goodness) 129 good 'being' vs. 'doing' 130 God 128 f, 131, 133f golden rule 128, 131 goods 129 government 167 Greek 133 happiness 127 f, 135 harmony 127, 131 hate against, 129 hedonism 127, 130 helping 127, (when?) 131 hierarchy (of values) 131, 135 holiness 134 hope 133 immoral, 133 imperative 131 individuation 133 jealousy 129 justice 128, 130f, 133 kalokagathia 133

(GOOD, continued:) Kant, I. 128 King, M. L. 129 leaders 132 life 127 light 127 liquor 130 love 127f, 133 majority (perpetual) 128 material 129, materialists 134 (by) means 128 f mediary 128 mercy 133 miracle 129, 131 money 128 f moral 128 mystery 129 nature 131 naught 133 nicotine 130 overpopulation 130 parasite 130 perfection 128 perverted 133 Plato 133 playboy 130 pleasure 129 f, 135 plus 128 poems on, 127 population 130 positive 128 probability of, 131 problem of, 135 Protestants', 131 psychoanalysis of, 131 psychogram of, 134 quality vs. quantity: 128, 131-5, 145 f 'r'-sound 127 f rationalization 133 realists 134 reciprocity 128 reform 134 right 127 f, 135; righteous 133 roundness 128 sacrifice 127, 131, 134 salvation 131 savior 132 selection 129, 130 f selfless 127 sentimental 133 similar sounds & symbols 127 f. sin, original 133 socially desirable 130 Socrates 129 spirit 127

(GOOD(ness) continued:) subconscious 131 suffering 133 survival values 129, 130, 132 together 128, cf TOGETHER truth 133, 135, cf. Truth useful (utilitarian) 129 value 128 f, (formula for) 131 vices (envy, hate, jealousy, vengeance) 134 $V \cdot i \cdot p$ (= value x increase x probability) 131 virtues 133 (faith, hope, justice, love, mercy) 133 wisdom 133 works, (good), 106, 130ff worthy 129 (cf. Ethics, Ethos, Values &c) Goodman, A. W. 8 Goodwin, H. L. 8 Gospel of St. Matthews 215, cf John, St. Government (ideal) 161, 167 Grammar (of questions) 183, 185 Gratitude 96 Gravity (law of) 24, 31, 33; overcome: 225 Greatness 225, great men 60, cf Creative, Genius 59 Greed (for Power) 157, 161 f (cf. POWER) Greeks 133ff (cf. Anaximander, Aristotle; Democracy; Empedocles; individuation 179; Plato, Socrates) Green (as quality) 82 Gregariousness, see Chap. 30, "TOGETHER" Grieg, E. H., 50 Grillparzer, F. 79, 129, (on Action) 174, 176 Grimm, J. & W., 34, 174 Gromoli, D., 8 Growth 225 Grünbaum, A., 8 Guiltfeelings 67 Guns 238 Guttural ix f h = Question xii, Chap. 20haec-ceity 177 Haeckel, E., 253 Hall, C. S., 110 Hamlet 17, 125, 176 Hans im Glück, 34 Hanson, R. S., xvii, 80 Happiness, Felicity vii, (material) 34 Harmony viii, 50, 179f, 190-2, 244 Hartmann, N., 117 Hashish (time distortion) 15 Haskell, A. L., 28 Hate viii, (reform of,) 67 Hayakawa, S. I., 204, 207 Haydn, F. J., 50 H-Bomb, 162 Head 225

Head, J., 199 Hearing, see 'Sound' & 'Feeling' hearing defects, 49 Heart 93, 94 Heaven, 210 Hedonism 31, 33, 57 Hegel, G. W. F., 33f, 59, 70, 80, 126, 149, 205, 207, 253 Heidegger, M., 12, 20, 126, 187, 196, 199, 205, 207, Thing, 212 Heilsprache (healing language) xvi Heisenberg, W., 8, 35, 37 Helena, 152 Heliotropic, 25, 83 Helium, 32 Heme 82, Hemin 93 Henriot, J., 117 Heraclitus, 12, 16, 27, 44, 204 Herder, J. G., 67, 253 Herd-instinct, 66 see 'Together' Ch. 30, cf. p. 177f Here, 179 Heredity, 82, 195, code of 84, 215, Hermit, 66, 162 Herodotus, 229 Hesiod, 204 Hesse, H., 179, 181, 221f Hidden center, 220 Hierarchy of Values vii, 88; qualities, 147 Hilbert, D., 156 Hillyer, J., 221f, 244, 246 Hindsight, 172 Hippies, 179 Hipponax, 228 History, 16; see 'Before' Chap. 31, 247-53 cyclic 250 cf Past, Pythagoras See 'Time', Chap. 2 Hitler, A., 16, 59, 122, 159, 163, 172, 173f, 197 Hobbes, Th., 31, 169, 199 Hobhouse, L. T., 136 Höfler, A., 191f Holistic 90, 140, 214 Homeostasis, 82, 90, 195, Homer, 131 Homogeneous, 197 Homonym (valor) xvi, 49 Honor, 180 Hope, xviii, 96f, 233 Hopkins, G. W., 136 Horizontal (action) 58, 63, 173f Horizontal (movement) 27, 193 Hormones, 94, 96, 146, see endocrines under Feeling

HUMAN, Chap. 7, cf. MAN p. 55-68 addiction 56, 59 action, collective 59, 63, thru slogans 63 collective 57 communication 55, 62 compulsions 56, 59 contemplation 59 coprophilia 56 crime 60 democracy 60; (Jefferson) 60 demagogs 60, 63 equality 60 fear 61 freak (human) 87 genius 61 herd 56 institutions, churches 61, U.N. 61, (rulers 62) justice 60 language 62 slogans 62 1aw 60 marriage 64 mating-fights 61 megalomania 61 misfits 64 mole 60 normalcy 60 passion 56 phobias 56 politicians 60 psychopathy 57 race (human) 60f, 85 reason 59 sex 64 slogans 63 sociality 56, 60 tension 59 thrill 64 vengeance 60 work 61 Humanistic 144 Hume, D. 67, 136, 192 Humility 96f, 186 Hush-kill 163 Huxley, T. & J. 135, 197, 199 Hyde, Mr. 163 Hydra 86, 215 Hydrocarbons 32 Hydrogen 32 Hyman, L. H. 91 Hyper-glycemia 94 Hypertension 94, cf 'Feelings' Hypnosis 48, 161 Hypocricy 163, 173, 220

Hypothalamus 94f in aggression 238 ventro-medial 64 i = Light, I = Sound xii = 3, I = 8I = ego 177ffI-here-now 179 Ibsen, H. 138 Id 90, 99-102f, 233 Idea 70, Ideas 145, 173 Idealist xvi, 33, 161-3, 197, 207n, 227, 233 Ideal ruler, 168 Ideals xviii, 34, 196 Identification 101f Identity 12, 177-180, 192 **Ideologies** 161 Idol(atry) 158, 180, 236, 239 If, 160, Chap. 11, see CONDITION Images, 1, 9, (Movement) 21 Imagination, 159 **Immediacy 239** Immorality 11 **Immortality** 11 Imperfection 181 **Imperial Rome 34** Impotence 159 'In' see INSIDE **Incarnation** 71 Indians, 7, 70, 178f INDIVIDUALITY, Chap. 19, cf THIS, p 177-182 vs. abstract 179 active 179 Anaximander 179, 181 Aquinas, Th. 181 Buber, M., 'Thou' Calderón de la Barca, P., 180 coherence 180 collective 177, 180 concrete 179f confines 180 contemplation 179 vs. cosmos 179f Duns Scotus 179, 181 Eastern views 179 ecstasis 180 Ego 179; -centric 180 Empedocles 179, 181 vs. equality 177 existence 177ff fetish 180 Fichte, J. G., 181 Freud, S., 179, 181 generality, 179 Goldstein, K., 180, 181

(INDIVIDUALITY, continued:) Greek views 179 vs. harmony 179 Hesse, H., 179, 181 identity 177f crisis 178 through identification 180 through memory 180 idol 180 individualists 162 individuality 177, 180 individuation 70, 178f, cf Existence 201ff blessing 178 curse 178f sin 180 James, W., 179, 181 man, the, 178 vs. member 215 Michelangelo (submerged) 180 nacer = emerge 180Nirvana 180 original sin 179 vs. partnership 215 Piaget, J., 179f, 181 reciprocity 180 Russell, B., 179, 181f scholastic 179 singularity 177 society 177 Spinoza, B., 181 Titan, 179 Totem 180 tragedy 179 unique 178 vs. universals 179 Inertia 24, 31 Infallibility 184 f Inferiority 167, 226 f (cf FEELING, ABOVE) Infield, A. 37 Infinite 214 (cf. SPACE, TIME, NAUGHT) Inge, W. R. 199 Inherent 144 f Inner 69 (life) 221 Insanity vii (see PSYCHOSIS, PSYCHOLOGY) Insects 83 (see Animals, Ants, Bees &c) INSIDE, Chap. 26, p. 219-223 aboulia 221 agora-phobia 221 anatomy 220 anima, -us 221 atoms 220 Augustine 222 birth-trauma 220 Boehme, J. 221 f Buber, M. 219, 222

(INSIDE, continued:) bureaucracy 220 Calderón, P. 220 catatonic 221 center 220 Christ 219 claustrophobia 221 conscience 221 contemplation 222 correspondence 220 creation 222 **Dionysius 222** discord 221 dream 220 f Eckhart (Meister) 221 f ectomorph 221 endomorph 221 essence 220 exo-skeleton 220 extravert 221 Feelings 221, see Chap. 10, p. 94-96 germ 220 God inside 221 harmony 222 Hesse, H., 221f hidden center 220 Hillyer, J., 221f hypocricy 220 Id 221 innerlife 221 introspection 219 introverts 220 Isaiah, 221 Jefferson, Th., 221, 222 Jeremiah, 220, 222 John, St., 221 Jordan curve 220 Jung, C. G., 220, 222 Kaplan, B., 222 Kretschmer, E., 221f Lear 221 Lewin, K. 220 libido 220 life 220 Ludlow, I., 221 manic-depressive 221 marrow 220 mask 221 Möbius-band mystics 221 Nijinsky, V., 221, 223 nucleus 220 outer power 221 outsiders 220f, 222 paradise 220

(INSIDE, continued:) parasympathetic 220 parties 221 power 221 pretense 220 Psychogram 222 pyknic 221 Rank, O. 220, 223 reflection 220 revolution 220 Schiller, F. 220, 223 sham 220 shekhina (indwelling) 219 f Sheldon, W. H. 221, 223 similar sounds 219 soul 221 stars 220 surface world 220 Swedenborg, E. 221 symbols 220 sympathetic nervous system 220 systole 221 tension 220 thalamus 220 topology 220 Urbild (archetype) within 221 vagus nerve 220 vegetative 220 Weilgart, W. J. 223 womb 220 Woolf, V. 221, 223 Inspiration 164 Instincts (unreliable in man) 34 Instrumental conditioning 114 Instrumentality 191, cf. THROUGH, Tools; Means, by 235-9, 237, -sense 237 Integrity 206 Intellect (vs. Feeling) vii, 71f Intelligence 71 f, aspects of, 72; -tests 74, cf MIND Intention 173, see TOWARD, chap. 28 Internal relations 192, 192n Interrogative 183, 189 Introspection 74, 219 Introverts 220 Intuition 145 Invention 159, 172, 238 Involuntary (movements) 26 Ionian (philosophers) 33 Irrelevant 180 Irreversible (cf TIME) 173 Iron 82 "Is", types of, 204, 206 n Isaiah 221 Isolation 206 Isomorphism 198 It, danger of, 211

"j" = Equal, xiii, chap. 22, p. 193 Jack the Ripper, 35, 43 Jacobs, L. 136 James, W. 129, 179, 181, 196, 199, 207 Jammer, M. 8 Japanese 138 Jaspers, K. 126, 239, 250, 253 Jealousy 98, 159, 195 Jefferson, Th. 159, 169, 196, 199, 221, 222 Jekyll & Hyde, 59, 68, 163 Jellyfish 85 Jeremiah 85, 220, 222 Jesus' poem 77, 215; cf. Bible, Christ 129f, 133f, 219, 237ff, cf. Gospel, Matthews Jews 7, 68, 133 (contributions of,) cf. Buber, Einstein, Freud, Jesus, John, Paul, Solomon, Spinoza John, St. (Gospel) 44, 76 f (John (14) 237; First letter 134, 198, 204 **Revelation 221** Johnson, P. 117 Jordan curve 220 Joshua 174 Jove 171 Joy vs. Power 159 Judah 48, cf. Jews Judgment of actions 173 Jumping 226 Jung, C. G. xvi, 30, 37, 56, 72 anim-a, -us 215, 220, 222 circle 138, 142 persona 251, 253 Jupiter 171 Justice 4, 7, 33f, 128, 130 f, 133, 195, f, 197 "k" = ABOVE, xiii, chap. 27, p. 226 Kainz, F. (Introduction p iii, xvi, 37, 49, 53; qualities 143, 149, 206 f thing 210, 212, 239 Kairos 17 Kaivalya 245 Kamakura (Buddha of,) 76 Kant, I., 8; (being) 205, 207; ethics 67, 128, 136; matter 31, 37; reason 169; soul 72, 80; 253; thing 146, 210, 212; on time, 11, 20, 253. Kaplain, A. 169 Kaplan, B. 222, 234 Karma 11, 72 Katz, D. 217 Kaufman, W. 234 Kekule, F. A. (benzene ring) 140 Kennedy, J. F. & R. 163 Kepes, G. 28 Kepler, J. 31, 37, 155, 190 Kierkegaard, S. 176, 205 Killers 43

Kimberlite (diamonds) 211 Kindness 96 Kinesiology 42; Kinesthesis 26; Kinetic 171 King (ruler) 174 King, M. L. 129, 131, 162 f Knopp, K. 156 Knox, M. 176 Köhler, W. 217, 237 Koehler, O. 156 Koestler, A. 235, 239 Koffka, K. 217 Koran, (on action) 174, 176 Kretschmer, E. 139, 142, 221 f Krishna 130 Kröger, T. viii Kronos 11, 247 Kuhn, H. 126 Ku-Klux-Klan 43 Kyoto 76 L = ROUND, xii, see chap 14, p 138ff Labarre, A. E. 156 Labials ix, see phonetics Labor(ers) vii, 172 Ladd, G. T. 207 Lamb, H. 53 Land-life 88 Language, conventional, as deceptive 49 malfunctions of, 238 f Language of Space (learning speed) xiv dissolving slogans of hate 161, Peace 39, 52, 245; cf. Communication, TOGETHER, SOUND, Symbol eating 85 Lao Tzu (LaoTse) 76, 78, 80; (on action) 174, 176 Larynx ix f Lasalle, F. 235 Laswell, H. D. 169 Laun, R. 117 Lavoisier, A. 60, 86, 91, 129, 160, 195 Lawmachine 163, 185 f, 197 Law(s) (of action) 174; (of mathematics) 152, 194 Lawrence, D. H. 213, 217 Laziness (advantages of) 174 Leader 27, 163, 172 Lear (& cause) 113; distributer 213; "in" 221 Learning psychology, aUI, language of, xvi Lechner, R. 149 Leibniz, G. W. (universal language) xvi; (matter) 31; monade 142; qualities 144, 149 Lenin, N. 34, 172, 175 Leonardo (da Vinci) 6, 46, 131, cf Art, LIGHT Lerner, D. 149, 156 Lessing, G. E. 186 Levere, Tr. 37 Lewin, K. 8, 220, 232-4, 246, 253 Liberty 197 f

Libido 220 Lichen 83, (symbiosis) 87, 242 Lichtheim, G. 181 LIFE, p. xi, chap 9, p 81-91, (cf BEing, EXISTence) acts of, 84 aiga 87 amino-acids 84, 171, 176 animal-, 81 archeopteryx 87 areas of, :sea-land-air 88f ascent of, 88, 225 f bacteria 87 balance 90 birds 87 blood 82 breath 84 cannibalism 87, 90 carbohydrates 83f; C(arbon) 83; CO₂, 85 catalysts 84 chlorophyl 82 circulation 82 code of life 81, 84 colors of, 90 communication of, 91 death 82 decadence, decay, degeneration 88 definition of, 87 f DNA (De-oxy-ribo-Nucleic-Acid) 82, 84, 86 drives 232 f dytiscus 87 elements of, 83 energy of, 83 enzymes 84 equilibrium 82 euglena 89 evolution of, 87 f, 91 exchange of matter 82 excretion 85 extremes ? 90 feeding 84, 89 feeling 83, cf FEELING female 82 f fight & flight, 83, 85f, 90 five 83 (cf numbers of,) as form, 87 (cf. morphology) freaks' 87 futility 91 genius 88 gestalt 87 (configuration) goal of, 88, 91 as good, 91 (ethics of,) green, 82 heme, hemin 82

(LIFE, continued:) heredity code 84 hierarchy of values 88 holistic 90 homeostasis 82.87 human race 85 (as freaks ?) 87 hydra 86 inner directed 83, 220 iron 82 key (of DNA pattern) 81 Language of Space (like Life's code) 84 leaf 81 Life Nature Library 91 lightning as origin of, 171, 176 magnesium 82 male 82 man 81 matter 82 (material for life) maximum (as optimum ?) 90 mayfly 91 metabolism 82, 85 moderation 85 morphology (see Form, Symmetry, FRONT 89f) movements of animals & plants 23, 83, 85 (inner) 83, (from sensation) 85; cf MOVE. mutations 87 mystery of, 83 N = nitrogen, 90nature 86 (creative) 86, (demonic) 87, (destructive) 86 needs of, 115 nematocyst-transfer 86 nitrogen (N) 90 nudibranch 86 numbers of, 83, 90 omnivorous 85 origin of, 171, 176 (cf. BE, EXIST) plant 81, as ideal 89 movements of branches & seeds 85 pleasure 86 poem of, 81 procreation 85 proteins 84 protoplasm 84 protozoan 85 power 86 (see POWER) red 82 regeneration 86 relation-gaps 86 reproduction 84 reverence for, 86 rise of. 81 sacrifice 88 sea (as origin of,) 88 selection 88

(LIFE, continued:) self-preservation 88 self-stimulation 86 sensory vs. motor 85 sex 85 similar sounds "o" & symbols 82f six 83 spiral 81 Spirit 81, 82, 89 styles of life e.g. trees, turtles, & sponges, 85f sugar 83 survival 83, 90 of fittest 85, 87 symbiosis 83, 87 lichen 87 symbol: 81 f symmetry 89f systole 84 temperature 90 tools 90 transduction (transplant) 86 Tyrannosaurus 87, 89 virus 86 Wasp 87 water, digestion of 84 weapons 90 wildfood 89 LIGHT, Chap. 5, p. 39-46 Ahura Mazda 44 animals &, 43 approaching 41, 225 art 45 aUI 43 blue 41, 43 circle 43 colors of, 43, 45 communication 39, 41, 43 cosmic span 41 crime &, 43 darkness 40 destructive 41 distance 39 Einstein 41 energy 42 expression 42 front 44 Goethe 44f good 40, 44 Heraclitus 44 life-giving 39f man &, 40, 43, 59 Movement 23, 39f night 44 optic 44 Persian (Light myth) 44

(LIGHT, continued:) photosynthesis xi, 25, 40, 42, 158 physics 41 physiology 43 f Planck, M. 41 plants 40 poems 39 f Psychogram 45 psychology of 43 f quanta 41 radiation 43 reason 44 red 41 seeing 42 sight 44 similar sounds & symbols 40; "i" 43 speed 39, 41 spectrum 43 Spirit 41 symbolic 43 Tropian, Tropic 43 (=black) & truth 43, 45 Upanishad 45 violet 43 visual art 45 visual clues 42 wave-lengths 41 Yang 44 yellow 43 Limbo 95 Limited (space) 3, 202, (time) 17 Lincoln, A. 42 Linguistic isomorphism 198 Lightning (Nitric Acid, Enc. Brit.) 176 (Science v. 117) 176 Lionardo (see Leonardo) 6, 46, 131 Lips (labial sounds) IX f. Lipps, G. F. 192 Lithium 32 Locke, J. 143, 149 Logics 112 f of apriori cf 'Before' 250 of contradiction 123 f of equation 194, cf Fallacy 210, 214 cf paralogy, paradox 214 of Past 250, of questions 185 of relations 190 Logos (of Love, Communication) VIII 70f, 79, 80, 164, 204 Logotherapy XVI Lohengrin 186 Longfellow H. W. 225 Lorenz, K. 238, 239 Love 59 (pictograph) 67; 181 as good: 127 f, 133 of God 244, of mate 243, of mother 243

(LOVE. continued:) as work 174 cf "Together", Ch. 30, p. 241-245, 246 cf Bible 244, Dante 242, Goethe 241 cf Feelings, 96, 106-8 f, Good, Man Lotus, 138 Ludlow, I. 221, 233 f, 244, 246 Luke, St. 180 n Lunacy 14 Lungs IX f Luther College xiv Luther, M. 106, 122, 134 Luxury 33 f. 209 m = QUALITY, xii & chap. 15, p. 146 Macbeth (action) 173-5 Lady Macbeth 32, 141 nihilism 125; perseveration 233 time 11, 17; will 233 Mach, E. 8, 31, 37, 169 Machiavelli, N. 169 Machine 235, (cf TOOLS) MacLeish, K. & J. 156 Macrocosm 137 Magic circle 138 Magnesium 82 Magnet 231 Male 19, 95, 171 Mallik, B. K. MAN xi, (cf. HUMAN) chap 7, p 55-68 action 59, 63 aggression 67 Ahriman 59 Allport, G. 59 angel 59 anima, -us 59 asthenic 67 baby-like 64 Barrabas 56 beast 55, (bi-forked) 55 Boston strangler 65 brain 60 Byron, G. 59 Cain 59 Calderón 59 "chemical" formula of man, 67 choice, free, 57, 59 Christ 56 common man 60 (cf Equal) communing 55 compassion 68 consciousness 59 contemplation 59, 63-65 cosmic 59, 65

(MAN, continued:) creator 58f, 61, 63, 65 as peacemaker 61 denial 56 (anti-, in-, un-) 56 devil 59 duality, duplicity 56, 59, 66 essence 64 evil 59 existence 59 'first' 56 "flesh" 59 "Formulas & Transformations" 67 freedom 55, 57, 59; (degrees of,) 59; Hegel 59 Freud, S. 56, 64 front, 249 f frustration 67 generalizer 56 genius 59 goai 58, 60 great men 60 guilt 67 hate's reform 59, 67 hedonism 57 Hegel 59 herdman & Hermit 66 high-striving 55 Hitler, A. 59 horizontal trend 58, 63 hypothalamus, (ventromedial) 64 Id 56, 64 individual 178 inferiority 61 inner 64 innocence 59 introvert 64 Jekyll 59 Jung, C. 56 killer 60 Lavoisier 60 light 59 love (pictograph) 59, 67 (agape-sex 59) matter 59 mediator 255, 61 microcosm 63 mirror 55, 63, 255 money 58 mystery 65, 66 natural 60 negation 56 neo-tenic 64 as "onion" 64 opposites 66 original sin 59 Ormazd 59 Pascal, B. 56

(MAN, continued:) passion's slave 64 personality psychology 67 Pictograph Test 67 plan(ning) 57, 60 pleasure 59f, 64 power, collective 57, 60 f predictable 59 Psychogram 67 psychotherapy 67 saint 67 satan's 58 schizoid 56 security 58 seer 63 self-conscious 59 self-contradictory 56 selfish 59 senses 55 (ear, eye) 55 sex 59 similar sounds & symbols 55 f sin 59 slave 59 social 56 spiritualization 57, 59, 65 split 55 subconscious 56, 64 sublimation 68 super-ego 64, 66 symbolizer 60, 62, 66 Tolstoy, L. ("driven") 59 toolmaker 62, tools 57 as tree 65 tyranny 59, 60 f unconscious 59 upward drive 55, 225 f (cf. ABOVE, UP) 'Vernunft' (reason) 59 Wagner, R. 61 will, free ? 55, 59 (cf. HUMAN, FEELING) Manic 15, 226; manic-depressive 139, 221 Mann, Th. viii, 17 Mantras xiii Mao Tse Tung 23, 27, 34 Marcel, G. 207 Marines, U.S. xv Mark, St., 180n Marriage 64, 243, cf TOGETHER 242, Love Mars (god) 11, (planet) 175 Martha 174 Martineau, J. 136 Marx, K. 33 f, 70, 162 Mary (&Martha) 174 Masks 215, 221 Maslow, A. H. 20

Mastery 151, 155, 237 Matador 158 Materialism 23, 30, 33 Materialist 33 Mathematics, 151-156 of equation 194 ff limits of 152 of motion 23 f paradoxical 190 power, 152 cf. Quantity 151-156, 153, 215 of Space 5 f of Time, 12, 13 Mating fights 61 MATTER xi, Chapter 6, p. 29-37 acceleration 31 affinity 32 annihilation 29 anti-matter 32 attraction 31f base 31 behavior 35 black 33 bond 32 brick 29 chemistry 30ff cohesion 29 compound 32 conservation of, 31, 194 corpuscles 31 dark, 32 Democritus 31 dense 31 dualism 31 earth 32 Einstein 30 elements 32 energy 29ff, 34 equal 30 eternity 30 ethics 33 existence 30 explodes 31, 34 extends 30 as evil 34 force (fields of) 31, 34 gravity 29, 33 hedonism 31, 33 as illusion 33 importance 32 inertia of, 29, 31 to Life 32 Light 32 luxury 33 Marxist 34 mass of, 30f, 34

(MATTER, continued:) material 31 materialist 30. 33 as mother 29, 31 movement 30 as obstacle 32, 34 organic 32 philosophy 30 physics 31 as pleasure 33f poem on 29. Power of, 34, 158 psychology 32 quantity of 30 realist 30 resistance of, 33 similar sounds and symbols 30 sin 32, 34 social 33 Space 30 vs. Spirit 29, 33, 36 square 30 stability of 34 stages or states of, 31f symbol 30f synthesis 32 tangible 32 thing 30 Time 30 touch 32 transform 32 unimportant? 32 values 33, 35 weight 31 Matthews 215 cf Jesus Mattuck, I. 136 Maxwell, J. C. 28, 37, 169 action 176 May, R. confidence 229, 253 love 244, 256 power 163, 169 time 15, 20 will 229, 233-4, 253 Maya 33, 204 Mayfly 91, 103, 157 Meaning vii, xviii, 146-8, 180, 204, 206 Means 231, 235 (and Ends) see 'Through' conditions 114 Measure 236-8 (time) 10, 151-3 Media 238 Mediator 239, 255 Meditation (in aUI) xv, see Spirit Megalomania 61, 157

Meinong, A. 192 Melancholy 26, 103, 157 Melanchthon 72 Melville, H. 245, 246 Memory 152, 180 Mendeleev, D. I. 140 Menninger, Karl 129, 238, 239 love 244, 245 Man against Himself 67 psychoanalysis 110 Menninger, K. 156 Menstrual cycle 14 Merchant of Venice 215 Merit 4, 160-2, 197 Merriman, C. E. 169 Merritt, H. N. Merton, Th. 80, 169 Metabolism 14, 84f Metaphysical xviii Metaphysics 201, 205 cf. Creation, 76ff cf. Cosmology 123, 201 cf. Existence, 201-7 cf. Being, 201-7 cf. Spirit 69-80 cf. Thing 210-212 Metempsychosis 72 Methane (CH₄) 171 Michelangelo xix, 45, 76, 80, 131 vs. ego 180 Thinker 178 Microcosm 63, 137 Mid(dle)-tongue vowels x, 35 Mid-East conflict 6 Midgard snake (time) 13 Military 162 Millenial test (permanent) 128, 146 Miller, S. L. 176 Milton, J. 50, 53, 131, 227 MIND xi, Chapter 8, 69-80, 93 (see Spirit) antithetic 72, 74 Aristotle 72 Aspects of (all 31 elements) 71ff associative 74 for children xix congruity 74 definition 71ff Descartes 72 (for) details, 73 feeling 71 Freud, S. 72 intellect 71 ff intelligence 71 (tests) 74, types of 72ff introspection 74 intuition 72 Jung, C. G. 72

(MIND, continued:) logic 72 ff microcosm iii power 73 f reasoning (qualitative, quantitative) 73 f selfconscious 72 scientific 76 f soul 72 f synthetic 74 willing 71 wisdom 71, types of, 71-73 see also Spirit, 80, Man, 67f, Feeling 100f Minkowski, H. 13 Minkowski, I. 15, 20 Minority 195 f Mirandola, Pico della, 205, 207 Mirror 55, 63, 69, 174, 193, 255 Mnemonics (for Elements), xi-xiii Mob 60, 158-160, 195 Moderation 86 Modifier 144 Möbius-band 220 Mona Lisa 6 Monade 142 Money 58, 235 Monks 33 Monopoly 166 Monroe, J. E. 91 Moon 14 Moore, G. E. 149 Moore, P. 8 Moral (Law) xvi, 73, cf GOOD, chap 13, p 127-136, 128 Morphemes xvii Morphology 141 Mortimer, C. E. 37 Moslem, see Muslim Motherhood 243 (cf Inside, Together) Motion, see Movement Motor nerves 51 Motor (cycle) 23 f Motors 235, cf. Tools, Movement Mount Everest 226 f Mouth ix f, (oral 104) MOVEMENT, xi, chap. 3, 21-28 acceleration 22, 24 act 24 action 171 f animal 25 f anxiety 26 causative 24 centrifugal 23 f circular 23, 25 circulation 25 change 22, 25

281

(continued)

(MOTION, continued:) children 26 communicating 22 constant 23 coordinates 23 dance 26 elliptic 24 emotion 22 epileptic 26 esthetic 26 feeling 94 force 24 geotropic 25 gravity 24 growing 21, 25, 27 heliotropic 25 Heraclitus 27 horizontal 21, 27 image 21 inner 23 involuntary 26 kinesiology 42 kinesthesis 26 laws of, 23 leader 27 Life 22f, 25, 82 Light 23, 25 lightning 25, literature 28 man's 26 mass 24 materialist 23 mathematics of, 23f Matter in Motion 23 migratory 27 motivation 27 motor 24 nature's 25 Newton's laws 24 nomads 27 peristaltic 26 perpetuum mobile 25 plant 25 physics 23 politics 27 predictable 22 psychogram 28 psychology 26 reaction 24 regress 25 relative 23 rest 22, 25 rhythm 22 round 21 similar sounds 22

(MOTION, continued:) soaring 21 social 27 Sound 23 Space 23 speed 24 spiral 23, 25 Spirit 21, 27, 28 spontaneous 22 straight 22 symbolic 26, symbols 23 tensor 24 Time 23 toward 24 transfer 25 uniform 23 vectors 23. 24 vertical 27 voluntary 26 whirling 26 women's 25f Muliplication in aUI 154 Mumford, L., Technics & Civilization, 239 Muscles 85 Music 17 healing 50, see 'Sound', cf Bach, Beethoven, Dvorak, Haydn, Mozart etc, Plato Musil, R. 12, 17, 20, 149, 253 Muslims 48, 172 Mutations 87 'My' 178f Myosin 85 Mystery, p. vii, 65, 66, 94 Mystics, p. iii, vii, xviii, 221; of Naught 123 (cf Opposition) circular 141f immediate 239 on qualities 147 Myth of Naught 123 n = Quantity xii, Chap. 16 N (see Nitrogen) 90, 171, 176 Name 177-80, 210 Napoleon (Bonaparte) 4, 159, 178, 227, 233 action 175 quantified 146 Nasal (sounds) x, 152 Nasser, G. A. 172 Nations 16, 162f Nature (cf 'Life') 60, 86, 90 (power in) 159ff Naught 123, 201ff, cf 'Opposition' Naval Drug Rehabilitation xv Navaho (round) 138 Navy (U.S.) xv Nearer, my God . . . 225

Necessary (qualities) 144 Necrophilic 161 Needs vii, for space 4, action, to fill, 175 Negation, Chap. 12, see Opposition, 120-4 Nematocyst 86, 215 Neo-Phobia xi Neoplatonic 31 Neo-tenic 64 Nervous System 94 Neurosis 49 (homonym-) 102ff, see Psychology Neutrals 175f Neville, R. C., 207 Neurasthenia 233 Newman, J. R., 156, 192 Newton, I., gravity, 155; light 46; matter 31; motion 24; space 5; reaction 171 Nicotine 25 Niebuhr, B., 136 Nietzsche, F., 20, existence 205 history 251, 253; on nihilism: 126 on power 67, 158f, 169 on will 232-4; superman: 227, 229 Nietzsche's definition 125, 184f Niger (black) 43 Night 213 Nightingale (song) 50 Nihilism 70 see Chap. 12, 'Opposition' 119-26 Nijinsky, V., 221, 223 Nile 151 Nirvana 122-5, 204; vs. ego 180 Nitric Acid (Enc. Brit. v. 16, p. 533) 176 Nitrogen 32, 83, 90, 171, 176 No! 124 Noise 49, 53 Nomads 27 Nominalism 143 Nor-adrenalin Nordenskiold, E., 91 Normal 60, 196 Nothing (paralogy) 210 Nothingness 70, 201ff, Chap. 12, see Opposition, 120-3 Notre Dame 138 Novak, M., 126 Novalis, H., 176 Nucleus 220 Nudibranch 86, 215 Numbers xii, Chap. 16, 151-56, esp. 152 in aUI 154, as symbols 154f o = Life xiO = Feeling xii (O see Oxygen, 171) o = 5, xii Q = 10, xii

Oakley, K. P. 239 Obedience 173 Object 209f, 223 **Objective** 144 O'Brien 199 Obstacle 181, 211, 232 Occipito-parietal 153 Ochs, S., 49, 53, 67, 91; (activating) 176, 110 **Omnipotence** 157 Omnivorous 85, see Food, Life, Man Operations, Mathematic super- 153 Opium 34 **Opportunity 196** OPPOSITION, Chap. 12, p. 119-126 Abaddon 119 Abgrund 123 absolute 122-4 affirmation 120 against 121, 236f alternation 124 annihilation 120f Antithesis 119f Apeiron 123 Apocalypse 123 Apollyon 123 blind 121 Boehme 123 children's 'no' 124 conjunction 124 contradictory 121-3 contrary 121 cosmology 123 creator 119f, 123 criminal 121 death 122 decay 122 denial 120f, types of, 121: of existence 121 goodness 121 life 121 spirit 121 destroyer 123 destruction 120 devil 123 dreamer's denial 125 Eckhart, 123 equivalence 124 evil 121f existence 120ff, 123 fallacy of 123f Faust 119 generalities 124 God 123

(OPPOSITION, continued:) grammar of, 121 immoral 121 imperfection 122 insane 121 f law of contradiction 123 f (fallacy of, 123 f) logics of, 123 f Macbeth 120, 125 man 66 materialism 121 meaningless 125 Mephisto 119 minus 120 myth of naught 123 Naught 123 negation 120 f, 124 nihilism 120, 125 criminal 121 definition 125 immoral 121 materialistic 121 poems 119 psychotic 121 f therapy against, 125 types of, 121 Nirvana 122 f, 125 no 121; nothingness 120, 123 nought, see Naught 123 objects of 121 f opposite 121 (contradictory, contrary) 121 pleasure 123 power 123 Psychogram 126 psychology of denial 124 psychotic 121 relation-gaps 123 relativism 122 Satan 123 to self: unselfish, 122 ship of existence 123 Shiva 122 similar sounds & symbols 120 Spirit 119 f, 121 symbol 121 types of denial 121 tyrants 122 vacuum 122 values vs. nihilism 125 withdrawal 126 zero 121 Optics 44 Optimist's time 12 Optimum maximum 153, 196 Organ(ism) 214 f

Original sin 59, 70 (individuatio) 179 **Orientation** 71 Origines 72, 198 Ormazd (Ormuzd) 59, 198 Othello 209 Otology 49 Outside, see: INSIDE 220 f. 222 Overshoot 232 Oxford English Dictionary 248, ff, 253 Oxygen 32, 82 f, 171 "p" = BEFORE, xiii, chap. 31 Pagan 133 Pain 90, 232; Painless 25 Panic 158, 160 Paradise 220 Paradox (equation) 194, see Logics Paranoia 157; & power: 102, 160, 227, 233 Parapraxis, (Freudian slip) 106 Parasympathetic 94, 171, 220 Parents xviii Paris 38, (city) 138 Parmenides 2, 204 PART(s), Chap 25, p 213-217 ants 215 aspects 214 Caesar 213 classification 215 concentric 216 configuration 215, 217 congener 213 cosmic 213, 216 definition of, 214 dependent 214 devil 213 dimensions 214 dissociation 213 distribution 214 division 214 dual 213 equal 213 Eve 215 Freud 215, 217 Gestalt 215, 217 Goethe, J. W. 213, 217 Hamlet 215 heredity 215 holistic 214 hydroids 215 individual vs. member 215 infinite 214 interchangeable 215 intrinsic 214 Jesus 215

(PARTS, continued:) Jung 215 justice 214 Lawrence, D. H. 213, 217 Lear 213 light 213 logics 216 Mann. Th. 215, 217 masks 215 mathematics 215 Mathew, St. 215 member 213 Mephisto 213 Merchant of Venice 215 microcosm 216 nematocysts 215 Night 213 nudibranch 215 organism 214 f persona-roles 215 personality (split) 215 set 216 shark 216 Shakespeare 215, 217 Schiller 216 similar sounds 213 congener 213 sponge 214 f stage-part 215 sum of 215 symbols 214 symmetry 215 termites 45 Washington 216 Whole 213 f vin 216 Parthians 162 Parties 221 Pascal, B. 56, 67, 174 Past 9, 179, 248 f, cf BEFORE Passive 171 f Pasternak, B. 245 f Pasteur, Louis 129, 160 Patient xv. xvi Pathana, U.N. 117 Paton, H. J. 136 Patterson, E. M. 8 Paul, St. 106, 132, 204 (will) 233 Pavlov, I. P. 49, 114 Peace 33, 50, 171, 175 by communication 39, 52, 245 by creation & contemplation 69 ff 75 ff by space distribution 4, 6, 7 by Togetherness 243-246 Penis, see Phallus 6, 94 Perception 249, see FEELINGS 94 (sensations)

Periodic (Time) 10 Peristaltic 26 Persever-ance, -ation 166, 232 f Persia(n) 44 Personality (Psychology) 67; split, 215 Perspiration 84 Perversions 104, 232 coprophilia 133 masochism 133 sadism 104, 133 Pervin, L. 110 Pessimist's (time) 12 Petersen, N. 126 Peterson, R. W. 8 Phallus 6, 94 Phidias 131 Phillips, W., see Denton 20 Philo 31 Philosophy (of action) 176; (of time) 12 Phlegmatic 26 Phobia 56 Phon(eme), ix, x, xiii, xvii Phonetics 210, 226 Photosynthesis xi, 25, 40, 42, 158 Phraates 162 Physics 5, 13, 234 Physiology acoustic 48-51 cf cerebellum 195 feelings 94-97 occipito-parietal 153 optic 44 pineal gland 14 psychology 94-97 psychophysiology 94 (under Psychology) Piaget, J. 179 f, 181 f Pico, see Mirandola, della 205, 207 Pictograph-test 67 Pigeon (homing) 3 Pikington, J. G. 234 Pinero, A. W. 253 Pitch 47 Plan 57 (cosmic), 146 Planck, M. 3, 35, 41, 46, 145, 149, 151 Planets 175 Plants' (motion) 25, (front?) 25, 249 Plato(nic) xvi, being 205, 207 ethics 136 hierarchy 88 love 243 matter 31 music 50 negation 126 on Power 162, 169, 227 (continued)

(PLATO, continued:) qualities 145, 149 time 11 truth 45 Platz, P. 49, 53 Play (creative) vii, xvi, 174, 211 Pleasure 33f, 59f, 64 vs. pain 90, 232 reward 35, 129 f, 135 Plotinus 31, 126, 198, 199, 205, 207, 233, 250, 253 Plural -n. xii Plutarch 229 Plutocracy 33 Poems (therapy) vii (see table of contents) Poets, cf Dante, Goethe, Homer; Milton, Shakespeare Pointing 177 Police 24, 162 f Politics 16, 236, 238 Pollock, H. E. 142 Polo, M. 42 Polybius 250. Pope, A. 186, 238 **Popularity 162** Population-'bomb' 4, 130 Portmann, A. 67, 91 Positive, xii Chapter 13, p. 127-136, see GOOD Possession 210 f Possessive 178 (space) 3, 4 (time) 16 Potency 158 f, 171 Potential 171 Poverty 211 POWER, Chapter 17, 157-169 cf Energy (for Physics), (inner) Strength Action 172-5 Adams, H. 162 addiction 159, 163 Alliterations 161 American 162 animals 160f Ashoka 164 aUI distinctions 157, 161 dissolves power 161 automation 162 balance of 162 blind to values 166 BluBo 161 Caesar 166 "charisma" 161, 163, 167 collective 57, 60f, 162 commands of, 160f commercial 163 compensations 159, 167 competition for, 158 conditions of, 115, 160 confusion 157 (polysemous)

(POWER, continued:) control 158 corruption 163 creative 159 creators 168 (promise 160) cruel 159 deadly 161 demagog 159f mirror 160 demon 163 depression 157 destructive 158, 163, 165 differing 158 dispersion 162 dominion 158 ego-boost 162 emptiness 159 envy 159 establishment 163 Ethos 162, 165 evil 163 explosive 160 fear 161 f Force (life) 158 existence 202-4 photosynthesis 158 pleasure 159 freedom 163 fusion of drives 160 goal 166 good 163 government (best) 167 great kings 161 greed 157 good 159, 162, 163, 165 H- bombs 162 helping 159 helpless 159 hermit 162 Hitler 159. 163 hush-kill 163 Hyde 163 hypnosis 161 hypocricy 163 idealist 161-163 ideologies 161 ideal ruler 168 idolatry 158 "if" 160 imagination 159 impotence 159 individualists 162 inferiority 167 inspiration 164 inventive 159

(continued)

(POWER, continued:) Jealousy 159 Jefferson 159 Jekyll 163 joy vs, 159 kill-power 158 King, M. L. 162 f lack of, 159 Language of Space 161 law machine 163 leader 163 Logos 164 magnet 166 Marxism 162 masochism 162 matador 158 thru mathematics 152 of Matter 34, 158 as means 236-8 megalomania 157 melancholy 157 merit 160, 162 military 162 monopoly 166 mob 158, 160 thru naming 180 Napoleon 159 Nations 162 f in nature 159 necrophilic 161 Nietzsche 158 f, 169 omnipotence 157 outside 221 panic 158, 160 persecution 162 perseverance 166 photosynthesis, 81, 83f, 89, 158 Plato 162, 169 pleasure 159 poison 162 police 163 police state 162 political 158 f popularity 162 potency 158 f Powerman 90 substitutes quantities for qualities 146 prejudice 160 preventive 163 procreative 160 propaganda 163 protective 158 Psychogram 167 rallying cry 161 rank 163

(POWER, continued:) relation 164 relay 166 reward 161 righteous 164 rights 163 sacrifice 158, 162 sadism 162 sage and saint 158 saving grace 163 scarcity 158 Schweitzer A., 162 self-sacrifice 158, 162 serving 159 Shakespeare 163 Similar sounds and symbols 164-6 slaves 161, 163 slogans 161 Socrates 162 Solomon 164 of spirit, creative, inventive 75, 76 to spirit 70, 158, 160, 164f, 167. state 162 see Strenght (inner) suicidal 157 superior 166 superman 158f, 226f survival 160, 162 suspicion 162 Swiss democracy 162 sycophant 163 symbols 62 Tao 164, terror 158 time 16 tools 166 torero 158 tyrant 159, 162f, 166 umpires 162, 167 vacuum 165 value-blinde 166 violence 157 voice of 160 Washington 159 **WERT 161** will (to) 157, 166 wisdom of 73f witch of fear 162 Zen 169 Powerman 90, 211 Precedent 248, 251 Prediction 59, 250 'Predominantly' so 146 Preface vii, xvi, xvii Preference 249 (continued)

Prejudice xvii, 160 cf 'BEFORE' Premise 112 Pretence 220 Primary qualities 143 Primitive xvi, xvii, Prim. Languages 41 Primitives 227 (counting) Tasadays 154 Eskimos (see Round) 138f Ewe 41 Fiji 227 Navaho 138 Round 138f Shona 227 **Tasadays** 154 Principle, act by? 173 Privilege cf 'BEFORE' Probability 173, 238 Procreation 159 Progress 247f, 251 Projected qualities 144 Proletarian 33, 35 Pronunciation ix, xi. -xiii Propaganda 163 Properties 144 Prophets 16, 232, 249ff Proskynesis 227 Protection 158 Proteins 32, 36, 171 Protestants 106, 131, 172-4 'Proto-phobia' 249f Protoplasm (see LIFE) 25, 32, 171 Prototype 251 Protozoan 85 Providence 179, 251 Psalms (4:4) 18, 77ff, 103, 144 Psychoanalysis 15, (of good, 131) Psychogram xviii, 32, (& end of each chapter, e.g. 36, 67) PSYCHOLOGY of FEELING Chap. 10, p. 93-110 acting - out 101f adrenals 96 approach-avoidance 99 communication 110 compensation 101f of conditioning 114 depression 100-3 displacement 101 f ego 100 Ego-defences 100 (between depression and fight-flight and sublimation 100) mechanisms 101 (acting-out, compensation, displacement, identification, projection, reaction-formation) 101f Fehl-leistung 101f (slip, parapraxis) 106 Freud, S. 99-106 gonads 94 good works 106

(PSYCHOLOGY, continued:) Id 99-102 identification 101f inferiority 226f Love 96, 106f, 108f, 241-6 Neuroses, 102ff anxiety 102-4 asthenia 104 compulsion 102f conversion 103 depression 103 dissociation 103 existential 103 fugue 103f hypochondria 103f hysteria 103f melancholy 102f parapraxis 106 Politicians 97 projection 101-104 Psychoanalysis 100ff-106 Psychogram 109 Psychopathies 102, 104 (oral, anal, phallic) 104 Psychophysiology cf FEELING glands hyperglycemia 94 (hypo)thalamus 94 limbo 94 phallus 94 reticular 94 Psychoses 99, 102 schizophrenias 102 (catatonic, hebephrenic, paranoia, simple) 102 Psychotherapy 108 reaction formation 101f repression 101f semantic 110 sociopathy 104 Stress 99 subconscious 99ff superego 100 superiority 226f unconscious 99ff of works 106 Psychopathy (insanity 00) viii, 4, 35, 43, 102, 104, unconditional 112 Psychosis 99-102 See Psychology Psychopathy (insanity) viii, 4, 35, 43, 102, 104, cf Therapy 108, (by music 50, 67f) Psychotic (nihilist) 70, 103f, 121f Puns 49 Purpose 14, time 17, 91, 172 toward 192, 233f Pyknic 139, 221 Pythagoras 50, 72, 128, 138 cyclic history 250

Q (sounds \emptyset , 0) = Condition, p. 111-7 p. ix, f., xii, p. 112 (QUALITY-y, -ies, continued:) QUALITY, -ies, chap 15, p. 143-149 vs. absolute 145 accidental 143 addict confuses, 146 adjective in -m, p 143 f adverb in -mO, 143 attribute, outer ? 145 aUI-symbols as, 144, 148 beautiful 145 categories 144 chemical 144 colors 145 communing 147 concept-forming 144 conditional 143 creative? 145 dangers of, 144 defining 144 degree 146 descriptive 144 differentia 145 (as) elements 144 empathy 145 equal 146 essential 143 f, 146 esthetics 145 eternal? 145 (what) exists? 143 factors 145 genus proximum 145 God's? 144 good 145 green' 143 hierarchy 147 humanistic 144 ideas 145 independent, 145 inherent, 144 f inner, 146 intuition 145 life as. 146 meaning 146, 148 modifying, 144 mystic, 147 necessary, 144 nominalism 143 objective, 144 outer, 146 part, 146 permanent, 144, 148 personality traits 145 poem 143 primary 143 projected 144

properties 144 psychogram 148 psychological 144 f purpose 146 (vs.) quantities? 144f, 146 (addict substitutes, 146 powerman confuses, 146) realism 143 relative 148 restrictive, 144 roles as. 147 similar sounds & symbols 145 f size 145 so-being 147 specifica 145 Spirit's 147 subjective 144, 148 substance 144 f sufficient 144 symbol 145 syndromes 147 "thing" 144 f, 147 transient, 144 f, 148 "true." 145 typical, 144 unique, 144 uniting, 147 universals 147 weight as, 145 Quanta 41 QUANTITY, chap 16, pp. 151-156 acalculia 153 addiction to 146, 152 algebra 151 animals sense of, 153, (bees) arithmetic 151 associative law of, 152 astronomy 151 aUI multiplication rule 154 (what's) calculable ? 151 commutative law 152 control 153 counting 151 (animals, magpie) 153 danger of, 155 debasement 155 dimensions 151 distribution 152 economics 151 Einstein 151 equality 152 equivalence 151 ethics of, 152 exponential (super-power) 153 fallacy of, 152 f

(QUANTITY, continued:) Kepler, J. 155 laws of, 152 Life's numbers 152 light 151 mastery 5, 151 mathematics 151, 153; (limits of.) 152 maximum 153 measure 151, 153 memory 152 multiplication in aUI, 154 nasals 152 Newton, I. 155 nine 154 numbers 152, in aUI mnemonics 154 symbols 154f occipito-parietal 153 operations, super-, 153 optimum 153 physics 151 Planck 151 poem 151 population 152 power 152 primitives 154 counting 154 quanta 151 vs. qualities 144-6 riches 152 selection 152 similar sounds & symbols 151-3 sociology 151 space 151 statistics 151 stewardships 152 substitution of 144-146 super-roots 153 symbols 151-3, of numbers 154 time 151 topology 151 trigonometry 151 vectors 153 QUESTION Chap. 20, p. 183-7 alienation 183 animals' 184 anxiety 183, 187 asthenic 187 atomic 184 awe 185f babies' 184 Bucke 185 Buddha 186 central 184 (1 Cor. 11:28, 2 Cor. 13:5) 184

(QUESTION, continued:) cynic 185 decisional 185f demagog 184 discovery 187 dream 183 equality 187 error 184 existential 183 faith 186 fallacy 185f fanatic 184 foolish 186 free-floating 183 Goedel 185 Goethe, J. W. 186 grace 186 grammar 183, 185 'h' sound 183 hallucinations 183 human 186 humility 186 image 183 vs. infallibility 184f interrogative 183, 189, 192 intuition 185 law's of, 185f Lessing 186 life's, 185 logics of, 185 Lohengrin 186 negative, 185 neophobic 184, 186 nihilism 184f open, 185 Parsifal 186 philosophy's, 184 politic's, 184 power 185 predicable 185 problems 184 pronoun 183 prosecutor 186 Pope, A. 186 Psalm 4:4, 184 Psychogram 186 psychology 185 psychoanalyst's, 183 reason's 184 relative = 183, 189, 192research 184 response 186 reverberating 184 reverence 186 St. Francis 185

(OUESTION, continued:) Schiller, F. 186 schizoid 183, 186 science 184 search 184. 187 similar sounds & symbols 183-4 skeptic 187 Solomon 186 Spinoza 185 Spirit 186 stimuli 186 survival 187 Ouiet 69 r = Good, positive xii, 128 Race, human 60f Radical 35 Rajamannar, P. 149 Rallying cry 161 Rank 163 Rank, O. 220, 223, 234, 243, 246 RAS (48) (See Reticular Act. Syst.) Raphael 45, 76, 80 rationalization 133 Ray, C. 91 Reaction 24, 172ff, 232 Reaction formation 101 Readers Digest 169, 199 Reading vii Real cf. existence 206 Realist 33, 143 Reality xvii see "thing" chap. 24 Reason 44, 73f (see mind) Rectangle (symbol) 30 reciprocity 128, 180 Reenforcement 35 reflection 193f Reform 172f Refusal thru 'if' 114 Regeneration 86, 214f Regress(ion) 25 Regression 137, 101 f Reichenbach, H. 8, 13, 20 Reincarnation 72f, 198 Reit, S. V. 142 Relay 166, 238 RELATION xii Chapter 21, p. 189-192 Beziehungslücken 191 Buber 191 causal 192 charisma 191f compatibility 191 consideration 192 cosmic 191 discord 191 Einstein 190, 192

(RELATION, continued:) equality 189 existence 206 external 192 family 191 functions 190 (relation-) gaps 86, 123, 191, 202 Goethe 191 harmony 190-2 Hoffler 91 **Identity 192** vs. Individual 180 instrumental 191 internal 192 cf Interrogative pronoun 189, 183 Kepler 190 Logics 190 Mathematics 190 paradoxical 190 Poem 189 power 91 Psychogram 192 purpose 192 as Question-word 183, 189 radiation 191 reciprocal 190 reflexive 190 of relations 190 relative 192 Relative pronoun 189 similar sounds & symbols 189f superiority 191 symmetry 190 (vs. front) 249 topovectors 191 transitive 190 types of 189 Riesman 246 Right (over space) 4 cf GOOD Chap. 13 cf POWER 163 **Righteous** 164 rights 196, by Past 250 riots 24 ripe 17 Robespierre, M. F. M. 122, 133 Rococo 34 Rodin, A. 178 Rogers, C. R. 67 Roman emperors 162 **Rome 138** Romer, A. S. 91 Romulus 138 Rosensbock & Hessy 67 Ross, W. D. 136 Rotenstreich, N. 80 ROUND xii Chap. 14 p. 137-142 (cont'd) (ROUND xii Chap. 14, p. 137-162, continued:) addiction 161 Allah 138 Alliterations 138 animals roll (?) 139 area 138 ball-bounce 160 benzene 140 (in) biology 139 bodytype 139 building 138ff center 142 chemistry 140 circle 138 vicious 161 circular 161 circulation 160f compulsion 141 conclusions 141 crooked 138 cultures 138 cyclic 140 Einstein 139 encycle 138, 140 end = start 142feminine 139, 141 geodesic 141 geometry 138f - 140 God 138 holistic 140 hollow 137 holy 138 'L' - sound 138 logic 141 macro-cosm 137 magic 138 mandala 138 mathematics 138f-161 matter 140 microcosm 137 Monade 142 Morphology 141 motion 142 mystic 141f (in) nature 139 onion 142 origin 137 oval 137 perfect as form 138, 142 periods 139f petitio principlii 141 Plato 138 poem 137 psychogram 142 psychology 161

(ROUND, continued:) Pythagoras 138 'R' sound 138 regression 137 religion 141 return 137 reverberating circuits 141 ring (benzine) 140 roll (why not) 139 rotary 140 salvation 138 sanction 138 shells 142 similar sounds & symbols 138f soul 142 sound 'L' 138 sphere 138 sunwheel 138 swastica 138 syllogisms 141 symbols 138 systole 142 (in) technology 139f totality 140 universe 139 volume 138, 140 volvox 140f wheel 139f wholeness 138 Rounded vowels x Rousseau, J. J. 199 Rubens, P. 45 Runes, D. 136 Russell, B. 45; math. 156; (on work) 172, 176, 179-182, 234 S =thing xiii, Chap. 24 Sacred Books of the East 176 sacrifice 72 Sadism 162, 175 Sages 4, 158 St. John's river 181 saints 4, 67, 158 Salmon (spawning) 3 salvation 131, 57, 59, 65, see Spirit Sanguinic 26 Sartre, J. P. 125-6, 205, 207, 223 Satan 58, 70, 87, 174, 227 Saving grace 163 Savior 132 Savonarola 33 Schizoid (time) 15, 80, 223, 233, split 244 schizophrenia 56, 102 Schlegel, F. 250, 253 Schlick, M. 8 Scholastic 179 Schopenhauer, A. 182, 207

science 176 Schrödinger, E. 8, 37, 91 Schubert, F. 50 Schweitzer, A. 42, 46, 91 Scotus, Duns 179, 182 sea-life 88 seal's ears 48 Sechehaye, M. 223 security 58 self-conscious 59, 179 selfish 122, 173, 204 selfness 59, 180 self-stimulation 86 Semantic communication xvi, 110 Semantics 248ff, 110 semicircular canals 6, 226, cf Balance separation 243-5 Seraphita 228 Senate of sages and saints 6 senile (time) 15 sensations 94 see FEELINGS senses 83 see FEELINGS sensor : motor 85 Sensory 232 sensuality 134 service 87, 159, 175 Service, E. R. 169 sex 35, 64, 85, 94 shadows 174, 204 Shakespeare beauty 131 discord (Midsummer Night) viii, 17, 42, 76, 80 Love 241f, 246 see Macbeth 125f Merchant of Venice 217 (parts 215) on Power 163 Sham 220 Shapur, F. 142 Sharks 214 Shaw, B. Superman 67, 229 Shekhina (in-dwelling) 219f Sheldon, W. H. 139, 142, 221, 223 Sherover, C. M. 8, 20 Shiya 70, 122 Shona 227 Siddhas 245 Siegfried 161 Sierpinski, W. 8 sight see 'LIGHT' & 'FEELING' silence 50 Simon, S. 28 simultaneity 13 Sin 59, 70, original 179 Singularity 177

slave 59, 161-3 conditioned 115 of machines 237 need 87 slogans (of hate) viii, 63, 161 Slower- Adams 225 smell xiì Smith, C. S. 149 Sociality 56, 60 Society 177 dysgenic 158, 198 Sociology 196 Sociopath 56, 67f Socrates xvi, 45, 129 power 130, 162, cf Plato Solomon 124-6, cf Ecclesiastes Solon 227 Solzhenitzyn, A. 169 Sonants ix. f sonar 48 sonorants x Sorge 12 Soul (and Mind) vii, 33, 72, 78, ff, 180, 221 SOUND xi, Chapter 6, p. 47-53 cf sounding cave (mouth, phonetics) ix f, xiii. cf' Similar Sounds' each chapter, see 'Contents' activating 48, 51 alliterations 48 arousal 49 audible 48 blind 48 command 48 communication 51f cosmic 52 discord 49 distress 51 ears 48 harmony 50 hearing defects 49 homonyms 49 language (conventional) 49, (of space) 50 Light 47f loudness 47 meaning 49 Motion 23, 51 music (therapy) 50 Nature of, 47 neurosis 49 noise 49 physics 51 physiology 48 pitch 47 Poem 47, (definition) 50 Power of, 48

(SOUND, continued:) Psychogram 52 puns 49 questioning 48 quietude 50 rhythm 49 significance 49 silence 50 slogans 48 sonar 48 soul 47 speed 51 syncope 49 synonyms 49 timbre 47 warning cry 51 word (as cage) 49, (deception) 49 southern 49 SPACE (intro.) p. iii, Chap. 1, p. 1-8 for children xviii agoraphobia 3 architect's 6 auditory 2 claustrophobia's 3 competition 6 confined 3 as container 2, 5 directionless 1, 2, 3 distance 2, 6 distribution 7, by merit 4 earn 4 Einstein's 2 empty 1, 2, Ethics of, 4, 7 Eucledian 5, 8 explosion of, 4 finite 3 freedom 4 geometry of 5, 6 home 3 horizontal 4 house 2 Infinite 3 inside 2, 5, 6 kinesthetic 2 limited 3 linear 2 Lionardo's 6 living space 2 macrocosm 7 measure of, 7, 151 by merit 4 movement in 5 my, 4 n-dimensional 5

(SPACE, continued:) needs of, 4 Newton's (infinite) 5 outer 6 Parmenides' 2 Pathology of, 1 pigeon 3 Poems on 1, 7 possession of 3 Power over 4 Renaissance 6 Riemann, G. F. B. 5 right 4 as room 2 Round 2.3 Salmon 3 as security 4 semicircular canals 6 as shelters 4 sounds 2 speed in 2 Spirit's 1, 3, 4 stars 3 Stereognostic 6 suffering 3 symbols, related to 2 tactile 2 territory 3 think 3 Three-dimensional 5 time 2, 5, 250 topology of, 5 universe 5 vertical 4 visual 2 as womb 2 Spanish xvi specifica 145 spectrum 43 speed (aUI record) p. iii, xiv (light) 41 Spengler, O. 250 spermatozoan 25 sphere, see 'Round' 138 Spinoza, B. 131-133, 136, 169, 181, 182, 185, 212, 234 spiral 23 SPIRIT Chap. 8, p. 69-80, (see MIND) action 73, 76 animating 70 antithesis 70 beauty 71f Brahma 70f Christ 70 cognition 76 contemplative 69f contemplation 75f

(SPIRIT, continued:) cosmic 69, 76, 22 creation 75 creative 69f death of 75 definition 77 denial 70 dream of, 77 essential 69 esthetics 72 ethics 72 experiment 76 evil 70 Father 70 Genesis 77 Ghost 71 Good 71, 73 Hegel 70 Holv 70 incarnation 71 individuation 70 inner 69 life-giving 70 light 69 Logos 70 loving 69 mirror 69 moral 73 motionless 28 mystic 77 mystery 70, 76 negative 70 original sin 70 play 76 Plato 71 poem 69 power 70, 73, 74f prophetic 75 question 69 reality 76 Salvation 57, 59, 65 Satan 70 vs. Self 181 Shiva 70f similar sounds and symbols 70 sin 70 soul 72 spiritualization 57, 59, 65 still 69 super -ego 71 supreme 70 symbol 70 Test 79 timeless 18, 69 trimurti 70

(SPIRIT, continued:) Trinity 70 truth 71 vengeance (by dying) 75 Spiritual 33 Spitz, R. 126 split 233 (will) sponge 86, 214f Springer, G. 8 square (symbol) 39 Stage-role 215 Stahl, L. 187 standard 196 stars 220 (starry sky xvi) statistics 151 statocysts 226 Steiger, Brad (Intr.) p. iii, 80 stereognosis 6, x Sternbach, R. A. 110 Stevenson, R. L. 67 stewardship 152, 195 stimuli 114, 186 stircrazy 25 stops (phon.) ix f STRENGTH in Chap. POWER p. 157-160 creative 157f, 159, 164 genius 158 (inner) strength 235 lack of, 157 (to) love 159 muscle 158f actin 158 nutrient 158 of Spirit (creative, inventive) 146f to Spirit 70, 158, 160, 164f, 167 Striate cortex 44 striving 232 f subconscious ix, 56, 64, 90, (cf FEELING) 226-8, 99, ff sublimation 68 substance 204 success 172, 175 suffering 6, 17, 25, 237 Sullivan, H. S. 239, 243, 246 sulphur 32 super - ego 100, 228 superiority 191, 226f, see 'Above' Chap. 27 Adler, A. 229 Cato 227 inferiority (supreme) 228 thru skepticism 187 triumph 226 victory 226 superman 227 Super roots 153 surface world 220

Survival (introduction) p. iii, vii, xviii, 34 thru cosmic communication 51f thru sages & saints 85 thru skepticism 187 thru spirit 69 thru symbiosis 83, 242 values 129-132 Sushupti 227 Svetasvatara Upanishad 45 Swedenborg, E. 221, 246 Swiss democracy 162 syllogism (circular) 141 symbols viii, (All 31) xi-xiii, 60, 62, 66 circle 138, 220 rectangle 30 as tools 236-9 symmetry 89, 190 sympathetic 94, 171, 220 synderesis 76, 194 syndromes 147 synonyms 49 synthesis (N + O) 25, (philosophic) 71 System of Feelings 96ff systole 84, 94, 142, 221, 242 t = toward xiii, Chap. 28Tacitus 229 Tao, 76, 78, 164 Tasadays (primitive) 154 Task 15, 180 Tax, S. 67 Taylor, R. 176 teachers xviii technology 235, 237f, cf 'Tools' 139, 233, wheel 139f teeth ix f Teilhard de Chardin, P. 246 teleology 13 television 42 temperaments 26 temperature 90 tension 59, 220 (hyper-) 94, 95 Tensors 24 Termite (society) 197, 215 Territory 3 Terrorists 4, 158 Thalamus 95, 220 Thales 204 Therapy (of nihilism) 125 (see Psychology,

Psychotherapy) Thielicke, H. 91, 126, 136 THING Chap. 26, p. 209-212 abundance 209 administrable 211 affluence 209 (THING, continued:) Antony 209 archetypus 210 arrange-able 211 Augustine, St. 211 black 209 bowerbirds 211 Buber 211f cave-lady 209 cosmic meaning 212 created 210 daughter 209 definition 209 diamonds 211 Eckhart, Meister 211f empty 211 equal 210 essence 210 excrements 211 free from 211 Freud 211 heaven, paralogy of, 210 'it', danger of 211 Kainz 210, 212 Kant, I. 210, 212 Kimberlite 211 legal 210 luxury 209 malice of, 211 manifestation 212 Martha 211 mother 209 naming 210 nothing (paralogy) 210 noun 210 object 209f obstacle 211 Othello 209 philosopher's 210 poem 209 possession 210f poverty 211 power 211 pseudologies 210 the rich 210 s-r change 210 similar sounds & symbols 209f Thing, itself 210 'This' 179 Tucke 211 tyranny of, 211 Vischer, Th. 211, 212 Think xviii, 91, 178

THIS Chap. 19, p. 177-182 (cf INDIVIDUAL) act 178 Adam 179 alga 181 Alienation 181 apartheit 179 aUI categories 177 chameleon 178 cosmic 179, 181 creative 178 death 177 deictic 177 demonstrative 177 dissolves 180f dog 178 drugs 180 Duns Scotus 179, 181 ego 178 elephant 178 enemy 181 envy 181 Eve 179 expand 181 "f" sound 178 fall of man 179 fame 177 finger, 178 Fish 177 foreground 179 foreign 181 front 178f frontal-lobe-injury 180 future 179 goal 181 haec-ceity = thisness 177herd 177f here 179 Hippies 179 honor 180 "J" sound 177ff I-here-now 179 imperfection of, 181 Indians 178f irrelevant 180 love 181 Luke (9:23) 180n man 178 Macbeth 180 meaning 180 memory 180 'my' 178f name 177-80 Napoleon 178 Wallenstein 178 now 179

(THIS, continued:) obstacle 181 past 179 Poem 177 pointing 177, (dog) 178 power 180 privilege 177 possessive 178 providence 179 Psychogram 181 relation 180 schizophrenics 180 Scotus 179 self-conscious 179 self-examination 180n selfness 180 similar sounds & symbols 178 sociopaths 180 soul 180 Spirit 181 task 180 thingness 179 thou 180 Tolstoy, L. 179 union 181 we 181 will 179 Thompson, C. M. 169 Thor 171 'Thou' 180 Thrill 64 THROUGH Chap. 29, p. 235-9 (cf Tools, Instrumentality, Means,) against 236 (anti-means) agression 238, Menninger, K. 238, 239 cf 4-F area 238 hypothalamus 238 (Alpers, B. 238, 239) Lorenz, K. 238-9 killer and death drive (Freud) 2138, 239 channels 235 Christ 237, 239 communication 238 condition 237 ends 235f 4-F area (feed, fight, flee, f..k) 238 goal 235 idol 236, 239 'if' 237 im-mediacy 239 instumentality 237 John (14) 237 Koestler, A. 235, 239 Language 238 malfunction of 239 cf synonyms 49, homonyms xvi, 49

(THROUGH, continued:) Lasalle, F. 235 Lorenz, K. 238 means 235f media 238 mediator 239 money 235 mystics 239 opposition 236 poem 235 politics 236, 238 power 236, as means 238 probability 238 psychogram 239 similar sounds & symbols 236f strength 235 suffering 237 topovectors & means 236 (cf in, thru, to, up) way of life 236, 237 Thyroxin (time) 15, 94, 97 Tillich, P. 17, 20, 206n, 207, 229 Timaeus 11 Timbre 47 TIME iii, xi, Chap. 2, 9-19 activist's 12 ages 17 anticipation 11apriori 11 back 16 before 16 causality 11 for children xviii community 11 contemporaneous 13 cruelty of, 11 depressed 15 dream 9 drugs 15 duration 11 duty 15 ellipse 10 essence 18 eternity 10, 18f ethnic 17 events 13 existential 18 Feeling 10, 14 feast 18 future 9 (unknown) 10, 16, 248f, cf 'Toward' 234 good 17 harmony 17 Hippies 12 History (senseless) 16 identity 12 image 9

(TIME, continued:) immor(t)al 11 inside 10 irreversible 9, 11 Kairos 17 Kant 11 Karma 11 Life 10 limited 17 Manic 15 mathematic 12f matter 10 meaning 17 measure of, 10 memory 12 metabolism 14 monotony 16 moon 14 movement 10f music 17 Now 12 optimist 12 past 9, 15f, cf 'BEFORE' 248ff periodic 10, 12, 16, 17 philosophy 11 physics 12 physiology 14 plan 12 politics 16 power 16 psychoanalysis 15 psychogram 19 psychology 15 reciprocity 11 regress 16 relativity 13 religion 17 repetition 12 rhythm 17 right 16 ripe 17 schizoid 15 senile 15 similar sounds 11 & symbols 12 simultaneous 13 Sociology 16 space 10-13 Spirit 18f (of Time 14) status quo 16 succession 11 suffered 17 temperaments 26 toward 16, 234 tragedy of Time 14 Vedas 12 Timeless 18

TO, (see TOWARD) TOGETHER Chap. 30, p. 241-6 anomie 244 attraction 242 astronomy 242 chemicals 242 electric 242 colonies 243 communality 243 (Adler, A.) 245, 246 communication 262 conventional 245 cosmic 245 lack of 244 Melville, H. 245 meaningful 244, 245 vs. violence animals (ants, bees, termites) 215, 242 thru Language of Space 245 with society, self, & God 245 communion 241, 245 compatibility 243 concord 245 connectedness 242 cooperation 243 cosmic Eros 242 disintegration 244 dissociation 244 division 243 equality 242 Eros 242 Eve, three faces 244 Feelings 93 fusion 243 Ganymed 242 Goethe 241 harmony 244 insideness 242f Love 241 Presented by: Bible 244 Buber 243 Buddha 244 Dante 242 Donne 244 Empedocles 242 Freud 244 Goethe 241 of God, mate, mother, 243 Jesus 244 May, R. 244 Menninger, K. 244 Pasternak, B. (Zhivago) 245 Plato 243 Shakespeare (Romeo) 241f Sullivan 243 Marriage 243 mediation 245 motherhood (Rank, O) 243

(TOGETHER, continued:) opposites 242 for power 245 for protection 245 Psychogram 245 Romeo & Juliet 241 Separations 243 'Kaivalva' 245 Schizoid 244 Shakespeare 241 similar sounds 244 similar symbols 242 Split 244 schizoid 244 Ludlow 244, 246 Hillyer, T. 244, 246 symbiosis 242 (hermit crab, remora, rhizobia &c 242) synthesis 242 unloving animals 243 upward 242 violence vs. communication 245 Tolstoy, L. 17, 20, 179 'drivers' 27, 59, 233f nihilistic depression 125-6 (will) 233f Tongue ix f. TOOLS (Chap. 29, p. 235-9), 90, 166 of action 173 Amish 238 animals' 237 angler fish ants fungus apes' sticks beavers' dams nematocysts otter's hammer spider's net 237 automation 235f, 238 correspondence 239 Cybernetics 238 **DNA 236** elements 236 equality 236 ethics of, 238 exploration 238 feedback 238 genes as tools 236 guns 238 harmony 239 instrument(ality) 235 measuring 236 sense 237 inventions 238 Koehler, W. 237 machine 235 (continued)

(TOOLS, continued:) man 62 masters of, 237 means 235, 237 measuring 236, 238 motors 235 necessary 237 origin 237f parts 236 of Power 166, 235 relay-triggers 238 self-producing 238 self-repairing 238 slaves of, 237 sophistication 239 sufficient (?) 237 symbols (of aUI) as tools 236 technology 235, 237f weapon 235f, 238 cf guns 238 Tools cf. 90, 166 Topology 151, 219-222 Topovectors 191 (see Above Before, In Thru Toward To, Together, Chap. 26-31 p. 219ff, 236) Torquemada, T. de 122f, 133, 157 Torero 158 totem 180 TOWARD Chap. 28, p. 231-4 Aboulia 233 action 233 Adler, A. 233f Alexander 232 Aquinas, Th. 234 Augustine, St. 233f Bergson 234 biology 232 black Joe 233 Boehme, J. 233-4 catatonic 233 causality 233f chemistry 232 determinism 233 directions 231f opposing 233 ends 231 drives 232f Eckhart 233 effect 232 ff ego 233 existence 233 fanatic 233 Foster, S. 233 Freud, S. 233 from (=anti-toward) 232dd

(TOWARD, continued:) functions 233f future 232 goal 231f good 232 hook 232 Id 233 **Idealists 233** Life 232 Lewin, K. 232-4 Ludlow, F. 233, 234 Macbeth 233 Magnet 231 May, F. 233-4 means 231 motivations 232 lack of 233 Napoleon 233 neurasthenia 233 Nietzsche, F. 232-4 obstacles 232 overshoot 232 pain 232 paranoid 233 Paul, St. 233 perseveration 232f physics 232 pleasure 232 Plotinus 233 powerman 233 prophets 232 Psychogram 234 purpose 233f reaction 232 Russell, B. 234 (cause ?) Schopenhauer, A. 233f Schizoid 233 sensory 232 similar sounds & symbols 231f sperm 232 Spinoza 234 split 233 striving 232 teleology 233 Tolstoy, L. 233f vectors 232 will 232f definition 233 divided 233 free 233 pathology of 233 commune 233 wish 233 Toynbee, A. T. 253 (continued)

u = Man, Human U = Mind, Spirit Übermensch 227 Umpires (world-) 162, 167 U.N. 131 unconscious 59, 99ff, 176 Union 181 Unique 144, 178 Universals 147, 179 Universe xvi, 23 breathing 139 University of California 192 of N. Florida xiv of Vienna xvi of Heidelberg xvi 'Unselfish' killers 122 Upanishad (on light) 45 Upadana (desire) 134 UPWARD Chap. 27, p. 55, 225f cf 'Above' p. 225-9 ascent 226-8 ethics of 226 Balzac, H., on, 228-9 biology of, 226 charity 'up' 228n competition 228n condescension 228n dream 'up' 227 ecstasis 228 exaltation 228 Excelsior 225 Fulfillment 225 Ganymed 225 Goethe 225, 228n, 229 gravity 225 growth 225 Hillary, Sir E. 226 Hipponax 228 jumping 226 life's ascent 225f Longfellow, H. W. 225 man 225f Nearer, my God . . . 225 Seraphita 228 Slower - Adams, S. 225 tree 225f vertical 226 Uranium 32 Urbild 221 Ur-gebärde (primal gestures) xvi Ursprache (arche-logos) xvi

v = Action xii, Chap. 18 Vagus 94, 171, 220 Vaihinger, H. 117 Valor xvi Values xviii distribution of, 4, 7 hierarchy of, 34 formula 131 material 33f vs. nihilism 124, 128f-32 VanZelm, J. C. 156 Value-blind 166 Vauvenargues 196 Vectors 24, 153, 232f Vedas (time) 12 Vegetative 220 Vengeance 60 Venture 247 Venus (planet) 175 Verbs in aUI 171f Verbeke, G. L. 80 Vernunft (reason) 59 Versailles 16 Vertical (movement) 27, 226 Verworn, M. 91, 117 Vices cf 'good' 134 cruelty 133 Vicious circle 172 Victory 221 Vidich, A. 182 Vienna, Austria 138 Vinci, da, see Leonardo Violence 157 vs. communication 245 Virtues 133 Vischer, Fr. Th. 117, 211f. (malice of things) Vishnu 70 Visual clues 42, cf 'light' & 'Feeling' Vitality 158, see 'Life' 158 Vlastos, G. 207 Volvox 140f VonBraun, W. 8 Vowels ix w = Power xii, Chap. 17 Wallace, W. A. 117 Wallis, R. 20 Walker, E. L. 117 War viii 202f Worldwar 16 (horizontal) 27, 172, 174, 176 Washing-compulsion 32 Washington D.C. 138 Wasp 87

Wagner, R. 61, 186 Water 84 circulation 84 recycling 84 Waterbeetle 87 Watts, A. W. 80 Wavelengths 41 Way of life 236f 'We' 181 Weapons 235, 238f, cf 'Tools', guns Webster's 3rd new Intern. Dict. 248, 253 Weidenreich, F. 67 Weilgart, J. W. (or W. J.) on: aggression 239 biorhythms 22, 28 command 37, 53 coprophobia 37, 48, 110 creation & contemplation 67 dreams 223, 225, 229, 253 Introduction about, xiii f normalcy 196, 199, 207 numbers 156 Peace 80, 91, 136, 169, 176 Poems 246 (each Chap. beginning) questions 185, 187 Shakespeare 80, 126, 217, 246, sounding cave 53 therapy with aUI, xv, 223 "upward" 225, 229, 230 WERT (Weilgart-Ethos-Rime-Test) xv, 136, xv, 136, 161, 169 Wertheimer, M. 217 Weiss, P. 207 Westermarck, E. 136 Wetter, G. A. 34 Wheels, A. 182 White 42 Whitman, W. 132, 136, 199 Wholeness 138, 213 Wild-West 325 Wilde, O. 174 Will cf. Toward & Feeling, 55, 59, 171, 179 definition 233 divided 233 free 233 pathology of, 233 to power 157, 166 Williamson, M. 229

Wilson, W., President, 44, 46 Wisdom, types of, 71 ff e.g. of action, power &c 74 as good 133 Wish 233 Witch of fear, 162 Within, see INSIDE, Chap. 26 Wittgenstein, L. 12, 20, 187, 212 Wölfflin, H. 8 Wolf (Wolfius) Chr. 182 Wolfe, Th. 253 Womb 2, 220 Woolf, V. 221, 223 Women xii Womens lib. 25 Word (as cage) 69 as deception 49 for existence 206 Work vii. 61 administrative 172 definition of, 172 good works 106, 130ff labor 172 World Peace, See Peace 4, 6, 7, 33, 50, 171, 175 Worldview (of Spirit) 76 Worry 12 Wrong (action) 173 X = Relation xiii, Chapter 21,X-Rays 44 Y = Negation, anti-, xii, see Opposition Y = Zero, xiiYahwe 204 Yang 44, 76, 216 Yawning 26 Yes - No 185f Yin 44, 76, 216 Yoga 26 Yom Kippur 18

Z = Part xiii, Chapter 25 Zelm, Van, J. C. 156 Zen 164 Zero, xii, science of, 74 Zeus 171 Zoroaster 198

Young, M.D. 199

Publications by Prof. Dr. Dr. W. John Weilgart

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